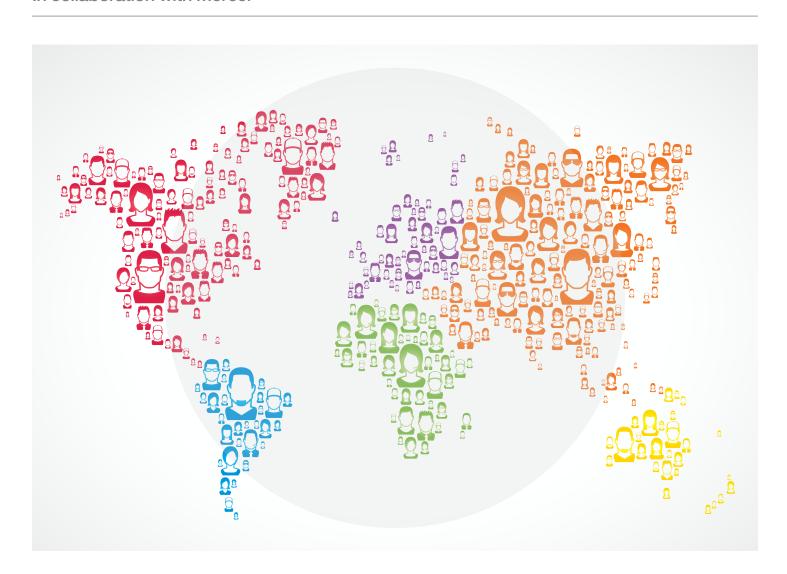


Employment, Skills and Human Capital Global Challenge Insight Report

COMMITTED TO IMPROVING THE STATE OF THE WORLD

The Human Capital Report 2015

In collaboration with Mercer





Employment, Skills and Human Capital Global Challenge Insight Report

The Human Capital Report 2015

In collaboration with Mercer

World Economic Forum® 2015 - All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, including photocopying and recording, or by any information storage and retrieval system.

ISBN 92-95044-49-5 ISBN 978-92-95044-49-4

Contents

Preface

| by Klaus Scl World Econd | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----|
| PART 1: | MEASURING HUMAN CAPITAL | 1 |
| The Huma | ın Capital Index | 3 |
| Introduction | | 3 |
| Measuring H | uman Capital | 3 |
| Results and | Analysis | 9 |
| Conclusion. | | 28 |
| References a | and Notes | 29 |
| Appendix A: | Regional and Income Group Classifications | 31 |
| Appendix B: | Range of Indicator Scores and Average Scores by Income Group | 33 |
| Appendix C: | Educational Attainment Rates and Employment Share by Skill Level | 36 |
| Appendix D: | Relationship between the Human Capital Index 2015 and Selected Composite Indices | 42 |
| PART 2: | COUNTRY PROFILES | 45 |
| User's Guide | : How to Read the Country Profiles | 47 |
| List of Count | ries | 59 |
| Country Prof | iles | 60 |
| Acknowle | dgements | 309 |

Preface

KLAUS SCHWAB

Founder and Executive Chairman, World Economic Forum

Talent, not capital, will be the key factor linking innovation, competitiveness and growth in the 21st century. More than a third of employers globally reported facing difficulties in finding talent last year and nearly half expected talent shortages to have a negative impact on their business results. Yet the world's pool of latent talent is enormous. To unlock it, governments, business leaders, educational institutions and individuals must each understand better the global talent value chain. Business, in particular, must re-think its role as a consumer of 'ready-made' human capital to proactively seek out, engage and develop people's potential. Better data and metrics are critical to this undertaking.

The *Human Capital Report* provides one such tool: the Human Capital Index. The Index quantifies how countries are developing and deploying their human capital and tracks progress over time. It takes a lifecourse approach to human capital, evaluating the levels of education, skills and employment available to people in five distinct age groups, starting from under 15s to the over 65s. The Index covers 124 countries, representing between them 92% of the world's people and 98% of its GDP. It measures present performance against an ideal benchmark, and offers insight into how well a country is positioned for deploying talent in the future. In addition to the Index, the Report provides comprehensive information on the talent base in each country, including information on education levels of the employed, unemployed and the inactive members of the population as well as the specific qualifications of the latest entrants to the workforce.

Dialogue, collaboration and partnerships between all sectors are crucial for unlocking the world's latent talent—and hence its growth potential. The World Economic Forum's Global Challenge Initiative on Employment, Skills and Human Capital seeks to understand the underlying causes of unemployment and the skills gap, to anticipate future trends and disruptions in labour markets and to identify successful practices and engage multiple stakeholders in deploying solutions. In addition to the Human Capital Report, the Initiative's Disrupting Unemployment portal consolidates information on business-led partnerships for addressing skills gaps, fostering entrepreneurship and facilitating the talent market, while the Future of Jobs tool identifies key trends and disruptions in the labour market and their implications for occupations and skills over the next five years. We hope that, together, these tools provide all stakeholders with the ability to measure, track and forecast change and to learn from the successful experiences of others. In addition, the Initiative provides a platform for acting on these findings, by engaging leaders into public private partnerships to address education, skills and employment issues in several regions and industries.

We would like to express our appreciation to Till Leopold, Richard Samans and Saadia Zahidi for their leadership of this Report. We would also like to thank Yasmina Bekhouche, Jessica Camus, Kristin Keveloh, Pearl Samandari Massoudi, Valerie Peyre and Paulina Padilla Ugarte for their support to this project. We appreciate the collaboration with Mercer and the particular support of Linda Chen, Senior Associate; Rick Guzzo, Co-leader, Workforce Sciences Institute; Charlotte Harding, Principal; Tamara Leonardi, Associate; Patricia Milligan, President, North America Region; and Haig Nalbantian, Co-leader, Workforce Sciences Institute. Finally, we welcome the leadership of the Partners of the Employment, Skills and Human Capital Global Challenge Initiative and their commitment to addressing talent issues globally.

An ability to quantify human capital and set targets for its growth is ever more important today, as technological, geopolitical, demographic and economic forces profoundly reshape labour markets. Furthermore, investing in human capital goes beyond an economic necessity: it is the basis for individuals to live up to their full potential. It is our hope that this latest edition of the *Report* and the comprehensive work of the Employment, Skills and Human Capital Global Challenge Initiative will serve as a catalyst for progress, for our economies and societies alike.

Part 1

Measuring Human Capital

The Human Capital Index

INTRODUCTION

A nation's human capital endowment—the skills and capacities that reside in people and that are put to productive use—can be a more important determinant of its long term economic success than virtually any other resource. This resource must be invested in and leveraged efficiently in order for it to generate returns—for the individuals involved as well as an economy as a whole.

The first edition of the World Economic Forum's Human Capital Report explored the factors contributing to the development of a healthy, educated and productive labour force. This second, revised edition attempts to deepen the analysis by focusing on a number of key issues that the first edition brought to the fore and that can support better design of education policy and improved workforce planning.

Currently, more than 200 million people globally are out of a job, with youth hit particularly hard. Yet, a focus on unemployment rates alone provides an incomplete outlook on a nation's success in utilizing its human capital endowment. A more inclusive metric of human capital outcomes would need to take stock of all those-including youth, women and older workers—who have the desire and potential to contribute their capabilities, skills and experience for their own well-being as well as that of economy and society as a whole. Such a metric would also need to assess the education and skills of both the active and inactive population. Above all, as today's economies become ever more knowledge-based, technology-driven and globalized, and because we simply don't know what the jobs of tomorrow will look like, there is a growing recognition that we have to prepare the next generation with the capacity for lifelong learning.²

The Human Capital Index seeks to serve as a tool for capturing the complexity of education and workforce dynamics so that various stakeholders are able to take better-informed decisions. Because human capital is critical not only to the productivity of society but also the functioning of its political, social and civic institutions, understanding its current state and capacity is valuable to a wide variety of stakeholders.

The Human Capital Index provides country rankings that allow for effective comparisons across regions and income groups. The methodology behind the rankings is intended to serve as a basis for time-series analysis that

allows countries to track progress, relative to their own performance as well as that of others. As a vital support to the Index, the Country Profiles included in this *Report* provide a visual representation of countries' demographic and labour force structure—calling attention to population dynamics such as youth bulges, ageing populations and shrinking workforces—as well as a wealth of information on countries' human capital composition and contextual variables pointing to critical areas for urgent and longer-term investments.

In pointing to the education and employment outcome gaps, demographic trends and untapped talent pools, it is our hope that this Report can help governments, businesses, education providers and civil society institutions identify key areas for focus and investment. All of these entities have a stake in human capital development, whether their primary goal is to power their businesses, strengthen their communities, or create a population that is better able to contribute to and share in the rewards of growth and prosperity. We thus hope that this Report will also help foster public-private collaboration between sectors, ultimately reframing the debate around employment, skills and human capital from today's focus on problems and challenges towards the opportunities for collaboration that fully leveraging the human capital potential residing in people's skills and capacities can bring.

MEASURING HUMAN CAPITAL

This section provides an overview of the methodology used in the construction of the Human Capital Index.

Key Concepts

There are three guiding concepts underlying the second edition of the Human Capital Index. The first is a focus on **learning and employment** outcomes, rather than on inputs or enabling environment variables. The goal is to provide a snapshot of where countries stand today with regard to their success or otherwise in developing and deploying their people's human capital potential across all backgrounds and ages.

The second is a focus on **demographics**. Whenever possible, the Index takes a generational view and disaggregates indicators according to five distinct age groups, highlighting issues that are unique or particularly

Table 1: Structure of the Human Capital Index, 2015

| | Under 15 Age Group | 15–24 Age Group | 25–54 Age Group | 55–64 Age Group | 65 and Over Age Group |
|------------|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Enrolment in education | Enrolment in education | Educational attainment | Educational attainment | Educational attainment |
| | Primary enrolment rate | Tertiary enrolment rate | Primary education attainment rate | Primary education attainment rate | Primary education attainment rate |
| | Secondary enrolment rate | Vocational enrolment rate | Secondary education attainment rate | Secondary education attainment rate | Secondary education attainment rate |
| | Basic education survival rate | Educational attainment | Tertiary education attainment rate | Tertiary education attainment rate | Tertiary education attainment rate |
| LEARNING | Secondary enrolment gender gap, female-over-male ratio | Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| _ | | Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | Quality of education | Quality of education | Workplace learning | | |
| | Quality of primary schools | Quality of education system | Staff training services | | |
| | | Youth literacy rate | Economic complexity | | |
| | 8 | | ů | é | ů |
| | Under 15 Age Group | 15–24 Age Group | 25–54 Age Group | 55–64 Age Group | 65 and Over Age Group |
| | Vulnerability | Economic participation | Economic participation | Economic participation | Economic participation |
| | Incidence of child labour | Labour force participation rate | Labour force participation rate | Labour force participation rate | Labour force participation rate |
| | | Unemployment rate | Unemployment rate | Unemployment rate | Unemployment rate |
| | | Underemployment rate | Underemployment rate | Underemployment rate | Underemployment rate |
| LN L | | Not in employment, education or training rate | Employment gender gap, female-over-male ratio | Healthy life expectancy at birth | Healthy life years beyond age 65 |
| EMPLOYMENT | | Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| | | Skills | Skills | | |
| | | Incidence of overeducation | High-skilled employment share | | |
| | | Incidence of undereducation | Medium-skilled employment share | | |
| | | Skill diversity | Ease of finding skilled employees | | |

crucial for the human capital development of each cohort. The resulting snapshot of where countries stand at each stage of the human capital development life cycle allows for more targeted policy intervention and human resource planning.3

The third is that the Human Capital Index holds all countries to the same standard, measuring countries "distance to the ideal" state. By establishing an absolute measure of countries' performance, the revised edition of the Human Capital Index allows for both intra- and

inter-country comparisons year-to-year. Future annual editions of the Report will thus allow countries to track progress and changes in the level of their human capital investment and deployment gaps over time.

Index Structure

Human capital is not a one-dimensional concept and can mean different things to different stakeholders. In the business world, human capital is the economic value of an employee's set of skills. To a policymaker, human

capital is the capacity of the population to drive economic growth. To others it may include tacit knowledge acquired informally through experience, non-cognitive skills, such as inter-personal skills and the physical, emotional and mental health of individuals. The Human Capital Index aims to accommodate this conceptual diversity and takes a holistic approach, while keeping an overall focus on maximizing a nation's human potential.

The Human Capital Index contains two horizontal **themes**—Learning and Employment—running across five vertical age group **pillars** of the Index (Under 15; 15–24; 25–54; 55–64; and 65 and Over). These two cross-cutting themes assess countries' success in developing people's skills and competences through learning and in deploying this acquired knowledge through productive employment. Or, expressed negatively, the Index assesses the size of a country's human capital investment gap and deployment gap.

In total, the Human Capital Index covers 46 indicators. Exactly half of these are the result of disaggregating by age education indicators (primary, secondary and tertiary attainment) and labour market indicators (labour force participation rate, unemployment rate and underemployment rate). These 29 unique concepts are further grouped into seven sub-themes across the two horizontal themes, as illustrated in Table 1.

Values for each of the indicators come from publicly available data originally compiled by international organizations such as the International Labour Organization (ILO); the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO); and the World Health Organization (WHO). In addition to hard data, the Index uses qualitative survey data from the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey. While an overview of the Index indicators is provided in Table 1, detailed descriptions, technical definitions and sources are included in the section User's Guide: How to Read the Country Profiles.

Learning

The first horizontal theme, Learning, contains several subthemes related to education: *Enrolment in education* and *Quality of education*, which impact the future labour force; the *Educational attainment* of those already in the labour force; and *Workplace learning*—the level of opportunity in a country to acquire new skills both through formal onthe-job training as well as through learning-by-doing, tacit knowledge and learning from colleagues. These subthemes are distributed across the five age group pillars.

Enrolment in education

Social and economic marginalization still denies education to many.⁴ Access to education for today's children and youth—the future workforce—is captured using net adjusted enrolment rates for primary school and net enrolment rates for secondary school, as well as through

gross tertiary enrolment ratios and a measure of the education gender gap at the secondary enrolment level, for the under 15 and 15–24 age groups. The net enrolment ratios capture all children and youth who are enrolling at the appropriate age for that school level. As young adults in the 15–24 age group with completed basic education face a choice between tertiary studies, acquiring further specialized vocational skills or entering the labour market, the Index includes a measure of enrolment in vocational training programmes, without making a value judgement between these three options in terms of index scoring. Also included is the basic education survival rate, providing a measure of school dropout before the full acquisition of foundational skills.

Quality of education

Although enrolment and attainment measures show exposure to learning, they don't capture the quality of these learning environments and may be incomplete on their own.⁵ However, internationally standardized outcome measures of education quality—such as the OECD's PISA test or the TIMMS and PIRLS tests-are available for a limited number of countries only. In the interest of broader country coverage, the Index measures the literacy rate of the 15-24 age group as a simple quality indicator of whether a country's young people graduating from basic education are functionally literate in reading and writing. It also includes two qualitative indicators from the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey on the quality of primary education (Under 15 Age Group pillar) and on how well the education system as a whole meets the needs of a competitive economy (15-24 Age Group pillar), as assessed by a country's business community.

Educational attainment

Included in the Index-across all pillars except the Under 15 Age Group pillar—are three common measures of formal educational attainment. These capture the percentage of the population that has achieved at least primary, (lower) secondary or tertiary education, respectively. A workforce that is highly educated or at least has a solid foundation level of learning is much better prepared to adapt to new technologies, innovate and compete on a global level. Countries that have predominantly a primary level of education only are more likely to be constrained by low levels of income and fewer opportunities for future development for individuals. Noticeably, many lower income countries have made remarkable strides in the past decades, with the result that the educational attainment of their younger age groups is frequently significantly higher than that of their older age groups, nearly drawing level with higher income countries in some cases.

Workplace learning

The final sub-theme of the learning dimension concerns the extent of human capital acquisition in the workplace through learning-by-doing, tacit knowledge, exchange with colleagues as well as through formal on-the-job learning, continued education and staff training. The aspect of formal staff training is covered via survey response data from the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, which—as for the case of the education quality questions-should be treated as an indirect outcome measure of the extent and quality of such training received. The second indicator, Economic complexity, is a measure of the degree of sophistication of a country's "productive knowledge" as can be empirically observed in the quality of its export products.⁶ Given that age-disaggregated measures of this concept were not available, the decision was made to place the corresponding indicators within the 25-54 Age Group pillar—a 30-year age band that also encompasses the bulk of the working-age population and does not imply that these processes are not similarly important for the other age groups.

Employment

The second horizontal theme, Employment, captures several dimensions of activity in the workforce: the Economic participation sub-theme measures the extent to which people of all ages and backgrounds are taking part in a country's labour market; the Skills dimension assesses whether people's knowledge and education are well-matched to the economic profile of the country as well as the quality of the employment in which people find themselves; while the Vulnerability sub-theme measures the incidence of exploitative employment relations stifling individuals' long-term potential.

Economic participation

This sub-theme measures how many people are able to participate actively in the workforce as well as how successfully particular sectors of the population are able to contribute—women, youth and older people—those who tend to be particularly inefficiently engaged in labour markets. Included in the Index-across all age group pillars except the Under 15 Age Group pillar—are the respective age group's labour force participation rate, unemployment rate and underemployment rate. Including both those currently employed as well as people actively looking for work, a country's labour force participation rate is the broadest measure of the share of its people participating in the labour market. Unemployment rates capture the subset of this group that is currently out of a job but would like to work. The underemployment rate is the share of those currently employed who would be willing and available to work more, thereby contributing their knowledge and experience more fully, and predominantly concerns people in involuntary part-time or fixed-term employment arrangements.

In addition to these three base measures, the Economic participation sub-theme captures a number of key concepts that are particularly common or critical for

a specific age group, or a sector of the population within that group. For the 25-54 age group, the Index includes a measure of the gender gap in economic participation, as this remains a critical weakness in most labour markets around the world.⁷ There is now widespread recognition of the individual and societal returns of increasing female labour force participation and employment rates for a strong and balanced economy. For countries with a shrinking working-age population, accelerating the integration of this well-educated and capable segment of the population is becoming ever more urgent.8 For the 15-24 age group, the Index measures the rate of inactive young people not in employment, education or training (NEET) as well as the incidence of long-term unemployment among youth, as measures of current waste that also have deleterious multiplier effects for the future.

For both the 55-64 and 65 and over age groups, the Index includes measures of years of life expected to be lived in full health, providing a sense of the quality of life and an individual's potential to remain active and productive into older age.9 For both these age groups, the Index includes labour force participation as a positive dimension. From a human capital perspective, given their rich knowledge and experience, economies have much to gain from better leveraging the accumulated human capital of this 'silver' workforce. 10 Thanks to recent improvements in health and social welfare systems this increasingly holds true, too, for many parts of the developing world. Unintended disincentives and age-discrimination mean that an increasing number of those who reach retirement age and thus exit the workforce, do so despite having the energy and motivation to stay active and continue to contribute their skills. 11 However, ill health begins to negatively affect the human capital potential and labour force participation rate of the 55-64 age group in no less than 47% of countries covered by the Index. 12 The inclusion of the Healthy life years beyond age 65 indicator thus acts as a counter-balance to the participation indicators for situations in which older people remain part of the labour force predominantly due to the absence of a mature pension and social welfare system.

Skills

The Skills sub-theme relies on a number of proxy variables to assess the quality of jobs in a country and how well the country is able to translate the educational attainment and learning of its people into productive employment at the appropriate skill level across occupations. For the 25-54 age group, the bulk of those in the workforce, the Index measures the share of the population that is employed in high-skilled as well as at least medium-skilled occupations in addition to the perceived ease of finding skilled employees as indicated by responses to the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey. Here the Index makes a choice to reward high- and medium-skilled

work that enhances a country's ability to build, deploy and retain a diversified pool of talent that is among the key driving forces of growth while improving the income outlook for individuals.

For the 15-24 age group that is about to enter the workforce or has recently done so, the Index measures countries' shortcomings in leveraging young people's skills in the jobs they've been trained for (overeducation) as well as countries' shortcomings in equipping young people with the skills needed for the roles they are performing (undereducation). In assessing this degree of "skills mismatch", or the quality of skills utilization, it is important to understand that it is more than a discrepancy between labour market needs and particular skill levels as measured by formal qualifications. Skills mismatches can also arise when, irrespective of the level of qualifications individuals hold, fields of study do not match those demanded by employers. For example, employers in many countries point to shortages linked to too few young people studying science, technology, engineering or mathematics, and thus report skill shortages in specific professions. A broad base of skills is particularly important in ensuring a country's resilience and adaptability in the face of the exponential technological and economic changes underway.¹³ The Index thus includes an assessment of the skill diversity of its recent graduates as a proxy for the range of expertise available to a country.

Vulnerability

The final dimension of the Employment theme concerns the vulnerability of a country's young population to exploitation, as measured by the incidence of child labour. In addition to its immediate impact, child labour stifles the health, education and long-term human capital development potential of the children involved. While other forms of exploitative employment relations—often referred to as "modern slavery" are equally relevant, little reliable data exists on these and they frequently occur in combination with child labour.

Standardizing data

A reference point scale has been used to convert the values of the raw data into a common metric. Each indicator is assigned a logical minimum and maximum value and all raw data points are then expressed as the gap towards attainment of the ideal value, on a scale from 0 to 100. As many of the concepts measured by the Human Capital Index are expressed as percentage rates for the corresponding age group, their "distance to the ideal" can be clearly defined and takes on intuitive minimum and maximum values. For example, the Primary enrolment rate indicator has a logical maximum value of 100% and a higher score reflects a more desirable situation.

A number of indicators, such as those derived from the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, are originally measured on a different scale. These data points are converted to their standardized score based on the following formula:

On the other hand, for a number of indicators, such as Unemployment rate or Incidence of child labour, the logical ideal value corresponds to 0%. All rankings on the Human Capital Index have been directionally oriented towards a score of 100 as the best possible outcome and performance, meaning that indicators for which a lower value reflects a more desirable situation are converted to their "distance to the ideal" score using the following alternative formula:

The only measure used in the Index that does not have a logical maximum value is the Healthy life expectancy indicator, which appears in both the 55–64 and 65 and Over Age Group pillars. The reasoning behind this indicator is twofold. For the 55–64 age group, it is a measure of whether individuals in this age group can expect to live through these years in continued good health. Accordingly, every country passing the threshold of achieving 65 years of healthy life expectancy at birth is deemed to have reached the ideal. For the 65 and over age group, the highest-ranked country in the sample is allocated the maximum score of 100, with other countries scored on the distance to this frontier.

The final scores can be roughly interpreted as a percentage, reflecting the degree to which human capital has been optimized in a given country. 15 There are a number of limitations to this approach to standardization. The logical minimum and maximum values assigned to each indicator are independent of the spread of the range of indicator values, so an indicator that has a higher value range will have a greater impact on the country's overall Index score relative to an indicator that has a lower value range. For example, the primary education attainment rate in the 15-24 Age Group pillar ranges from 41% to 100% compared to the labour force participation rate, which ranges from 18% to 80%. Given that a country's Age Group pillar score is calculated based on the simple unweighted average of these indicators (see next section), the Primary education attainment rate indicator score will have a larger overall influence on the Age Group pillar score.16 This is exacerbated if a country's labour force participation rate data are missing. While recognizing this limitation, the approach of standardizing against a reference was found to be the most technically sound given the Index's choice of indicators and overall purpose, particularly as it enables countries' progress to be tracked year on year, independently as well as relative to the performance of other countries.¹⁷

Table 2: Weighting scheme, 2015

| | Under 15 Age Group | 15–24 Age Group | 25–54 Age Group | 55-64 Age Group | 65 and Over Age Group |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Weights (percent) | 26 | 16 | 41 | 9 | 8 |

Weighting

Once all underlying data is converted to a standardized score, a country's score on a given Age Group pillar is determined by the simple unweighted average of all available scores within that pillar. As a second step, a country's score on the overall Human Capital Index is a weighted average of the five Age Group pillar scores. The weights assigned to each Age Group pillar correspond to the percentage share of the respective age group in the global population distribution in 2015, based on the population-weighted world average of all countries. The resulting weights for each Age Group pillar are shown in Table 2.

The intuition behind the applied weighting scheme is that the benefits for an economy as a whole are maximized when all of the country's people are equally enabled to reach their full potential at the present time. We aim to provide a comparative assessment of the overall state of countries' human capital investment and deployment performance calibrated so as to represent each individual within a country as equally as possible. We thus chose a weighting scheme that is proportional to the global average demographic structure across the five age group categories.¹⁸

Moreover, by focusing on the situation today the Index consciously avoids introducing a dimension of value-judgements around the possible impacts of future population dynamics.¹⁹ While the population diagrams included in the Report's Country Profiles aim to familiarize the reader and call visual attention to the critical importance of such demographic dynamics, the Index does not take a prescriptive stance about them in its scoring method.

Missing data

To be included in the Index indicators must have available data for at least half (50%) of the sample countries and countries must have data for at least two thirds (65%) of each of the Age Group pillars' indicators. This means a country must have data for at least:

- 4 out of 6 indicators in the Under 15 Age Group pillar
- 8 out of 14 indicators in the 15–24 Age Group pillar²⁰
- 8 out of 12 indicators in the 25-54 Age Group pillar
- 5 out of 7 indicators in the 55–64 Age Group pillar
- 5 out of 7 indicators in the 65 and Over Age Group pillar

Data older than 10 years was considered to be of insufficient relevance for the Index. In general, the Human Capital Index does not impute missing data, with the exception of the Incidence of child labour and Youth literacy rate indicators for the following countries: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Rep., Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom and the United States. Most developed countries no longer report literacy rates or collect data on child labour and, as a result, are missing regular data for these indicators. The Index applies a 1% and 100% value, respectively, for these indicators, in line with available data for comparable high-income, developed countries in the sample. In addition, gross primary and/or secondary school enrolment rates (capped at a value of 99% where applicable), instead of unavailable net rates, were used for the following countries: Austria, Canada, China, Czech Republic, Nigeria and the Slovak Republic. In each case, this was undertaken in order to enable the country to meet the minimum coverage criteria for inclusion in the Index.

Comparison to the first edition

Since the release of the first edition of the Index in 2013, much thoughtful feedback has been received.²¹ To build on the insights of the first edition and further deepen the analysis, the underlying model of the Index has been thoroughly revised and a number of methodological refinements have been made as outlined above. The main changes from the first edition are as follows.

- The first edition's four original pillars of Education, Employment, Health and Enabling Environment have been replaced by five vertical age bands, selected to capture the major phases in an individual's human capital development lifecycle and countries' demographic structure: Under 15; 15-24; 25-54; 55-64; and 65 and Over. The population diagrams shown in the Country Profiles have been fundamentally re-designed to align with these age bands and provide additional visual information on the core index.
- Countries are assessed on a concise set of outcome indicators related to the horizontal themes of Learning and Employment. To avoid a conflation of input and outcome variables, measures that were previously included on an Enabling Environment dimension are no longer included in the Index and have in part been moved to the additional information section from the core index. The Health dimension has been collapsed into the single, analytically powerful concept of 'Health-adjusted life expectancy' (HALE).22

- To standardize the data, a z-score transformation was used in the first edition. While this enabled the relative distribution of the data to be preserved, measuring country's performance in relation to the mean of the dataset, it resulted in country's scores not being comparable from year to year. Additionally, z-scores are unfamiliar to many. In an attempt to address a number of these issues, data in the revised edition is standardized using ideal reference points as outlined above.
- To arrive at a country's overall score and rank, the first edition assigned an equal weight of 25% to each of its four thematic pillars. In line with the second edition's refined demographic approach—and in order to count each individual's contribution to a country's overall human capital performance equally—a country's overall score and rank on the Index is now arrived at by weighting the country's average performance in each age group by the percentage share of the respective age group in the world's global population distribution.

Country coverage

The Index covers 124 countries. The terms country, economy and nation as used in this report do not in all cases refer to a territorial entity that is a state as understood by international law and practice. The term covers well-defined, geographically self-contained economic areas that may not be states but for which statistical data are maintained on a separate and independent basis.

RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

Results for all 124 countries ranked by the Index are shown in Tables 3 (pages 10 and 11) and 4 (pages 12, 13 and 14) as well as Figure 1 (page 15). Tables 5 (pages 16 and 17) and 6 (page 18) allow for comparisons within regional groupings and income groupings. Table A1 and Table A2 in Appendix A contain the complete list of countries by region and income group, respectively.

Top Ten

This year's edition of the Human Capital Index is dominated by European countries, particularly the Nordics and Benelux states, with two countries from the Asia and the Pacific region and one country from the North America region also making it into the top 10. The leaders of the Index are high-income economies that have placed importance on high educational attainment and a correspondingly large share of high-skilled employment.

Finland (1) is the best-performing country in the world when it comes to building and leveraging its human capital potential, taking the top spot on the Under 15 and 25–54 Age Group pillars and scoring in the top 10 for the remaining age groups. Norway (2) and Switzerland (3) follow closely behind with a strong performance across all

age groups, although they do not make it to the top 10 in the Under 15 Age Group pillar.

Canada (4) is the only North American country in the top 10, being the overall leader for the 15–24 Age Group pillar. Japan (5) performs strongly in the 55–64 and 65 and Over Age Group pillars, boosted by the longevity and education of its older population, but held back by relatively low labour force participation in the prime working age group, in particular due to the gender gap.

Sweden (6) slightly outperforms Denmark (7) although both have strong results across all age groups. New Zealand (9), the only other country from the Asia and the Pacific region, places in the top 10 for all age group pillars except for the 25–54 Age Group pillar, due in particular to a comparatively lower economic complexity and labour force participation rate. The Netherlands (8) and Belgium (10) have strong scores in the younger age group pillars but are penalized by relatively low labour force participation and a relatively high unemployment rate among the 55–64 and 65 and over age groups, despite strong health and education results.

RESULTS BY REGION

Figures 2 through 7 (page 19) display the range of regional scores overall and by Age Group pillar.

Asia and the Pacific

Asia and the Pacific, the world's most populous region, scores towards the middle of the range of the Human Capital Index results, with an overall average score of 67.83. The gap between the best and worst performers in the Asia and the Pacific region is the second largest of any region, reflecting in part the different stages of development of the 22 countries from the region covered in the Index, but also the varying degrees of human capital outcomes even between countries with similar income. Scores for the region's Under 15 Age Group pillar are much higher relative to other pillars, reflecting the region's remarkable progress between generations.

The best performing countries in the region are Japan (5), New Zealand (9), and Australia (13), while Nepal (106), Myanmar (112), and Pakistan (113) rank the lowest. China (64) and Indonesia (69) score in the middle range of the Index while India (100) falls into the lower half of the region.

Over half of the countries in the region have achieved near-universal primary school enrolment rates yet, on average, over 20% of the region's under 15 age group is not enrolled in secondary education. Among its 25–54 age group core working population, the average labour force participation rate is 81%. Lao PDR (105) has the highest rate, at 94%, while the Islamic Republic of Iran (80) has the lowest rate, at 56%. Singapore (24) has the highest proportion of high-skilled employment, at 54% of its workforce (2nd overall), with a regional average of 19%.

Table 3: Human Capital Index 2015 detailed rankings

| 1 | Overall | index | Under 15 Age Group | | 15-24 Ag | e Group | 25-54 Age Group | | 55–64 Ag | e Group | 65 and Over Age Group | |
|------------------------|----------------|----------|--------------------|----------|----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|
| Country | Score | Rank | Score | Rank | Score | Rank | Score | Rank | Score | Rank | Score | Rank |
| Finland | 85.78 | 1 | 97.67 | 1 | 85.04 | 2 | 81.49 | 1 | 83.72 | 6 | 73.06 | 7 |
| Norway | 83.84 | 2 | 93.16 | 12 | 83.87 | 3 | 79.48 | 4 | 85.14 | 3 | 74.59 | 2 |
| Switzerland | 83.58 | 3 | 92.78 | 16 | 83.08 | 5 | 80.03 | 2 | 83.45 | 8 | 73.28 | 6 |
| Canada | 82.88 | 4 | 93.00 | 15 | 88.70 | 1 | 75.84 | 14 | 84.15 | 5 | 72.97 | 8 |
| Japan | 82.74 | 5 | 94.76 | 5 | 76.26 | 21 | 78.61 | 5 | 85.24 | 2 | 75.39 | 1 |
| Sweden | 82.73 | 6 | 91.88 | 21 | 81.23 | 11 | 79.62 | 3 | 84.40 | 4 | 70.42 | 17 |
| Denmark | 82.47 | 7 | 91.61 | 25 | 82.31 | 9 | 78.15 | 6 | 83.66 | 7 | 74.12 | 4 |
| Netherlands | 82.30 | 8 | 93.41 | 9 | 83.81 | 4 | 77.55 | 7 | 80.63 | 14 | 69.53 | 18 |
| New Zealand | 81.84 | 9 | 95.07 | 4 | 81.83 | 10 | 74.15 | 21 | 85.72 | 1 | 74.19 | 3 |
| Belgium | 81.12 | 10 | 93.86 | 7 | 78.62 | 16 | 77.24 | 9 | 77.87 | 25 | 68.39 | 22 |
| Austria | 81.02 | 11 | 92.24 | 18 | 82.70 | 8 | 75.42 | 15 | 79.01 | 21 | 72.09 | 10 |
| Ireland | 80.59 | 12 | 96.05 | 2 | 75.68 | 27 | 75.94 | 13 | 77.65 | 28 | 67.58 | 26 |
| Australia | 80.22 | 13 | 89.98 | 29 | 82.87 | 6 | 74.26 | 19 | 82.64 | 10 | 71.23 | 14 |
| France | 80.15 | 14 | 93.05 | 14 | 75.89 | 23 | 76.98 | 10 | 77.24 | 30 | 66.53 | 29 |
| Slovenia | 79.95 | 15 | 93.20 | 11 | 78.66 | 15 | 74.43 | 18 | 76.75 | 32 | 71.40 | 13 |
| Estonia | 79.88 | 16 | 93.20 | 10 | 77.09 | 18 | 73.59 | 23 | 82.59 | 11 | 71.69 | 11 |
| United States | 79.64 | 17 | 88.09 | 40 | 82.86 | 7 | 74.64 | 17 | 80.61 | 15 | 70.44 | 16 |
| Lithuania | 79.33 | 18 | 92.58 | 17 | 75.65 | 28 | 74.24 | 20 | 80.89 | 13 | 68.34 | 25 |
| United Kingdom | 79.07 | 19 | 91.70 | 23 | 74.77 | 31 | 76.42 | 12 | 78.73 | 22 | 61.12 | 47 |
| Iceland | 78.86 | 20 | 92.23 | 19 | 78.97 | 14 | 75.06 | 16 | 74.15 | 45 | 60.07 | 50 |
| Luxembourg | 78.79 | 21 | 90.83 | 26 | 72.68 | 42 | 76.69 | 11 | 75.36 | 37 | 66.85 | 27 |
| Germany | 78.55 | 22 | 79.56 | 75 | 79.87 | 12 | 77.55 | 8 | 82.67 | 9 | 73.47 | 5 |
| Latvia | 78.39 | 23 | 89.39 | 31 | 75.89 | 24 | 73.30 | 24 | 80.52 | 16 | 71.56 | 12 |
| Singapore | 78.15 | 24 | 95.47 | 3 | 75.96 | 22 | 74.12 | 22 | 71.35 | 53 | 54.76 | 66 |
| Czech Republic | 77.60 | 25 | 88.52 | 36 | 76.69 | 19 | 72.85 | 26 | 77.69 | 27 | 68.35 | 24 |
| Russian Federation | 77.54 | 26 | 86.81 | 44 | 79.13 | 13 | 71.77 | 29 | 80.45 | 17 | 70.69 | 15 |
| Cyprus | 77.33 | 27 | 93.57 | 8 | 70.59 | 53 | 72.92 | 25 | 74.86 | 39 | 63.78 | 36 |
| Poland | 77.06 | 28 | 90.10 | 28 | 74.57 | 32 | 72.38 | 27 | 75.46 | 35 | 65.65 | 32 |
| Israel | 77.03 | 29 | 89.16 | 32 | 75.88 | 25 | 71.40 | 31 | 79.10 | 20 | 66.78 | 28 |
| Korea, Rep. | 76.84 | 30 | 91.91 | 20 | 75.81 | 26 | 70.36 | 34 | 78.42 | 24 | 61.73 | 43 |
| Ukraine | 76.21 | 31 | 90.48 | 27 | 77.51 | 17 | 66.75 | 41 | 79.19 | 19 | 72.40 | 9 |
| Hungary | 75.82 | 32 | 85.24 | 50 | 73.38 | 38 | 71.86 | 28 | 77.13 | 31 | 69.14 | 20 |
| Malta | 75.77 | 33 | 88.59 | 35 | 73.52 | 36 | 71.65 | 30 | 72.88 | 49 | 63.13 | 39 |
| Slovak Republic | 75.48 | 34 | 87.81 | 41 | 71.89 | 48 | 70.86 | 33 | 76.26 | 34 | 65.66 | 31 |
| Italy | 75.44 | 35 | 91.68 | 24 | 72.07 | 47 | 68.99 | 39 | 75.23 | 38 | 62.93 | 40 |
| Croatia | 75.37 | 36 | 91.87 | 22 | 71.80 | 49 | 69.18 | 37 | 72.95 | 47 | 63.49 | 37 |
| Kazakhstan Portugal | 74.56 74.50 | 37 38 | 88.80 88.17 | 33 39 | 74.27 72.17 | 34 46 | 66.23 71.12 | 43 32 | 81.21 67.96 | 12 65 | 64.57 59.41 | 34 52 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Romania Greece | 73.94 | 39 40 | 82.98 89.81 | 64 30 | 72.28 70.40 | 45 54 | 69.26 | 36 40 | 77.31 71.73 | 29 52 | 68.37 | 23 48 |
| Spain | 73.70 73.30 | 40 | 87.76 | 42 | 69.70 | 56 | 67.79 69.11 | 38 | 71.73 | 52 54 | 60.65 57.99 | 48 57 |
| Bulgaria | 73.30 | 42 | 76.15 | 85 | 72.57 | 43 | 70.09 | 35 | 70.95 | 18 | 69.40 | 19 |
| Armenia | 72.50 | 42 | 86.75 | 46 | 68.74 | 61 | 64.40 | 50 | 79.43 | 23 | 68.76 | 21 |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 71.82 | 43 | 83.83 | 57 | 73.46 | 37 | 63.72 | 52 | 76.72 | 33 | 65.79 | 30 |
| Chile | 71.80 | 45 | 84.74 | 53 | 72.74 | 39 | 64.72 | 47 | 74.22 | 43 | 61.69 | 44 |
| Philippines | 71.24 | 46 | 79.66 | 73 | 76.48 | 20 | 64.27 | 51 | 74.22 | 40 | 65.47 | 33 |
| Uruguay | 71.18 | 47 | 81.18 | 70 | 74.27 | 33 | 64.49 | 49 | 74.48 | 41 | 63.29 | 38 |
| Argentina | 71.01 | 48 | 83.75 | 58 | 70.63 | 52 | 64.51 | 48 | 72.88 | 50 | 61.83 | 42 |
| Panama | 71.01 | 49 | 78.73 | 79 | 72.73 | 40 | 65.94 | 44 | 75.39 | 36 | 63.85 | 35 |
| Serbia | 70.97 | 50 | 88.19 | 38 | 65.20 | 72 | 65.61 | 45 | 70.37 | 57 | 55.13 | 62 |
| Mongolia | 70.75 | 51 | 85.54 | 49 | 68.76 | 60 | 63.48 | 54 | 74.21 | 44 | 60.44 | 49 |
| Malaysia | 70.24 | 52 | 84.71 | 54 | 74.85 | 30 | 66.33 | 42 | 63.80 | 75 | 41.46 | 99 |
| Costa Rica | 69.75 | 53 | 78.49 | 80 | 71.61 | 51 | 65.49 | 46 | 70.87 | 55 | 58.39 | 54 |
| United Arab Emirates | 69.39 | 54 | 88.41 | 37 | 66.53 | 68 | 63.70 | 53 | 65.34 | 72 | 47.40 | 83 |
| Macedonia, FYR | 69.31 | 55 | 84.09 | 56 | 66.98 | 67 | 62.23 | 60 | 70.38 | 56 | 61.30 | 46 |
| Qatar | 69.04 | 56 | 93.12 | 13 | 65.97 | 71 | 59.07 | 75 | 66.94 | 66 | 50.65 | 75 |
| Thailand | 68.78 | 57 | 81.91 | 68 | 72.70 | 41 | 62.91 | 57 | 65.71 | 71 | 51.80 | 73 |
| Mexico | 68.50 | 58 | 79.93 | 72 | 68.61 | 63 | 63.12 | 55 | 69.24 | 61 | 58.11 | 56 |
| Vietnam | 68.48 | 59 | 78.98 | 78 | 74.99 | 29 | 60.63 | 68 | 70.32 | 58 | 59.42 | 51 |
| Sri Lanka | 68.19 | 60 | 87.32 | 43 | 69.63 | 57 | 59.21 | 73 | 68.26 | 64 | 49.34 | 78 |
| Peru | 68.13 | 61 | 75.62 | 87 | 73.90 | 35 | 61.21 | 65 | 72.94 | 48 | 62.39 | 41 |
| Colombia | 67.63 | 62 | 73.92 | 93 | 72.35 | 44 | 62.96 | 56 | 72.70 | 51 | 56.32 | 59 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(Cont'd.)

Table 3: Human Capital Index 2015 detailed rankings (cont'd.)

| | Overall | index | Under 15 A | ge Group | 15-24 Ag | e Group | 25-54 Ag | je Group | 55-64 Ag | e Group | 65 and Over | Age Group |
|---------------------|---------|-------|------------|----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|-------------|-----------|
| Country | Score | Rank | Score | Rank | Score | Rank | Score | Rank | Score | Rank | Score | Rank |
| Azerbaijan | 67.58 | 63 | 83.22 | 62 | 61.54 | 85 | 60.47 | 69 | 77.73 | 26 | 54.82 | 65 |
| China | 67.47 | 64 | 84.44 | 55 | 69.60 | 58 | 61.85 | 61 | 61.74 | 83 | 43.43 | 93 |
| Tajikistan | 67.24 | 65 | 83.05 | 63 | 63.52 | 77 | 59.85 | 71 | 74.40 | 42 | 53.87 | 69 |
| Albania | 67.20 | 66 | 83.56 | 59 | 61.62 | 83 | 61.03 | 67 | 68.27 | 63 | 56.05 | 60 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 67.10 | 67 | 86.03 | 48 | 58.38 | 96 | 62.84 | 58 | 63.25 | 79 | 49.61 | 76 |
| Turkey | 67.09 | 68 | 83.26 | 61 | 71.75 | 50 | 58.37 | 77 | 63.41 | 78 | 53.86 | 70 |
| Indonesia | 66.99 | 69 | 86.04 | 47 | 67.35 | 65 | 60.00 | 70 | 63.87 | 74 | 43.95 | 92 |
| El Salvador | 66.89 | 70 | 77.97 | 81 | 70.35 | 55 | 61.28 | 64 | 65.94 | 69 | 53.88 | 68 |
| Moldova | 66.81 | 71 | 81.79 | 69 | 68.54 | 64 | 56.72 | 80 | 73.88 | 46 | 58.81 | 53 |
| Mauritius | 66.66 | 72 | 86.77 | 45 | 63.43 | 78 | 59.57 | 72 | 63.50 | 77 | 48.00 | 81 |
| Bolivia | 66.46 | 73 | 76.06 | 86 | 63.87 | 76 | 62.79 | 59 | 69.22 | 62 | 56.60 | 58 |
| Jamaica | 65.95 | 74 | 82.71 | 65 | 62.08 | 81 | 59.16 | 74 | 64.42 | 73 | 55.94 | 61 |
| Paraguay | 65.68 | 75 | 70.25 | 98 | 68.73 | 62 | 61.47 | 62 | 70.15 | 59 | 61.42 | 45 |
| Jordan | 65.59 | 76 | 88.65 | 34 | 66.36 | 69 | 55.91 | 85 | 57.21 | 93 | 47.92 | 82 |
| Barbados | 65.09 | 77 | 93.88 | 6 | 57.25 | 99 | 56.47 | 82 | 56.76 | 94 | 41.02 | 100 |
| Brazil | 64.60 | 78 | 71.86 | 95 | 67.01 | 66 | 61.17 | 66 | 65.72 | 70 | 52.77 | 72 |
| Guyana | 64.17 | 79 | 83.41 | 60 | 61.04 | 87 | 56.59 | 81 | 62.51 | 80 | 48.90 | 80 |
| Iran, Islamic Rep. | 63.20 | 80 | 84.82 | 52 | 65.17 | 73 | 53.73 | 95 | 56.72 | 96 | 44.79 | 90 |
| Dominican Republic | 62.79 | 81 | 74.64 | 91 | 62.72 | 80 | 56.01 | 84 | 66.63 | 67 | 55.08 | 63 |
| Ghana | 62.63 | 82 | 69.49 | 99 | 58.64 | 95 | 61.41 | 63 | 66.05 | 68 | 51.27 | 74 |
| Zambia | 62.50 | 83 | 72.10 | 94 | 63.40 | 79 | 57.76 | 79 | 63.51 | 76 | 52.80 | 71 |
| Egypt | 61.38 | 84 | 77.73 | 82 | 61.66 | 82 | 55.66 | 87 | 56.12 | 98 | 42.96 | 95 |
| Saudi Arabia | 61.38 | 85 | 82.38 | 66 | 66.10 | 70 | 53.69 | 97 | 52.23 | 107 | 33.34 | 115 |
| Guatemala | 61.34 | 86 | 67.73 | 105 | 69.32 | 59 | 55.17 | 91 | 62.42 | 81 | 54.89 | 64 |
| Bhutan | 61.11 | 87 | 79.59 | 74 | 56.54 | 100 | 55.90 | 86 | 53.44 | 104 | 45.55 | 88 |
| Botswana | 60.81 | 88 | 79.47 | 76 | 56.20 | 102 | 56.09 | 83 | 53.65 | 103 | 41.85 | 97 |
| Cameroon | 60.75 | 89 | 69.23 | 102 | 60.36 | 88 | 58.40 | 76 | 60.72 | 86 | 46.43 | 86 |
| Nicaragua | 60.65 | 90 | 69.26 | 101 | 56.22 | 101 | 55.60 | 88 | 69.27 | 60 | 58.20 | 55 |
| Venezuela | 60.51 | 91 | 79.13 | 77 | 65.05 | 74 | 53.04 | 100 | 53.95 | 102 | 36.58 | 108 |
| South Africa | 60.50 | 92 | 75.32 | 88 | 54.44 | 108 | 58.24 | 78 | 61.96 | 82 | 35.24 | 111 |
| Kuwait | 59.31 | 93 | 85.20 | 51 | 47.83 | 116 | 51.15 | 105 | 57.40 | 91 | 42.62 | 96 |
| Namibia | 59.09 | 94 | 70.99 | 97 | 52.81 | 109 | 54.55 | 93 | 61.19 | 84 | 54.22 | 67 |
| Morocco | 59.04 | 95 | 76.37 | 84 | 56.07 | 103 | 52.97 | 101 | 58.56 | 89 | 40.69 | 102 |
| Honduras | 58.93 | 96 | 68.39 | 103 | 61.22 | 86 | 53.55 | 98 | 60.68 | 87 | 49.35 | 77 |
| Cambodia | 58.55 | 97 | 67.21 | 106 | 56.02 | 104 | 55.48 | 89 | 60.78 | 85 | 49.00 | 79 |
| Tunisia | 58.21 | 98 | 81.05 | 71 | 59.05 | 93 | 49.81 | 107 | 48.72 | 113 | 35.97 | 110 |
| Bangladesh | 57.62 | 99 | 74.98 | 89 | 59.28 | 91 | 48.35 | 111 | 57.22 | 92 | 45.87 | 87 |
| India | 57.62 | 100 | 82.03 | 67 | 57.50 | 98 | 49.34 | 109 | 46.42 | 115 | 33.47 | 114 |
| Kenya | 57.54 | 101 | 71.58 | 96 | 51.54 | 111 | 54.55 | 92 | 56.76 | 95 | 40.71 | 101 |
| Uganda | 57.34 | 102 | 63.84 | 109 | 60.36 | 89 | 55.17 | 90 | 59.65 | 88 | 39.16 | 104 |
| Tanzania | 56.56 | 103 | 61.44 | 114 | 60.05 | 90 | 53.72 | 96 | 57.74 | 90 | 47.10 | 84 |
| Madagascar | 56.25 | 104 | 62.89 | 111 | 55.69 | 105 | 54.51 | 94 | 56.65 | 97 | 44.59 | 91 |
| Lao PDR | 56.16 | 105 | 74.47 | 92 | 59.06 | 92 | 49.78 | 108 | 49.02 | 111 | 31.64 | 117 |
| Nepal | 55.77 | 106 | 76.56 | 83 | 61.62 | 84 | 47.55 | 114 | 44.62 | 119 | 30.93 | 118 |
| Lesotho | 54.74 | 107 | 67.82 | 104 | 51.31 | 112 | 53.07 | 99 | 49.67 | 109 | 33.74 | 112 |
| Rwanda | 54.17 | 108 | 69.48 | 100 | 58.66 | 94 | 48.15 | 112 | 47.71 | 114 | 33.55 | 113 |
| Mozambique | 54.04 | 109 | 61.70 | 113 | 52.21 | 110 | 52.08 | 102 | 52.48 | 106 | 44.81 | 89 |
| Malawi | 53.49 | 110 | 59.24 | 117 | 54.72 | 106 | 51.33 | 104 | 55.41 | 100 | 41.59 | 98 |
| Senegal | 53.04 | 111 | 63.78 | 110 | 47.32 | 118 | 49.82 | 106 | 52.87 | 105 | 46.54 | 85 |
| Myanmar | 52.97 | 112 | 59.12 | 118 | 63.91 | 75 | 47.00 | 116 | 54.74 | 101 | 39.76 | 103 |
| Pakistan | 52.63 | 113 | 60.52 | 115 | 50.85 | 113 | 51.37 | 103 | 50.96 | 108 | 39.15 | 105 |
| Algeria | 52.14 | 114 | 74.64 | 90 | 54.67 | 107 | 44.93 | 119 | 43.93 | 120 | 20.29 | 123 |
| Ethiopia | 50.25 | 115 | 52.37 | 123 | 58.37 | 97 | 47.37 | 115 | 48.90 | 112 | 43.19 | 94 |
| Burkina Faso | 49.22 | 116 | 57.05 | 120 | 46.34 | 120 | 48.54 | 110 | 45.93 | 116 | 36.94 | 107 |
| Côte d'Ivoire | 49.02 | 117 | 65.05 | 107 | 47.43 | 117 | 45.18 | 118 | 41.37 | 121 | 28.54 | 119 |
| Mali | 48.51 | 118 | 59.27 | 116 | 49.50 | 115 | 44.52 | 120 | 44.80 | 118 | 36.20 | 109 |
| Guinea | 48.25 | 119 | 56.86 | 121 | 41.00 | 123 | 47.59 | 113 | 49.07 | 110 | 37.74 | 106 |
| Nigeria | 47.43 | 120 | 53.01 | 122 | 50.16 | 114 | 46.25 | 117 | 45.43 | 117 | 32.42 | 116 |
| Burundi | 46.76 | 121 | 64.10 | 108 | 47.28 | 119 | 37.54 | 122 | 56.07 | 99 | 26.93 | 121 |
| Mauritania | 42.29 | 122 | 57.85 | 119 | 42.57 | 121 | 37.46 | 123 | 34.73 | 123 | 24.43 | 122 |
| Chad | 41.10 | 123 | 50.50 | 124 | 40.41 | 124 | 38.83 | 121 | 37.31 | 122 | 27.93 | 120 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Table 4: Human Capital Index 2015 rankings by Age Group pillar

| | | Under 15 | Age Grou | ıp | | | | | 15 <u>-24</u> | ge Group | | |
|------|----------------------|----------------|----------|--------------------|----------------|----|----------|--------------------------|----------------|----------|----------------------|----------------|
| Rank | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score | Ra | ınk | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score |
| 1 | Finland | 97.67 | 63 | Tajikistan | 83.05 | | 1 | Canada | 88.70 | 63 | Mexico | 68.61 |
| 2 | Ireland | 96.05 | 64 | Romania | 82.98 | | 2 | Finland | 85.04 | 64 | Moldova | 68.54 |
| 3 | Singapore | 95.47 | 65 | Jamaica | 82.71 | | 3 | Norway | 83.87 | 65 | Indonesia | 67.35 |
| 4 | New Zealand | 95.07 | 66 | Saudi Arabia | 82.38 | | 4 | Netherlands | 83.81 | 66 | Brazil | 67.01 |
| 5 | Japan | 94.76 | 67 | India | 82.03 | | 5 | Switzerland | 83.08 | 67 | Macedonia, FYR | 66.98 |
| 6 | Barbados | 93.88 | 68 | Thailand | 81.91 | | 6 | Australia | 82.87 | 68 | United Arab Emirates | 66.53 |
| 7 | Belgium | 93.86 | 69 | Moldova | 81.79 | | 7 | United States | 82.86 | 69 | Jordan | 66.36 |
| 8 | Cyprus | 93.57 | 70 | Uruguay | 81.18 | | 8 | Austria | 82.70 | 70 | Saudi Arabia | 66.10 |
| 9 | Netherlands | 93.41 | 71 | Tunisia | 81.05 | | 9 | Denmark | 82.31 | 71 | Qatar | 65.97 |
| 10 | Estonia | 93.20 | 72 | Mexico | 79.93 | - | 10 | New Zealand | 81.83 | 72 | Serbia | 65.20 |
| 11 | Slovenia | 93.20 | 73 | Philippines | 79.66 | | 11 | Sweden | 81.23 | 73 | Iran, Islamic Rep. | 65.17 |
| 12 | Norway | 93.16 | 74 | Bhutan | 79.59 | - | 12 | Germany | 79.87 | 74 | Venezuela | 65.05 |
| 13 | Qatar | 93.12 | 75 | Germany | 79.56 | | 13 | Russian Federation | 79.13 | 75 | Myanmar | 63.91 |
| 14 | France | 93.05 | 76 | Botswana | 79.47 | | 14 | Iceland | 78.97 | 76 | Bolivia | 63.87 |
| 15 | Canada | 93.00 | 77 | Venezuela | 79.13 | | 15 | Slovenia | 78.66 | 77 | Tajikistan | 63.52 |
| 16 | Switzerland | 92.78 | 78 | Vietnam | 78.98 | - | 16 | Belgium | 78.62 | 78 | Mauritius | 63.43 |
| 17 | Lithuania | 92.58 | 79 | Panama | 78.73 | | 17 | Ukraine | 77.51 | 79 | Zambia | 63.40 |
| 18 | Austria | 92.24 | 80 | Costa Rica | 78.49 | | 18 | Estonia | 77.09 | 80 | Dominican Republic | 62.72 |
| 19 | Iceland | 92.23 | 81 | El Salvador | 77.97 | | 19 | Czech Republic | 76.69 | 81 | Jamaica | 62.08 |
| 20 | Korea, Rep. | 91.91 | 82 | Egypt | 77.73 | | 20 | Philippines | 76.48 | 82 | Egypt | 61.66 |
| 21 | Sweden | 91.88 | 83 | Nepal | 76.56 | | 21 | Japan | 76.26 | 83 | Albania | 61.62 |
| 22 | Croatia | 91.87 | 84 | Morocco | 76.37 | | 22 | Singapore | 75.96 | 84 | Nepal | 61.62 |
| 23 | United Kingdom | 91.70 | 85 | Bulgaria | 76.15 | | 23 | France | 75.89 | 85 | Azerbaijan | 61.54 |
| 24 | Italy | 91.68 | 86 | Bolivia | 76.06 | | 24 | Latvia | 75.89 | 86 | Honduras | 61.22 |
| 25 | Denmark | 91.61 | 87 | Peru | 75.62 | | 25 | Israel | 75.88 | 87 | Guyana | 61.04 |
| 26 | Luxembourg | 90.83 | 88 | South Africa | 75.32 | | 26 | Korea, Rep. | 75.81 | 88 | Cameroon | 60.36 |
| 27 | Ukraine | 90.48 | 89 | Bangladesh | 74.98 | | 27 | Ireland | 75.68 | 89 | Uganda | 60.36 |
| 28 | Poland | 90.10 | 90 | Algeria | 74.64 | | 28 | Lithuania | 75.65 | 90 | Tanzania | 60.05 |
| 29 | Australia | 89.98 | 91 | Dominican Republic | 74.64 | | 29 | Vietnam | 74.99 | 91 | Bangladesh | 59.28 |
| 30 | Greece | 89.81 | 92 | Lao PDR | 74.04 | | 30 | Malaysia | 74.95 | 92 | Lao PDR | 59.06 |
| 31 | Latvia | 89.39 | 93 | Colombia | 73.92 | | 31 | • | 74.03 | 93 | Tunisia | 59.05 |
| 32 | Israel | | 94 | | | | 32 | United Kingdom Poland | | 93 | Rwanda | |
| 33 | Kazakhstan | 89.16 88.80 | 95 | Zambia Brazil | 72.10 71.86 | | | | 74.57 74.27 | 95 | Ghana | 58.66 58.64 |
| 34 | Jordan | 88.65 | 96 | Kenya | 71.58 | | 33 34 | Uruguay Kazakhstan | 74.27 | 96 | Trinidad and Tobago | 58.38 |
| 35 | Malta | 88.59 | 97 | Namibia | 70.99 | | 35 | Peru | 73.90 | | • | 58.37 |
| | | | | | | | | | | 97 | Ethiopia | |
| 36 | Czech Republic | 88.52 | 98 | Paraguay | 70.25 | | 36 | Malta | 73.52 | 98 | India | 57.50 |
| 37 | United Arab Emirates | 88.41 | 99 | Ghana Rwanda | 69.49 | | 37 | Kyrgyz Republic | 73.46 | 99 | Barbados | 57.25 |
| 38 | Serbia | 88.19 | 100 | | 69.48 | | 38 39 | Hungary | 73.38 | 100 | Bhutan | 56.54 56.22 |
| 39 | Portugal | 88.17 | 101 | Nicaragua | 69.26 | | | Chile | 72.74 | 101 | Nicaragua | |
| | United States | 88.09 | | Cameroon | 69.23 | | | Panama | 72.73 | | Botswana | 56.20 |
| 41 | Slovak Republic | 87.81 | | Honduras | 68.39 | | | Thailand | 72.70 | 103 | Morocco | 56.07 |
| | Spain | 87.76 | 104 | | 67.82 | | | Luxembourg | 72.68 | | Cambodia | 56.02 |
| | Sri Lanka | 87.32 | 105 | Guatemala | 67.73 | | 43 | Bulgaria | 72.57 | | Madagascar | 55.69 |
| 44 | Russian Federation | 86.81 | 106 | Cambodia | 67.21 | | 44 | Colombia | 72.35 | | Malawi | 54.72 |
| | Mauritius | 86.77 | | Côte d'Ivoire | 65.05 | | | Romania | 72.28 | | Algeria | 54.67 |
| | Armenia | 86.75 | 108 | Burundi | 64.10 | | 46 | • | 72.17 | | South Africa | 54.44 |
| 47 | Indonesia | 86.04 | | Uganda | 63.84 | | 47 | Italy | 72.07 | | Namibia | 52.81 |
| 48 | Trinidad and Tobago | 86.03 | | Senegal | 63.78 | | 48 | Slovak Republic | 71.89 | | Mozambique | 52.21 |
| 49 | Mongolia | 85.54 | 111 | Madagascar | 62.89 | | 49 | Croatia | 71.80 | | Kenya | 51.54 |
| | Hungary | 85.24 | | Yemen | 62.70 | | | Turkey | 71.75 | | Lesotho | 51.31 |
| 51 | Kuwait | 85.20 | | Mozambique | 61.70 | | 51 | Costa Rica | 71.61 | | Pakistan | 50.85 |
| | Iran, Islamic Rep. | 84.82 | 114 | Tanzania | 61.44 | | | Argentina | 70.63 | | Nigeria | 50.16 |
| 53 | Chile | 84.74 | 115 | Pakistan | 60.52 | | 53 | Cyprus | 70.59 | | Mali | 49.50 |
| | Malaysia | 84.71 | | Mali | 59.27 | | 54 | Greece | 70.40 | | Kuwait | 47.83 |
| | China | 84.44 | | Malawi | 59.24 | | | El Salvador | 70.35 | | Côte d'Ivoire | 47.43 |
| | Macedonia, FYR | 84.09 | | Myanmar | 59.12 | | | Spain | 69.70 | | Senegal | 47.32 |
| | Kyrgyz Republic | 83.83 | 119 | Mauritania | 57.85 | | 57 | Sri Lanka | 69.63 | 119 | Burundi | 47.28 |
| 58 | Argentina | 83.75 | 120 | Burkina Faso | 57.05 | | 58 | China | 69.60 | 120 | Burkina Faso | 46.34 |
| 59 | Albania | 83.56 | 121 | Guinea | 56.86 | | 59 | Guatemala | 69.32 | 121 | Mauritania | 42.57 |
| 60 | Guyana | 83.41 | 122 | Nigeria | 53.01 | (| 60 | Mongolia | 68.76 | 122 | Yemen | 42.00 |
| 61 | Turkey | 83.26 | 123 | Ethiopia | 52.37 | | 61 | Armenia | 68.74 | 123 | Guinea | 41.00 |
| 62 | Azerbaijan | 83.22 | 124 | Chad | 50.50 | (| 62 | Paraguay | 68.73 | 124 | Chad | 40.41 |
| | | | | | | | _ | | | | | |

(Cont'd)

Table 4: Rankings by pillar (cont'd.)

| | | 25–54 | Age Group | | | | | 55-64 A | ge Group | | |
|------|----------------------|-------|-----------|--------------------|-------|------|--------------------|---------|----------|----------------------|-------|
| Rank | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score |
| 1 | Finland | 81.49 | 63 | Ghana | 61.41 | 1 | New Zealand | 85.72 | 63 | Albania | 68.27 |
| 2 | Switzerland | 80.03 | 64 | El Salvador | 61.28 | 2 | Japan | 85.24 | 64 | Sri Lanka | 68.26 |
| 3 | Sweden | 79.62 | 65 | Peru | 61.21 | 3 | Norway | 85.14 | 65 | Portugal | 67.96 |
| 4 | Norway | 79.48 | 66 | Brazil | 61.17 | 4 | Sweden | 84.40 | 66 | Qatar | 66.94 |
| 5 | Japan | 78.61 | 67 | Albania | 61.03 | 5 | Canada | 84.15 | 67 | Dominican Republic | 66.63 |
| 6 | Denmark | 78.15 | 68 | Vietnam | 60.63 | 6 | Finland | 83.72 | 68 | Ghana | 66.05 |
| 7 | Netherlands | 77.55 | 69 | Azerbaijan | 60.47 | 7 | Denmark | 83.66 | 69 | El Salvador | 65.94 |
| 8 | Germany | 77.55 | 70 | Indonesia | 60.00 | 8 | Switzerland | 83.45 | 70 | Brazil | 65.72 |
| 9 | Belgium | 77.24 | 71 | Tajikistan | 59.85 | 9 | Germany | 82.67 | 71 | Thailand | 65.71 |
| 10 | France | 76.98 | 72 | Mauritius | 59.57 | 10 | Australia | 82.64 | 72 | United Arab Emirates | 65.34 |
| 11 | Luxembourg | 76.69 | 73 | Sri Lanka | 59.21 | 11 | Estonia | 82.59 | 73 | Jamaica | 64.42 |
| 12 | United Kingdom | 76.42 | 74 | Jamaica | 59.16 | 12 | Kazakhstan | 81.21 | 74 | Indonesia | 63.87 |
| | • | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Ireland | 75.94 | 75 | Qatar | 59.07 | 13 | Lithuania | 80.89 | 75 | Malaysia | 63.80 |
| 14 | Canada | 75.84 | 76 | Cameroon | 58.40 | 14 | Netherlands | 80.63 | 76 | Zambia | 63.51 |
| 15 | Austria | 75.42 | 77 | Turkey | 58.37 | 15 | | 80.61 | 77 | Mauritius | 63.50 |
| 16 | Iceland | 75.06 | 78 | South Africa | 58.24 | 16 | Latvia | 80.52 | 78 | Turkey | 63.41 |
| 17 | United States | 74.64 | 79 | Zambia | 57.76 | 17 | Russian Federation | 80.45 | 79 | Trinidad and Tobago | 63.25 |
| 18 | Slovenia | 74.43 | 80 | Moldova | 56.72 | 18 | Bulgaria | 79.43 | 80 | Guyana | 62.51 |
| 19 | Australia | 74.26 | 81 | Guyana | 56.59 | 19 | Ukraine | 79.19 | 81 | Guatemala | 62.42 |
| 20 | Lithuania | 74.24 | 82 | Barbados | 56.47 | 20 | Israel | 79.10 | 82 | South Africa | 61.96 |
| 21 | New Zealand | 74.15 | 83 | Botswana | 56.09 | 21 | Austria | 79.01 | 83 | China | 61.74 |
| 22 | Singapore | 74.12 | 84 | Dominican Republic | 56.01 | 22 | United Kingdom | 78.73 | 84 | Namibia | 61.19 |
| 23 | Estonia | 73.59 | 85 | Jordan | 55.91 | 23 | Armenia | 78.54 | 85 | Cambodia | 60.78 |
| 24 | Latvia | 73.30 | 86 | Bhutan | 55.90 | 24 | Korea, Rep. | 78.42 | 86 | Cameroon | 60.72 |
| 25 | Cyprus | 72.92 | 87 | Egypt | 55.66 | 25 | Belgium | 77.87 | 87 | Honduras | 60.68 |
| 26 | Czech Republic | 72.85 | 88 | Nicaragua | 55.60 | 26 | Azerbaijan | 77.73 | 88 | Uganda | 59.65 |
| 27 | Poland | 72.38 | 89 | Cambodia | 55.48 | 27 | Czech Republic | 77.69 | 89 | Morocco | 58.56 |
| 28 | Hungary | 71.86 | 90 | Uganda | 55.17 | 28 | Ireland | 77.65 | 90 | Tanzania | 57.74 |
| 29 | Russian Federation | 71.77 | 91 | Guatemala | 55.17 | 29 | Romania | 77.31 | 91 | Kuwait | 57.40 |
| 30 | Malta | 71.65 | 92 | Kenya | 54.55 | 30 | France | 77.24 | 92 | Bangladesh | 57.40 |
| | | | | • | | | | | | • | |
| 31 | Israel | 71.40 | 93 | Namibia | 54.55 | 31 | Hungary | 77.13 | 93 | Jordan | 57.21 |
| 32 | Portugal | 71.12 | 94 | Madagascar | 54.51 | 32 | Slovenia | 76.75 | 94 | Barbados | 56.76 |
| 33 | Slovak Republic | 70.86 | 95 | Iran, Islamic Rep. | 53.73 | 33 | Kyrgyz Republic | 76.72 | 95 | Kenya | 56.76 |
| 34 | Korea, Rep. | 70.36 | 96 | Tanzania | 53.72 | 34 | Slovak Republic | 76.26 | 96 | Iran, Islamic Rep. | 56.72 |
| 35 | Bulgaria | 70.09 | 97 | Saudi Arabia | 53.69 | 35 | Poland | 75.46 | 97 | Madagascar | 56.65 |
| 36 | Romania | 69.26 | 98 | Honduras | 53.55 | 36 | Panama | 75.39 | 98 | Egypt | 56.12 |
| 37 | Croatia | 69.18 | 99 | Lesotho | 53.07 | 37 | Luxembourg | 75.36 | 99 | Burundi | 56.07 |
| 38 | Spain | 69.11 | 100 | Venezuela | 53.04 | 38 | Italy | 75.23 | 100 | Malawi | 55.41 |
| 39 | Italy | 68.99 | 101 | Morocco | 52.97 | 39 | Cyprus | 74.86 | 101 | Myanmar | 54.74 |
| 40 | Greece | 67.79 | 102 | Mozambique | 52.08 | 40 | Philippines | 74.50 | 102 | Venezuela | 53.95 |
| 41 | Ukraine | 66.75 | 103 | Pakistan | 51.37 | 41 | Uruguay | 74.48 | 103 | Botswana | 53.65 |
| 42 | Malaysia | 66.33 | 104 | Malawi | 51.33 | 42 | Tajikistan | 74.40 | 104 | Bhutan | 53.44 |
| 43 | Kazakhstan | 66.23 | 105 | Kuwait | 51.15 | 43 | Chile | 74.22 | 105 | Senegal | 52.87 |
| 44 | Panama | 65.94 | 106 | Senegal | 49.82 | 44 | Mongolia | 74.21 | 106 | Mozambique | 52.48 |
| | Serbia | 65.61 | | Tunisia | 49.81 | | Iceland | 74.15 | 107 | Saudi Arabia | 52.23 |
| 46 | Costa Rica | 65.49 | | Lao PDR | 49.78 | | Moldova | 73.88 | | Pakistan | 50.96 |
| 47 | Chile | 64.72 | | India | 49.34 | 47 | Croatia | 72.95 | | Lesotho | 49.67 |
| | Argentina | 64.51 | 110 | Burkina Faso | 48.54 | 48 | Peru | 72.94 | 110 | Guinea | 49.07 |
| | Uruguay | 64.49 | 111 | Bangladesh | 48.35 | 49 | | 72.88 | 111 | Lao PDR | 49.07 |
| | Armenia | 64.40 | | Rwanda | 48.15 | | Argentina | 72.88 | | Ethiopia | 48.90 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Philippines | 64.27 | | Guinea | 47.59 | 51 | | 72.70 | | Tunisia | 48.72 |
| 52 | Kyrgyz Republic | 63.72 | | Nepal | 47.55 | 52 | | 71.73 | 114 | | 47.71 |
| | United Arab Emirates | 63.70 | | Ethiopia | 47.37 | 53 | | 71.35 | 115 | India | 46.42 |
| 54 | Mongolia | 63.48 | | Myanmar | 47.00 | | Spain | 70.95 | | Burkina Faso | 45.93 |
| | Mexico | 63.12 | | Nigeria | 46.25 | | Costa Rica | 70.87 | | Nigeria | 45.43 |
| 56 | Colombia | 62.96 | 118 | Côte d'Ivoire | 45.18 | 56 | Macedonia, FYR | 70.38 | 118 | Mali | 44.80 |
| 57 | Thailand | 62.91 | 119 | Algeria | 44.93 | 57 | Serbia | 70.37 | 119 | Nepal | 44.62 |
| 58 | Trinidad and Tobago | 62.84 | 120 | Mali | 44.52 | 58 | Vietnam | 70.32 | 120 | Algeria | 43.93 |
| 59 | Bolivia | 62.79 | 121 | Chad | 38.83 | 59 | Paraguay | 70.15 | 121 | Côte d'Ivoire | 41.37 |
| 60 | Macedonia, FYR | 62.23 | 122 | Burundi | 37.54 | 60 | Nicaragua | 69.27 | 122 | Chad | 37.31 |
| 61 | China | 61.85 | 123 | Mauritania | 37.46 | | Mexico | 69.24 | 123 | Mauritania | 34.73 |
| | Paraguay | 61.47 | | Yemen | 34.06 | | Bolivia | 69.22 | | Yemen | 25.54 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

(Cont'd)

Table 4: Rankings by pillar (cont'd.)

| | | 65 and Ove | r Age Gro | oup | |
|------|--------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|-------|
| Rank | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score |
| 1 | Japan | 75.39 | 63 | Dominican Republic | 55.08 |
| 2 | Norway | 74.59 | 64 | Guatemala | 54.89 |
| 3 | New Zealand | 74.19 | 65 | Azerbaijan | 54.82 |
| 4 | Denmark | 74.12 | 66 | Singapore | 54.76 |
| 5 | Germany | 73.47 | 67 | Namibia | 54.22 |
| 6 | Switzerland | 73.28 | 68 | El Salvador | 53.88 |
| 7 | Finland | 73.06 | 69 | Tajikistan | 53.87 |
| 8 | Canada | 72.97 | 70 | Turkey | 53.86 |
| 9 | Ukraine | 72.40 | 71 | 7ambia | 52.80 |
| 10 | Austria | 72.09 | 72 | Brazil | 52.77 |
| 11 | Estonia | 71.69 | 73 | Thailand | 51.80 |
| 12 | Latvia | 71.56 | 74 | Ghana | 51.27 |
| | | | | | |
| 13 | Slovenia | 71.40 | 75 | Qatar | 50.65 |
| 14 | Australia | 71.23 | 76 | Trinidad and Tobago | 49.61 |
| 15 | Russian Federation | 70.69 | 77 | Honduras | 49.35 |
| 16 | United States | 70.44 | 78 | Sri Lanka | 49.34 |
| 17 | Sweden | 70.42 | 79 | Cambodia | 49.00 |
| 18 | Netherlands | 69.53 | 80 | Guyana | 48.90 |
| 19 | Bulgaria | 69.40 | 81 | Mauritius | 48.00 |
| 20 | Hungary | 69.14 | 82 | Jordan | 47.92 |
| 21 | Armenia | 68.76 | 83 | United Arab Emirates | 47.40 |
| 22 | Belgium | 68.39 | 84 | Tanzania | 47.10 |
| 23 | Romania | 68.37 | 85 | Senegal | 46.54 |
| 24 | Czech Republic | 68.35 | 86 | Cameroon | 46.43 |
| 25 | Lithuania | 68.34 | 87 | Bangladesh | 45.87 |
| 26 | Ireland | 67.58 | 88 | Bhutan | 45.55 |
| 27 | Luxembourg | 66.85 | 89 | Mozambique | 44.81 |
| 28 | Israel | 66.78 | 90 | Iran, Islamic Rep. | 44.79 |
| 29 | France | 66.53 | 91 | Madagascar | 44.59 |
| 30 | Kyrgyz Republic | 65.79 | 92 | Indonesia | 43.95 |
| 31 | Slovak Republic | 65.66 | 93 | China | 43.43 |
| 32 | Poland | 65.65 | 94 | Ethiopia | 43.19 |
| 33 | Philippines | 65.47 | 95 | Egypt | 42.96 |
| 34 | Kazakhstan | 64.57 | 96 | Kuwait | 42.62 |
| 35 | Panama | 63.85 | 97 | Botswana | 41.85 |
| 36 | Cyprus | 63.78 | 98 | Malawi | 41.59 |
| | 71 | 63.49 | | | |
| 37 | Croatia | | 99 | Malaysia | 41.46 |
| 38 | Uruguay | 63.29 | 100 | Barbados | 41.02 |
| 39 | Malta | 63.13 | 101 | Kenya | 40.71 |
| 40 | Italy | 62.93 | 102 | Morocco | 40.69 |
| 41 | Peru | 62.39 | 103 | Myanmar | 39.76 |
| 42 | Argentina | 61.83 | 104 | Uganda | 39.16 |
| 43 | Korea, Rep. | 61.73 | 105 | Pakistan | 39.15 |
| 44 | Chile | 61.69 | 106 | Guinea | 37.74 |
| 45 | Paraguay | 61.42 | 107 | Burkina Faso | 36.94 |
| 46 | Macedonia, FYR | 61.30 | 108 | Venezuela | 36.58 |
| 47 | United Kingdom | 61.12 | 109 | Mali | 36.20 |
| 48 | Greece | 60.65 | 110 | Tunisia | 35.97 |
| 49 | Mongolia | 60.44 | 111 | South Africa | 35.24 |
| 50 | Iceland | 60.07 | 112 | Lesotho | 33.74 |
| 51 | Vietnam | 59.42 | 113 | Rwanda | 33.55 |
| 52 | Portugal | 59.41 | 114 | India | 33.47 |
| 53 | Moldova | 58.81 | 115 | Saudi Arabia | 33.34 |
| 54 | Costa Rica | 58.39 | 116 | Nigeria | 32.42 |
| 55 | Nicaragua | 58.20 | 117 | Lao PDR | 31.64 |
| 56 | Mexico | 58.11 | 118 | Nepal | 30.93 |
| 57 | Spain | 57.99 | 119 | Côte d'Ivoire | 28.54 |
| | Bolivia | | | Chad | |
| 58 | | 56.60 | 120 | | 27.93 |
| 59 | Colombia | 56.32 | 121 | Burundi | 26.93 |
| 60 | Albania | 56.05 | 122 | Mauritania | 24.43 |
| 61 | Jamaica Serbia | 55.94 55.13 | 123 | Algeria | 20.29 |
| 62 | | | 124 | Yemen | 17.54 |

The region includes five countries that are ranked in the top 10 for the highest healthy life expectancy at birth. Despite this, labour force participation drops by more than 20 percentage points, on average, in transitioning from the 25-54 to the 55-64 Age Group pillar.

Japan (5), the best performer in the region, is part of the Human Capital Index's top 10. It has achieved nearuniversal basic education and has a tertiary education attainment rate of over 50% for its working age population, ranking it first in the world. With the world's highest aged-dependency ratio and second highest healthy life expectancy, there is greater potential to be tapped by closing the gender gap and tapping into the skills of the older workforce, particularly as labour force participation falls from 84% in the 25-54 Age Group to 69% for the 55-64 Age Group.

New Zealand (9) is the second best performer in the region and equally part of the Index overall top 10. It ranks first on the 55-64 Age Group pillar due to its high educational attainment and the age group's active participation in the labour force. Australia (13) follows, with a strong performance on the 15-24 Age Group pillar due to high tertiary and vocational education enrolment rates. More than 90% of its employment share is in medium- and high-skilled occupations and less than 5% of youth are not in employment, education or training (5th overall).

The region's top five is completed by **Singapore** (24) and the Republic of Korea (30), which ranks first in the world for its tertiary enrolment rate. Unlike for the other top performers in the region, however, business perceptions of the quality of its education system are comparatively low (63rd) and the country also ranks low in the ease of finding skilled employees and its labour force participation.

The Philippines (46), Mongolia (51), Malaysia (52), Thailand (57), Vietnam (59) and Sri Lanka (60) are next. China (64) ranks in the mid-range of the overall Index scores. Its younger population fares better than its 55-64 and 65 and over age groups as a result of increasing educational attainment in the population. Indonesia (69) trails China and follows a similar human capital profile across its age group pillars.

Next are Iran (80), Bhutan (87), Cambodia (97) and Bangladesh (99), followed by India (100). Although the latter's educational attainment has improved markedly over the different age groups, its youth literacy rate is still only 90% (98th), well behind the rates of other emerging markets. India also ranks poorly on the labour force participation rate due to its large informal sector.

Lao PDR (105) and Nepal (106) are next. Both countries' scores in the younger population are worse than for their elder generations due to low secondary school enrolment rates. Nepal, moreover, has the highest incidence of child labour in the region (107th overall), with one in three children affected. Myanmar (112) and Pakistan (113) rank at the bottom of the region as a

Figure 1: Distance to the ideal score, 2015

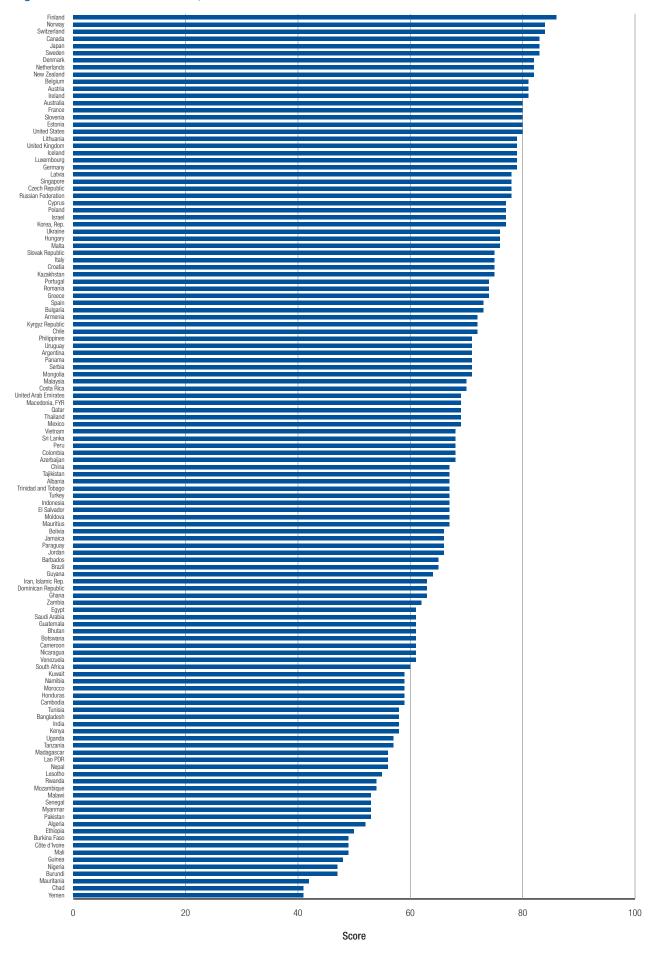


Table 5: Human Capital Index 2015 rankings by region

| Asia and the Pacific | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rank | Country | Score | | | | | | |
| 5 | Japan | 82.74 | | | | | | |
| 9 | New Zealand | 81.84 | | | | | | |
| 13 | Australia | 80.22 | | | | | | |
| 24 | Singapore | 78.15 | | | | | | |
| 30 | Korea, Rep. | 76.84 | | | | | | |
| 46 | Philippines | 71.24 | | | | | | |
| 51 | Mongolia | 70.75 | | | | | | |
| 52 | Malaysia | 70.24 | | | | | | |
| 57 | Thailand | 68.78 | | | | | | |
| 59 | Vietnam | 68.48 | | | | | | |
| 60 | Sri Lanka | 68.19 | | | | | | |
| 64 | China | 67.47 | | | | | | |
| 69 | Indonesia | 66.99 | | | | | | |
| 80 | Iran, Islamic Rep. | 63.20 | | | | | | |
| 87 | Bhutan | 61.11 | | | | | | |
| 97 | Cambodia | 58.55 | | | | | | |
| 99 | Bangladesh | 57.62 | | | | | | |
| 100 | India | 57.62 | | | | | | |
| 105 | Lao PDR | 56.16 | | | | | | |
| 106 | Nepal | 55.77 | | | | | | |
| 112 | Myanmar | 52.97 | | | | | | |
| 113 | Pakistan | 52.63 | | | | | | |

| Europe and Central Asia | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rank | Country | Score | | | | | | |
| 1 | Finland | 85.78 | | | | | | |
| 2 | Norway | 83.84 | | | | | | |
| 3 | Switzerland | 83.58 | | | | | | |
| 6 | Sweden | 82.73 | | | | | | |
| 7 | Denmark | 82.47 | | | | | | |
| 8 | Netherlands | 82.30 | | | | | | |
| 10 | Belgium | 81.12 | | | | | | |
| 11 | Austria | 81.02 | | | | | | |
| 12 | Ireland | 80.59 | | | | | | |
| 14 | France | 80.15 | | | | | | |
| 15 | Slovenia | 79.95 | | | | | | |
| 16 | Estonia | 79.88 | | | | | | |
| 18 | Lithuania | 79.33 | | | | | | |
| 19 | United Kingdom | 79.07 | | | | | | |
| 20 | Iceland | 78.86 | | | | | | |
| 21 | Luxembourg | 78.79 | | | | | | |
| 22 | Germany | 78.55 | | | | | | |
| 23 | Latvia | 78.39 | | | | | | |
| 25 | Czech Republic | 77.60 | | | | | | |
| 26 | Russian Federation | 77.54 | | | | | | |
| 27 | Cyprus | 77.33 | | | | | | |
| 28 | Poland | 77.06 | | | | | | |
| 31 | Ukraine | 76.21 | | | | | | |
| 32 | Hungary | 75.82 | | | | | | |
| 33 | Malta | 75.77 | | | | | | |
| 34 | Slovak Republic | 75.48 | | | | | | |
| 35 | Italy | 75.44 | | | | | | |
| 36 | Croatia | 75.37 | | | | | | |
| 37 | Kazakhstan | 74.56 | | | | | | |
| 38 | Portugal | 74.50 | | | | | | |
| 39 | Romania | 73.94 | | | | | | |
| 40 | Greece | 73.70 | | | | | | |
| 41 | Spain | 73.30 | | | | | | |
| 42 | Bulgaria | 72.81 | | | | | | |
| 43 | Armenia | 72.50 | | | | | | |
| 44 | Kyrgyz Republic | 71.82 | | | | | | |
| 50 | Serbia | 70.97 | | | | | | |
| 55 | Macedonia, FYR | 69.31 | | | | | | |
| 63 | Azerbaijan | 67.58 | | | | | | |
| 65 | Tajikistan | 67.24 | | | | | | |
| 66 | Albania | 67.20 | | | | | | |
| 68 | Turkey | 67.09 | | | | | | |

Moldova

| Latin America and the Caribbean | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rank | Country | Score | | | | | | |
| 45 | Chile | 71.80 | | | | | | |
| 47 | Uruguay | 71.18 | | | | | | |
| 48 | Argentina | 71.01 | | | | | | |
| 49 | Panama | 71.01 | | | | | | |
| 53 | Costa Rica | 69.75 | | | | | | |
| 58 | Mexico | 68.50 | | | | | | |
| 61 | Peru | 68.13 | | | | | | |
| 62 | Colombia | 67.63 | | | | | | |
| 67 | Trinidad and Tobago | 67.10 | | | | | | |
| 70 | El Salvador | 66.89 | | | | | | |
| 73 | Bolivia | 66.46 | | | | | | |
| 74 | Jamaica | 65.95 | | | | | | |
| 75 | Paraguay | 65.68 | | | | | | |
| 77 | Barbados | 65.09 | | | | | | |
| 78 | Brazil | 64.60 | | | | | | |
| 79 | Guyana | 64.17 | | | | | | |
| 81 | Dominican Republic | 62.79 | | | | | | |
| 86 | Guatemala | 61.34 | | | | | | |
| 90 | Nicaragua | 60.65 | | | | | | |
| 91 | Venezuela | 60.51 | | | | | | |
| 96 | Honduras | 58.93 | | | | | | |

(Cont'd)

result of their poor performance on educational outcomes throughout all the Age Group pillars.

Europe and Central Asia

Over 40 countries are covered from the Europe and Central Asia region. It ranks in second place globally, after North America. The region's overall average score is 77.06. The region also ranks in second position on all five Age Group pillars. On the overall Index, the gap between the best and worst performers in the region tends to be smaller than for most other regions except Latin America. The region's best performing countries, including Finland (1), Norway (2) and Switzerland (3) dominate the Index's overall top 10,

whereas the lowest performing countries are Albania (66), Turkey (68) and Moldova (71).

Most countries in the region are very close to having achieved universal primary school enrolment; however, some countries, such as Azerbaijan (63) and Romania (39), still lag behind. Four of the region's countries are below the world average for their basic education survival rate: Malta (33), Spain (41), Germany (22) and Bulgaria (42). Macedonia (55) and Moldova (71) are still confronted with a double-digit incidence of child labour. The region is also performing below the world average for the 15-24 Age Group pillar on four indicators: Labour force participation rate, Unemployment rate, Long-term unemployment rate

Table 5: Human Capital Index 2015 rankings (cont'd.)

| Middle East and North Africa | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rank | Country | Score | | | | | | |
| 29 | Israel | 77.03 | | | | | | |
| 54 | United Arab Emirates | 69.39 | | | | | | |
| 56 | Qatar | 69.04 | | | | | | |
| 76 | Jordan | 65.59 | | | | | | |
| 84 | Egypt | 61.38 | | | | | | |
| 85 | Saudi Arabia | 61.38 | | | | | | |
| 93 | Kuwait | 59.31 | | | | | | |
| 95 | Morocco | 59.04 | | | | | | |
| 98 | Tunisia | 58.21 | | | | | | |
| 114 | Algeria | 52.14 | | | | | | |
| 122 | Mauritania | 42.29 | | | | | | |
| 124 | Yemen | 40.72 | | | | | | |

| North America | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Rank | Country | Score | | | | |
| 4 | Canada | 82.88 | | | | |
| 17 | United States | 79.64 | | | | |

| Sub–Saharan Africa | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rank | Country | Score | | | | | |
| 72 | Mauritius | 66.66 | | | | | |
| 82 | Ghana | 62.63 | | | | | |
| 83 | Zambia | 62.50 | | | | | |
| 88 | Botswana | 60.81 | | | | | |
| 89 | Cameroon | 60.75 | | | | | |
| 92 | South Africa | 60.50 | | | | | |
| 94 | Namibia | 59.09 | | | | | |
| 101 | Kenya | 57.54 | | | | | |
| 102 | Uganda | 57.34 | | | | | |
| 103 | Tanzania | 56.56 | | | | | |
| 104 | Madagascar | 56.25 | | | | | |
| 107 | Lesotho | 54.74 | | | | | |
| 108 | Rwanda | 54.17 | | | | | |
| 109 | Mozambique | 54.04 | | | | | |
| 110 | Malawi | 53.49 | | | | | |
| 111 | Senegal | 53.04 | | | | | |
| 115 | Ethiopia | 50.25 | | | | | |
| 116 | Burkina Faso | 49.22 | | | | | |
| 117 | Côte d'Ivoire | 49.02 | | | | | |
| 118 | Mali | 48.51 | | | | | |
| 119 | Guinea | 48.25 | | | | | |
| 120 | Nigeria | 47.43 | | | | | |
| 121 | Burundi | 46.76 | | | | | |
| 123 | Chad | 41.10 | | | | | |

and Incidence of overeducation, highlighting the effects of the recent crisis.

Finland (1) is the best performing country in the region and on the Index overall. The country benefits from a well-educated young population with the second best basic education survival rate and the highest score for the quality of primary schools. Its 25-54 age group core working population shows the highest tertiary educational attainment rate in the Europe and Central Asia region but also second best overall in the world. Based on the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, Finland is also the country with the overall highest score on the Ease of finding skilled employees indicator, with even its 55-64 age group possessing the world's highest attainment rate of tertiary education, highlighting the continuing longterm benefits of past human capital investments. Norway (2) follows Finland in second place on the overall Index, possessing similar strengths and the lowest unemployment rate in the region for its 25-54 prime working age group. The top three is completed by Switzerland (3), which benefits from a very high quality of primary schools and of the education system as a whole, but also from a strong rate of vocational training and high level of skills diversity. Switzerland is the best performing country for Staff training services, second best for Economic complexity and third best for its High-skilled employment share.

Up next are Sweden (6), Denmark (7) and the Netherlands (8), followed by Belgium (10), Austria (11) and Ireland (12). France (14) follows, with a high youth unemployment rate (placing it 94th in the world) and a

strong decrease in labour force participation from 88% to 48% between the 25-54 and 55-64 age ranges. Also placing well on the overall Index are **Slovenia** (15), Estonia (16) and Lithuania (18). The United Kingdom (19) exhibits a high tertiary attainment rate, at 33%, and high-skilled employment share, at 48%, for its 25-54 core working age group but is ranking 46th on the Incidence of overeducation and 67th on its Vocational enrolment rate, indicating that there might be room for improvement with regard to recognizing alternative education paths.

Next are Iceland (20), Luxembourg (21) and Germany (22). Germany ranks 43rd globally on Secondary education attainment but performs strongly on Skill diversity and is the second-placed country in the region on the Economic complexity indicator. It is followed by Latvia (23) and the Czech Republic (25). The Russian Federation (26) benefits from very high levels of primary, secondary and tertiary attainment across all of its age groups but also exhibits a low healthy life expectancy of 61 years, placing it 81st on the 55-64 Age Group pillar.

Cyprus (27) is then followed by Poland (28), Ukraine (31), Hungary (32), Malta (33) and the Slovak Republic (34). Italy (35) exhibits a low youth labour force participation rate (116th) and high youth unemployment rate (118th) for its 15-24 Age Group pillar, and scores poorly on the quality of its on-the-job staff training (116th). The country does, however, perform rather better on the secondary enrolment and basic education survival rates of its younger under 15 age group. It is followed by Croatia (36), Kazakhstan (37), Portugal (38) and Romania (39).

Table 6: Human Capital Index 2015 rankings by income group

| | Low income | | | Lower-middle income | | | Upper-middle income | | | High income | |
|------|--------------|-------|------|---------------------|-------|------|---------------------|-------|------|----------------------|-------|
| Rank | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score | Rank | Country | Score |
| 65 | Tajikistan | 67.24 | 31 | Ukraine | 76.21 | 32 | Hungary | 75.82 | 1 | Finland | 85.78 |
| 97 | Cambodia | 58.55 | 43 | Armenia | 72.50 | | Kazakhstan | 74.56 | 2 | Norway | 83.84 |
| 99 | Bangladesh | 57.62 | 44 | Kyrgyz Republic | 71.82 | 39 | Romania | 73.94 | 3 | Switzerland | 83.58 |
| 101 | Kenya | 57.54 | 46 | Philippines | 71.24 | 42 | Bulgaria | 72.81 | 4 | Canada | 82.88 |
| 102 | Uganda | 57.34 | 51 | Mongolia | 70.75 | 48 | Argentina | 71.01 | 5 | Japan | 82.74 |
| 103 | Tanzania | 56.56 | 59 | Vietnam | 68.48 | 49 | Panama | 71.01 | 6 | Sweden | 82.73 |
| 104 | Madagascar | 56.25 | 60 | Sri Lanka | 68.19 | 50 | Serbia | 70.97 | 7 | Denmark | 82.47 |
| 106 | Nepal | 55.77 | 69 | Indonesia | 66.99 | 52 | Malaysia | 70.24 | 8 | Netherlands | 82.30 |
| 108 | Rwanda | 54.17 | 70 | El Salvador | 66.89 | 53 | Costa Rica | 69.75 | 9 | New Zealand | 81.84 |
| 109 | Mozambique | 54.04 | 71 | Moldova | 66.81 | 55 | Macedonia, FYR | 69.31 | 10 | Belgium | 81.12 |
| 110 | Malawi | 53.49 | 73 | Bolivia | 66.46 | 57 | Thailand | 68.78 | 11 | Austria | 81.02 |
| 112 | Myanmar | 52.97 | 75 | Paraguay | 65.68 | 58 | Mexico | 68.50 | 12 | Ireland | 80.59 |
| 115 | Ethiopia | 50.25 | 79 | Guyana | 64.17 | 61 | Peru | 68.13 | 13 | Australia | 80.22 |
| 116 | Burkina Faso | 49.22 | 82 | Ghana | 62.63 | 62 | Colombia | 67.63 | 14 | France | 80.15 |
| 118 | Mali | 48.51 | 83 | Zambia | 62.50 | 63 | Azerbaijan | 67.58 | 15 | Slovenia | 79.95 |
| 119 | Guinea | 48.25 | 84 | Egypt | 61.38 | 64 | China | 67.47 | 16 | Estonia | 79.88 |
| 121 | Burundi | 46.76 | 86 | Guatemala | 61.34 | 66 | Albania | 67.20 | 17 | United States | 79.64 |
| 123 | Chad | 41.10 | 87 | Bhutan | 61.11 | 68 | Turkey | 67.09 | 18 | Lithuania | 79.33 |
| | | | 89 | Cameroon | 60.75 | 72 | Mauritius | 66.66 | 19 | United Kingdom | 79.07 |
| | | | 90 | Nicaragua | 60.65 | 74 | Jamaica | 65.95 | 20 | Iceland | 78.86 |
| | | | 95 | Morocco | 59.04 | 76 | Jordan | 65.59 | 21 | Luxembourg | 78.79 |
| | | | 96 | Honduras | 58.93 | 78 | Brazil | 64.60 | 22 | Germany | 78.55 |
| | | | 100 | India | 57.62 | 80 | Iran, Islamic Rep. | 63.20 | 23 | Latvia | 78.39 |
| | | | 105 | Lao PDR | 56.16 | 81 | Dominican Republic | 62.79 | 24 | Singapore | 78.15 |
| | | | 107 | Lesotho | 54.74 | 88 | Botswana | 60.81 | 25 | Czech Republic | 77.60 |
| | | | 111 | Senegal | 53.04 | 91 | Venezuela | 60.51 | 26 | Russian Federation | 77.54 |
| | | | 113 | Pakistan | 52.63 | 92 | South Africa | 60.50 | 27 | Cyprus | 77.33 |
| | | | 117 | Côte d'Ivoire | 49.02 | 94 | Namibia | 59.09 | 28 | Poland | 77.06 |
| | | | 120 | Nigeria | 47.43 | 98 | Tunisia | 58.21 | 29 | Israel | 77.03 |
| | | | 122 | Mauritania | 42.29 | 114 | Algeria | 52.14 | 30 | Korea, Rep. | 76.84 |
| | | | 124 | Yemen | 40.72 | | | | 33 | Malta | 75.77 |
| | | | | | | | | | 34 | Slovak Republic | 75.48 |
| | | | | | | | | | 35 | Italy | 75.44 |
| | | | | | | | | | 36 | Croatia | 75.37 |
| | | | | | | | | | 38 | Portugal | 74.50 |
| | | | | | | | | | 40 | Greece | 73.70 |
| | | | | | | | | | 41 | Spain | 73.30 |
| | | | | | | | | | 45 | Chile | 71.80 |
| | | | | | | | | | 47 | Uruguay | 71.18 |
| | | | | | | | | | 54 | United Arab Emirates | 69.39 |
| | | | | | | | | | 56 | Qatar | 69.04 |
| | | | | | | | | | 67 | Trinidad and Tobago | 67.10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note: Income classifications are taken from the World Bank, which classifies economies into four income categories based on GNI per capita: high income, upper-middle income, lower-middle income and low income. Please refer to Table A2 in Appendix A for a full overview of income group classifications

Greece (40) is affected by a high youth unemployment rate (123rd) but also a high level of unemployment among its 25-54 prime working age group and low perceptions of the quality of its education system (98th). On the plus side, it disposes of a well-educated older population with high tertiary attainment amongst its 55-64 age group as well as a high healthy life expectancy. Next is Spain (41), which shares the overall human capital profile of Italy and Greece and reports the highest 15-24 age group unemployment rate measured in the Index, at 57.9%, despite its very high level of skills diversity (6th).

Bulgaria (42), Armenia (43), the Kyrgyz Republic (44) and Serbia (50) rank in the lower half of the Europe and Central Asia region, followed by Macedonia, FYR (55), Azerbaijan (63), Tajikistan (65) and Albania (66). The bottom-ranked countries in the region are Moldova (71) and Turkey (68), which exhibits a low labour force participation rate for its 25–54 prime working age group despite strong tertiary and vocational enrolment rates among its 15-24 age group.

77 Barbados

93 Kuwait

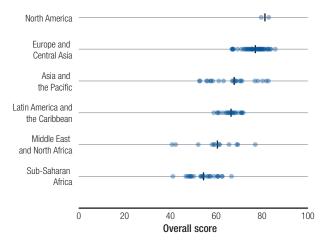
85 Saudi Arabia

65.09

61.38

59.31

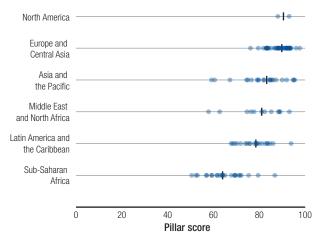
Figure 2: Human Capital Index 2015 by region Overall score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Regions are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

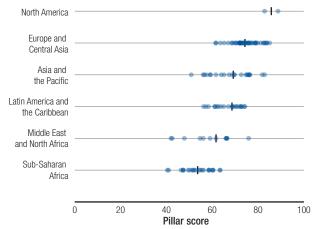
Figure 3: Human Capital Index 2015 by region Under 15 Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Regions are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

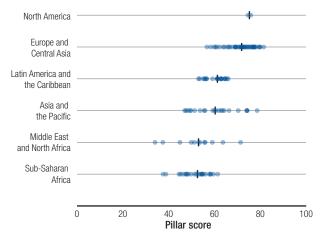
Figure 4: Human Capital Index 2015 by region 15-24 Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Regions are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

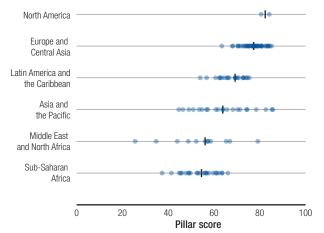
Figure 5: Human Capital Index 2015 by region 25-54 Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Regions are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

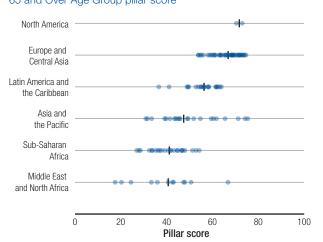
Figure 6: Human Capital Index 2015 by region 55-64 Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Regions are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

Figure 7: Human Capital Index 2015 by region 65 and Over Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Regions are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

Latin America and the Caribbean

The 21 countries ranked by the Human Capital Index in the Latin America and the Caribbean region score in the middle range of the Index, together with the Asia and the Pacific region, with an overall average score of 66.46. However, scores for the region's 65 and Over and 55-64 Age Group pillars tend to be much higher than for their peers in the Asia and the Pacific region, practically tied for the 25-54 age group, and the Asia and the Pacific region's younger population is pulling ahead of Latin America and the Caribbean's in its human capital performance. To some extent, this hints at the rise of Asia and some missed opportunities in the Latin America and the Caribbean region.

Overall, the gap between the best and worst performers in the region is much smaller than for any other region, and many countries in the region seem to share similar strengths and weaknesses. The best performing countries in the region are Chile (45), Uruguay (47) and Argentina (48). By contrast, Brazil (78) is somewhat lagging behind this top group in the lower half of the region, while the lowest ranks of the group are made up of the Central American nations, such as Honduras (96), and Venezuela (91).

Several countries in the region have not yet achieved universal primary school enrolment, while, on average, 20% of the region's children do not finish basic education. On the plus side, there is no observable gender gap in education. Many countries in the region are facing high youth unemployment rates in the 15-24 age group. More positively, unemployment in the 25-54 core working age group tends to be in the single digits and highskilled employment is in the range of 20%, although in several countries, such as **Uruguay** (47) and **Brazil** (78). businesses perceive it as rather difficult to find skilled employees. Labour force participation in the region begins to decline markedly for the 55-64 age group, while at the same time there is also a relatively large share of people in the 65 and over age group that continue to work past their countries' years of healthy life expectancy, indicating some challenges with the region's social welfare net, which are also confirmed by business perceptions.

As the top-ranked country in the region, Chile (45) benefits significantly from a well-educated and healthy older population that remains economically active well into the age of 55-64, compared to other countries in the region. Its 25-54 prime working age group also boasts the highest tertiary education attainment rate in Latin America (10th overall), with one in three people in this age group having completed university. In line with this, Chile's 15-24 age group continues to have a very high university enrolment rate (17th), with a diverse range of subjects studied. To a slightly lesser extent, **Uruguay** (47) and Argentina (48), the other top performers in the region, share most of the former's strengths. All three countries,

however, also exhibit a high unemployment rate in the 15-24 age group.

Up next are Panama (49), Costa Rica (53) and Mexico (58), which ranks among the better-performing countries in the region, although with some distance behind the top group. This is mostly due to a relatively less well-educated population across all age pillars. More positively, Mexico reports a relatively low level of unemployment, including among its youth. It is followed by Peru (61) and Colombia (62), which performs particularly well when it comes to the educational attainment and tertiary and vocational enrolment of its 15-24 age group. However, it also exhibits a big skills mismatch, with one in three 15-24 year-old Colombians currently classified as overeducated for their work.

Colombia is followed by a batch of countries scoring in close proximity of each other: Trinidad and Tobago (67), El Salvador (70), Bolivia (73), Jamaica (74), Paraguay (75) and Barbados (77). Brazil (78), the region's economic giant, ranks in the lower half of the Latin American region, with a poor performance on the basic education survival rate (91st) and quality of primary education (109th) for its under 15 age group in particular. Brazil scores fairly high on the quality of its on-the-job staff training and a low unemployment rate for its core 25-54 and older age groups.

The lower-ranked half of the region is composed of Guyana (79), the Dominican Republic (81), Guatemala (86) and Nicaragua (90), with the bottom ranks in the Latin American region occupied by Venezuela (91) and by the Central American nation of Honduras (96), where incomplete primary education and child labour remain a problem.

Middle East and North Africa

The Middle East and North Africa region comprises 12 countries that had enough data for coverage in the Index. Out of these, only three—Israel (29), the United Arab Emirates (54) and Qatar (56)—make it into the upper half of ranked countries in the Human Capital Index. It is also one of the most disparate regions in the Index, spanning three income group levels and ranging from age group averages in line with other high-income economies in Europe and elsewhere to those more in line with the worstperforming countries in the Sub-Saharan African region. Kuwait (93) and Saudi Arabia (85), whose GDP per capita is at least fivefold higher, perform at a comparable level to Morocco (95) and Egypt (84), respectively, highlighting that economic performance alone is an inadequate measure of countries' ability to successfully leverage their human capital endowment. While the region's overall average score of 60.50 masks significant differences in countries' human capital performance, it also points to opportunities to learn from each other across the region.

Several critical issues plague the under 15 age groups in certain countries in the Middle East and North Africa

region. While many countries perform well in primary school enrolment, this is not the case for Mauritania (122) and Yemen (124), at 73% and 88%, respectively. Additionally, gender gaps in secondary school participation and high incidence of child labour in certain countries of the region risk leaving a lasting impact on the workforce of the next generation. Youth unemployment continues to be widespread among the 15-24 age group in the region, reaching its highest levels at 42% in Egypt (84) and 31% in Tunisia (98). Additionally, due to low rates of female participation, the region's 25-54 age group exhibits some of the lowest labour force participation rates in the Index, with eight out of the 12 countries in the region recording a prime working age participation rate of less than 80%.

Israel (29) benefits from a high tertiary attainment rate amongst its 25-54 age group core working population, resulting in a significant high-skilled employment share of 49.7% (4th overall) and a relative perceived ease of finding skilled employees. While among the lowest in the region, the country's rate of unemployment for the 15-24 age group is at 11% and its share of youth not in employment, education or training is also relatively high, at 15.7%.

The United Arab Emirates (54) and Qatar (56) benefit significantly from the strong perceived quality of their primary schools (13th and 9th overall, respectively) and overall education systems (9th and 3rd, respectively), but also report some of the lowest tertiary and vocational enrolment rates among their 15-24 age groups in the Index. Jordan (76) boasts one the highest shares of highskilled employment in the region, at nearly one-third (37th overall), however, it simultaneously exhibits a very high rate of undereducation, more than 40%, among its 15-24 age group. The country is ranked 3rd in having one of the most diversified pool of skills amongst its tertiary graduates but also records high unemployment of nearly 29% amongst the same group. It also shows a significant employment gender gap on its 25-54 Age Group pillar.

Up next are Egypt (84) and Saudi Arabia (85), the region's two most populous economies ranked in the Index. While Egypt ranks somewhat better on its older 55-64 and 65 and Over Age Group pillars, the quality of Saudi Arabia's education system is perceived as much better than Egypt's, which ranks second to last overall on this indicator. Both countries suffer from high youth unemployment rates and also have high employment gender gaps, pointing to these countries' additional untapped human capital potential. They are followed by Kuwait (93).

The three North African countries Morocco (95), Tunisia (98) and Algeria (114) share many of the same strengths and weaknesses. In particular, their 15-24 age groups display a high level of skill diversity, while at the same time recording high unemployment rates and low tertiary and vocational enrolment. Mauritania (122) and Yemen (124) have the weakest human capital performance in the region with consistently low education outcomes across all Age Group pillars and high rates of child labour.

North America

Boasting an average score of 81.26, the North America region is the strongest regional performer on the Human Capital Index, with Canada (4) ranking in the top five overall performers. The United States (17) lags behind its northern neighbour on the Under 15 Age Group pillar, revealing relative weaknesses in primary and secondary enrolment rates and the quality of primary education. However, the United States also records an impressive tertiary enrolment rate (2nd overall). In both Canada and the United States this trend is a continuation of the high proportion of those who have already attained tertiary education across the older age groups.

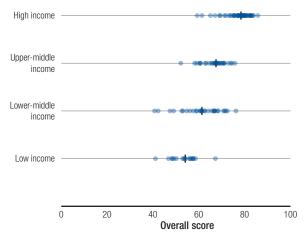
In both countries, more than 40% of the 25-54 age group is employed in high-skilled occupations (ranking 16th and 21st, respectively), with the **United States** (17) trumping Canada (4) in economic complexity by leveraging more sophisticated knowledge and skills. Despite strong results in education outcomes, labour force participation indicators across all Age Group pillars rank in the middle range of the Index. However, with a 65 and over age group labour force participation rate of 13% and 18%, respectively, and a healthy life expectancy above 70, the region allows for those who choose to remain active to do so, pointing to a high-skilled and productive 'silver' workforce in both countries.

Sub-Saharan Africa

The Sub-Saharan Africa region, with an overall average score of 54.46, ranks lowest compared to other regions, demonstrating the same pattern across all age groups except for the 65 and over age group, in which it performs marginally better than the Middle East and North Africa region. The region has a high labour force participation in this age group, with all but two countries ranked in the top 30. Given the age group's low educational attainment and a healthy life expectancy at birth below 60 years for all countries in the region except Mauritius, this almost certainly reflects activity due to economic necessity and lack of an adequate welfare or pension system. Before discounting this observation as a negative however, it should be noted that this older generation nevertheless continues to provide its younger peers with its knowledge and experience as well as financial support.

The Index covers 24 countries from this region, of which four are from the upper-middle income group, seven from the lower-middle income group and the remaining 13 from the low-income group. Overall, the regional spread is high, with the top performers in the region-Mauritius (72), followed by Ghana (82) and Zambia (83)—achieving a "distance to the ideal" score that places them ahead of the Middle East and North Africa average, and on a par with the lower half of the Latin American and Asia and the

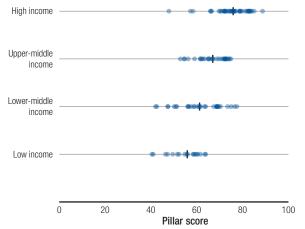
Figure 8: Human Capital Index 2015 by income group Overall score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Income groups are sorted by simple, unweighted average score

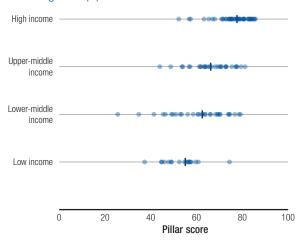
Figure 10: Human Capital Index 2015 by income group 15-24 Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Income groups are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

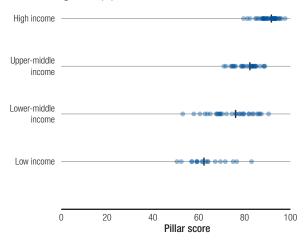
Figure 12: Human Capital Index 2015 by income group 55-64 Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Income groups are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

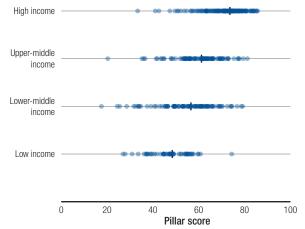
Figure 9: Human Capital Index 2015 by income group Under 15 Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Income groups are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

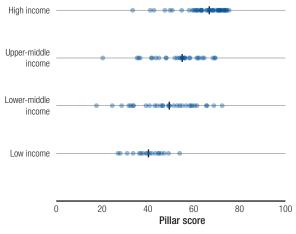
Figure 11: Human Capital Index 2015 by income group 25-54 Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Income groups are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

Figure 13: Human Capital Index 2015 by income group 65 and Over Age Group pillar score



Source: Human Capital Index 2015.

Note: Income groups are sorted by simple, unweighted average score.

Pacific region. Nigeria (120), Burundi (121) and Chad (123) are the lowest performers in the region.

Mauritius (72) enters the Index as the highest ranking country in the region, boasting high enrolment rates for primary, secondary and tertiary education. Based on business perceptions in the country, the quality of its education system is rated highly (36th overall). In tertiary education, however, more than 58% of recent graduates hail from a single field of study (Social sciences, business and law) leading to a poor performance on the Skill diversity indicator (92nd).

Ghana (82) and Zambia (83) are similarly ranked across the Under 15 and 65 and Over Age Group pillars. Both countries still have room for improvement in the primary school enrolment rate and even more so with regard to Ghana's 33% and Zambia's 40% incidence of child labour—some of the worst in the region and globally. In the 15-24 age group, Ghana outperforms Zambia on the Learning indicators; however, in the 25-54 age group, Zambia scores better on educational attainment rates. This highlights Ghana's improved education attainment in its younger generation. It is also worth noting that Ghana has the overall second highest level of mediumskilled employment. Next is Botswana (88), followed by Cameroon (89).

South Africa (92), the second largest economy in the region, benefits from good primary and secondary enrolment rates and gender parity in its secondary enrolment. In the region, the country has the highest share of its workforce in high-skilled occupations (48th overall). However, medium-skilled employment is relatively low (105th overall). Based on business executives' perceptions in the country, South Africa is ranked 114th for its ease of finding skilled employees. It is followed by Namibia (94).

Up next are the East African nations of Kenya (101), Uganda (102) and Tanzania (103), which are practically tied. With a very low NEET rate as well as low tertiary and vocational enrolment, the majority of Uganda's 15-24 age group has an early start into the workforce, having a relatively high labour force participation rate. The possible downside to this is indicated by the country's 72% incidence of undereducation, the second highest measured in the sample. At 84%, Tanzania's under 15 age group has some way to go in obtaining universal primary school enrolment and currently more than two out of five children that are in school do not finish lower secondary education. It is also estimated that there is a 21% incidence of child labour in the country.

Madagascar (104), Lesotho (107) and Rwanda (108) come next in the Index, followed by Mozambique (109), Malawi (110) and Senegal (111). Ethiopia (115), similar to Tanzania, suffers from low primary school enrolment rates, a low survival rate for basic education and high levels of child labour. The country has high participation in the workforce with single digit unemployment rates

across all Age Group pillars, although also recording very high underemployment rates. Employment, similar to other countries in the region, tends to be lower-skilled in

Burkina Faso (116), Côte d'Ivoire (117), Mali (118) and Guinea (119) follow. Nigeria (120), the largest economy and most populous country in the region, has the second lowest primary school enrolment rate globally and a high incidence of child labour. At 15%, the tertiary attainment rate (63rd overall) of its 25-54 age group is a relative highlight, as are the business perceptions of the quality of its staff training services (43rd).

Second from last in the region is Burundi (121) and at the very bottom of the region—and second from last worldwide—is **Chad** (123). Chad has the lowest rankings in the Index on the Under 15 and 15-24 Age Group pillars; its highest ranking, 120th place, is on the 65 and Over Age Group pillar.

Results by Income Group

Figures 8 through 13 display the range of Human Capital Index scores by income group overall and by Age Group

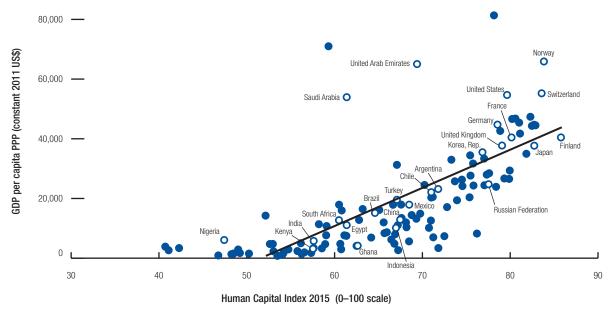
Figure 14 (page 24) displays the correlation between GDP per capita levels and performance on the Human Capital Index. The graph confirms a fairly high correlation (R = 0.60) between a nation's human capital optimization and its GDP per capita. This correlation supports the theory that, while a country's income level is one important determinant of its ability to successfully build and leverage its human capital (but far from the only one), its long-term ability to thrive rests heavily on the human capital potential embodied in the skills and learning of its people. Creating a virtuous cycle of this nature should be the aim of all countries.

Interesting patterns emerge in the results when examined by income group. Within the high-income group, Finland (1) and Norway (2) score very close to each other, despite the latter's much higher level of income per capita. Conversely, Switzerland (3), the United States (17) and Saudi Arabia (85) are practically tied in their GDP per capita level but record very different human capital outcomes. The same holds true for Ghana (82), Kenya (101) and Nigeria (120) at a lower GDP per capita level, indicating that human capital investment and planning can make a difference to a nation's human capital endowment regardless of where it falls on the global income scale.

Results by Theme

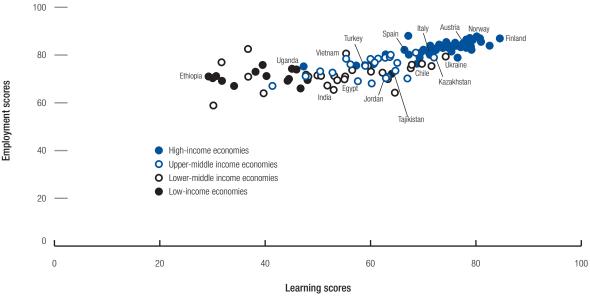
Figure 15 (page 24) depicts the relationship between countries' scores on the Learning and Employment themes. It shows that the various income groups appear in clusters, with the high-income economies leading the way on the Employment and Learning themes and the low-income economies lagging behind in particular on

Figure 14: Relationship between GDP per capita PPP (constant 2011 US\$) and the Human Capital Index 2015



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and the World Bank's World Development Indicators online database, accessed April 2015. Note: Not in graph: Luxembourg, Qatar.

Figure 15: Relationship between Learning scores and Employment scores, selected countries



Note: Based on weighted average of indicators by horizontal Learning and Employment themes; criteria of 50% coverage for each country. Scatter-plot shows a strong positive linear relationship with a correlation coefficient of 0.76 - i.e. the higher the Learning score, the higher the Employment score.

the Learning theme. However, the graph also shows that some countries are significantly more successful than others in translating learning outcomes into employment outcomes across all income groups.²³

Across both themes, Finland (1) and Norway (2) continue to lead the Index. For both countries, the Under 15 Age Group pillar scores are highest in the Learning

theme and decrease gradually across age groups. Scores across the Employment theme are consistently high, with Finland landing the top spot for the 25-54 core working age group.

Kazakhstan (37) and Ukraine (31) are the top scorers among upper- and lower-middle income economies, respectively. In the low-income economies, Tajikistan (65)

70 Tertiary educated workforce • High-skilled employment share 60 50 Percent of the workforce 3 10

Figure 16: Gap between educational attainment and availability of high-skilled employment, selected countries

Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and ILOSTAT

Note: Sorted by gap between share of tertiary educated workforce and share of high-skilled employment.

and Uganda (102) lead the group. Tajikistan stands out among low-income economies with the highest score in the Learning theme. Although its score in the Employment theme does not differ significantly from its peers, Tajikistan has the highest incidence of high-skills employment among the group.

Figure 16 presents a further selected analysis of the relationship between the Learning and Employment themes, specifically the gap between the proportion of the workforce that are tertiary educated and the proportion of employment that is high-skilled, ordered by the size of the gap (regardless of the direction of the gap), moving from the left to the right of the chart.

A significant gap in these two indicators represent high skills mismatch and an inefficient use of the country's resources—regardless of whether the share of the tertiary educated workforce is higher than the share of high-skilled employment (overeducation scenario) or the share of highskilled employment is higher than the share of the workforce that is tertiary educated (undereducation scenario).

Armenia (43), Austria (11) and Italy (35) have the largest gap among countries for which data was available for this analysis. These countries pose a different type of "inefficiency"-Armenia indicates that the gap is due to "overeducation" and Austria and Italy indicate a level of "undereducation" for the types of occupations employed in the economy. While these gaps may be a result of temporary economic cycles, they often point to longer term underlying issues that prevent countries from achieving their full human capital potential. Appendix C provides a full overview of countries' educational attainment rates and employment share by skill level.

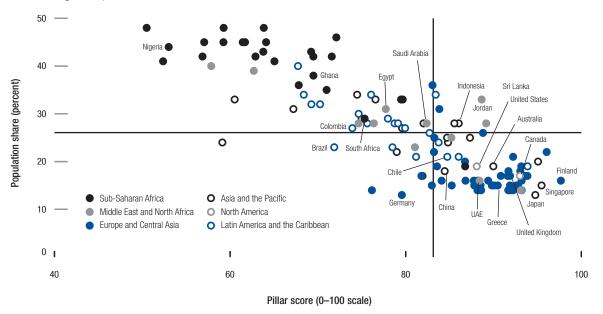
Results by Demographic Structure

Figures 17 through 21 (pages 26-28) map the size of each age group as a proportion of a country's total population against countries' Index scores for the corresponding Age Group pillar. To provide visual orientation, each diagram has been divided into quadrants based on the world average proportion of each age group (y-axis) and the median Index score for the corresponding Age Group pillar (x-axis). In each diagram, if a country falls on the horizontal line, its proportional share of the age group concerned is close to the world average. If it falls above the horizontal line, the country's demographic makeup exhibits a higher share of its population in the age group concerned than for the world average. If it falls below the horizontal line, the country's demographic makeup exhibits a lower share of its population in the age group concerned than for the world average. The vertical line represents the median Index score for the corresponding Age Group pillar. If a country falls to the left of the vertical line, its "distance to the ideal state" on that pillar ranks in the lower half of countries. If a country falls to the right of the vertical line, its "distance to the ideal state" on that pillar ranks in the upper half of countries.

As indicated in Figure 17, there is wide variation in both the range of the Under 15 Age Group's population share as well as in the human capital outcomes measured by the pillar scores. In the 15-24 and 55-64 age groups (Figures 18 and 20), the age group size has a lower variation globally, whereas the pillar scores still have a marked spread. The 25-54 age group (Figure 19) is generally the largest portion of the population for most countries. The 65 and over age group also exhibits a wide

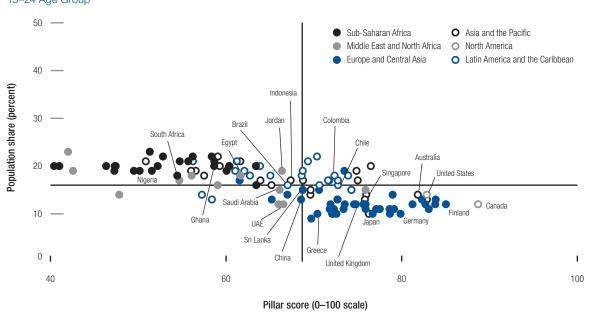
Figure 17: Population share and pillar score

Under 15 Age Group



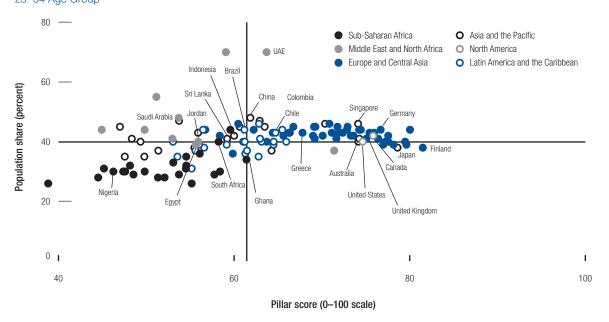
Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and UNDESA Population Division.

Figure 18: Population share and pillar score 15-24 Age Group



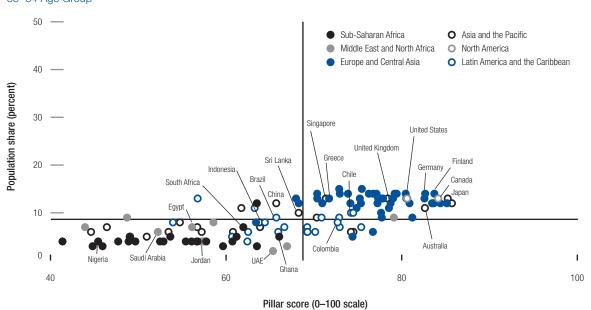
Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and UNDESA Population Division.

Figure 19: Population share and pillar score 25-54 Age Group



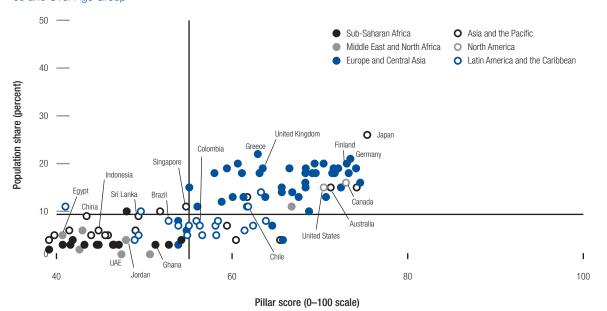
Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and UNDESA Population Division.

Figure 20: Population share and pillar score 55-64 Age Group



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and UNDESA Population Division.

Figure 21: Population share and pillar score 65 and Over Age Group



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and UNDESA Population Division.

variation with regard to its total share in countries' overall population makeup.

It may appear from a first glance—particularly at the Under 15 and 65 and Over Age Group pillar results—that the proportional share of the age group in a country correlates with its pillar score. However, on closer inspection, both the income and the regional affiliation of a country have a much stronger effect on the Human Capital Index performance of a country than the size of the age group. A deeper analysis of the results does not find any strong support for the notion that certain demographic structures, such as youth bulges or ageing populations, are inherently beneficial or detrimental to a country's ability to develop or leverage its human capital potential. Accordingly, the population diagrams included in the Country Profiles in Part II of this Report aim to familiarize the reader and call visual attention to the importance for human capital development and planning of understanding and considering demographic structures and dynamics (such as child and old-age dependency ratios), without taking a prescriptive stance regarding what should be done about them. Human capital planning and investment choices have the biggest role to play in determining whether a country is able to harness the full human capital potential inherent in its unique demographic structure, income profile or geographic location.

CONCLUSION

The Human Capital Index reveals several trends and challenges in the current education, skills and jobs agenda and the future outlook for major economies. These developments imply that we need to rethink how the world's human capital endowment is invested in and leveraged for social and economic prosperity and the well-being of all. Similar to all global challenges in which our existing systems, structures and formal institutions no longer suffice, the world needs a new level of global cooperation on education, skills and jobs. Governments, business leaders, educational institutions and individuals must each understand the magnitude of the change underway and fundamentally rethink the global talent value chain. In order to be proactive in our response to both the current predicaments and a highly uncertain future, we must re-think what it means to learn, what it means to work and what is the role of various stakeholders in ensuring that people are able to fulfil their potential.

Many of today's education systems are disconnected from the skills needed to function in today's labour markets and the exponential rate of technological and economic change is further increasing the gap between education and labour markets. The premise of current education systems is on developing cognitive skills, yet behavioural and non-cognitive skills that nurture an individual's capacity to collaborate, innovate, self-direct and problem-solve are increasingly important. Current education systems are also time-compressed in a way that may not be suited to current or future labour markets. They force narrow career and expertise decisions in early youth. The lines between academia and the labour market may need to blur or disappear entirely as learning, R&D, knowledgesharing, retraining and innovation take place simultaneously throughout the work life cycle, regardless of the job, level or industry.

Education delivery and financing mechanisms have gone through little change over the last decades. In many countries, many youth and children may find their paths constrained depending on the type of education they are able to afford, while others may not have access to even basic literacy and learning. On the other hand, many developed world education systems have made enormous increases in spending with little return. Early childhood education and teacher quality remain neglected areas in many developed and developing countries, despite their proven impact on learning outcomes; both areas also suffer from lack of objective, global data. The emergence of potential disruptors is only just starting to open the space for re-imagining education delivery mechanisms.

Business must re-think its role as a consumer of 'readymade' human capital. Some companies understand this and are already investing in the continuous learning, re-skilling and up-skilling of their employees, but most employers still expect to obtain pre-trained talent from schools, universities and other companies. Instead, business must work with educators and governments to help education systems keep up with the needs of the labour market. At the same time, given the rapid and ongoing changes in the skill sets required for many occupations, business must re-direct investment to on-the-job training and lifelong learning in order to remain competitive and talent management must be a critical part of any company's growth and innovation strategy. And while business cycles can naturally lead to peaks and troughs in employment, any socially responsible business in today's deeply interconnected and transparent world must consider how it can contribute to mitigating unemployment and enhancing people's abilities to earn a

Rapid demographic changes and the ability to forecast them offer a valuable opportunity for planning, while creating unprecedented pressures in markets and societies, and adapting to these changes requires a mindset from policymakers that transcends political cycles. Ageing economies will face a historical first, as more and more of their populations cross into the 65 and over age group and their workforces shrink further, necessitating a better integration of youth, female workers, migrants and older workers. Youth-bulge economies face burdens of a different kind as a very large cohort of the next generation—one that is more connected and globalized than ever before—enters the workforce and with very different aspirations, expectations and worldviews than their predecessors.

Addressing the challenges of the current system requires a fundamental and holistic re-thinking of what it means to learn, to work and to fulfil one's potential as an individual, of how companies should plan for and invest in talent, of how education is delivered and what its substance and timing should be, and of how governments should be addressing not just today's short-term concerns but also planning now for the needs of tomorrow's

generations. The Human Capital Index is among the set of tools that we hope will enable better decision-making in this direction.

REFERENCES

- Acemoglu, D. and D. Autor, "What Does Human Capital Do? A Review of Goldin and Katz's "The Race Between Education and Technology", NBER Working Paper 17820, The National Bureau of Economic Research, 2012, http://www.nber.org/papers/w17820.
- Barro, R. and J.W. Lee, "A New Dataset of Educational Attainment in the World, 1950-2010", NBER Working Paper 15902, The National Bureau of Economic Research, 2013, http://www.nber.org/papers/ w15902.
- Bleakley, H. "Health, Human Capital, and Development", Annual Review of Economics, vol. 2, 2010, pp. 283-310, http://www.annualreviews.org/ doi/abs/10.1146/annurev.economics.102308.124436.
- Blöndal, S. and S. Scarpetta, "The Retirement Decision in OECD Countries", OECD Economics Department Working Papers, No. 202, Organisation for Economic Co-operative Development, 1999, http:// dx.doi.org/10.1787/565174210530.
- Boarini, R., M. Mira d'Ercole and G. Liu, "Approaches to Measuring the Stock of Human Capital: A Review of Country Practices", OECD Statistics Working Papers, 2012/04, Organisation for Economic Co-operative Development, 2012, http://dx.doi. org/10.1787/5k8zlm5bc3ns-en.
- Brynjolfsson, E. and A. McAfee, "The Second Machine Age: Work, Progress, and Prosperity in a Time of Brilliant Technologies", 2014. http://www.secondmachineage.com.
- Cappelli, P., "Skill Gaps, Skill Shortages and Skill Mismatches: Evidence and Arguments for the US", NBER Working Paper 20382, The National Bureau of Economic Research, 2014, http://www.nber.org/ papers/w20382.
- Cuaresma, J.C. and T. Mishra, "The role of age-structured education data for economic growth forecasts", Journal of Forecasting, vol. 30, issue 2, 2011, pp. 249-267.
- Delgado, M., D. Henderson and C. Parmeter, "Does Education Matter for Economic Growth?", IZA Discussion Paper No. 7089, Institute for the Study of Labor, 2012, http://ftp.iza.org/dp7089.pdf.
- Department for Work and Pensions, A New Vision for Older Workers: Retain, Retrain, Recruit, Report to Government by the Business Champion for Older Workers, United Kingdom, 2015, https://www. gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/ file/411420/a-new-vision-for-older-workers.pdf.
- Elder, S., What does NEETs mean and why is the concept so easily misinterpreted?, Youth Employment Programme, Technical Brief No.1, International Labour Organisation and The MasterCard Foundation, 2015.
- Göbel, C. and T. Zwicka, "Which Personnel Measures are Effective in Increasing Productivity of Old Workers?", ZEW Discussion Paper No. 10-069, Centre for European Economic Research, 2010, http://ftp. zew.de/pub/zew-docs/dp/dp10069.pdf.
- Hausmann, R., C. Hidalgo, et al., "The Atlas of Economic Complexity", Centre for Economic Development at Harvard University, http://atlas.
- HelpAge International, The Global AgeWatch Index 2014: Insight Report, 2014, http://www.helpage.org/download/542b0adfb65fb.
- Jeon, S., "Enhancing Employment for Women, Youth and Older Workers: Why Skills Strategies Matter", in: Lanvin, B. and P. Evans, eds., Global Talent Competitiveness Index 2014, 2014, http://globalindices.insead.edu/documents/INSEADGTClreport2014.pdf.
- Lutz, W. et al., "Validation of the Wittgenstein Centre Back-projections for Populations by Age, Sex, and Six Levels of Education from 2010 to 1970", IIASA Interim Report IR-15-008, International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis, April 2015, http://www.iiasa.ac.at/ publication/more_IR-15-008.php.
- International Labour Organisation, "KILM 2: Employment-to-Population Ratio", Key Indicators of the Labour Market (KILM), 8th Edition, 2014, http://kilm.ilo.org/2011/download/kilm02EN.pdf.

- . "Report II: Statistics of Work, Employment and Labour Underutilization", 19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians, Geneva, 2-11 October 2013, http://www.ilo.org/ wcmsp5/groups/public/---dgreports/---stat/documents/publication/ wcms_220535.pdf.
- Moody's Investors Service, Special Comment: Population Aging Will Dampen Economic Growth over the Next Two Decades, 6 August 2014, http://www.moodys.com/viewresearchdoc. aspx?docid=PBC_173599.
- OECD, The Well-being of Nations: The Role of Human and Social Capital, 2001, http://www.oecd.org/site/worldforum/33703702.pdf.
- OECD and JRC, "Normalisation", in: Handbook on Constructing Composite Indicators: Methodology and User Guide, 2008, http://www.oecd. org/std/42495745.pdf.
- Oortwijn, W. et al., Evaluating the Uptake of the Healthy Life Years Indicator, RAND Europe, 2006, http://ec.europa.eu/health/ph_information/ indicators/docs/RAND_HLY_en.pdf.
- Quintini, G. "Right for the Job: Over-Qualified or Under-Skilled?", OECD Social, Employment and Migration Working Papers, No. 120, Organisation of Economic Co-operation and Development, 2011, http://www.oecd.org/els/48650012.pdf.
- Rissing, B., G. Gereffi, R. Ong and V. Wadhwa, "Where the Engineers Are", Issues in Science and Technology, vol. 23, issue 3, 2005, http:// issues.org/23-3/wadhwa.
- Ross A., R. Thompson, K. Lagattuta and S. Rivera, Work Skill Development and Early Childhood Investment -Report prepared for California Department of Social Services, Center for Public Policy Research, University of California, Davis, 2005.
- UNESCO, Education for All 2000-2015: Achievements and Challenges, EFA 2015 Global Monitoring Report, 2015, http://unesdoc.unesco.org/ images/0023/002322/232205e.pdf.
- UNU-IHDP and UNEP, "Part II: Human Capital", in: Inclusive Wealth Report 2014. Measuring Progress Toward Sustainability, 2014, http://mgiep. unesco.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/12/IWR2014-WEB.pdf.
- Van Roy, V. and F. Rossetti, JRC Statistical Audit on the 2013 Human Capital Index, European Commission Joint Research Centre (Ispra, Italy) - Econometrics and Applied Statistics Unit, 2013.
- Walk Free Foundation, The Global Slavery Index 2014, 2014, http:// d3mj66ag90b5fy.cloudfront.net/wp-content/uploads/2014/11/Global_ Slavery_Index_2014_final_lowres.pdf.
- White, G., "What Sweden and Japan Can Teach the U.S. About Its Aging Workforce", CityLab, The Atlantic Magazine, 24 April 2015, http:// www.theatlantic.com/business/archive/2015/04/what-sweden-andjapan-can-teach-the-us-about-its-aging-workforce/391248.
- World Economic Forum, Disrupting Unemployment: Business-led Solutions for Action, 2015, http://reports.weforum.org/disruptingunemployment.
- -. Global Gender Gap Report 2014, 2014, http://reports.weforum.org/ global-gender-gap-report-2014.
- -. The Human Capital Report, First Edition, 2013 http://reports. weforum.org/human-capital-index-2013.
- Zahidi, S., "The Human Capital Index" in: Education and Skills 2.0: New Targets and Innovative Approaches, World Economic Forum, 2014, http://www3.weforum.org/docs/GAC/2014/WEF_GAC_ EducationSkills_TargetsInnovativeApproaches_Book_2014.pdf.

NOTES

- 1 Source: World Economic Forum (2015), "Disrupting Unemployment: Business-led Solutions for Action", http://reports.weforum.org/ disrupting-unemployment; and http://www.ilo.org/inform/onlineinformation-resources/research-guides/youth-employment/lang--en/ index.htm (accessed April 2015).
- 2 See Acemoglu, D. et al., 2012.
- 3 See Cuaresma, J.C., et al., 2011.
- 4 See UNESCO, 2015.

- 5 For example, Delgado et al., (2012) demonstrate that "mean test scores ... provide a more reliable measure of human capital than mean years of schooling", emphasizing the importance of quality over mere formal qualifications alone.
- 6 See Hausmann, R., et al.
- 7 We find a positive correlation between the Human Capital Index and the World Economic Forum's Global Gender Gap Index (R = 0.59; see Figure D1 in Annex D).
- 8 See World Economic Forum, "Appendix F: Detailed Results of National Policy Frameworks Survey", in: Global Gender Gap Report 2014, http://reports.weforum.org/global-gender-gap-report-2014.
- 9 See UNU-IHDP and UNEP, 2014.
- 10 See Department for Work and Pensions, 2015.
- 11 See White, G., 2015.
- 12 While within this 47% of countries, for 20 countries-all of them in the Sub-Saharan African region—low healthy life expectancy also already negatively impacts the human capital potential of the 25-54 age
- 13 See Brynjolfsson, E., et al., 2014.
- 14 See Walk Free Foundation, 2014.
- 15 A more conservative estimate would suggest that the actual maximum value cannot exceed 98% as no country can maximize employment, vocational training and tertiary education at the same time in the 15-24 Age Group pillar.
- 16 A full overview of the spread and range of indicator scores, as well as average scores for each indicator, is provided in Figures B1-B5 and Table B1 in Appendix B.
- 17 For further details, see OECD and JRC, 2008.
- 18 In order to arrive at the final weighting scheme, several other schemes were considered. The population distribution of many countries-such as those experiencing youth bulges or significantly ageing populations—diverges from the average global distribution. To the extent that the objective of the index weighting scheme is to be reflective of countries' demographic structure, one possibility considered was to apply a unique individual weighting to each country based on the exact percentage share of the five Age Group pillars in each country. However, applying each country's individual weights would have added significant complexity to the Index, distracting from key concepts for the user. Another option considered was the grouping of countries according to an "ageing", "youthful" or "intermediate" scheme. This would have provided a midpoint between the global weighting approach and the "individual country weights" approach and reduced the deviation from each country's specific population distribution. However, results for countries at the borderlines of potential thresholds for such classifications were found to be highly sensitive to the thresholds chosen. The global average distribution was thus found to be the most relevant method for the intuition behind the weighting.
- 19 See, for example, Moody's Investors Service, 2014.
- 20 Since the indicators 'incidence of overeducation' and 'incidence of undereducation' are both component parts of the ILO's "skills mismatch" Key Indicator of the Labour Market (KILM), they are considered one joint indicator for data coverage purposes. See ILO, Key Indicators of the Labour Market (KILM), 2011, http://kilm.ilo. org/2011/download/kilm15EN.pdf.
- 21 Our special thanks are due to Michaela Saisana, Vincent Van Roy and Fiammetta Rossetti of the European Commission Joint Research Centre (JRC) Econometrics and Applied Statistics Unit. See Van Roy, V. et al., 2013.
- 22 See Oortwijn, W. et al., 2006.
- 23 In calculating countries' sub-scores in the Learning and Employment themes, the overall global population weighting (see Table 2) is applied to the simple average of the indicator scores across the horizontal themes in each Age Group pillar. Countries are required to have at least 50% indicator coverage for both the Learning and Employment theme in order to be included in the graph and analysis.

Appendix A: Regional and Income Group Classifications, 2015

The following regional and income group classifications were used for creating the performance tables and figures in Part 1.

Table A1: Human Capital Index regional classifications, 2015

| ASIA AND | LATIN AMERICA AND THE | MIDDLE EAST AND | NORTH | SUB-SAHARAN | EUROPE AND |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|
| THE PACIFIC | CARIBBEAN | NORTH AFRICA | AMERICA | AFRICA | CENTRAL ASIA |
| ustralia | Argentina | Algeria | Canada | Botswana | Albania |
| langladesh | Barbados | Egypt | United States | Burkina Faso | Armenia |
| hutan | Bolivia | Israel | _ | Burundi | Austria |
| Cambodia | Brazil | Jordan | | Cameroon | Azerbaijan |
| China | Chile | Kuwait | | Chad | Belgium |
| ndia | Colombia | Mauritania | | Côte d'Ivoire | Bulgaria |
| ndonesia | Costa Rica | Morocco | | Ethiopia | Croatia |
| ran, Islamic Rep. | Dominican Republic | Qatar | | Ghana | Cyprus |
| apan | El Salvador | Saudi Arabia | | Guinea | Czech Republic |
| Corea, Rep. | Guatemala | Tunisia | | Kenya | Denmark |
| ao PDR | Guyana | United Arab Emirates | | Lesotho | Estonia |
| Malaysia | Honduras | Yemen | | Madagascar | Finland |
| Mongolia | Jamaica | | _ | Malawi | France |
| Nyanmar | Mexico | | | Mali | Germany |
| lepal | Nicaragua | | | Mauritius | Greece |
| lew Zealand | Panama | | | Mozambique | Hungary |
| Pakistan | Paraguay | | | Namibia | Iceland |
| hilippines | Peru | | | Nigeria | Ireland |
| lingapore | Trinidad and Tobago | | | Rwanda | Italy |
| Bri Lanka | Uruguay | | | Senegal | Kazakhstan |
| - hailand | Venezuela | | | South Africa | Kyrgyz Republic |
| /ietnam | | | | Tanzania | Latvia |
| | _ | | | Uganda | Lithuania |
| | | | | Zambia | Luxembourg |
| | | | | | Macedonia, FYR |
| | | | | | Malta |
| | | | | | Moldova |
| | | | | | Netherlands |
| | | | | | Norway |
| | | | | | Poland |
| | | | | | Portugal |
| | | | | | Romania |
| | | | | | Russian Federation |
| | | | | | Serbia |
| | | | | | Slovak Republic |
| | | | | | Slovenia |
| | | | | | Spain |
| | | | | | Sweden |
| | | | | | Switzerland |
| | | | | | Tajikistan |
| | | | | | Turkey |
| | | | | | rurnoy |
| | | | | | Ukraine |

Table A2: Human Capital Index income group classifications, 2015

| LOW INCOME |
|--------------------|
| US\$ 1,045 or less |
| Bangladesh |
| Burkina Faso |
| Burundi |
| Cambodia |
| Chad |
| Ethiopia |
| Guinea |
| Kenya |
| Madagascar |
| Malawi |
| Mali |
| Mozambique |
| Myanmar |
| Nepal |
| Rwanda |
| Tajikistan |
| Tanzania |
| Uganda |

| LOWER-MIDDLE INCOME |
|---------------------|
| US\$ 1,045-4,125 |
| Armenia |
| Bhutan |
| Bolivia |
| Cameroon |
| Côte d'Ivoire |
| Egypt |
| El Salvador |
| Ghana |
| Guatemala |
| Guyana |
| Honduras |
| India |
| Indonesia |
| Kyrgyz Republic |
| Lao PDR |
| Lesotho |
| Mauritania |
| Moldova |
| Mongolia |
| Morocco |
| Nicaragua |
| Nigeria |
| Pakistan |
| Paraguay |
| Philippines |
| Senegal |
| Sri Lanka |
| Ukraine |
| Vietnam |
| Yemen |
| Zambia |

| UPPER-MIDDLE INCOM | E |
|--------------------|---|
| US\$ 4,126-12,745 | |
| Albania | |
| Algeria | |
| Argentina | |
| Azerbaijan | |
| Botswana | |
| Brazil | |
| Bulgaria | |
| China | |
| Colombia | |
| Costa Rica | |
| Dominican Republic | |
| Hungary | |
| Iran, Islamic Rep. | |
| Jamaica | |
| Jordan | |
| Kazakhstan | |
| Macedonia, FYR | |
| Malaysia | |
| Mauritius | |
| Mexico | |
| Namibia | |
| Panama | |
| Peru | |
| Romania | |
| Serbia | |
| South Africa | |
| Thailand | |
| Tunisia | |
| Turkey | |
| Venezuela | |

| HIGH INCOME | | | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| US\$ 12,746 or more | | | | |
| Australia | | | | |
| Austria | | | | |
| Barbados | | | | |
| Belgium | | | | |
| Canada | | | | |
| Chile | | | | |
| Croatia | | | | |
| Cyprus | | | | |
| Czech Republic | | | | |
| Denmark | | | | |
| Estonia | | | | |
| Finland | | | | |
| France | | | | |
| Germany | | | | |
| Greece | | | | |
| Iceland | | | | |
| Ireland | | | | |
| Israel | | | | |
| Italy | | | | |
| Japan | | | | |
| Korea, Rep. | | | | |
| Kuwait | | | | |
| Latvia | | | | |
| Lithuania | | | | |
| Luxembourg | | | | |
| Malta | | | | |
| Netherlands | | | | |
| New Zealand | | | | |
| Norway | | | | |
| Poland | | | | |
| Portugal | | | | |
| Qatar | | | | |
| Russian Federation | | | | |
| Saudi Arabia | | | | |
| Singapore | | | | |
| Slovak Republic | | | | |
| Slovenia | | | | |
| Spain | | | | |
| Sweden | | | | |
| Switzerland | | | | |
| Trinidad and Tobago | | | | |
| United Arab Emirates | | | | |
| United Kingdom | | | | |
| United States | | | | |
| Uruguay | | | | |
| | | | | |

Note: Income classifications are taken from the World Bank, which classifies economies into four income categories based on 2013 GNI per capita (current US\$): high income, upper-middle income, lower-middle income and low income. Classification as of 1 July 2014.

Appendix B: Range of Indicator Scores and Average Scores by Income Group

Figures B1-B5 show the spread of the minimum and maximum scores for each of the 46 indicators of the Human Capital Index. Scores calculations are based on percentage rates with a minimum value of 0% and a maximum value of 100%. Indicators based on the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey have been re-scaled to conform to the 0-100 scale. For the Healthy life years beyond age 65 indicator, the maximum score is allocated to the country with the best performance on this indicator (Singapore), with other countries scored on distance to this frontier. For further details, please refer to the "How to Read the Country Profiles" section in Part 2 of the Report.

Table B1 reports average scores for each of the 46 indicators of the Human Capital Index by income group as well as the global mean Index score of each indicator.

Figure B1: Spread of scores, Under 15 Age Group pillar

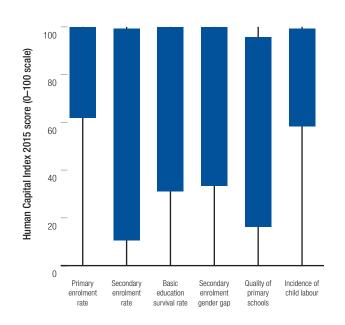


Figure B2: Spread of scores, 15-24 Age Group pillar

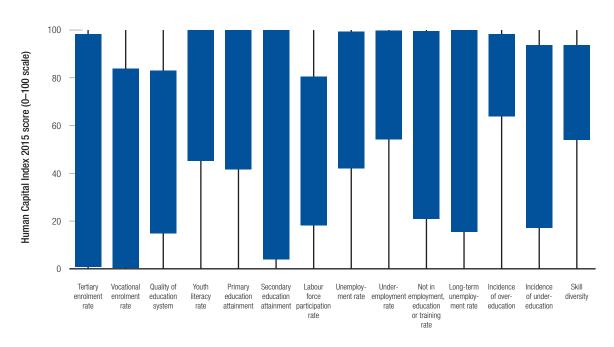


Figure B3: Spread of scores, 25-54 Age Group pillar

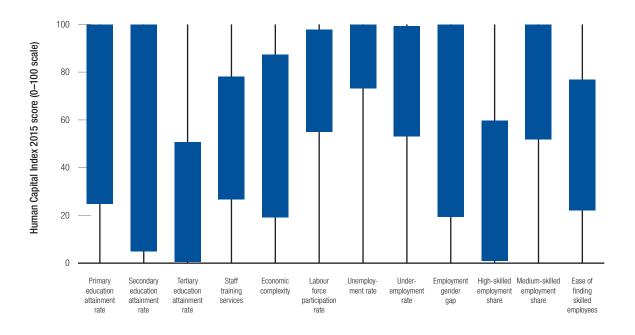


Figure B4: Spread of scores, 55-64 Age Group pillar

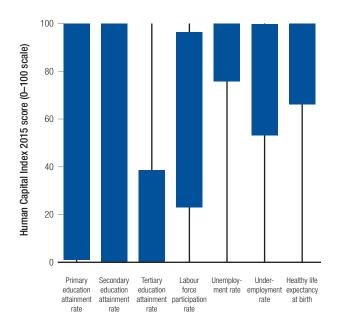
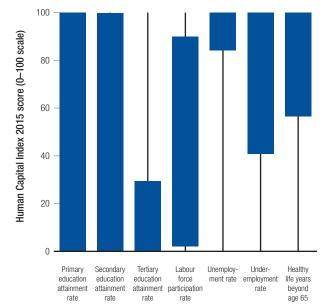


Figure B5: Spread of scores, 65 and Over Age Group pillar



| Indicator | I Date Services | | e score by income group (| , | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Indicator | High income | Upper-middle income | Lower-middle income | Low income | Mean |
| UNDER 15 AGE GROUP Enrolment in education | | | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.09 | 94.21 | 88.21 | 85.95 | 92.98 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 90.46 | 76.44 | 60.12 | 35.60 | 72.00 |
| Basic education survival rate | 94.32 | 85.61 | 83.89 | 69.47 | 85.51 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 99.77 | 98.95 | 95.06 | 86.44 | 96.36 |
| Quality of education | 33.11 | 30.33 | 33.00 | 00.44 | 30.30 |
| Quality of primary schools | 65.64 | 43.73 | 39.91 | 31.52 | 48.95 |
| Vulnerability | 00.01 | 10.70 | 00.01 | 01.02 | 10.00 |
| Incidence of child labour | 98.65 | 92.59 | 83.48 | 76.10 | 89.98 |
| | | | | | |
| 15–24 AGE GROUP | | | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 66.02 | 43.27 | 23.65 | 7.73 | 40.85 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 38.40 | 26.59 | 20.80 | 17.98 | 28.40 |
| Quality of education | 30.40 | 20.33 | 20.00 | 17.30 | 20.40 |
| Quality of education system | 57.25 | 40.80 | 40.61 | 36.69 | 46.12 |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.80 | 98.34 | 88.97 | 75.69 | 93.18 |
| Educational attainment | 00.00 | 00.0 r | 00.01 | 10.00 | 30.10 |
| Primary education attainment | 98.70 | 97.84 | 88.39 | 78.51 | 92.98 |
| Secondary education attainment | 82.91 | 69.63 | 63.11 | 36.75 | 68.05 |
| Economic participation | 02.01 | 55.55 | 55 | 555 | 30.00 |
| Labour force participation rate | 45.92 | 40.59 | 46.73 | 64.02 | 47.46 |
| Unemployment rate | 80.15 | 76.75 | 85.23 | 90.30 | 82.07 |
| Underemployment rate | 91.19 | 91.08 | 89.60 | 54.70 | 89.84 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 87.38 | 77.68 | 81.08 | 77.82 | 83.25 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 76.59 | 68.39 | 68.80 | 71.25 | 72.64 |
| Skills | | | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 87.04 | 82.94 | 80.91 | 94.60 | 86.29 |
| Incidence of undereducation | 76.51 | 75.34 | 79.35 | 38.83 | 71.89 |
| Skill diversity | 79.03 | 75.66 | 74.32 | 71.03 | 76.29 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 96.87 84.85 25.50 | 94.55 65.61 14.23 | 80.22 54.60 13.57 | 66.70 29.31 5.57 | 87.77 64.57 16.90 |
| Workplace learning | | | | | |
| Staff training services | 58.22 | 49.58 | 47.36 | 40.77 | 50.88 |
| Economic complexity | 66.62 | 55.02 | 44.22 | 36.90 | 53.72 |
| Economic participation | | | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 85.60 | 78.08 | 76.91 | 90.43 | 82.31 |
| Unemployment rate | 92.47 | 89.70 | 93.39 | 94.97 | 92.26 |
| Underemployment rate | 95.03 | 94.03 | 92.16 | 57.25 | 92.96 |
| Employment gender gap | 83.59 | 63.73 | 68.28 | 79.26 | 75.25 |
| Skills | | | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 39.05 | 22.23 | 14.90 | 4.06 | 23.86 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | 90.33 | 83.16 | 80.79 | 85.84 | 85.56 |
| Ease of finding skilled employees | 56.32 | 45.92 | 45.48 | 44.02 | 49.31 |
| 55-64 AGE GROUP | | | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 95.46 | 85.34 | 68.00 | 53.50 | 80.05 |
| | 77.34 | 48.93 | 39.26 | 20.37 | 52.68 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | 9.81 | 4.41 | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.64 | 11.21 | | | 12.93 |
| | | 11.21 | | | 12.93 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | 11.21 52.08 | 62.69 | 81.39 | 12.93 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation | 19.64 | | | 81.39 96.57 | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 19.64 58.02 | 52.08 | 62.69 | | 61.15 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 19.64 58.02 93.83 | 52.08 93.85 | 62.69 96.27 | 96.57 | 61.15 94.68 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Healthy life expectancy at birth | 19.64 58.02 93.83 96.01 | 52.08 93.85 93.91 | 62.69 96.27 90.49 | 96.57 57.55 | 61.15 94.68 93.28 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Healthy life expectancy at birth 65 AND OVER AGE GROUP | 19.64 58.02 93.83 96.01 | 52.08 93.85 93.91 | 62.69 96.27 90.49 | 96.57 57.55 | 61.15 94.68 93.28 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Healthy life expectancy at birth 65 AND OVER AGE GROUP Educational attainment | 19.64 58.02 93.83 96.01 99.73 | 52.08 93.85 93.91 97.49 | 62.69 96.27 90.49 88.93 | 96.57 57.55 81.20 | 61.15 94.68 93.28 93.80 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Healthy life expectancy at birth 65 AND OVER AGE GROUP Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 19.64 58.02 93.83 96.01 99.73 | 52.08 93.85 93.91 97.49 | 62.69 96.27 90.49 88.93 | 96.57 57.55 81.20 36.60 | 61.15 94.68 93.28 93.80 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Healthy life expectancy at birth 65 AND OVER AGE GROUP Educational attainment | 19.64 58.02 93.83 96.01 99.73 | 52.08 93.85 93.91 97.49 | 62.69 96.27 90.49 88.93 | 96.57 57.55 81.20 | 61.15 94.68 93.28 93.80 |

Note: Income classifications are taken from the World Bank, which classifies economies into four income categories based on 2013 GNI per capita (current US\$): high income, upper-middle income, lower-middle income and low income. Classification as of 1 July 2014.

18.16

97.43

94.01

84.52

33.79

96.69

90.09

76.10

11.27

97.79

96.88

92.02

Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate

Underemployment rate Healthy life years beyond age 65 54.86

97.23

55.75

69.44

24.89

97.41

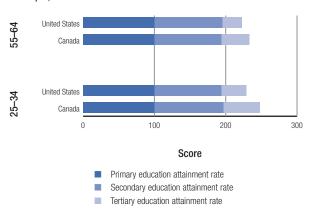
93.71

Appendix C: Educational Attainment Rates and Employment Share by Skill Level

Figures C1-C6 report the cumulative educational attainment rates of the 55-64 age group and 25-34 age group by geographic region as classified by the Index. Higher overall attainment rates in the younger age group can be interpreted as a measure of progress made by the country over time.

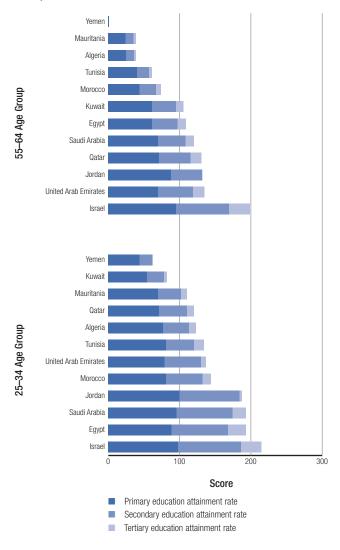
Figures C7-C12 report countries' breakdown of employment by high-skilled, medium-skilled and low-skilled employment share, arranged by proportion of high-skilled employment in a country.

Figure C1: Educational attainment rate: 25-34, 55-64 Age Groups, North America



Source: Human Capital Report 2015.

Figure C2: Educational attainment rate: 25-34, 55-64 Age Groups, Middle East and North Africa



Source: Human Capital Report 2015.

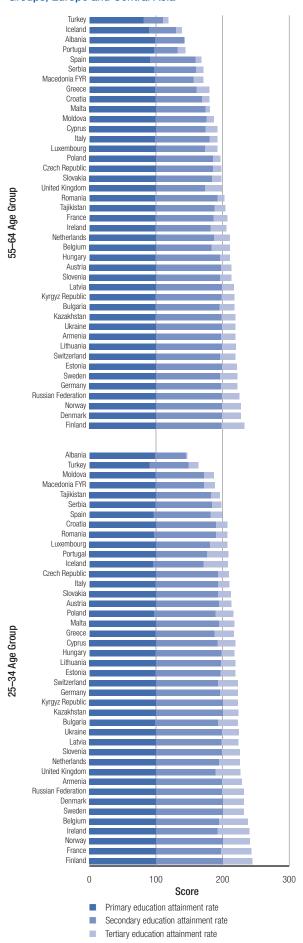
Figure C3: Educational attainment rate: 25-34, 55-64 Age Groups, Sub-Saharan Africa

55-64 Age Group

25-34 Age Group

Ethiopia Burundi Burkina Faso Senegal Lesotho Mali Chad Guinea Rwanda Côte d'Ivoire Malawi Mozambique Tanzania Botswana Nigeria Uganda Cameroon Madagascar Kenya Zambia South Africa Namibia Ghana Mauritius Senegal Burundi Ethiopia Mali Burkina Faso Lesotho Guinea Chad Tanzania Côte d'Ivoire Rwanda Mozambique Malawi Madagascar

Figure C4: Educational attainment rate: 25-34, 55-64 Age Groups, Europe and Central Asia



Source: Human Capital Report 2015.

Namibia

Uganda

Zambia

Kenya

Nigeria

Mauritius

0

100

Primary education attainment rate

Tertiary education attainment rate

Score

Secondary education attainment rate

200

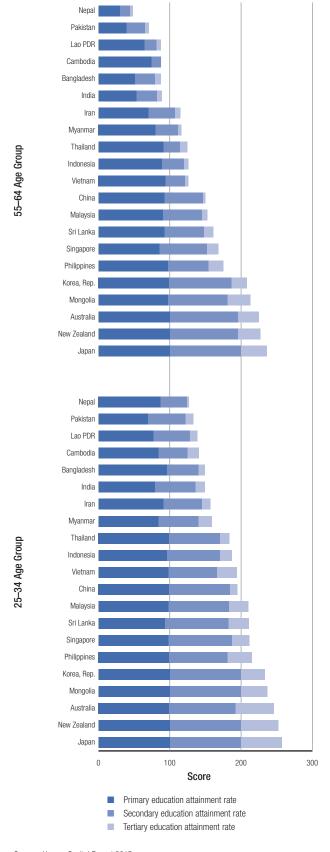
300

South Africa

Cameroon

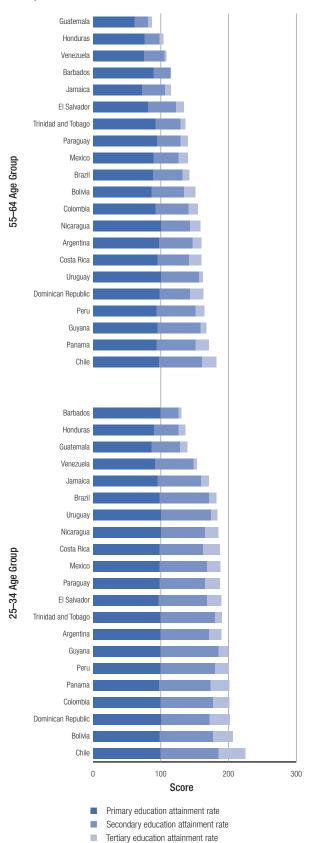
Botswana

Figure C5: Educational attainment rate: 25-34, 55-64 Age Groups, Asia and the Pacific



Source: Human Capital Report 2015.

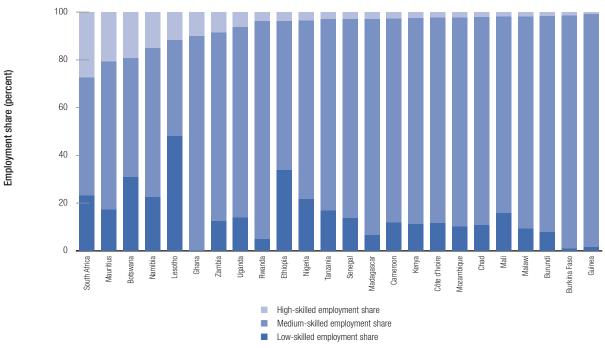
Figure C6: Educational attainment rate: 25-34, 55-64 Age Groups, Latin America and the Caribbean



Source: Human Capital Report 2015.

Figure C7: Skilled employment share

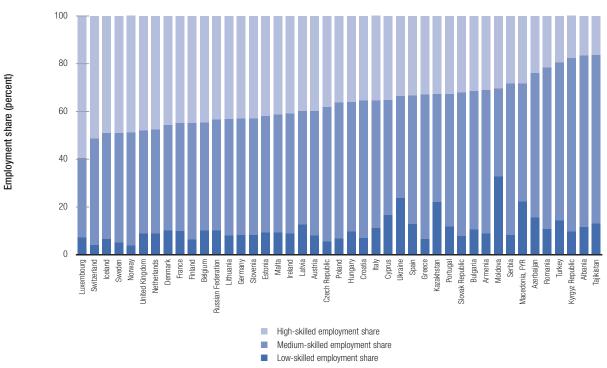
Sub-Saharan Africa



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and ILOSTAT.

Figure C8: Skilled employment share

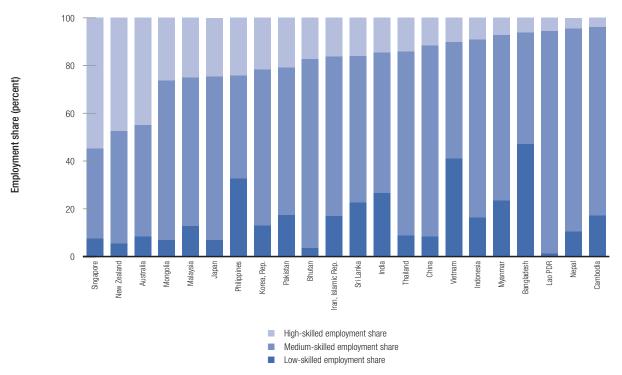
Europe and Central Asia



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and ILOSTAT.

Figure C9: Skilled employment share

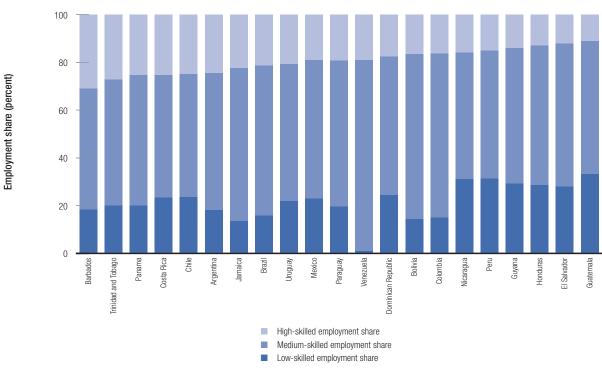
Asia and the Pacific



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and ILOSTAT.

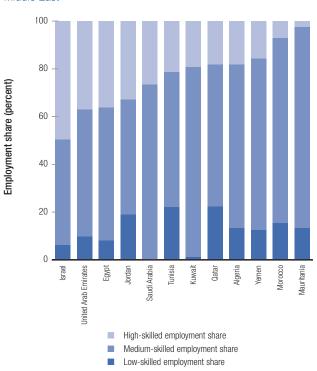
Figure C10: Skilled employment share

Latin America and the Caribbean



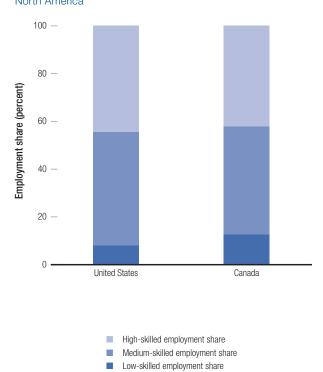
Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and ILOSTAT.

Figure C11: Skilled employment share Middle East



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and ILOSTAT.

Figure C12: Skilled employment share North America

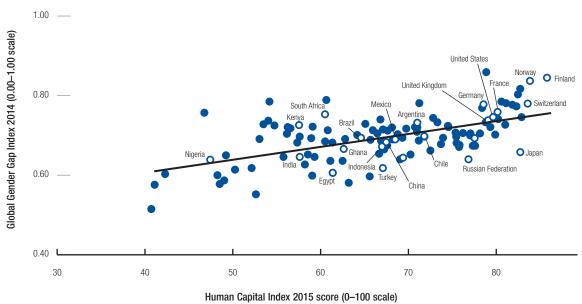


Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and ILOSTAT.

Appendix D: Relationship between the Human Capital Index 2015 and Selected Composite Indices

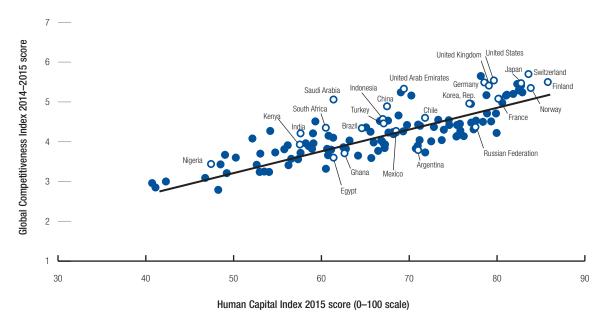
Figures D1, D2 and D3 report the correlation between the Human Capital Index and various other thematically related composite indices.

Figure D1: Relationship between the Global Gender Gap Index 2014 and the Human Capital Index 2015



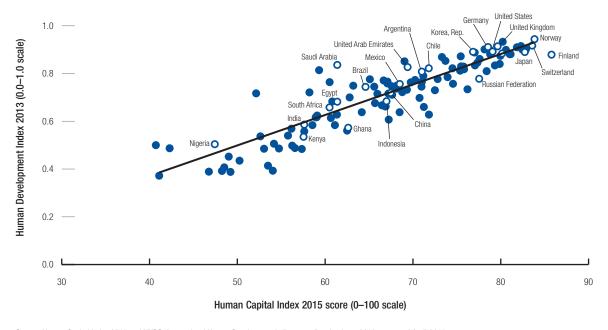
Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and Global Gender Gap Index 2014.

Figure D2: Relationship between the Global Competitiveness Index 2014-2015 and the Human Capital Index 2015



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and Global Competitiveness Index 2014–2015.

Figure D3: Relationship between the Human Development Index 2013 and the Human Capital Index 2015



Source: Human Capital Index 2015 and UNDP, International Human Development Indicators online database 2013, accessed April 2015.

Part 2 Country Profiles

User's Guide: How to Read the Country Profiles

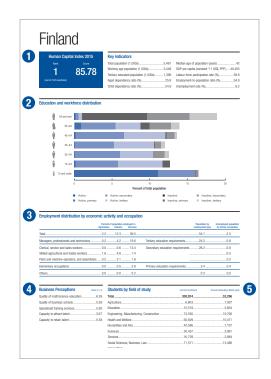
COUNTRY PROFILES: PAGE 1

RANKS AND KEY INDICATORS

The first section presents each country's overall Human Capital Index 2015 rank out of the 124 reviewed countries, as well as the values of a number of key indicators.

Key Indicators

- Total population (thousands of inhabitants): People of all ages living in the country as of July 2015, regardless of residency status or citizenship. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects, 2012 (accessed April 2015).
- Working age population (thousands of inhabitants): People age 15-64 living in the country as of July 2015. United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects, 2012 (accessed April 2015).
- · Tertiary-educated population (thousands of inhabitants): People of all ages living in the country who have completed tertiary education, classified according to the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED-97). Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Working-age population by sex, age and education (accessed April 2015); Lutz et al., IIASA/ VID Educational Attainment Model, GET Projection, 2015, Wittgenstein Centre for Demography and Global Human Capital (accessed April 2015); Barro and Lee, "A New Data Set of Educational Attainment in the World, 1950-2010", Journal of Development Economics, 2010 (accessed April 2015).
- Aged dependency ratio (%): The ratio of people living in the country ages above 65 as a percentage of the population between age 15 and 64 as of July 2010. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects, 2012 (accessed April 2015).
- Child dependency ratio (%): The ratio of persons living in the country age 15 years as a percentage of the population between age 15 and 64 as of



July 2010. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects, 2012 (accessed April 2015).

- Median age of population (years). Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects, 2012 (accessed April 2015).
- GDP per capita PPP (constant 2011 international dollars). Source: International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2014 (accessed April 2015).
- Labour force participation rate (%): The proportion of the country's working-age population that engages actively in the labour market, either by working or looking for work. Source: International Labour Organization, Estimates and Projections of the Economically Active Population (EAPEP), 2013 Edition (accessed March 2015).

- Employment-to-population ratio (%): The proportion of the country's working age population that is currently employed as a percentage of the total population. Source: International Labour Organization, Trends Econometric Models, October 2014 (accessed March 2015).
- Unemployment rate (%): The number of unemployed persons as a percentage of the total number of employed and unemployed persons (i.e., the labour force). Source: International Labour Organization, Trends Econometric Models, October 2014 (accessed March 2015).

Occasional minor inconsistencies between the indicators Labour force participation rate, Employmentto-population ratio and Unemployment rate are due to different data sources or discrepancies in latest base years available. Every effort was made to report the most consistent data available.

2 EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE DISTRIBUTION

The population diagram in the upper half of the page is a graphical representation of the demographic structure of the country, overlaid with data on educational attainment, enrolment and workforce participation. It provides a visual snapshot of some of the core elements of the Index, such as the degree to which a country leverages the educational attainment of its people in its economic activity and the current degree of underutilization of the human capital potential embodied in the skills and learning of its people.

The bars on the vertical axis list the country's working age population in 10-year age cohorts—with the exception of the top and bottom bars which combine the country's population aged, respectively, above 65 years and under 15 years into a single cohort. The horizontal axis displays the percentage of the total population represented by each age cohort.

Note that the length of the "65 and over" and "Under 15" population diagram bars relative to the length of the five working age bars combined (15-64) is a graphical representation of, respectively, the "aged dependency ratio" and "child dependency ratio" reported in the key indicators section.

The legend below the population diagram shows the different shades of bars used in the chart.

For the five cohorts age 25 years and above, the blue-shaded part of the bar represents total labour force participation (both male and female) by persons in each of these age cohorts. The black-shaded part of the bar represents economic inactivity.1

For the majority of countries, three distinct shades of blue and black-to be read from left to right-indicate the distribution of labour force participation (blue) and economic inactivity (black) of persons according to their highest level of educational attainment: primary (and

below), secondary, or tertiary, classified according to the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED-97). These detailed shades are absent from population diagrams in Profiles of countries for whom this data was not available.

For the cohort aged 15-24 years, the blue shade corresponding to "active, tertiary" represents both those persons having attained tertiary education and currently in the labour force as well as those currently enrolled in tertiary education programmes. While tertiary enrolment rates are "gross" rates and therefore do not fully align with the 15-24 age bracket, it is the closest representative age group.² Labour force statistics normally classify full-time students as "inactive" in the sense of being outside the labour force. To avoid double-counting, the reported number of persons enrolled in tertiary education programmes has been deducted from the reported inactivity figures for this age group.3

For the cohort under 15, the blue shade corresponding to "active, primary" represents both children age 0-4 that are not yet in school and children age 5-9 currently enrolled in primary school. The black shade corresponding to "inactive, primary" represents children age 5-9 currently out-of-school. The blue shade corresponding to "active, secondary" represents adolescents age 10-14 currently enrolled in (lower) secondary education and the black shade corresponding to "inactive, secondary" represents adolescents age 10-14 years currently out-of-school. Although official school ages do not always fully align with these age brackets internationally, they are the closest representative age group (Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics).

Sources of population diagram data4

- Working age population by age and education, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed April 2015).
- · Labour force by age and education, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed April 2015).
- · Enrolment in tertiary education, all programmes, both sexes. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, online database, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- · Out-of-school children of primary school age, both sexes. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, online database, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Out-of-school adolescents of lower secondary school age, both sexes. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, online database, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed March 2015).

- Total population, both sexes combined, by fiveyear age group. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects, 2012 (accessed April 2015).
- Additional supplementary data imputed from World Bank, World Development Indicators (accessed April 2015); ILOSTAT, Estimates and Projections (accessed April 2015); Lutz et al., IIASA/VID Educational Attainment Model, GET Projection, 2015, Wittgenstein Centre for Demography and Global Human Capital (accessed April 2015); Barro and Lee, "A New Data Set of Educational Attainment in the World, 1950-2010", Journal of Development Economics, 2010, http://www. barrolee.com (accessed April 2015).

3 EMPLOYMENT DISTRIBUTION BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AND OCCUPATION

This section provides additional details on the actual types of jobs in which the country's population are employed by broad sector (agriculture, manufacturing or services), broad occupational category and corresponding skill level. The table elaborates further on the blue-shaded part of the population diagram by disaggregating the economic activity of the "active" (blue) part of the country's population.

Note that, conceptually, the sum total of the values reported in the employment distribution table should add up to the "employment-to-population ratio" reported in the Key Indicators section, the sum total of the values reported for the "unemployed population by former occupation" should add up to the "unemployment rate", and the two added together should result in the value reported for the headline "labour force participation rate". However, the data is frequently not fully aligned due to omissions, occasional discrepancies in base year and minor inconsistencies between sources. "—" is listed in profiles of countries for which this data was not or only partially available.

Data sources

• Employment by economic activity and occupation: All persons of working age who, during the reference period, were in a) paid employment or b) self-employment. Data are disaggregated by economic activity and occupation, according to the latest versions of the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC Rev.4; 'broad sector') and International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-08; 'aggregate categories of occupation'), respectively. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed April 2015).

- Unemployment of previously employed persons by former occupation: All persons of working age who were without work during the reference period and had taken specific steps to seek paid employment or self-employment. Data are disaggregated by the unemployed person's former occupation according to the latest version of the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-08). Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed April 2015).
- Employment data is provided in thousands of jobs and divided by the total population age 15 and over to provide occupations held, or formerly held, as a percentage of this population. Source: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects, 2012 (accessed April 2015).

The ILO has referenced each of the major occupational groups of the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-08) to one of four skill levels, 'defined as a function of the complexity and range of tasks and duties to be performed in an occupation'. Each skill level has, in turn, been referenced to the level of formal education of the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED-97) typically required for competent performance in the occupation.⁵

For the purposes of inclusion in the Country Profiles, we have grouped together skill levels 3 and 4, resulting in the following classification scheme:

Skills levels 3 & 4 = Tertiary education requirements (ISCED levels 5 - 6)

o Managers, professionals and technicians

Skills level 2 = Secondary education requirements (ISCED levels 2 - 4)

- o Clerical, service and sales workers
- o Skilled agricultural and trades workers
- Plant and machine operators and assemblers

Skills level 1 = Primary education requirements (ISCED level 1)

Elementary occupations

Unclassified occupations, which consist of jobs (including armed forces occupations) that cannot be assigned to any of the listed employment types, are reported under the heading "Others".

When read against the educational attainment data from the population diagram (blue-shaded bars) and the reported values for the age groups' corresponding educational attainment rate Index core indicators, the column "population by employment type" according to "tertiary, secondary and primary education requirements"

provides a measure of the degree of "skill mismatch" (i.e. "incidence of overeducation" and "incidence of undereducation") between the educational attainment of a country's population and the actual types of jobs held by persons in the country.⁶ Similarly, the column "unemployed population by former occupation" provides insights regarding the degree and nature of a country's underutilization of its human capital potential as expressed in the skill level of its unemployed.

Furthermore, the proportion of the country's population employed in jobs with tertiary education requirements and secondary education requirements is also used to calculate the "high-skilled employment share" and "medium-skilled employment share" Index core indicators in the 25-54 Age Group pillar, providing a measure of the degree to which the country is actually leveraging its core working age population's skills and learning in its economic activity.

4 BUSINESS PERCEPTIONS

This short section provides a snapshot of perceptions of the country's business community regarding its human capital competitiveness and enabling environment for talent. In addition to providing context, such perceptions may also be interesting in and of themselves for human resources professionals, policymakers and others.

Data sources

- Quality of math/science education: Response to the survey question, "How would you assess the quality of math and science education in your country's schools? (1 = poor; 7 = excellent, among the best in the world)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.
- Quality of business schools: Response to the survey question, "How would you assess the quality of management or business schools in your country? (1 = poor; 7 = excellent, among the best in the world)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.
- Specialized training services: Response to the survey question, "In your country, to what extent are high-quality, specialized training services available? (1 = not at all available, 7 = widely available)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.
- Capacity to attract talent: Response to the survey question, "Does your country attract talented people from abroad? (1 = not at all, 7 = attracts the best and brightest from around the world)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.

• Capacity to retain talent: Response to the survey question, "Does your country retain talented people? (1 = the best and brightest leave to pursue opportunities in other countries, 7 = the best and brightest stay and pursue opportunities in the country)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.

5 STUDENTS BY FIELD OF STUDY

This section provides additional details on the number of students currently enrolled in tertiary education programmes in the country as well as on the number of graduates by discipline for the latest year in which data was available. The table elaborates further on the blue-shaded "active, tertiary" segment of the 15-24 age group in the population diagram. In conjunction with the corresponding "tertiary enrolment rate" core indicator in the Index, the section provides a snapshot of the range of tertiary skills available in the country and of the capability of a country's young high-skilled population to make the most of its human capital potential. "-" is listed in profiles of countries for which this data was not or only partially available.

Data sources

- · Enrolment in tertiary education, all programmes, both sexes. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, online database, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- · Graduates from tertiary education, both sexes. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, online database, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed March 2015).

Information from this section is also used to calculate the "skill diversity" Index core indicator in the 15-24 Age Group pillar, providing a measure of the diversity, or lack thereof, of tertiary skills available in the country, without prejudice towards one particular set of skills or another.

While the proportion of tertiary enrolment of young persons as a share of the 15-24 age group is evident from the population diagram and core Index value, the absolute number of graduates of a certain discipline a country produces annually is also often interesting for human resources professionals, policymakers and others for comparative and planning purposes. This data has been calculated by disaggregating the total number of tertiary graduates according to the percentage of graduates by discipline reported by UNESCO for the latest year available.

Tertiary fields of education are categorized by UNESCO's International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED-97) as follows:7

Agriculture

- · Agriculture, forestry and fishery
- Veterinary

Education

• Teacher training and education science

Engineering, manufacturing and construction

- Engineering and engineering trades
- · Manufacturing and processing
- · Architecture and building

Health and welfare

- Health
- Social services

Humanities and Arts

- Arts
- Humanities

Sciences

- Life sciences
- Physical sciences
- · Mathematics and statistics
- Computing

Services

- · Personal services
- Transport services
- Environmental protection
- Security services

Social sciences, business and law

- · Social and behavioural science
- Business and administration
- Journalism and information
- Law

Not known or unspecified

COUNTRY PROFILES: PAGE 2

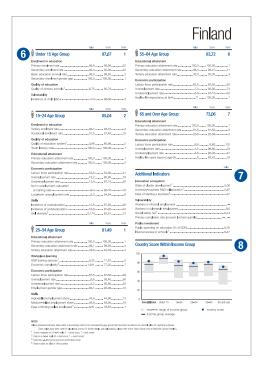
6 AGE GROUP RANKS AND CORE INDICATORS

The second page of each Country Profile provides a full overview of the country's Human Capital Index 2015 performance. For each of the five age groups, every indicator's value (the original data for the indicator); score (on a 0–100 scale); and rank (out of 124 countries) are listed in detail on this page. "—" is listed in profiles of countries for whom data for a particular indicator was not available.

Every indicator's score is a function of the country's "distance to the ideal" for the dimension measured.

As many of the concepts measured by the Human

Capital Index are expressed as percentage rates for the corresponding age group, the "distance to the ideal"



can be clearly defined and frequently takes on intuitive minimum and maximum values. For example, a "primary school enrolment rate" of 100% represents the ideal—and several countries have nearly been able to achieve this goal. Sometimes the "ideal"-scale is reversed. For example, a 0% "unemployment rate" or 0% "incidence of child labour" would constitute the ideal state.

Indicators taken from the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, normally ranked on a 1-7 scale, have been re-scaled to conform to the 0-100 scale. There are two special cases. Firstly, the raw value for the indicator "economic complexity" (included under the 25-54 Age Group pillar), a proxy for the country's level of specialist knowledge and skills as embodied in the sophistication of its export products, is stated as a z-score. To stay true to the "distance to the ideal" approach, values for this indicator are scored assuming minimum and maximum values of +/- 3 standard deviations. Secondly, there is no obvious maximum value for the Healthy life expectancy indicator, which appears in both the 55-64 and 65 and Over Age Group pillars. The reasoning behind this indicator is twofold. For the 55-64 Age Group, it is a measure of whether individuals in this age group can reasonably expect to live through these years in continued good health. Accordingly, every country passing the threshold of achieving 65 years of healthy life expectancy at birth for its people is deemed to have reached the ideal. For the 65 and Over Age Group pillar, the highest-ranked country in the sample (Singapore, with 11 years of additional healthy life expectancy beyond the age of 65, followed by Japan) is

allocated the maximum score of 100, with other countries scored on the distance to this frontier.

For the 15-24 Age Group pillar, it is conceptually impossible to achieve simultaneous maximum scores for the Tertiary enrolment rate, Vocational enrolment rate and Labour force participation rate indicators, reflecting the complexity of choices faced by individuals at that age. The Human Capital Index recognizes this by including all three measures, rewarding countries for maximizing their score across the three dimensions without prejudice towards one or the other. Finally, the overall score for each Age Group pillar is derived from the simple average of all non-missing indicators measured for that age group.



Under 15 Age Group

Enrolment in education

- Primary enrolment rate: Net adjusted enrolment rate, which refers to the percentage of children in the official primary school age range who are enrolled in either primary or secondary education. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Secondary enrolment rate: Percentage of children in the official age range for lower secondary education who are enrolled in secondary education. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Basic education survival rate: Percentage of a cohort of students enrolled in the first grade of lower secondary (ISCED 2) education in a given school year who are expected to reach the last grade of lower secondary education, regardless of repetition. Lower secondary programmes are defined by the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED-97) as normally designed to complete the provision of compulsory basic education, resulting in the full acquisition of basic skills. In most countries, the educational aim is to lay the foundation for lifelong learning. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, data from 2012 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Secondary enrolment gender gap: Ratio of female enrolment rate in lower secondary education over male value, expressed as a percentage, capped at parity. A value equal to 100 indicates gender parity; a value less than 100 indicates a disparity in favour of boys.

Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).

Quality of education

• Quality of primary schools: Response to the survey question, "How would you assess the quality of primary schools in your country? (1 = poor; 7 = excellent, among the best in the world)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.

Vulnerability

• Incidence of child labour: Percentage of children aged 5-14 engaged in child labour, defined as a specified minimum level of either economic work or unpaid household services. Source: UNICEF, Statistics by Topic, Child Protection, latest available data, http:// data.unicef.org/child-protection/child-labour.



15-24 Age Group

Enrolment in education

- Tertiary enrolment rate: Total enrolment in tertiary education (ISCED 5 and 6), regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the total population of the five-year age group that has left secondary school. Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Vocational enrolment rate: Technical/vocational enrolment as a percentage of total enrolment in secondary school (ISCED 2 and 3). Source: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).

Quality of education

- Quality of education system: Response to the survey question, "How well does the educational system in your country meet the needs of a competitive economy? (1 = not well at all, 7 = very well)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.
- Youth literacy rate: Percentage of people age 15-24 who can both read and write with understanding a short simple statement on their everyday life. Generally, 'literacy' also encompasses 'numeracy', the ability to make simple arithmetic calculations. A high youth literacy rate among the 15-24 year-olds suggests a high level of participation and retention in basic education, and its effectiveness in imparting the basic skills of reading and writing. Source: UNESCO,

Institute for Statistics, data from 2015 or latest available (accessed March 2015).

Educational attainment

- Primary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a primary education (ISCED 1), people age 15-24, both sexes. This data is cumulative, which means that those with secondary education and above are counted in the primary education figures. Therefore, total figures across more than one category may add up to more than 100%. Source: Lutz et al., IIASA/VID Educational Attainment Model, GET Projection, 2015, Wittgenstein Centre for Demography and Global Human Capital (accessed April 2015); Barro and Lee, "A New Data Set of Educational Attainment in the World, 1950-2010", Journal of Development Economics, 2010, http://www. barrolee.com (accessed April 2015).
- Secondary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a secondary education (ISCED 2-4), people age 15-24, both sexes. This data is cumulative, which means that those with tertiary education are counted in the secondary education figures. Therefore, total figures across more than one category may add up to more than 100%. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).

Economic participation

- Labour force participation rate: Percentage of the country's population that engages actively in the labour market, either by working or looking for work, persons aged 15-24, both sexes, Source: ILOSTAT. Annual Indicators, Labour force participation rate by sex and age, data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Unemployment rate: Number of unemployed people as a percentage of the total number of employed and unemployed (i.e. the labour force), people age 15-24, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Unemployment by sex and age, data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Underemployment rate: People in time-related underemployment (also known as involuntary parttime employment) comprise all people in employment during the reference period who are willing and available to work additional hours as a percentage of the total number of persons in employment, people age 15-24, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Time-related underemployment rate by sex

and age, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).

- Not in employment, education or training rate: Proportion of people age 15-24 not in employment and not in education or training. Source: ILOSTAT, Youth, Share of youth not in employment and not in education, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Long-term unemployment rate: Number of people age 15-24 unemployed for more than 12 months as a percentage of total unemployed persons, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Unemployment, Long-term unemployment rate by sex and age, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).

Skills

- Incidence of overeducation (people age 15-29): Consists of mismatch between the qualification requirements of jobs held by workers and the qualifications these workers possess, as defined by ISCO-08 and ISCED-97. Workers in a particular group who have the assigned level of education are considered well matched. Those who have a higher level of education are considered overeducated. Source: ILO, Key Indicators of the Labour Market (KILM), data from 2011 or latest available (accessed April 2015).
- Incidence of undereducation (people age 15-29): Consists of mismatch between the qualification requirements of jobs held by workers and the qualifications these workers possess, as defined by ISCO-08 and ISCED-97. Workers in a particular group who have the assigned level of education are considered well matched. Those who have a lower level of education are considered undereducated. Source: ILO, Key Indicators of the Labour Market (KILM), data from 2011 or latest available (accessed April 2015).
- Skill diversity: Calculated as a Herfindahl-Hirschman Index (HHI) of concentration of graduates among the nine broad fields of study listed by ISCED-97. A perfectly equal distribution of graduates among disciplines would result in an HHI value of zero whilst a complete concentration of graduates in just one discipline would result in an HHI value of one. For

further details see, for example, http://www.wikipedia. org/wiki/Herfindahl_index (accessed April 2015).

25-54 Age Group

Educational attainment

- Primary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a primary education (ISCED 1), people age 25-54, both sexes. This data is cumulative, which means that those with secondary education and above are counted in the primary education figures. Therefore, total figures across more than one category may add up to more than 100%. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).
- Secondary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a secondary education (ISCED 2-4), people age 25-54, both sexes. This data is cumulative, which means that those with tertiary education are counted in the secondary education figures. Therefore, total figures across more than one category may add up to more than a hundred percent. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).
- Tertiary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a tertiary education (ISCED 5 and 6), people age 25-54, both sexes. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).

Workplace learning

- Staff training services: Response to the survey question, "To what extent do companies in your country invest in training and employee development? (1 = hardly at all, 7 = to a great extent)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.
- Economic complexity: Derived from the Atlas of Economic Complexity, which attempts to measure the amount of productive knowledge and skills a country holds, as embodied in the sophistication of its export products. As stated by the Atlas, 'Modern societies can amass large amounts of productive knowledge because they distribute bits and pieces of it among its many members. ... Thus, individual specialization begets diversity at the national and global level. Our most prosperous modern societies are wiser, not because their citizens are individually brilliant, but because these societies hold a diversity of knowhow and because they are able to recombine it to create a larger variety of smarter and better products'. Source: Hausmann, R., Hidalgo, C., et al., The Atlas

of Economic Complexity, http://atlas.cid.harvard.edu/ rankings, data from 2012 (accessed April 2015).

Economic participation

- Labour force participation rate: Percentage of the country's population that engages actively in the labour market, either by working or looking for work, people age 25-54, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Labour force participation rate by sex and age, data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Unemployment rate: Number of people unemployed as a percentage of the total number of employed and unemployed (i.e. the labour force), age 25-54, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Unemployment by sex and age, data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Underemployment rate: People in time-related underemployment (also known as involuntary part-time employment) comprise all persons in employment during the reference period who are willing and available to work additional hours as a percentage of the total number of persons in employment, people age 25-54, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Time-related underemployment rate by sex and age, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Employment gender gap: Ratio of female employment-to-population ratio over male value, people age 25-54, expressed as a percentage, capped at parity. A value equal to 100 indicates gender parity; a value less than 100 indicates a disparity in favor of men. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Employment-to-population ratio by sex and age, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).

Skills

- High-skilled employment share: Number of persons employed in occupations with tertiary (ISCED 5-6) education requirements as a percentage of the total number of employed people, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Employment, Employment by occupation and sex (ISCO-08; 'aggregate categories of occupation'), data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Medium-skilled employment share: Number people employed in occupations with at least secondary (ISCED 2-6) education requirements as a percentage of the total number of employed persons, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Employment, Employment by occupation and sex (ISCO-08;

- 'aggregate categories of occupation'), data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Ease of finding skilled employees: Response to the survey question, "In your country, how easy is it for companies to find employees with the required skills for their business needs? (1 = extremely difficult, 7 = extremely easy)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.



55-64 Age Group

Educational attainment

- Primary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a primary education (ISCED 1), people age 55-64, both sexes. This data is cumulative, which means that those with secondary education and above are counted in the primary education figures. Therefore, total figures across more than one category may add up to more than 100%. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).
- Secondary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a secondary education (ISCED 2-4), people age 55-64, both sexes. This data is cumulative, which means that those with tertiary education are counted in the secondary education figures. Therefore, total figures across more than one category may add up to more than 100%. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).
- Tertiary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a tertiary education (ISCED 5 and 6), people age 55-64, both sexes. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).

Economic participation

- Labour force participation rate: Percentage of the country's population that engages actively in the labour market, either by working or looking for work, people age 55-64, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Labour force participation rate by sex and age, data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Unemployment rate: Number of people unemployed as a percentage of the total number of employed and unemployed persons (i.e. the labour force), people age 55-64, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual

- Indicators, Unemployment by sex and age, data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Underemployment rate: Persons in time-related underemployment (also known as involuntary part-time employment) comprise all persons in employment during the reference period who are willing and available to work additional hours as a percentage of the total number of persons in employment, people age 55-64, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Time-related underemployment rate by sex and age, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Healthy life expectancy at birth: Health-adjusted life expectancy (HALE) is a measurement developed by the World Health Organization that attempts to capture a more complete estimate of health than standard life expectancy rates. It applies weightings to compute the equivalent number of years of life expected to be lived in full health, providing a measure of quality of life and an individual's potential to remain active and productive into older age. Score capped at a value of 65. Source: WHO Global Health Observatory, World Health Statistics, 2013 (accessed March 2015).



65 and Over Age Group

Educational attainment

- Primary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a primary education (ISCED 1), people age 65 and over, both sexes. This data is cumulative, which means that those with secondary education and above are counted in the primary education figures. Therefore, total figures across more than one category may add up to more than 100%. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).
- Secondary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a secondary education (ISCED 2-4), people aged 65 and over, both sexes. This data is cumulative, which means that those with tertiary education are counted in the secondary education figures. Therefore, total figures across more than one category may add up to more than 100%. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).
- Tertiary education attainment rate: Percentage of the population with at least a tertiary education (ISCED 5 and 6), people age 65 and over, both sexes. Source: Lutz et al., 2015 and Barro-Lee, 2010, op. cit. (accessed April 2015).

Economic participation

- Labour force participation rate: Percentage of the country's population that engages actively in the labour market, either by working or looking for work, people age 65 and over, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Labour force participation rate by sex and age, data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Unemployment rate: Number of unemployed people as a percentage of the total number of employed and unemployed persons (i.e. the labour force), people age 65 and over, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Unemployment by sex and age, data from 2014 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Underemployment rate: Persons in time-related underemployment (also known as involuntary part-time employment) comprise all persons in employment during the reference period who are willing and available to work additional hours as a percentage of the total number of persons in employment, people age 65 and over, both sexes. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Time-related underemployment rate by sex and age, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed March 2015).
- Healthy life years beyond age 65: The number of years by which the country's health-adjusted life expectancy (HALE) exceeds the value of 65 years, if any. HALE is a measurement developed by the World Health Organization that attempts to capture a more complete estimate of health than standard life expectancy rates. It applies weightings to compute the equivalent number of years of life expected to be lived in full health, providing a measure of quality of life and an individual's potential to remain active and productive into older age. Score calculated as distance from best-ranked country. Source: WHO Global Health Observatory, World Health Statistics, 2013 (accessed March 2015).

ADDITIONAL INDICATORS

Following the Human Capital Index core indicators, a short section of additional indicators provides further context on enabling environment and socio-economic factors affecting the creation and deployment of a country's human capital. "-" is listed in profiles of countries for which data for a particular indicator was not available.

Innovation ecosystem

• State of cluster development: Response to the survey question, "In your country, how prevalent are well-developed and deep clusters (geographic

- concentrations of firms, suppliers, producers of related products and services and specialized institutions in a particular field)? (1 = non-existent, 7 = widespread in many fields)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.
- University-business R&D collaboration: Response to the survey question, "To what extent do business and universities collaborate on research and development (R&D) in your country? (1 = do not collaborate at all, 7 = collaborate extensively)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.
- Ease of starting a business: The country's rank (out of 189) on the Starting a Business pillar of the World Bank's Doing Business report, data from 2014 (accessed April 2015). Source: World Bank, http:// www.doingbusiness.org/data/exploretopics/starting-abusiness.

Vulnerability

- Workers in informal employment: Employment in the informal sector as percentage of total non-agricultural employment (i.e., excluding employment in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing activities), latest year available. Source: ILO, Women and Men in the Informal Economy: A Statistical Picture, Second Edition, 2013 (accessed April 2015).
- Workers in vulnerable employment: Share of ownaccount workers, who don't hire paid employees on a continuous basis, but may have assistance from contributing family workers (unpaid employed who usually live in same household and are related to family members) as a percentage of all persons employed. Source: ILOSTAT, Annual Indicators, Share of own-account and contributing family workers in total employment, both sexes, data from 2013 or latest available (accessed April 2015).
- Social safety net protection: Response to the survey question, "In your country, does a formal social safety net provide protection from economic insecurity in the event of job loss or disability? (1 = not at all, 7 = fully)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.
- Primary completion rate (poorest | richest quintile). Source: World Bank, World Development Indicators, Table 2.14: Education gaps by income, gender and area, 2013 or latest year available, http://wdi. worldbank.org/table/2.14 (accessed April 2015).

Public investment

- Public spending on education (% of GDP):
 Source: World Bank, World Development Indicators,
 Table 2.10: Education inputs, 2013 or latest year available, http://wdi.worldbank.org/table/2.10
 (accessed April 2015).
- Internet access in schools: Response to the survey question, "In your country, how widespread is Internet access in schools? (1 = non-existent; 7 = extremely widespread)". Source: World Economic Forum, Executive Opinion Survey, 2014-2015.

8 COUNTRY SCORE WITHIN INCOME GROUP

The graph at the bottom of the second page of each Country Profile gives an overview of the country's scores for each of the five Age Group pillars and the overall Human Capital Index in relation to the scores of all other countries within the income group to which the country belongs. Income groups follow the World Bank's classification and are detailed in the Appendix A.

The light grey bars represent the total spread of scores across countries in the same income group. The top of the grey bar indicates the score of the top performing country for that Age Group pillar within the income group. The bottom limit of the grey bar indicates the score of the bottom performing country for that Age Group pillar within the income group. The black line represents the position of the average of the country's income group.

The vertical position of the blue circle indicates the country's distance from the "ideal" situation as well as its relative position in relation to other countries in the Index. The higher the vertical position of the blue circle the closer the country has come to fully utilizing the human capital potential embodied in the skills, know-how and learning of its people. The "distance to the ideal" measure is not a relative scoring method. That is to say, it is perfectly possible (and indeed desirable) for several countries to simultaneously close in on the "ideal" state and the only relative ranking that occurs is in relation to how far short of this "ideal" state individual countries are falling.

NOTES

- The inactivity rate is the proportion of the working-age population that is not in the labour force (Source: ILO, Key Indicators of the Labour Market, 2011). Employment and unemployment rates alone are an incomplete measure of the degree to which a country utilizes the human capital potential embodied in the skills and learning of its people, unless expressed as a share of the total population who *could be active* and contributing to economic activity. There are a variety of reasons why individuals of all ages might fall into the "economically inactive" category. They may be sick or disabled or may be occupied in caring for family members for whom this is the case. Another important subgroup comprises those known as "discouraged workers", defined as persons no longer looking for work because they think they will not find any. In developing countries, high inactivity rates might be a reflection of persons in informal employment not being captured by official statistics. In some situations, a higher inactivity rate for certain groups of the population should not necessarily be viewed as "bad"; they may be retired, for example, or may be only temporarily leaving the labour force to attend to family responsibilities such as childcare. (See: ILO, Key Indicators of the Labour Market (KILM), 2011, http://kilm.ilo.org/2011/download/kilm13EN.pdf (accessed April 2015]). Nevertheless, the conceptual foundation and scoring of the Human Capital Index rests on the conviction that those who wish to be "active" should be enabled to do so, for their own benefit and that of the economy as a whole
- 2 The UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) defines a "gross enrolment rate" as 'students enrolled in a given level of education, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the official school-age population corresponding to the same level of education. As there is no 'official school-age' for tertiary education, UNESCO expresses tertiary enrolment as a percentage of 'the 5-year age group starting from the official secondary school graduation age'. Source: UIS, Metadata, Gross Tertiary Enrolment (accessed April 2015).
- 3 This is a simplifying assumption, since some students might also concurrently be working or registered as unemployed and should therefore be deducted from the "active" (blue) part of the population instead. However, no data is available to ascertain the share of students working-while-studying. The 15-24 Age Group bar might therefore understate the number of "inactive" young people for certain countries.
- 4 The age-disaggregated labour force educational attainment data visualized in the population diagrams represent a recent data collection innovation by the International Labour Organization and are based mainly on labour force surveys, with other sources (population censuses and nationally reported estimates) used when no survey data were available. Labour force data from population censuses are often based on a limited number of questions on the economic characteristics of individuals. Establishment censuses and surveys provide data on the employed population only, not unemployed workers, workers in small establishments, or workers in the informal sector (Source: ILO, Key Indicators of the Labour Market 2001-2002). Besides data sources, there are other factors affecting data comparability, such as census or survey reference period, definition of working age, and geographic coverage. By contrast, labour force participation rates and population educational attainment rates used in the computation of the core Human Capital Index are based on modelled estimates from ILOSTAT and other sources. These harmonized estimates use strict data selection criteria and enhanced methods to ensure comparability across countries and over time to avoid the inconsistencies mentioned above. Caution should therefore be used when directly comparing modelled labour force participation and population educational attainment data (such as reported in the core Human Capital Index indicators) with that from other sources (such as visualized in the population diagrams).
- 5 ISCO defines "skill" as 'the ability to carry out the tasks and duties of a given job' whilst cautioning that 'the use of ISCED categories to assist in defining ... skill levels does not imply that the skills necessary to perform the tasks and duties of a given job can be acquired only through formal education. The skills may be, and often are, acquired through [informal on-the-job training or previous experience in a related occupation]. ... Formal education and training requirements are thus only one component of the measurement of skill level and should be seen as indicative'. (Source: "Conceptual framework, design, structure and content of ISCO-08", in: International Standard Classification of Occupations, ISCO-08 [accessed April 2015]).
- The same procedure is used by the International Labour Organisation to formally calculate its "Key Indicator of the Labour Market (KILM) 15: Skills mismatch". Note that this measure has been included as a core indicator in the Human Capital Index on the 15-24 Age Group pillar (to reflect the critical importance of possessing in-demand skills for first-time labour markets entrants) but not for the other age groups, due to the impossibility of further disaggregating this information by age and data coverage limitations. See: ILO, Key Indicators of the Labour Market (KILM), 2011, http://kilm.ilo.org/2011/download/kilm15EN.pdf (accessed April 2015).
- 7 See: UNESCO, Institute for Statistics, http://www.uis.unesco.org/ Library/Documents/isced97-en.pdf.

Page

List of Countries

| Country/Economy | Page |
|--------------------|------|
| Albania | 60 |
| Algeria | 62 |
| Argentina | 64 |
| Armenia | 66 |
| Australia | 68 |
| Austria | 70 |
| Azerbaijan | 72 |
| Bangladesh | 74 |
| Barbados | 76 |
| Belgium | 78 |
| Bhutan | 80 |
| Bolivia | 82 |
| Botswana | 84 |
| Brazil | 86 |
| Bulgaria | 88 |
| Burkina Faso | 90 |
| Burundi | 92 |
| Cambodia | 94 |
| Cameroon | 96 |
| Canada | 98 |
| Chad | 100 |
| Chile | 102 |
| China | 104 |
| Colombia | 106 |
| Costa Rica | 108 |
| Côte d'Ivoire | 110 |
| Croatia | 112 |
| Cyprus | 114 |
| Czech Republic | 116 |
| Denmark | 118 |
| Dominican Republic | 120 |

| Country/Economy | Page |
|--------------------|------|
| Egypt | 122 |
| El Salvador | 124 |
| Estonia | 126 |
| Ethiopia | 128 |
| Finland | 130 |
| France | 132 |
| Germany | 134 |
| Ghana | 136 |
| Greece | 138 |
| Guatemala | 140 |
| Guinea | 142 |
| Guyana | 144 |
| Honduras | 146 |
| Hungary | 148 |
| Iceland | 150 |
| India | 152 |
| Indonesia | 154 |
| Iran, Islamic Rep. | 156 |
| Ireland | 158 |
| Israel | 160 |
| Italy | 162 |
| Jamaica | 164 |
| Japan | 166 |
| Jordan | 168 |
| Kazakhstan | 170 |
| Kenya | 172 |
| Korea, Rep. | 174 |
| Kuwait | 176 |
| Kyrgyz Republic | 178 |
| Lao PDR | 180 |
| Latvia | 182 |

| Country/Economy | Page |
|-----------------|------|
| Lesotho | 184 |
| Lithuania | 186 |
| Luxembourg | 188 |
| Macedonia, FYR | 190 |
| Madagascar | 192 |
| Malawi | 194 |
| Malaysia | 196 |
| Mali | 198 |
| Malta | 200 |
| Mauritania | 202 |
| Mauritius | 204 |
| Mexico | 206 |
| Moldova | 208 |
| Mongolia | 210 |
| Morocco | 212 |
| Mozambique | 214 |
| Myanmar | 216 |
| Namibia | 218 |
| Nepal | 220 |
| Netherlands | 222 |
| New Zealand | 224 |
| Nicaragua | 226 |
| Nigeria | 228 |
| Norway | 230 |
| Pakistan | 232 |
| Panama | 234 |
| Paraguay | 236 |
| Peru | 238 |
| Philippines | 240 |
| Poland | 242 |
| Portugal | 244 |

| Country/Economy | Page |
|----------------------|------|
| Qatar | 246 |
| Romania | 248 |
| Russian Federation | 250 |
| Rwanda | 252 |
| Saudi Arabia | 254 |
| Senegal | 256 |
| Serbia | 258 |
| Singapore | 260 |
| Slovak Republic | 262 |
| Slovenia | 264 |
| South Africa | 266 |
| Spain | 268 |
| Sri Lanka | 270 |
| Sweden | 272 |
| Switzerland | 274 |
| Tajikistan | 276 |
| Tanzania | 278 |
| Thailand | 280 |
| Trinidad and Tobago | 282 |
| Tunisia | 284 |
| Turkey | 286 |
| Uganda | 288 |
| Ukraine | 290 |
| United Arab Emirates | 292 |
| United Kingdom | 294 |
| United States | 296 |
| Uruguay | 298 |
| Venezuela | 300 |
| Vietnam | 302 |
| Yemen | 304 |
| Zambia | 306 |

Country/Economy

Albania

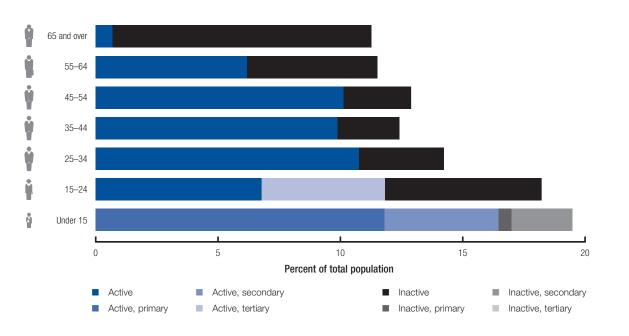
Human Capital Index 2015 67.20 66 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 3,197 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 2,214 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 259 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 15.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 34.0 |

Median age of population (years)32 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....11,055 Labour force participation rate (%)......55.1 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......46.3 Unemployment rate (%)......16.0

Education and workforce distribution



Employment distribution by economic activity and occupation

| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.29 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.91 |
| Specialized training services | 3.81 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.94 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.08 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 160,839 | 23,046 |
| Agriculture | 11,159 | 1,246 |
| Education | 32,797 | 2,312 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 15,002 | 1,624 |
| Health and Welfare | 20,522 | 4,406 |
| Humanities and Arts | 9,490 | 1,855 |
| Sciences | 11,585 | 1,553 |
| Services | 5,147 | 233 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 51,624 | 9,817 |
| Unspecified | 3,513 | |

Albania

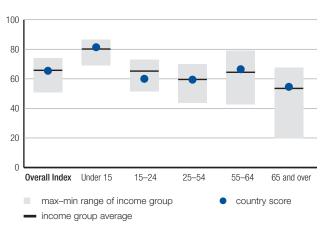
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 83.56 | 50 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 91.2 | 91.25 | 90 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 96.2 | 96.21 | 83 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.27 | 54.50 | 47 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 5.1 | 94.90 | 54 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 61.62 | 83 |
| | | | |
| Enrolment in education | EE E | EE EO | 4.4 |
| Tertiary enrolment rate Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | 15.7 | 13.73 | 09 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | A 11 | 51.86 | 30 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| , | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 08.4 | 08.36 | 76 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| - | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 26.7 | 26.70 | 0.4 |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | 20.2 | 7 0.00 | |
| or training rate | 30.5 | 69.50 | 67 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | — |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 61.03 | 67 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.4 | 98 45 | 51 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 4.43 | 57.21 | 29 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 77.8 | 77.80 | 96 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| | 16 7 | 16 70 | 79 |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 68.27 | 63 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.1 | 98.08 | 47 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 45.1 | 45.11 | 65 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.4 | 0.40 | 123 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 53.8 | 53.80 | 86 |
| Unemployment rate | 9.2 | 90.80 | 82 |
| Underemployment rate | 10.3 | 89.70 | 59 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 65 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 56.05 | 60 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 86.0 | 86.03 | 55 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 21.7 | 21.66 | 75 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.2 | 0.21 | 120 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 5.8 | 5.80 | 106 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.4 | 98.60 | 35 |
| Underemployment rate | 5.5 | 94.50 | 51 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 85.53 | 57 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|--------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.00 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2.34 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 41 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | – |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 57.9 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.09 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 71, 88 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.27 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4 12 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

Exact values have been used for calculating scores. For further details and explanations, please refer to the "User's Guide: How to Read the Country Profiles".

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

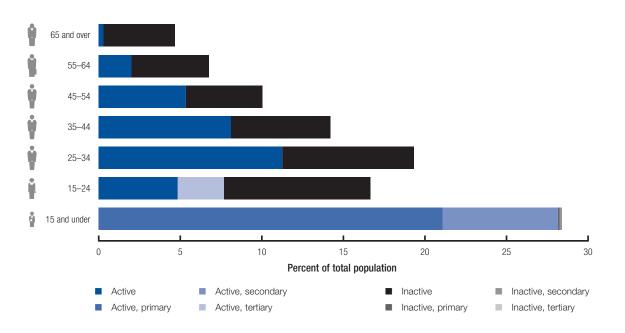
⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Human Capital Index 2015 52.14 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......40,633 Working age population (1,000s)27,202 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)...........1,653 Aged dependency ratio (%)......6.9 Child dependency ratio (%)......39.8 Median age of population (years)26 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....14,256 Labour force participation rate (%)......43.9 Unemployment rate (%)......9.8

Education and workforce distribution



Employment distribution by economic activity and occupation

| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.16 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.48 |
| Specialized training services | 3.15 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.26 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.26 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,144,271 | 208,536 |
| Agriculture | 19,904 | 3,403 |
| Education | 20,406 | 3,819 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 99,897 | 27,627 |
| Health and Welfare | 56,638 | 7,228 |
| Humanities and Arts | — | 49,767 |
| Sciences | 86,084 | 24,406 |
| Services | 6,907 | 3,210 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 441,486 | 85,531 |
| Unspecified | 155,303 | 3,545 |

Algeria

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 74.64 | 90 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.76 | 20.25 | 105 |
| Vulnerability | 2.10 | 29.00 | 100 |
| Incidence of child labour | 4.7 | 95.30 | 53 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 54.67 | 107 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 9.7 | 9.72 | 84 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 2 98 | 32 96 | 100 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 78.5 | 78.53 | 111 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 36.8 | 36.82 | 105 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | — | | – |
| or training rate | 21.5 | 78.50 | 57 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| Skill diversity | 0.259 | /4.12 | 02 |
| <u> </u> | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 44.93 | 119 |
| Educational attainment | | 0.1.1. | 400 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.850 | 35.84 | 98 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 18.2 | 18.20 | 75 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.61 | 43.50 | 82 |
| | | | |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 43.93 | 120 |
|--|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 25.4 | 25.37 | 115 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 11.1 | 11.08 | 111 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.4 | 3.44 | 106 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 29.8 | 29.80 | 123 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 18 |
| Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 62 | 95.38 | 77 |
| ,, | | | |
| ,, | | | |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | | |
| â | | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | Value | Score 20.29 | Rank 123 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment | Value9.2 | Score 20.29 9.15 | Rank 123 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Value9.23.3 | 20.29 9.15 | Rank 123117114 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Value9.23.3 | 20.29 9.15 | Rank 123117114 |

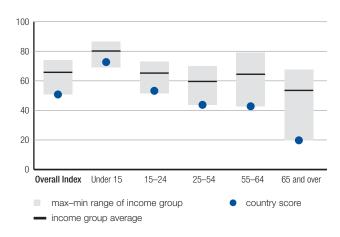
 Unemployment rate
 —
 —
 —

 Underemployment rate
 —
 —
 —

 Healthy life years beyond age 65
 81.58
 77

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.32 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2.26 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 141 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 27.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.29 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.34 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

Exact values have been used for calculating scores. For further details and explanations, please refer to the "User's Guide: How to Read the Country Profiles".

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- ² Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

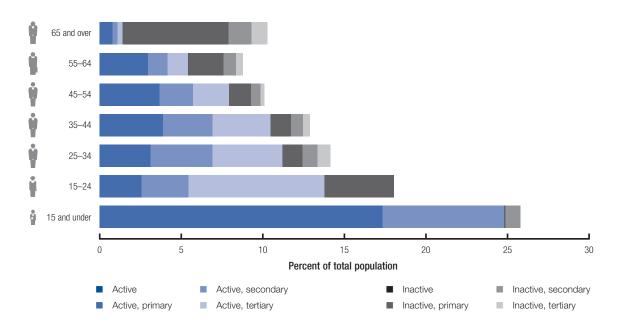
Argentina

Human Capital Index 2015 71.01 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......42,155 Working age population (1,000s)27,375 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).........7,110 Aged dependency ratio (%)......16.5 Child dependency ratio (%)......38.6 Median age of population (years).....30 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....22,101 Labour force participation rate (%)......60.8 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 56.5 Unemployment rate (%)......7.1

Education and workforce distribution



Employment distribution by economic activity and occupation

| | Percent of piculture | oopulation em Industry | ployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total1 | 1.7 | 13.2 | 40.2 | | 55.1 | 3.4 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.2 | 1.5 | 11.9 | Tertiary education requirements | 13.6 | 0.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.2 | 1.4 | 15.3 | Secondary education requirements | 31.3 | 1.2 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.7 | 6.2 | 2.0 | | | 0.7 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.3 | 2.3 | 3.0 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.3 | 1.9 | 7.8 | Primary education requirements | 10.0 | 0.9 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.22 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.82 |
| Specialized training services | 4.21 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.50 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.32 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,660,514 | 222,000 |
| Agriculture | 86,453 | 4,850 |
| Education | 317,702 | 36,200 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 241,167 | 14,487 |
| Health and Welfare | 348,063 | 39,465 |
| Humanities and Arts | 332,643 | 22,086 |
| Sciences | 249,952 | 15,439 |
| Services | 92,308 | 12,889 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 980,851 | 76,576 |
| Unspecified | 11,375 | 16 |

Argentina

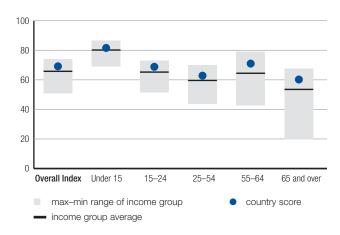
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 83.75 | 49 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 99.1 | 99.12 | 13 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 89.1 | 89.06 | 33 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.27 | 37.83 | 87 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 44 | 95 60 | 51 |
| | | | |
| 8 | Value | Score | Rank |
| ■ 15–24 Age Group | | 70.63 | 52 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 14.6 | 14.64 | 73 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.3 | 99.30 | 51 |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.00 | 4.4 |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 74.9 | /4.8/ | 62 |
| Economic participation | | 44.40 | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 13.9 | 86.10 | 54 |
| or training rate | 18.6 | 81 40 | 46 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | — |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.200 | 80.00 | 32 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 64.51 | 48 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.6 | 98.65 | 47 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 66.3 | 66.31 | 65 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 17.5 | 17.46 | 56 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.304 | 55.07 | 53 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 69.8 | 69.82 | 63 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.92 | 48.60 | 62 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 72.88 | 50 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 96.7 | 96.74 | 54 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 50.1 | 50.10 | 59 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 13.4 | 13.43 | 51 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 63.5 | 63.50 | 58 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.8 | 96.20 | 49 |
| Underemployment rate | 9.8 | 90.20 | 57 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 67 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | 0 | Dont |

| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 61.83 | 42 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 94.5 | 94.47 | 45 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 36.4 | 36.40 | 55 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.3 | 9.31 | 50 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 16.1 | 16.10 | 71 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.0 | 97.00 | 63 |
| Underemployment rate | 8.6 | 91.40 | 55 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 2 | 88.16 | 39 |
| | | | |

| | value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.12 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.64 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 146 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 49.7 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 19.2 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.12 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 6.26 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.12 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Armenia

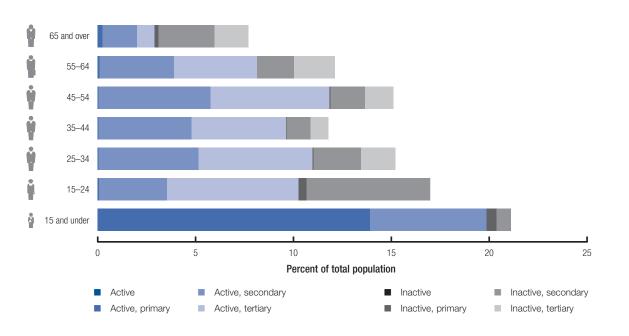
Human Capital Index 2015 72.50 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)2,989 | |
|--|--|
| Working age population (1,000s)2,073 | |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)984 | |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)15.3 | |
| Child dependency ratio (%) 29.8 | |

Median age of population (years)32 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......7,365 Labour force participation rate (%)................63.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 53.2 Unemployment rate (%)......16.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.18 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.47 |
| Specialized training services | 3.28 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.52 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.57 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 121,265 | 35,002 |
| Agriculture | | 1,277 |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | 2,940 |
| Health and Welfare | | 4,663 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 9,111 |
| Sciences | | 2,631 |
| Services | | 782 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | 6,682 |
| Unspecified | | 1.260 |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|---------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 86.75 | 46 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.72 | 45.36 | 70 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 3.9 | 96.10 | 49 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 68.74 | 61 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 46 1 | 46 11 | 54 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3 46 | 40 92 | 74 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| • | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 00 08 | 26 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 07 .7 0 | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 27.0 | 27.00 | 00 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 21.5 | 78.50 | 47 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.138 | 86.22 | 4 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 64.40 | 50 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.6 | ∠6.64 | 23 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | U.545 | 59.08 | 41 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | — | — | – |
| a | | | |
| | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 91.1 | 91.10 | 38 |

| | raido | 000.0 | THATTIC |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 78.54 | 23 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.8 | 99.82 | 19 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 97.4 | 97.42 | 12 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.1 | 22.13 | 22 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 70.5 | 70.50 | 31 |
| Unemployment rate | 14.0 | 86.00 | 95 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 62 | 95.38 | 77 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 68.76 | 21 |
| Educational attainment | | | |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 68.76 21 | |
|---|----------|---|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate99.4 | 99.4124 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate86.7 | 86.75 | 7 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate20.2 | 20.2311 | 1 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate32.8 | 32.8035 | 5 |
| Unemployment rate8.2 | 91.8085 | 5 |
| Underemployment rate – | | - |
| Healthy life years beyond age 650 | 81.5877 | 7 |
| | | |

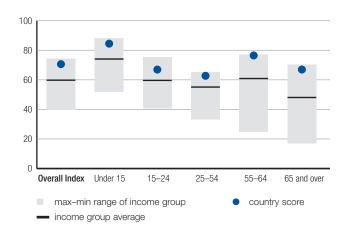
| Additional | Indicators |
|------------|-------------------|
| Maditional | maioatoro |

Public investment

| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 3.05 |
|---|---------|
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment Social safety net ¹ | 41.8 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 118, 86 |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......3.28

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

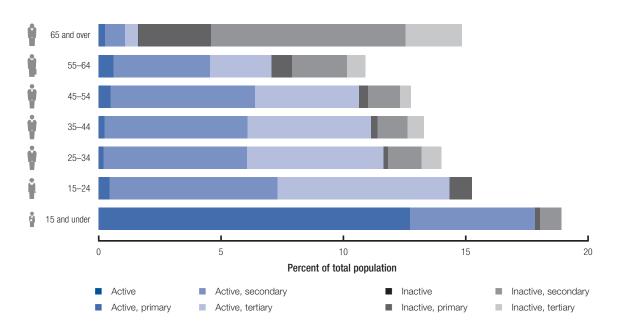
Australia

Human Capital Index 2015 80.22 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......23,923 Working age population (1,000s) 15,756 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)........5,688 Aged dependency ratio (%).......19.9 Child dependency ratio (%)......28.0 Median age of population (years)37 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)..... 46,631 Labour force participation rate (%)......65.2 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 61.5 Unemployment rate (%)......5.7

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.61 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.05 |
| Specialized training services | 5.21 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.79 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.24 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,364,203 | 386,625 |
| Agriculture | 15,178 | 3,949 |
| Education | 113,764 | 29,348 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 137,110 | 29,469 |
| Health and Welfare | 270,083 | 64,684 |
| Humanities and Arts | 147,292 | 39,286 |
| Sciences | 122,085 | 32,113 |
| Services | 53,935 | 12,467 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 501,913 | 174,335 |
| Unspecified | 2,843 | 974 |

Australia

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 89.98 | 29 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.12 | 68.72 | 19 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 00.00 | 2 |
| incluence of child labour | | 99.00 | |
| 45.04.4 | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 82.87 | 6 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 50.5 | 50.47 | 21 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | 10.3 | 03.70 | 00 |
| or training rate | 4.7 | 95.30 | 5 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | — |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.261 | 73.87 | 64 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 74.26 | 19 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 32.4 | 32.40 | 12 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.045 | 49.25 | 69 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | | | |
| | v v | 00.00 | |
| Skills | 45.0 | 4F 00 | 10 |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| Lace of infaming similar employees | | 00.22 | 00 |

| | value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 82.64 | 10 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.8 | 99.81 | 20 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 96.0 | 95.96 | 19 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 29.1 | 29.07 | 8 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 64.1 | 64.10 | 57 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.1 | 95.90 | 52 |
| Underemployment rate | 6.4 | 93.60 | 50 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 73 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 71.23 | 14 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.2 | 99.22 | 27 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 78.2 | 78.20 | 21 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.3 | 19.34 | 14 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 12.6 | 12.60 | 80 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.2 | 97.80 | 52 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.6 | 95.40 | 47 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 8 | 96.05 | 4 |
| | | | |

Value

Additional Indicators

| Innovation | ecosystem |
|------------|-----------|
|------------|-----------|

| State of cluster development ¹ 4 | 1.18 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 4 | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 7 |
| | |

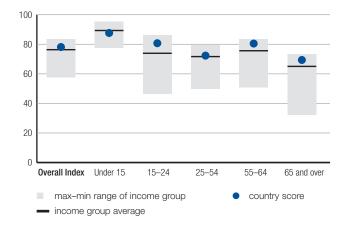
Vulnerability

| Workers in informal employment | – |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 8.1 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 5.21 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | ion (% of GDP)5.12 |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Internet access in schools | 6.16 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- ² Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Austria

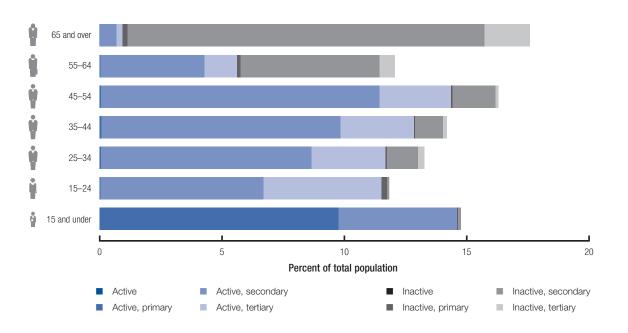
Human Capital Index 2015 81.02 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 3,558 |
|--|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s)5 | ,726 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)1 | ,180 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 26.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 21.9 |

Median age of population (years)42 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....45,411 Labour force participation rate (%)......61.0 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......58.0 Unemployment rate (%)......4.9

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 2.8 | 15.2 | 40.6 | | 58.5 | 1.6 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 4.6 | 18.6 | Tertiary education requirements | 23.3 | 0.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 1.8 | 14.5 | Secondary education requirements. | 30.4 | 0.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 2.6 | 5.9 | 2.2 | | | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.0 | 1.5 | 1.8 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.1 | 1.3 | 3.3 | Primary education requirements | 4.7 | 0.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.61 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.63 |
| Specialized training services | 5.93 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.12 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.36 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 376,498 | 69,385 |
| Agriculture | 4,886 | 1,271 |
| Education | 56,334 | 11,226 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 54,830 | 11,459 |
| Health and Welfare | 28,488 | 6,315 |
| Humanities and Arts | 47,096 | 6,623 |
| Sciences | 41,164 | 6,198 |
| Services | 8,921 | 1,930 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 133,878 | 24,003 |
| Unspecified | 901 | 360 |

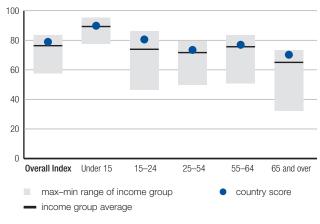
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 92.24 | 18 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate ⁵ | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate ⁵ Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.95 | 65.88 | 25 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 82.70 | 8 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 76.0 | 76.05 | 2 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | I |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | - |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 00.20 | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 60.3 | 60.30 | 25 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 14.9 | 00. 10 | 24 |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | 0.7 | 01.20 | 15 |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 75.42 | 15 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 17.0 | 17.00 | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 4 82 | 63.60 | 18 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 88.7 | 88.70 | 26 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 91.8 | 91.75 | 16 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| Lase of illiuming skilled employees | 3.91 | 40.40 | 03 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 79.01 | 21 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | .100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 96.7 | 96.74 | 15 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.6 | 15.62 | 43 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 46.3 | 46.30 | 98 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.5 | 96.50 | 43 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.1 | 97.90 | 19 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 72.09 | 10 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 97.2 | 97.21 | 5 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.2 | 10.23 | 45 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 6.3 | 6.30 | 103 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.3 | 99.70 | 10 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.2 | 97.80 | 28 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |

| Additional Indicators |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment — Workers in vulnerable employment 8.8 Social safety net ¹ 5.85 Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) —, — |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes .

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries
- $^{5}\,$ Gross rate, capped at the value of 99 $\,$

Azerbaijan

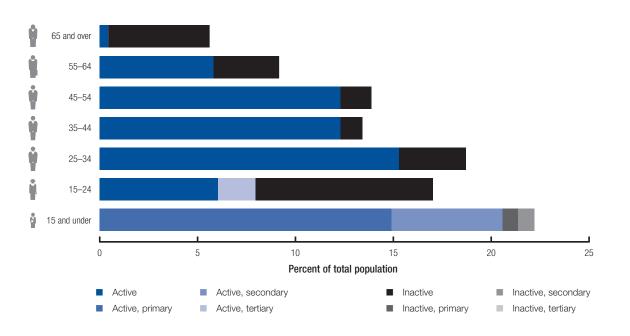
Human Capital Index 2015 67.58 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)9,61 | 3 |
|---|----|
| Working age population (1,000s)6,93 | 39 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)1,44 | 18 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)8. | .3 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 8. |

Median age of population (years)29 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....17,943 Labour force participation rate (%)..................66.1 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 62.8 Unemployment rate (%)......5.0

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.33 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.27 |
| Specialized training services | 3.98 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.99 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.52 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 184,834 | 47,038 |
| Agriculture | 728 | 122 |
| Education | 25,832 | 8,502 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 11,400 | 3,061 |
| Health and Welfare | 14,393 | 3,621 |
| Humanities and Arts | 38,922 | 9,094 |
| Sciences | 23,887 | 4,562 |
| Services | 13,356 | 3,465 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 51,688 | 13,464 |
| Unspecified | 4,628 | 1,147 |

Azerbaijan

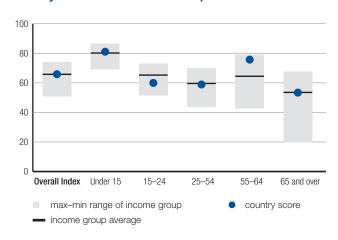
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------|-------------|--------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 83.22 | 62 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 96.1 | 96.07 | 70 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.12 | 35.41 | 91 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 6.5 | 93.50 | 58 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 61.54 | 85 |
| | | | |
| Enrolment in education Fertiary enrolment rate | 20 4 | 20 44 | Д1 |
| ocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 2.00 | 24 00 | 04 |
| Quality of education system/outh literacy rate | | | |
| • | | 55.54 | 20 |
| Educational attainment | 00.7 | 00.74 | ۲, |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| secondary education attainment rate | 70.5 | 70.49 | 69 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills ncidence of overeducation | _ | _ | _ |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 60.47 | 69 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | 25.7 | 25.66 | 28 |
| Norkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.460 | 42.33 | 84 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| abour force participation rate | — | | |
| abour force participation rate | — — | | – |
| abour force participation rate | — — | | – |
| Labour force participation rate | — — | | – |
| abour force participation rate | | – – | – – |
| Labour force participation rate | | 23.80 84.30 | 59 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 77.73 | 26 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.7 | 98.70 | 42 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 86.2 | 86.17 | 29 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 32.9 | 32.85 | 4 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 63.5 | 63.50 | 58 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | – |
| Underemployment rate | 11.8 | 88.20 | 63 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 63 | 96.92 | 73 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 54.82 | 65 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 89.4 | 89.44 | 50 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 57.3 | 57.30 | 34 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.7 | 15.69 | 28 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 7.4 | 7.40 | 99 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | — |
| Underemployment rate | 23.8 | 76.20 | 63 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 82.89 | 73 |
| | | | |

| | value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 3.16 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | 56.4 |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Bangladesh

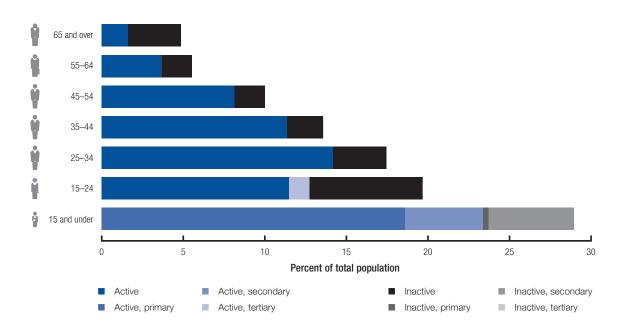
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 57.62 99 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 160,411 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 106,157 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 16,419 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 7.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 49.7 |

Median age of population (years)24 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......3,385 Labour force participation rate (%)......70.8 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 67.7 Unemployment rate (%)......4.5

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.36 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.72 |
| Specialized training services | 3.11 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.40 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.71 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,008,337 | 316,024 |
| Agriculture | 21,519 | 3,946 |
| Education | 31,733 | 11,875 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 65,402 | 14,211 |
| Health and Welfare | 45,125 | 5,273 |
| Humanities and Arts | 606,956 | 109,941 |
| Sciences | 268,650 | 35,147 |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 968,952 | 135,631 |
| Unspecified | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 74.98 | 89 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.09 | 34.76 | 93 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 12.8 | 87.20 | 78 |
| * | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 59.28 | 91 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 8.2 | 8.17 | 89 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 83.2 | 83.18 | 107 |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.70 | 404 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 00.7 | 00.70 | 70 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | E0 E | E0 E0 | 21 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | — | — | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | – | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.321 | 67.85 | 83 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 48.35 | 111 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.8 | 15.77 | 60 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.917 | 34.71 | 103 |
| Economic participation | 0.5 | 00.15 | |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | 11161 | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | 63 | 6 30 | 103 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| 3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 | | | - |

| | value | 30016 | Hallin |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| \$ 55–64 Age Group | | 57.22 | 92 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 51.3 | 51.30 | 106 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 27.7 | 27.65 | 93 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.0 | 8.97 | 74 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 65.8 | 65.80 | 48 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.7 | 97.30 | 30 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 60 | 92.31 | 87 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| <u> </u> | | | |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 45.87 | 87 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 40.5 | 40.50 | 102 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 20.3 | 20.30 | 81 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 6.5 | 6.50 | 67 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 33.2 | 33.20 | 34 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.2 | 95.80 | 75 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 78.95 | 87 |
| | | | |

| ٧ | al | u | |
|---|----|---|--|
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

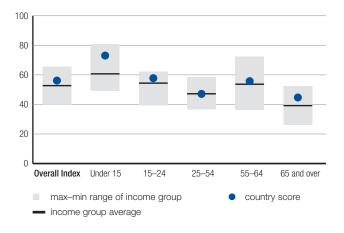
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.85 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 115 |
| Vulnerability | |

| Workers in informal employment | |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 79.9 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.30 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 2.23 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.09 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Barbados

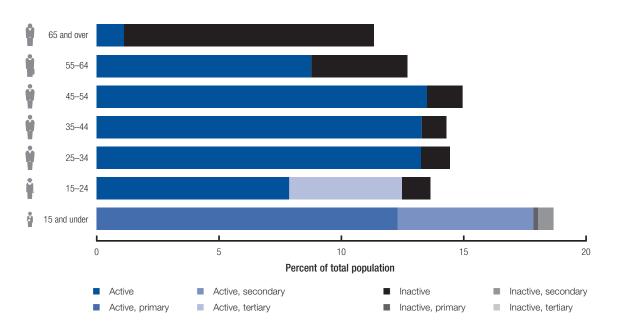
Human Capital Index 2015 65.09 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 287 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 201 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 5 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | . 14.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | . 27.5 |

Median age of population (years)36 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....16,153 Labour force participation rate (%)......71.2 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......63.0 Unemployment rate (%)......11.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.46 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.02 |
| Specialized training services | 4.67 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.47 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.24 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 13,232 | 2,389 |
| Agriculture | — | |
| Education | 2,605 | 283 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | 44 |
| Health and Welfare | 175 | 194 |
| Humanities and Arts | — | 266 |
| Sciences | 2,254 | |
| Services | 1,704 | 107 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 5,358 | 1,180 |
| Unspecified | 13 | |

| - | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 93.88 | 6 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.89 | 81.57 | 5 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 57.25 | 99 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 0.4 | 0.38 | 115 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | — | | – |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 28.0 | 27.96 | 110 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | Value | Score 56.47 | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | Value | Score 56.47 | |
| Educational attainment | | 56.47 | 82 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 96.4 | 56.47 | 82 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 96.4 | 56.47 96.37 26.81 | 82 68 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning | 96.4 26.8 1.7 | 56.47 96.3726.811.72 | 82 68 109 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 96.4 26.8 1.7 | 56.47 96.3726.811.7256.44 | 82 68 109 119 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | 96.4 26.8 1.7 4.39 – | 56.47 96.3726.811.72 56.44 | 82 68 109 119 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 96.41.74.39 | 56.47 96.3726.811.7256.4491.70 | 82 6810911936 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 96.426.81.74.39 | 56.47 96.37 26.81 1.72 56.44 | 82 6810911936 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 96.4 | 56.47 96.37 26.81 1.72 56.44 | 82 68 109 119 36 16 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | 96.4 | 56.47 96.37 26.81 1.72 56.44 91.70 | 82 68 109 119 36 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 96.426.81.7 | 56.4796.3726.811.72 | 82 68 109 119 6 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 96.4 | 56.4796.3726.811.7256.4491.7091.7091.7091.70 | 6810936161616 |

| _ | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| \$55–64 Age Group | | 56.76 | 94 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 89.0 | 88.99 | 71 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 25.3 | 25.34 | 97 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.6 | 0.59 | 121 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 68.9 | 68.90 | 38 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | valuo | 00010 | Ticariix |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 41.02 | 100 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 85.0 | 85.02 | 57 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 23.3 | 23.33 | 73 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.6 | 0.62 | 109 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 9.3 | 9.30 | 94 |
| Unemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |
| | | | |

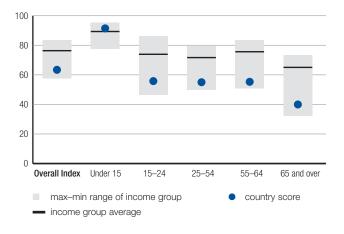
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|----|
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 94 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | |

| · ······, | |
|--|----|
| Workers in informal employment | _ |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | .3 |
| Social safety net ¹ 5.2 | 21 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | tion (% of GDP) | 5.61 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------|
| Internet access in schools | 1 | 5.04 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

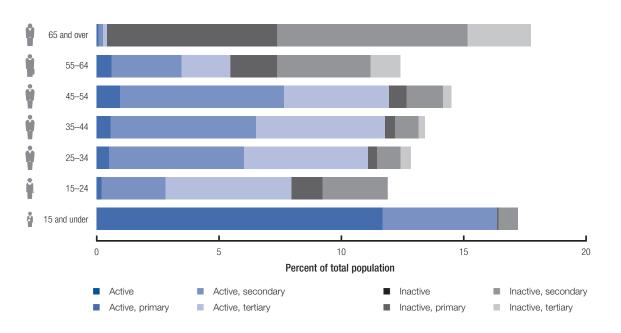
- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 81.12 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......11,183 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......2,595 Aged dependency ratio (%).......26.0 Child dependency ratio (%)......25.4 Median age of population (years)41 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....41,741 Labour force participation rate (%)......53.3 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 48.8 Unemployment rate (%)......8.4

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 0.7 | 10.6 | 37.7 | 49.0 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.0 | 3.4 | 18.4 | Tertiary education requirements21.80.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 1.1 | 11.4 | Secondary education requirements22.00.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.5 | 4.0 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.1 | 0.4 | 4.4 | Primary education requirements5.00.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 6.01 |
| Quality of business schools | 6.01 |
| Specialized training services | 6.00 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.03 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.50 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 477,712 | 110,419 |
| Agriculture | 11,324 | 2,444 |
| Education | 54,611 | 16,418 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 50,315 | 12,274 |
| Health and Welfare | 111,222 | 22,945 |
| Humanities and Arts | 47,583 | 11,829 |
| Sciences | 24,918 | 5,883 |
| Services | 8,772 | 2,098 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 138,532 | 33,360 |
| Unspecified | 30,435 | 3,168 |

| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| Primary enrolment rate | Under 15 Age Group | | 93.86 | 7 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | Enrolment in education | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | Primary enrolment rate | 99.0 | 98.97 | 21 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap 96.6 96.56 .8 Quality of education Quality of primary schools¹ 6.23 .87.16 .8 Vulnerability Incidence of child labour 1.0 .99.00 .99.00 Image: Score and Part of the Company of the C | Secondary enrolment rate | 85.7 | 85.67 | 42 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools¹ 6.23 87.16 Vulnerability 1.0 .99.00 Incidence of child labour 1.0 .99.00 Value Score Ra Tenolment in education Tertrary enrolment rate 70.8 .70.83 .2 Vocational enrolment rate .54.6 .54.62 .1 Quality of education Quality of education system¹ .5.33 .72.15 Youth literacy rate .100.0 .100.00 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate .100.0 .100.00 Secondary education attainment rate .90.1 .90.08 .2 Economic participation rate .32.4 .32.40 .10 Unemployment rate .23.6 .76.40 .9 Underemployment rate .12.7 .87.30 .3 Not in employment rate .12.7 .87.30 .3 Skill liciversity² | | | | |
| Quality of primary schools¹ 6.23 87.16 Vulnerability 1.0 .99.00 Incidence of child labour 1.0 .99.00 Value Score Ra Incidence of child labour 1.0 .99.00 Value Score Ra Incidence of child labour 1.0 .99.00 Value Score Ra Incidence of child labour 1.0 .90.00 Value Score Ra Incidence of child labour 78.62 1 Incidence of enroll child labour 2.2 Count of child labour 70.8 .70.83 .2 Vocational enrolled labour 54.6 .54.62 .1 Quality of education 100.0 .00 Educational enrolled enrolled enrolled labour 100.0 .00 Educational attainment 2.2 Economic participation 12.7 Incidence of overeducation 10. | Secondary enrolment gender gap | 96.6 | 96.56 | 82 |
| Value | | 6.23 | 87.16 | 2 |
| Value Score Ra | - | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 4-044 | Value | | Rank |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 15–24 Age Group | | 78.62 | 16 |
| Vocational enrolment rate 54.6 54.62 1 Quality of education Quality of education system¹ 5.33 72.15 72.16 73.20 73.24 74 73.24 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 | Enrolment in education | | | |
| Quality of education | Tertiary enrolment rate | 70.8 | 70.83 | 23 |
| Quality of education system1 | Vocational enrolment rate | 54.6 | 54.62 | 16 |
| Quality of education system¹ 5.33 72.15 Youth literacy rate 100.0 100.00 Educational attainment 100.0 100.00 Primary education attainment rate 100.0 100.00 Secondary education attainment rate 90.1 90.08 .2 Economic participation .32.4 32.40 .10 Unemployment rate 23.6 76.40 .9 Underemployment rate 11.4 88.60 .4 Not in employment, education 12.7 87.30 .3 Long-term unemployment rate 12.7 87.30 .3 Long-term unemployment rate 10.2 89.80 .2 Incidence of overeducation 10.2 89.80 .2 Incidence of undereducation 21.6 78.40 .2 Skill diversity² 0.185 81.51 .2 Value Score Ra Triany education attainment rate 100.0 100.00 Secondary education attainment rate 91.4 91.43 .3 Tertiary education attainment rate 91.4 91.43 </td <td>Quality of education</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Quality of education | | | |
| Youth literacy rate. 100.0 100.00 Educational attainment 100.0 100.00 Primary education attainment rate. 100.0 100.00 Secondary education attainment rate. 90.1 90.08 2 Economic participation 24 32.4 32.40 10 Unemployment rate. 23.6 76.40 .9 Underemployment rate. 11.4 88.60 .4 Not in employment, education 12.7 87.30 .3 Long-term unemployment rate. 12.7 87.30 .3 Long-term unemployment rate. 10.2 89.80 .2 Incidence of overeducation. 10.2 89.80 .2 Incidence of undereducation. 10.2 89.80 .2 Skill diversity² 0.185 81.51 .2 Value Score Ra 77.24 1 1 Educational attainment 100.0 100.00 100.00 Secondary education attainment rate. 91.4 91.43 .3 Tertiary education attainment rate. 91.4 91.43 < | | 5.33 | 72.15 | 6 |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | Educational attainment | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | * | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | Secondary education attainment rate | 90.1 | 90.06 | 29 |
| Unemployment rate | | | | |
| Underemployment rate | · | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | | |
| or training rate | | 11.4 | 88.60 | 48 |
| Long-term unemployment rate — — — Skills Incidence of overeducation 10.2 89.80 2 Incidence of undereducation 21.6 78.40 2 Skill diversity² 0.185 81.51 2 Value Score Ra Value Score Ra T7.24 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 100.0 100.00 Secondary education attainment rate 91.4 91.43 .3 Tertiary education attainment rate 91.4 91.43 .3 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 5.11 68.52 Economic complexity³ — — Economic participation Labour force participation Labour force participation rate 85.3 85.30 .5 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 | | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation 10.2 89.80 2 Incidence of undereducation 21.6 78.40 2 Skill diversity² 0.185 81.51 2 Value Score Ra | | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | Long-term unemployment rate | – | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | | |
| Value Score Ra Value 10.00 10.00 Score Ra 10.00 Value 10.00 10.00 Secondary education attainment rate 10.00 10.00 Secondary education attainment rate 10.00 10.00 20.00 Workplace learning 20.23 20.23 20.23 20.23 20.23 | | | | |
| Value Score Ra ♣ 25—54 Age Group 77.24 19 Educational attainment 77.24 19 Primary education attainment rate 100.0 100.00 Secondary education attainment rate 91.4 91.43 3 Tertiary education attainment rate 39.2 39.23 39.23 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 5.11 68.52 68.52 Economic complexity³ 5.11 68.52 68.52 Economic participation 2 2 2 Labour force participation rate 85.3 85.30 5 Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 1 | | | | |
| ### 25—54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Skill diversity ² | 0.185 | 81.51 | 21 |
| Educational attainment 100.0 100.00 Primary education attainment rate 100.0 100.00 Secondary education attainment rate 91.4 91.43 3 Tertiary education attainment rate 39.2 39.23 39.23 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ 5.11 68.52 68.52 68.52 68.52 68.52 69.52 69.52 69.52 69.52 69.52 69.52 69.53 < | | Value | Score | Rank |
| Primary education attainment rate | 25–54 Age Group | | 77.24 | 9 |
| Secondary education attainment rate 91.4 91.43 3 Tertiary education attainment rate 39.2 39.23 39.23 Workplace learning Staff training services 1 5.11 68.52 5.11 68.52 68.52 6.52 <t< td=""><td>Educational attainment</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | Educational attainment | | | |
| Workplace learning 39.2 39.23 Staff training services ¹ 5.11 68.52 Economic complexity ³ – – Economic participation Labour force participation rate 85.3 85.30 5 Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 1 | Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 5.11 68.52 Economic complexity 3 — — Economic participation — — Labour force participation rate 85.3 85.30 .5 Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 .6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 .2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 .2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 .1 | Secondary education attainment rate | 91.4 | 91.43 | 33 |
| Staff training services 1 5.11 68.52 Economic complexity3 — — Economic participation Labour force participation rate 85.3 85.30 5 Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 1 | Tertiary education attainment rate | 39.2 | 39.23 | 7 |
| Economic complexity ³ — — — Economic participation Labour force participation rate 85.3 85.30 5 Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 1 | | | | |
| Economic participation 85.3 85.30 5 Labour force participation rate 85.3 85.30 5 Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 1 | | | | |
| Labour force participation rate 85.3 85.30 .5 Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 .6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 .2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 .2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 .1 | Economic complexity ³ | — | | – |
| Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 1 | Economic participation | | | |
| Unemployment rate 7.6 92.40 6 Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 1 | | 85.3 | 85.30 | 57 |
| Underemployment rate 4.5 95.50 2 Employment gender gap 88.1 88.10 2 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.7 44.70 1 | | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share44.744.701 | | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | | |
| | | 117 | 44.70 | 4.5 |
| wealan-skilled employment stidle | | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ 4.2854.69 | · · | | | |

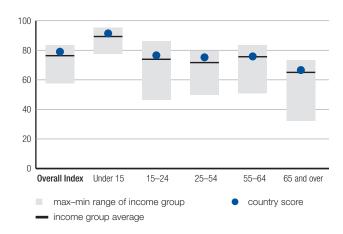
| 55–64 Age Group | 77.87 | 25 |
|---|--------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate83.2 | 83.15 | 35 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate27.6 | 27.56 | 12 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate42.3 | 42.30 | 106 |
| Unemployment rate5.4 | 94.60 | 57 |
| Underemployment rate2.5 | 97.50 | 25 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 68.39 | 22 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate65.2 | 65.24 | 27 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate18.7 | 18.68 | 17 |

| Economic participation | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|
| Labour force participation rate | 2.9 | 2.90 | 121 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.6 | 99.40 | 17 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.9 | 99.10 | 11 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |
| | | | |

| Λ. | 14:1 | iona | ᄱ | | |
|----|-------|-------|-------|-----|----|
| ΔП | 11111 | เกเเล | | หาม | ms |

| Additional indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.58 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 14 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 10.8 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 6.19 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 6.55 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5.87 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

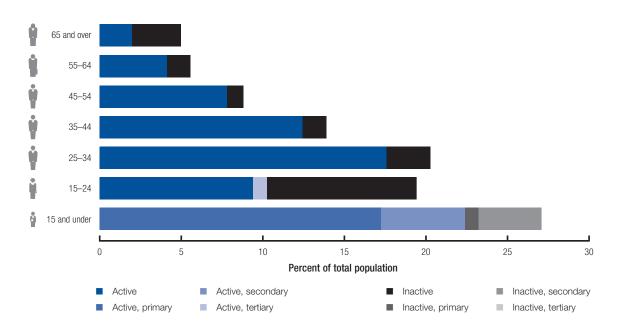
Bhutan

Human Capital Index 2015 61.11 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......776 Working age population (1,000s)......527 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)......12 Aged dependency ratio (%)......6.9 Child dependency ratio (%)......45.3 Median age of population (years)24 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......7,657 Labour force participation rate (%)......72.5 Unemployment rate (%).....2.9

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | . 39.1 | 7.6 | 22.7 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 1.6 | 9.7 | Tertiary education requirements11.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 0.7 | 6.5 | Secondary education requirements53.4 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | . 39.0 | 3.3 | 0.5 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.0 | 1.0 | 2.4 | - |
| Elementary occupations | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.3 | Primary education requirements2.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.87 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.61 |
| Specialized training services | 3.14 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.60 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.05 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 6,863 | |
| Agriculture | 151 | |
| Education | 1,506 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 890 | |
| Health and Welfare | 355 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 2,079 | |
| Sciences | 344 | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 1,314 | |
| Unspecified | 224 | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|----------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 79.59 | 74 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.20 | 53.38 | 50 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 2.9 | 97.10 | 45 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 56.54 | 100 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 9.4 | 9.43 | 104 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 4.03 | 50.56 | 44 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 67.9 | 67.86 | 115 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 10.2 | 18 30 | 5.1 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 27.9 | 72.09 | 44 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 55.90 | 86 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 15.5 | 15.48 | 120 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.6 | 3.55 | 108 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | 3.61 | 43.47 | |
| | | | |
| Economic complexity ^o | | | |
| Economic participation | – | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | – | 87.90 | 35 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 87.9 2.2 | 87.90 97.80 | 35 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 87.9 2.2 2.9 | 87.90 97.80 | 35 9 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 87.9 2.2 2.9 | 87.90 97.80 | 35 9 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 87.9 2.2 2.9 94.0 | 87.90 97.80 97.10 93.96 | 35 9 19 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share | 87.9 2.2 2.9 94.0 | 97.80 97.10 93.96 | 35 9 19 10 |
| Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 87.92.22.994.094.6 | 87.90 97.80 97.10 93.96 17.30 96.60 | 35 19 10 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 53.44 | 104 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 8.0 | 8.00 | 123 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 2.9 | 2.86 | 123 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.0 | 0.95 | 116 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 74.5 | 74.50 | 23 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.4 | 99.60 | 4 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.6 | 97.40 | 29 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 59 | 90.77 | 92 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 45.55 | 88 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 2.4 | 2.36 | 123 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 8.0 | 0.79 | 123 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.3 | 0.26 | 119 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 39.7 | 39.70 | 26 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.9 | 98.10 | 25 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 77.63 | 92 |

| | ٧ | a | Į |
|--|---|---|---|
| | | | |
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

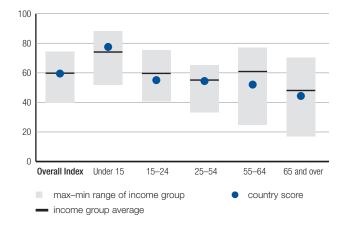
| Vulnerability | |
|--|----|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 92 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |

| Workers in informal employment | |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 50.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.43 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)4 | .65 |
|--|-----|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | .92 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

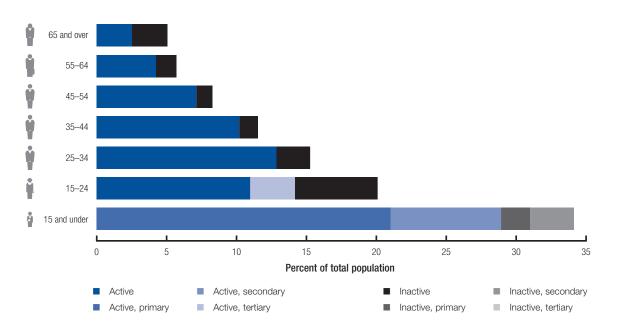
Human Capital Index 2015 66.46 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | .11,025 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 6,704 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 1,464 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 7.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 60.8 |

| Median age of population (years) | 22 |
|---|------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)6, | 222 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 72.5 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 70.6 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | .2.6 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.07 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.95 |
| Specialized training services | 3.67 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.36 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.77 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 352,554 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | — | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | — | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | |
| Unspecified | | |

| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|---|-------|--------|------|
| Primary enrolment rate | Under 15 Age Group | | 76.06 | 86 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | 81.6 | 81.60 | 110 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap 100.0 100.00 100. | , | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools¹ 3.02 33.63 .96 Vulnerability Incidence of child labour .26.4 .73.60 .100 Value Score Rarik I 15-24 Age Group 63.87 76 Enrolment in education .37.7 37.69 .63 Vocational enrolment rate .5.0 .500 .99 Quality of education .335 .39.15 .81 Youth literacy rate .99.0 .99.0 .55 Educational attainment .99.0 .99.4 .55 Educational attainment .99.4 .99.42 .57 Secondary education attainment rate .99.4 .99.42 .57 Secondary education attainment rate .81.2 .81.24 .49 Economic participation .81.2 .81.24 .49 Economic participation rate .54.6 .54.60 .39 Underemployment rate .5.2 .94.80 .11 Underemployment rate .5.2 | | | | |
| Quality of primary schools¹ 3.02 33.63 96 Vulnerability Incidence of child labour 26.4 73.60 100 Value Score Rark I¹ 15-24 Age Group 63.87 76 Enrolment in education 76 Tertiary enrolment rate 37.7 37.69 63 Vocational enrolment rate 5.0 5.00 99 Quality of education 3.35 39.15 81 Youth literacy rate 99.0 99.04 55 Educational attainment 79 76 58 Educational attainment 79 99.0 99.04 55 Educational attainment 81.2 99.4 99.42 57 Secondary education attainment rate 99.4 99.42 57 Secondary education attainment rate 54.6 54.60 39 Underemployment rate 5.2 94.80 11 Underemployment rate 5.2 94.80 11 Underemployment rate - | Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Incidence of child labour. 26.4 73.60 100 | | 3.02 | 33.63 | 96 |
| Value Score Rank | - | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | Incidence of child labour | 26.4 | 73.60 | 100 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | ↑ 15–24 Age Group | | 63.87 | 76 |
| Quality of education 3.35 39.15 81 Youth literacy rate | | 07.7 | 07.00 | |
| Quality of education 3.35 39.15 81 Youth literacy rate | • | | | |
| Quality of education system¹ 3.35 39.15 81 Youth literacy rate 99.0 99.04 .55 Educational attainment 7 99.0 99.04 .55 Educational attainment 81.2 81.24 .49 Primary education attainment rate 81.2 81.24 .49 Economic participation 81.2 81.24 .49 Economic participation 2 81.24 .49 Unemployment rate 54.6 .54.60 .39 Unemployment rate 5.2 94.80 .11 Underemployment rate — — — Not in employment rate — — — Long-term unemployment rate — — — Skills Incidence of overeducation — — — Incidence of overedu | | | 0.00 | |
| Educational attainment 99.0 99.04 .55 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 99.4 .99.42 .57 Secondary education attainment rate .81.2 .81.24 .49 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .54.6 .54.60 .39 Unemployment rate .5.2 .94.80 .11 Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate Long-term unemployment rate Skills In | | 3.35 | 39.15 | 81 |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | Educational attainment | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | * | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | Secondary education attainment rate | 81.2 | 81.24 | 49 |
| Unemployment rate .5.2 .94.80 .11 Underemployment rate — — — Not in employment, education — — — or training rate — — — Long-term unemployment rate — — — Skills Incidence of overeducation — — — Incidence of undereducation — — — — Skill diversity² — — — — Skill diversity² — — — — Walue Score Rank Primary education attainment Primary education attainment — — 66 Secondary education attainment rate — 96.62 66 Secondary education attainment rate — 25.3 25.29 30 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ — 3.52 42.02 100 Economic participation Economic participation — — — — Labour force participation rate — 85.9 85.90 .54 < | | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | – | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | — | | |
| Nation | | _ | _ | _ |
| Value Score Rank № 25–54 Age Group 62.79 59 Educational attainment 62.79 59 Educational attainment 96.6 96.62 .66 Secondary education attainment rate 72.1 .72.14 .56 Tertiary education attainment rate 25.3 .25.29 .30 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ .3.52 .42.02 .100 Economic complexity³ -0.335 .44.42 .80 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .85.9 .85.90 .54 Unemployment rate .2.0 .98.00 .6 Underemployment rate Ligh-skilled employment share William-skilled employment share Educational attainment rate | | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Skill diversity ² | – | | |
| Educational attainment 96.6 96.62 .66 Secondary education attainment rate 72.1 72.14 .56 Tertiary education attainment rate 25.3 25.29 .30 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 3.52 .42.02 .100 Economic complexity³ -0.335 .44.42 .80 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .85.9 .85.90 .54 Unemployment rate 2.0 .98.00 .6 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap .76.1 .76.05 .51 Skills High-skilled employment share .16.4 .16.40 .80 Medium-skilled employment share .85.7 .85.70 .76 | | Value | Score | Rank |
| Primary education attainment rate .96.6 .96.62 .66 Secondary education attainment rate .72.1 .72.14 .56 Tertiary education attainment rate .25.3 .25.29 .30 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ .3.52 .42.02 .100 Economic complexity ³ -0.335 .44.42 .80 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .85.9 .85.90 .54 Unemployment rate .2.0 .98.00 .6 Underemployment rate .2.0 .98.00 .6 Underemployment gender gap .76.1 .76.05 .51 Skills High-skilled employment share .16.4 .16.40 .80 Medium-skilled employment share .85.7 .85.70 .76 | № 25–54 Age Group | | 62.79 | 59 |
| Secondary education attainment rate 72.1 72.14 .56 Tertiary education attainment rate 25.3 25.29 .30 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ 3.52 .42.02 .100 Economic complexity ³ -0.335 .44.42 .80 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .85.9 .85.90 .54 Unemployment rate .2.0 .98.00 .6 Underemployment rate .76.1 .76.05 .51 Skills High-skilled employment share .16.4 .16.40 .80 Medium-skilled employment share .85.7 .85.70 .76 | | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate .25.3 .25.29 .30 Workplace learning | | | | |
| Workplace learning 3.52 42.02 100 Economic complexity ³ -0.335 .44.42 .80 Economic participation 85.9 .85.90 .54 Unemployment rate .2.0 .98.00 .6 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap .76.1 .76.05 .51 Skills High-skilled employment share .16.4 .16.40 .80 Medium-skilled employment share .85.7 .85.70 .76 | | | | |
| Staff training services 1 3.52 42.02 100 Economic complexity3 -0.335 44.42 80 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 85.9 85.90 .54 Unemployment rate 2.0 98.00 .6 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap 76.1 .76.05 .51 Skills High-skilled employment share 16.4 16.40 .80 Medium-skilled employment share 85.7 .85.70 .76 | - | 20.3 | 20.29 | 30 |
| Economic complexity³ -0.335 .44.42 .80 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .85.9 .85.90 .54 Unemployment rate .2.0 .98.00 .6 Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap .76.1 .76.05 .51 Skills High-skilled employment share .16.4 .16.40 .80 Medium-skilled employment share .85.7 .85.70 .76 | • | 3 52 | 42 02 | 100 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate .85.9 .85.90 .54 Unemployment rate .2.0 .98.00 .6 Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap .76.1 .76.05 .51 Skills High-skilled employment share .16.4 .16.40 .80 Medium-skilled employment share .85.7 .85.70 .76 | | | | |
| Labour force participation rate 85.9 85.90 .54 Unemployment rate 2.0 98.00 .6 Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap .76.1 .76.05 .51 Skills High-skilled employment share .16.4 .16.40 .80 Medium-skilled employment share .85.7 .85.70 .76 | | | | |
| Underemployment rate — — Employment gender gap 76.1 76.05 51 Skills High-skilled employment share 16.4 16.40 80 Medium-skilled employment share 85.7 85.70 76 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 85.9 | 85.90 | 54 |
| Employment gender gap | | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | | | | |
| High-skilled employment share 16.4 16.40 80 Medium-skilled employment share 85.7 85.70 76 | | | 1 0.00 | |
| Medium-skilled employment share85.785.7076 | | 16 4 | 16.40 | 80 |
| | Medium-skilled employment share | 85.7 | 85.70 | 76 |
| | | | | |

| ^ | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | · | 69.22 | 62 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 86.3 | 86.29 | 76 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 47.5 | 47.50 | 62 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 17.1 | 17.08 | 38 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 74.6 | 74.60 | 22 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.9 | 99.10 | 11 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 59 | 90.77 | 92 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 56.60 | 58 |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 56.60 58 |
|---|----------|
| Educational attainment | |
| Primary education attainment rate69.9 | 75 |
| Secondary education attainment rate31.1 | 57 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate11.9 | |
| Economic participation | |
| Labour force participation rate50.2 | 50.2019 |
| Unemployment rate1.1 | 98.9031 |
| Underemployment rate – | |
| Healthy life years beyond age 650 | 77.6392 |
| | |

Additional Indicators

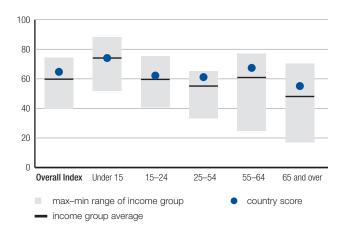
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.46 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 171 |
| | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | 75.1 |
| • | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 6.89 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.61 |

Primary completion rate (poorest | richest quintile)......100, 101

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Botswana

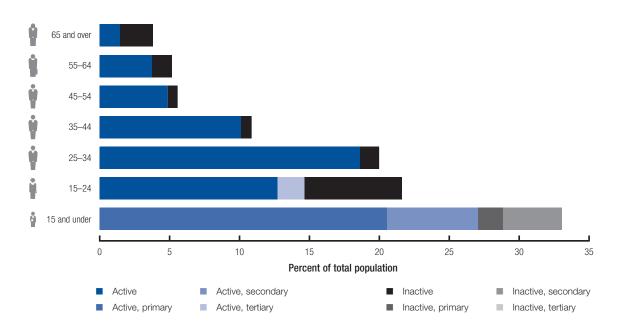
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 88 60.81 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)2,056 |
|--|
| Working age population (1,000s) 1,299 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)154 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)5.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) |

Median age of population (years)22 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....15,982 Labour force participation rate (%)......76.7 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 63.2 Unemployment rate (%)......17.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent Agriculture | of population e Industry | employed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Total | 8.5 | 27.2 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.1 | 1.3 | 7.3 | Tertiary education requirements8.70.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers0.1 | 8.0 | 9.0 | Secondary education requirements25.11.9 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers6.5 | 3.8 | 2.0 | 2.1 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers 0.1 \ldots | 1.2 | 1.7 | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | 1.4 | 7.2 | Primary education requirements14.72.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.1 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.57 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.57 |
| Specialized training services | 3.39 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.72 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.54 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 39,894 | |
| Agriculture | 831 | |
| Education | 5,148 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 2,519 | |
| Health and Welfare | 2,107 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 3,693 | |
| Sciences | 8,406 | |
| Services | 2,238 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 14,952 | |
| Unspecified | — | — |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|------------------------------|--|---|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 79.47 | 76 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.70 | 45.06 | 72 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | 9.0 | 91.00 | 68 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 56.20 | 102 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 17.9 | 17.91 | 85 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 14.6 | 14.58 | 74 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 97.9 | 97.85 | 83 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 31.4 | 31.43 | 108 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 59.0 | 59.00 | 28 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills ncidence of overeducation | – | | |
| ncidence of undereducation | – | | — |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 56.09 | 02 |
| 20 04 Age droup | | 00100 | 83 |
| Educational attainment | 01.0 | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | | 91.24 | 84 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 40.0 | 91.24 | 84 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning | 40.0 2.7 | 91.24 40.03 2.70 | 84 96 110 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 | 40.0 | 91.24 40.03 2.70 50.35 | 84 96 110 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | 40.0 2.7 4.02 — | 91.24 40.03 2.70 50.35 | 84 96 110 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 40.0 2.7 4.02 — — — | 91.24 40.03 2.70 50.35 92.10 | 84 96 110 61 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 40.040.2 | 91.24 40.03 2.70 50.35 92.10 84.60 | 84 96 110 61 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Underemployment rate Juderemployment rate | 40.0 | 91.24 40.03 2.70 50.35 92.10 84.60 | 84 96 61 6 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Underemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | 40.0 | 91.24 40.03 2.70 50.35 92.10 84.60 | 84 96 61 6 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Jnderemployment rate Employment gender gap | 4.02 | 91.24 40.03 2.70 50.35 92.10 84.60 76.56 | 84 96 110 61 12 89 50 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Jnderemployment rate Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 40.0 | 91.24 40.03 2.70 50.35 92.10 84.60 76.56 | 84 96 110 61 12 89 50 |

| 55–64 Age Group | 53.65 | 103 |
|---|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate52.3 | 52.32 | 105 |
| Secondary education attainment rate18.5 | 18.48 | 104 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate3.5 | 3.47 | 105 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate72.5 | 72.50 | 26 |
| Unemployment rate6.4 | 93.60 | 71 |
| Underemployment rate – | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth53 | 81.54 | 107 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 41.85 | 97 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate32.3 | 32.26 | 106 |
| Secondary education attainment rate8.7 | 8.74 | 104 |

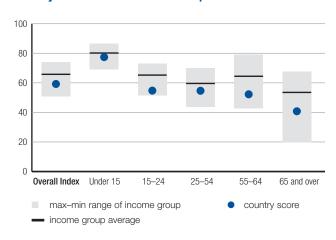
| Economic participation | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Labour force participation rate | 38.6 | 38.60 | 28 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.3 | 99.70 | 10 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 69.74 | 107 |

| Additional | Indicators |
|------------|-------------------|
| Auuluulai | muicators |

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.32 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.14 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 149 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 14.8 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.50 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......9.49

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

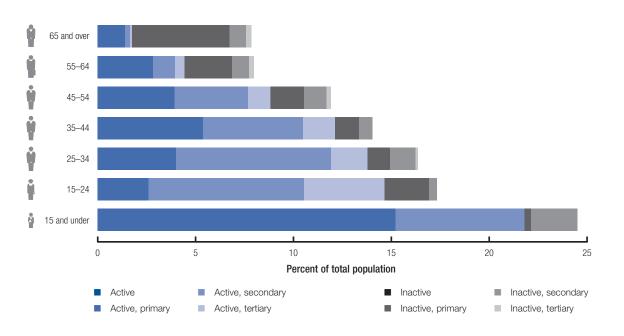
Human Capital Index 2015 78 64.60 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 203,657 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 140,228 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 16,426 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 10.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 37.7 |

Median age of population (years)29 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....15,153 Labour force participation rate (%)......69.8 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......65.3 Unemployment rate (%)......6.5

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | 63.8 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements12.6 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers0.01.213.9 | Secondary education requirements39.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers10.16.41.9 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.2 | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements11.1 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.65 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.53 |
| Specialized training services | 4.45 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.58 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.87 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 7,241,405 | 1,111,463 |
| Agriculture | 165,075 | 18,839 |
| Education | 1,371,600 | 223,392 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 891,593 | 74,539 |
| Health and Welfare | 961,798 | 161,575 |
| Humanities and Arts | 161,333 | 27,015 |
| Sciences | 433,423 | 58,403 |
| Services | 152,727 | 30,988 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 2,897,554 | 455,662 |
| Unspecified | 206,302 | 61,050 |

Score

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 71.86 | 95 |
| Enrolment in education | 05.0 | 05.04 | 00 |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.57 | 26.11 | 109 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 8.3 | 91.70 | 64 |
| | | | |
| Å | Value | Score | Rank |
| ■ 15–24 Age Group | | 67.01 | 66 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | 10.0 | 10.00 | 00 |
| Quality of education System ¹ | 2.72 | 28.67 | 110 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.9 | 98.86 | 67 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 73.5 | 73.50 | 64 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | ······ — ··· | — | |
| or training rate | 19.6 | 80.40 | 53 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | – | – |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.242 | /5.85 | 55 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 61.17 | 66 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.2 | 10.22 | 83 |
| Workplace learning | 4.04 | 55.40 | 00 |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 83.2 . | 83.20 | 67 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.0 | 95.00 | 39 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 73.0 | 73.03 | 55 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| case of finding skilled employees | 3.21 | 36./9 | 108 |

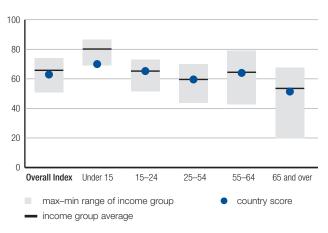
| 55–64 Age Group | | 65.72 | 70 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 37.7 | 87.71 | 75 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 43.8 | 43.80 | 67 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | .9.7 | 9.74 | 69 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 56.9 | 56.90 | 77 |
| Unemployment rate | .2.3 | 97.70 | 25 |
| Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 64 | 98.46 | 66 |
| | | | |
| | /alue | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 52.77 | 72 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 75.5 | 75.46 | 68 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 27.7 | 27.75 | 64 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | .8.2 | 8.19 | 56 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 22.8 | 22.80 | 53 |

Underemployment rate – – –

Value

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.63 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.80 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 42.2 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 24.1 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.03 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.82 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.62 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Bulgaria

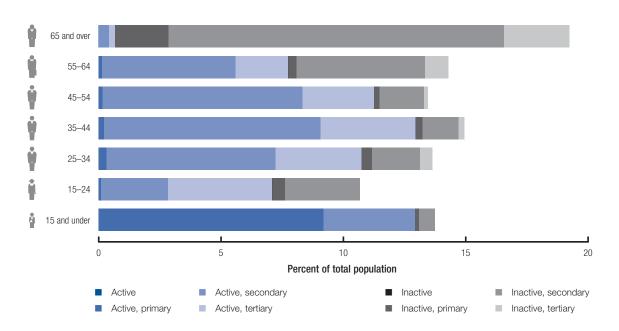
Human Capital Index 2015 72.81 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 7,113 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 4,702 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 1,290 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 26.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 19.5 |

Median age of population (years)42 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....17,115 Labour force participation rate (%)......53.3 Unemployment rate (%)......12.9

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | 46.92.1 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.22.6 | Tertiary education requirements14.50.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements27.10.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.4 | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements4.90.6 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.34 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.39 |
| Specialized training services | 3.41 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 1.81 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 1.81 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 284,995 | 64,043 |
| Agriculture | 6,621 | 1,113 |
| Education | 18,678 | 3,577 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 54,847 | 10,415 |
| Health and Welfare | 21,696 | 4,549 |
| Humanities and Arts | 21,770 | 4,541 |
| Sciences | 15,137 | 3,340 |
| Services | 24,119 | 5,392 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 115,445 | 34,691 |
| Unspecified | 6.682 | |

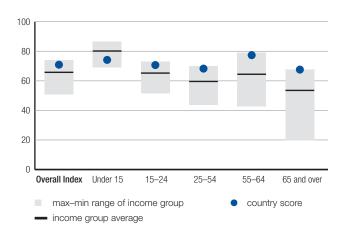
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|---------------------|---|---------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 76.15 | 85 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.39 | 56.53 | 43 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | – | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 72.57 | 43 |
| | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 62.7 | 62 70 | 31 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | 20 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3 39 | 39 78 | 79 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 99.2 | 00.25 | 62 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| • | | | |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate | 00.0 | 00.00 | 110 |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | 07.00 | |
| or training rate | 21.6 | 78.40 | 58 |
| _ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 10.1 | 89.90 | 20 |
| Incidence of undereducation | 16.6 | 83.40 | 17 |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.343 | 65.68 | 87 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 70.09 | 35 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 26.6 | 26.63 | 24 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.705 | 61.75 | 37 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 11.8 | 88.20 | 83 |
| _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Underemployment rate | 11.8 | 88.20 98.50 | 83 7 |
| _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Underemployment rate | 11.8 | 88.20 98.50 | 83 7 |
| abour force participation rate | 11.8 | 88.20 98.50 | 83 7 |
| abour force participation rate | 11.8 1.5 95.3 | 88.20 98.50 95.33 | 83 7 3 |
| Labour force participation rate | 11.8 | 88.20 98.50 95.33 31.40 89.40 | 83 3 42 |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 79.43 | 18 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.2 | 99.15 | 37 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 95.6 | 95.62 | 21 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 23.5 | 23.46 | 19 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 51.8 | 51.80 | 90 |
| Unemployment rate | 12.4 | 87.60 | 91 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 12 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 69.40 | 19 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.3 | 98.27 | 33 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 88.2 | 88.20 | 13 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 16.9 | 16.89 | 21 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 3.3 | 3.30 | 119 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.2 | 93.80 | 81 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 19 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 2.96 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.00 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 49 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | – |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.17 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.10 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.96 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Burkina Faso

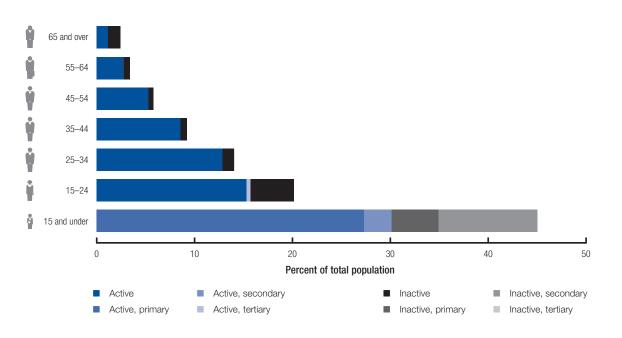
Human Capital Index 2015 116 49.22 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 17,915 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 9,417 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 251 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 4.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 89.3 |

| Median age of population (years)17 |
|--|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)1,726 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)83.4 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)80.7 |
| Unemployment rate (%)3.3 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.84 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.81 |
| Specialized training services | 3.54 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.43 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.01 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 68,894 | 12,140 |
| Agriculture | 134 | 71 |
| Education | 2,478 | 1,248 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 2,480 | 843 |
| Health and Welfare | 3,701 | 120 |
| Humanities and Arts | 11,663 | 916 |
| Sciences | 10,333 | 1,578 |
| Services | 2,107 | 189 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 35,913 | 5,842 |
| Unspecified | 85 | 1.333 |

Score

Burkina Faso

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 57.05 | 120 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrollment gender gap | 01.2 | 67.24 | 95 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.07 | 34.46 | 94 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 39.2 | 60.80 | 109 |
| | | | |
| 15. OA Ago Croup | Value | Score 46.34 | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 46.34 | 120 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 4.8 | 4.78 | 112 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 15.2 | 15.25 | 70 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 2.87 | 31.15 | 104 |
| Youth literacy rate | 45.4 | 45.43 | 122 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 51.6 | 51.59 | 120 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 76.2 | 76.20 | 4 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | — | | — |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | – | | – |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.282 | 71.80 | 75 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 48.54 | 110 |
| | | TO.0T | 110 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.8 | 3.83 | 107 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.897 | 35.05 | 100 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | 1.8 | 98.20 | 5 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 70.5 | 70.48 | 60 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.17 | 52.77 | 47 |
| | | | |

| 55–64 Age Group | 45.93 | 116 |
|--|------------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate1 | 3.4 13.43 | 121 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | .5.5 5.49 | 120 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | .1.0 1.01 | 114 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate7 | 9.4 79.40 | 17 |
| Unemployment rate | .0.7 99.30 | 7 |
| Underemployment rate | — | |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 50 76.92 | 112 |
| | | |
| Va | alue Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 36.94 | 107 |
| er e con | | |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 36.94 | 107 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 6.8 | 6.82 | 120 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 2.5 | 2.52 | 118 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.5 | 0.49 | 115 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 47.0 | 47.00 | 23 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.0 | 99.00 | 26 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 65.79 | 112 |

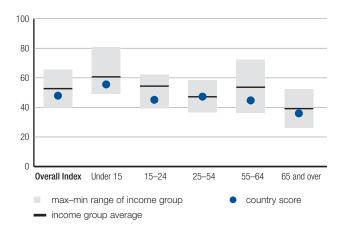
| Additional | Indicators |
|------------|-------------------|
| additional | muluutura |

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 2.90 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.17 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 153 |
| Vulnorability | |

Vulnerability Workers in informal employment -Workers in vulnerable employment......90.3 Social safety net¹......3.06

Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP)......3.43

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Burundi

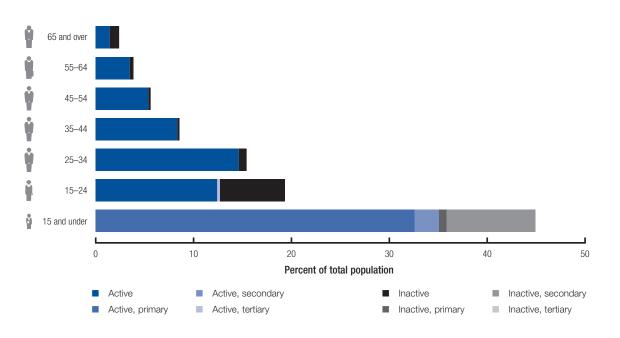
Human Capital Index 2015 46.76 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 10,813 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 5,698 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 28 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 4.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 82.1 |

| Median age of population (years)18 |
|--|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)912 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)82.6 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)76.9 |
| Unemployment rate (%)7.0 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.46 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.61 |
| Specialized training services | 2.78 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 1.86 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.00 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total | 29,269 | 2,786 |
| Agriculture | — | |
| Education | — | 840 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | |
| Health and Welfare | — | 259 |
| Humanities and Arts | — | 38 |
| Sciences | — | 245 |
| Services | — | 144 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | 1,104 |
| Unspecified | | — |

Burundi

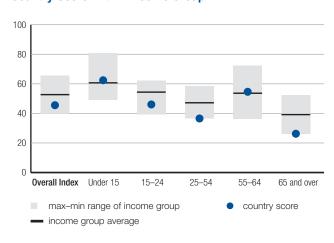
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 64.10 | 108 |
| Enrolment in education | 04.0 | 04.77 | 74 |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 93.5 | 93.45 | 90 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.46 | 24.32 | 113 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 26.3 | 73.70 | 99 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 47.28 | 119 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 3.2 | 3.17 | 117 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 23.1 | 23.09 | 61 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| · | 07.0 | 07.01 | 101 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 50.4 | 50.37 | 191 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 64.5 | 64.50 | 17 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | | – |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| <u>.</u> | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 37.54 | 122 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 2.88 | 31.34 | 119 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | • |
| High-skilled employment share | 1.6 | 1.60 | 122 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | 92.2 | 92.20 | 26 |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.35 | 39.14 | 102 |
| | | | |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 56.07 | 99 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 34.2 | 34.17 | 81 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Healthy life expectancy at birth | 90.8 — | 90.80 | 5 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 26.93 | 121 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.1 | 1.08 | 122 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 60.8 | 60.80 | 8 |

Additional Indicators

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|--------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2.78 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 18 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 92.2 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.31 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 20, 70 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.82 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- ² Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Cambodia

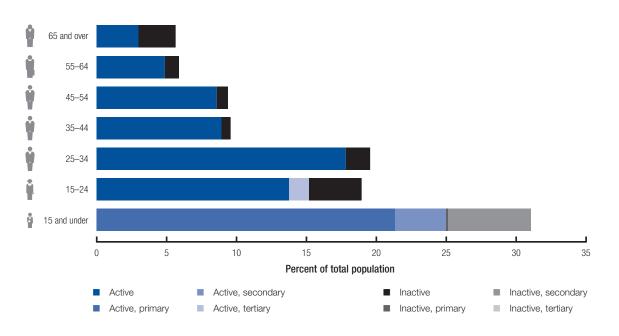
Human Capital Index 2015 58.55 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 15,677 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 9,927 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 182 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 0.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 50.4 |

| Median age of population (years) | 24 |
|---|------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)3, | 282 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 32.5 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 32.2 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | .0.3 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.25 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.34 |
| Specialized training services | 3.56 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.65 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.72 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total | 223,222 | 32,177 |
| Agriculture | | 668 |
| Education | — | 703 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | 990 |
| Health and Welfare | — | 998 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 4,480 |
| Sciences | — | 3,029 |
| Services | — | 17 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | 21,292 |
| Unspecified | — | — |

Cambodia

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|---------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 67.21 | 106 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 91.6 | 91.59 | 92 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.94 | 32.39 | 98 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 18.3 | 81.70 | 87 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 56.02 | 104 |
| | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 15.0 | 15.92 | 00 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | | | 90 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 0.10 | 06.07 | 00 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| • | | 31.40 | 52 |
| Educational attainment | 04.0 | 04.04 | 00 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 43.3 | 43.47 | 100 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | — | — | |
| or training rate | 79.2 | 20.80 | 73 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | 4 1 | 05.00 | 6 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | valuo | 55.48 | 89 |
| Educational attainment | | 00.40 | 00 |
| Primary education attainment rate | 82.5 | 82 51 | 92 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 2.00 | 40.07 | 74 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 0.937 | 04.09 | 104 |
| Economic participation | 01.0 | 04.00 | |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rateUnderemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | ʊ ١.٠٠٠ | 1 |
| Skills | 2 - | 0.55 | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.42 | 40.27 | 100 |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 60.78 | 85 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 73.6 | 73.57 | 87 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 13.9 | 13.88 | 110 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.5 | 0.45 | 122 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 82.9 | 82.90 | 12 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 61 | 93.85 | 81 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 49.00 | 79 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 49.9 | 49.89 | 89 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 11.1 | 11.06 | 103 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.6 | 0.61 | 111 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 53.2 | 53.20 | 17 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.0 | 99.00 | 26 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 80.26 | 81 |

| valu |
|------|
|------|

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

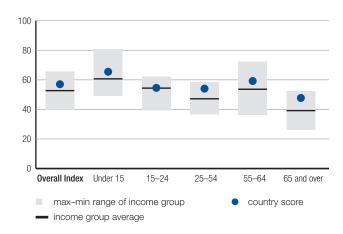
| Vulnerability | |
|--|------|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | .184 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |

| Workers in informal employment | – |
|--|---------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 63.7 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.73 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 42, 121 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | .2.60 |
|---|-------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | .3.61 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Cameroon

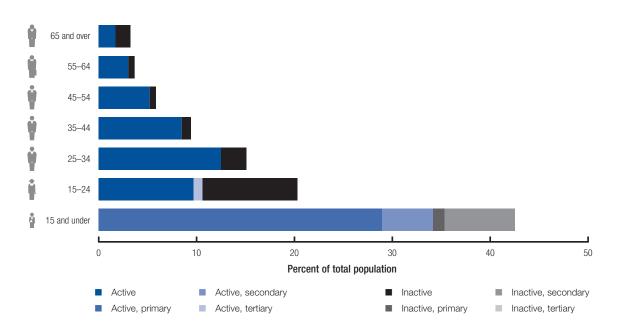
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 60.75 89 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 23,393 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | .12,696 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 751 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 6.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 81.4 |

Median age of population (years)......18 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......2,982 Labour force participation rate (%)......70.3 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 67.4 Unemployment rate (%)......4.1

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.26 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.40 |
| Specialized training services | 4.04 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.90 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.98 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 220,331 | 40,327 |
| Agriculture | 921 | 168 |
| Education | 22,645 | 4,145 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 8,809 | 1,612 |
| Health and Welfare | 5,111 | 935 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 2,562 |
| Sciences | 37,509 | 6,865 |
| Services | 882 | 161 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 130,455 | 23,879 |
| Unspecified | — | |

Score

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 69.23 | 102 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | – | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.73 | 45.55 | 68 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 41.7 | 58.30 | 111 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 60.36 | 88 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 23.5 | 23.52 | 59 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 2 01 | 16.95 | 52 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 94.3 | 94.31 | 87 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 65.0 | 64.96 | 77 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 51.9 | 48.10 | 67 |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.396 | 60.36 | 91 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 58.40 | 76 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 4.02 | 50.26 | 62 |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.743 | 37.62 | 92 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 2.7 | 2.70 | 114 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | 88.1 | 88.10 | 62 |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.99 | 49.79 | 59 |

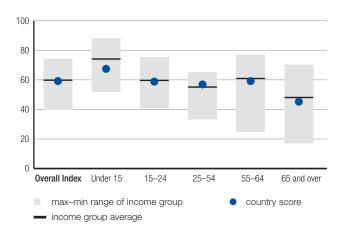
| 55–64 Age Group | | 60.72 | 86 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 73.0 | 73.00 | 88 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 31.7 | 31.72 | 84 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.6 | 4.64 | 98 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 82.0 | 82.00 | 14 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.9 | 99.10 | 11 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 48 | 73.85 | 117 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 46.43 | 86 |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 46.43 | 86 |
|--|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate46.0. | 45.97 | 94 |
| Secondary education attainment rate14.0. | 13.96 | 96 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate2.0 . | 1.99 | 101 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate53.7 . | 53.70 | 15 |
| Unemployment rate | 99.80 | 9 |
| Underemployment rate – . | – | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 63.16 | 117 |
| | | |

| Ado | ditio | nal | Indi | cato | rs |
|-----|-------|-----|------|------|----|
| | | | | | |

| Additional indicators | |
|---|-----|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 3 | .37 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 133 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | . — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment7 | 5.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ 2 | .97 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile)47, | 134 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | .10 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

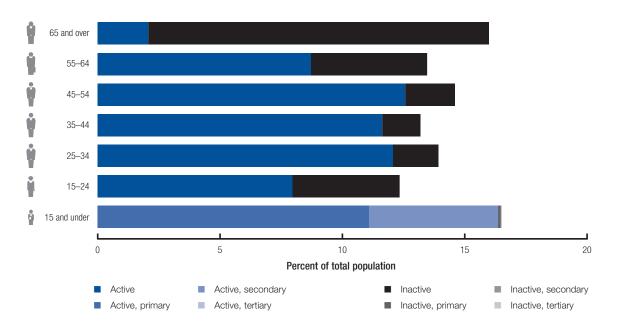
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 82.88 4 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......35,871 Working age population (1,000s).....24,217 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......9,725 Aged dependency ratio (%)......20.4 Child dependency ratio (%)......23.7

Median age of population (years)40 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....44,519 Labour force participation rate (%)................. 66.2 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 61.5 Unemployment rate (%)......7.1

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 2.0 | 18.7 | 72.2 | 92.94.5 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 5.0 | 36.0 | Tertiary education requirements41.01.1 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 1.4 | 24.1 | Secondary education requirements44.51.3 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.7 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 0.7 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.1 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 0.5 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.1 | 1.9 | 5.4 | Primary education requirements7.40.8 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.10 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.77 |
| Specialized training services | 5.29 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 5.24 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.80 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | | — |
| Agriculture | | — |
| Education | | — |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | — |
| Health and Welfare | | — |
| Humanities and Arts | | — |
| Sciences | | — |
| Services | | — |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 93.00 | 15 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate ⁵ Secondary enrolment rate ⁵ | 98.3 | 98.30 | 37 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.54 | 75.71 | 11 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 88.70 | 1 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | — | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 5.25 | 70.76 | 11 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 96.7 | 96.67 | 16 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 4.0 | 96.00 | 19 |
| or training rate | 13.4 | 86.60 | 34 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 2.5 | 97.55 | 5 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | — | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 75.84 | 14 |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.04 | |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | 4 70 | 61 70 | 21 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 86.8 | 86.80 | 47 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.8 | 94.20 | 48 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 91.1 | 91.06 | 18 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees | 4.53 | 58.89 | 28 |

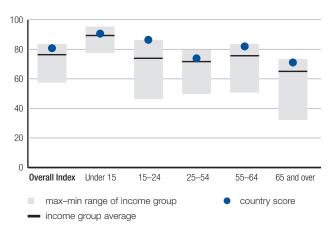
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 84.15 | 5 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.6 | 99.58 | 26 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 93.8 | 93.83 | 23 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 38.6 | 38.62 | 1 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 64.4 | 64.40 | 56 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.2 | 93.80 | 68 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.2 | 98.80 | 7 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 72 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 72.97 | 8 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.1 | 99.06 | 29 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 79.4 | 79.44 | 20 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 29.5 | 29.47 | 1 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 12.8 | 12.80 | 78 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.1 | 95.90 | 71 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.6 | 99.40 | 6 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 7 | 94.74 | 9 |
| | | | |

| Additional | Indicators |
|------------|-------------|
| Maditional | illaloatoro |

| Innovation ecosystem |
|---|
| State of cluster development ¹ 4.77 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 4.90 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 2 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP)5.40 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes .

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

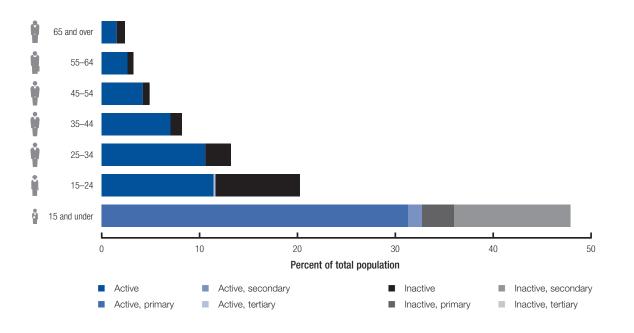
Human Capital Index 2015 41.10 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 13,606 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 6,766 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 97 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 100.4 |

| Median age of population (years) | 16 |
|---|--------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP) | 2,645 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | .71.6 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | . 66.5 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 7.1 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.82 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.69 |
| Specialized training services | 2.68 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.93 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.43 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 24,349 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------------|----------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 50.50 | 124 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| , | 00.4 | 00.40 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.29 | 21.53 | 116 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 26.1 | 73.90 | 98 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 40.41 | 124 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 2.3 | 2.25 | 120 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 4.2 | 4.18 | 103 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 52.7 | 52.75 | 120 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 26.1 | 26.13 | 114 |
| Economic participation | 50.4 | 50.40 | 0.0 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | — | — | |
| or training rate | – | | – |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | – | – |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | — | – | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 38.83 | 121 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 49.3 | 49.32 | 116 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 2.82 | 30.34 | 121 |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.656 | 39.06 | 90 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | – | – | |
| Skills | | <i>a</i> | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 59.3 2 No | 89.30 | 116 |
| Lace of illiaing similar employees | | 00.00 | 110 |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 37.31 | 122 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 27.5 | 27.45 | 114 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 8.2 | 8.21 | 115 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.6 | 1.60 | 110 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 81.6 | 81.60 | 15 |
| Unemployment rate | – | – | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 44 | 67.69 | 123 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

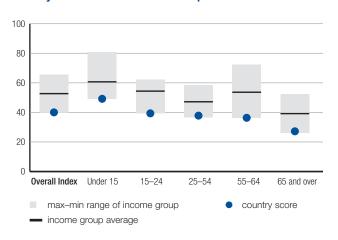
| 65 and Over Age Group | 27.93 | 120 |
|---|-----------|-------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate13.5 | 13.48 | 114 |
| Secondary education attainment rate3.0 | 3.05 | 115 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.50 | 114 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate64.7 | 64.70 | 6 |
| Unemployment rate | – | — |
| Underemployment rate – | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 650 | 57.89 | 123 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 64.70 | 6 |

| Additional Indicators |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem |
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 2.24 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 185 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ 2.33 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......2.26

Country Score Within Income Group

Public investment



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

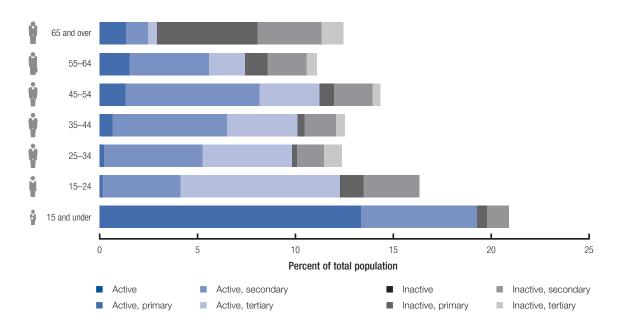
⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Human Capital Index 2015 71.80 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......17,924 Working age population (1,000s) 12,345 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)......3,732 Aged dependency ratio (%)......13.4 Child dependency ratio (%)......32.2 Median age of population (years)32 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....23,165 Labour force participation rate (%)......61.8 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 58.1 Unemployment rate (%)......6.0

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Total | 5.2 | 13.4 | 37.9 | | 56.5 | 2.9 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.2 | 2.1 | 11.4 | Tertiary education requirements | 13.8 | 0.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.2 | 1.1 | 12.4 | Secondary education requirements | 29.2 | 0.9 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.8 | 6.3 | 2.3 | | | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.3 | 1.9 | 2.8 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 2.7 | 2.0 | 8.5 | Primary education requirements | 13.2 | 8 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | | 0.4 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.50 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.41 |
| Specialized training services | 4.46 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.34 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.80 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,118,773 | 147,549 |
| Agriculture | 26,935 | 3,595 |
| Education | 140,935 | 23,281 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 197,527 | 21,037 |
| Health and Welfare | 246,991 | 31,217 |
| Humanities and Arts | 52,372 | 6,161 |
| Sciences | 66,307 | 7,260 |
| Services | 101,522 | 11,568 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 285,349 | 43,431 |
| Unspecified | 837 | 13 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-----------------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 84.74 | 53 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | I |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.30 | 38.30 | 84 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 6.6 | 93.40 | 59 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 72.74 | 39 |
| 10 24 Age droup | | 12.17 | 00 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 34.6 | 34.57 | 41 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 98.7 | 98.68 | 69 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 89.3 | 89.30 | 33 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | — |
| Incidence of undereducation | — | | – |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.188 | 81.25 | 23 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 64.72 | 47 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 33.2 | 33.16 | 10 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.029 | 49.51 | 67 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | | | |
| | 10.4 | r U.44 | 01 |
| Skills | 0.4- | 0.4.0- | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | /6.5 | / 6.5U 51.40 | 108 |
| Ease of finding skilled employees. | 4.09 | 51.49 | 50 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 74.22 | 43 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 96.9 | 96.86 | 53 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 64.4 | 64.42 | 46 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 21.4 | 21.36 | 24 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 65.8 | 65.80 | 48 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.1 | 96.90 | 37 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 70 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |

| | value | 00016 | Halik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 61.69 | 44 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 92.2 | 92.17 | 47 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 50.6 | 50.55 | 38 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 14.6 | 14.59 | 29 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 22.6 | 22.60 | 54 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.9 | 98.10 | 49 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 5 | 92.11 | 27 |
| | | | |

| V | a | u | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

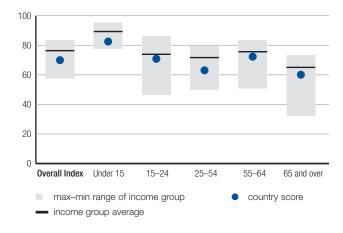
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.90 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 4.20 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 59 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | _ |

Workers in informal employment

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)4 | .52 |
|--|-----|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | .05 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

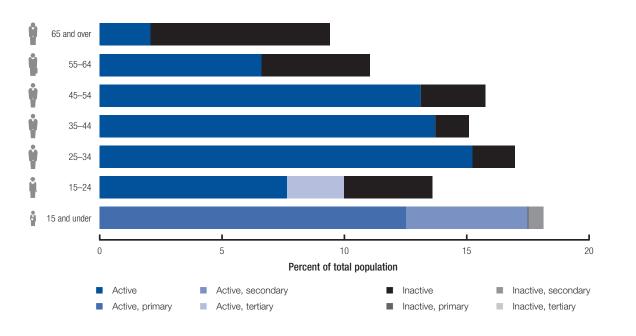
Human Capital Index 2015 64 67.47 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Working age population (1,000s) 1,014,520 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......77,670 Aged dependency ratio (%)......11.4 Child dependency ratio (%)......24.7

Median age of population (years)35 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....12,893 Labour force participation rate (%)......71.3 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 68.0 Unemployment rate (%)......4.6

Education and workforce distribution



Employment distribution by economic activity and occupation

Unemployed population by former occupation Percent of population employed in Population by Agriculture Industry employment type Total..... Managers, professionals and technicians — — Tertiary education requirements.....- --Clerical, service and sales workers — — Secondary education requirements— Plant and machine operators, and assemblers..... — — Elementary occupations——— Primary education requirements—

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.33 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.93 |
| Specialized training services | 4.35 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.24 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.17 |

| Students by field of study | Course of any almost | Annual Craduates (latest uses |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year |
| Total | 32,585,961 | 9,135,720 |
| Agriculture | | — |
| Education | | — |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | — |
| Health and Welfare | | — |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 84.44 | 55 |
| Enrolment in education | 00.0 | 00.00 | 10 |
| Primary enrolment rate ⁵ Secondary enrolment rate ⁵ | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | 96.9 | 96.87 | 29 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.17 | 52.88 | 51 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | – | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 69.60 | 58 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate Quality of education | 44.5 | 44.48 | 32 |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 4.03 | 50.47 | 45 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate | — | | – |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | vaido | 61.85 | 61 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.052 | 67.53 | 22 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 88 1 | 88 10 | 32 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 11.7 | 11.70 | 94 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | 91.7 | 91.70 | 33 |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 61.74 | 83 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 91.5 | 91.54 | 66 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 53.6 | 53.58 | 58 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.8 | 3.79 | 103 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 59.8 | 59.80 | 71 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 68 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 43.43 | 93 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 74.0 | 74.02 | 69 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 28.8 | 28.80 | 61 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.1 | 3.07 | 94 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 21.8 | 21.80 | 55 |
| Unemployment rate | – | — | – |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 3 | 89.47 | 33 |
| | | | |

| Innovation ecosystem |
|--|
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ |

| Vulnerability | |
|--|------|
| Workers in informal employment | 32.6 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 42.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.28 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| | |

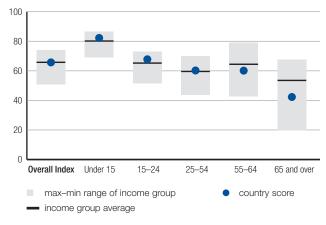
Ease of starting a business⁴......128

Public investment

Additional Indicators

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | |
|---|---|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | , |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes .

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- $^{3}\,$ Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries $^{5}\,$ Gross rate, capped at the value of 99 $\,$

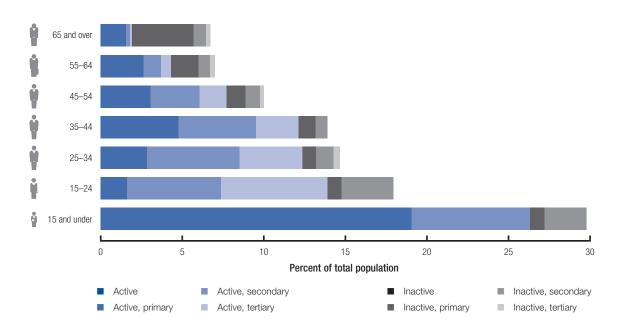
Colombia

Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 62 67.63 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......49,529 Working age population (1,000s) 32,878 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......7,181 Aged dependency ratio (%)......8.6 Child dependency ratio (%)......43.8 Median age of population (years)27 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....13,459 Labour force participation rate (%)......67.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 60.9 Unemployment rate (%)......9.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.28 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.26 |
| Specialized training services | 4.14 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.14 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.39 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,958,429 | 266,413 |
| Agriculture | 48,548 | 6,032 |
| Education | 150,221 | 31,134 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 446,507 | 45,471 |
| Health and Welfare | 164,867 | 21,401 |
| Humanities and Arts | 72,834 | 7,528 |
| Sciences | 88,993 | 11,676 |
| Services | 58,422 | 13,280 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 915,735 | 129,209 |
| Unspecified | 12,302 | 682 |

Colombia

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 73.92 | 93 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.27 | 37.85 | 86 |
| Vulnerability | 0.7 | | 70 |
| Incidence of child labour | 9.7 | 90.30 | 70 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 72.35 | 44 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 25.6 | 25.63 | 55 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.41 | 40.10 | 78 |
| Youth literacy rate | 98.7 | 98.66 | 70 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.51 | 55 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 83.8 | 83.78 | 44 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 46.2 | 46.20 | 66 |
| Unemployment rate | 18.9 | 81.10 | 76 |
| Underemployment rate | 6.7 | 93.30 | 35 |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 8.7 | 91.35 | 11 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.290 | 70.98 | 77 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 62.96 | 56 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.3 | 20.34 | 46 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.412 | 56.87 | 46 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| · · · | | 00.50 | 65 |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 7.4 | 92.60 | 60 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 7.4 — | 92.60 | 60 – |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 7.4 — | 92.60 | 60 – |
| Labour force participation rate | 7.4 — | 92.60 | 60 – |
| Labour force participation rate | 7.4 71.8 16.3 | 92.60 71.81 | 60 57 |
| Labour force participation rate | 7.4 71.8 16.3 85.1 | 92.60 71.81 16.30 85.10 | 60 57 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 72.70 | 51 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 92.0 | 91.99 | 64 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 48.9 | 48.89 | 60 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 14.1 | 14.15 | 48 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 62.4 | 62.40 | 63 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.5 | 95.50 | 54 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.0 | 96.00 | 37 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 68 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 56.32 | 59 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 83.7 | 83.69 | 60 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 29.0 | 29.05 | 59 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.1 | 7.11 | 64 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 31.2 | 31.20 | 41 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | – |
| Underemployment rate | 2.6 | 97.40 | 32 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 3 | 89.47 | 33 |
| | | | |

| lenoitibb/ | Indicators |
|------------|------------|
| auuitionai | mulcators |

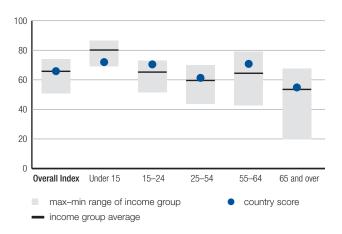
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.71 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 84 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 59.6 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 48.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.14 |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.38 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.01 |

Primary completion rate (poorest | richest quintile)......97, 100

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Costa Rica

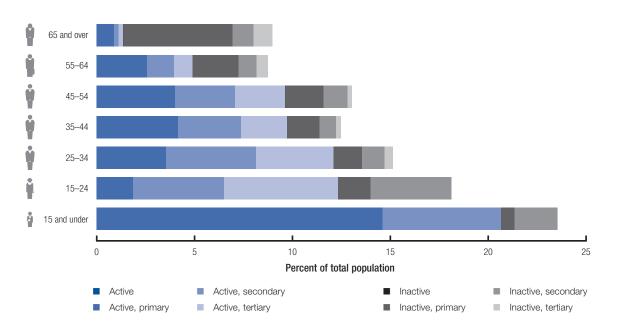
Human Capital Index 2015 69.75 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 5,002 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 3,492 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 749 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 9.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 36.3 |

Median age of population (years)28 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....14,914 Labour force participation rate (%)......63.0 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......57.6 Unemployment rate (%)......8.5

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 6.9 | 10.4 | 37.4 | | 54.7 | 4.2 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.2 | 2.2 | 11.3 | Tertiary education requirements | 13.7 | 0.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.2 | 1.2 | 14.6 | Secondary education requirements. | 28.2 | 1.4 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 2.1 | 3.7 | 2.2 | | | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.2 | 1.3 | 2.8 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 4.2 | 2.1 | 6.5 | Primary education requirements | 12.8 | 1.6 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.45 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.31 |
| Specialized training services | 4.86 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.01 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.75 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 205,247 | 40,310 |
| Agriculture | | 431 |
| Education | | 10,558 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | 2,496 |
| Health and Welfare | | 6,004 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 1,065 |
| Sciences | | 2,300 |
| Services | | 1,079 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | 16,376 |
| Unspecified | — | — |

Costa Rica

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 78.49 | 80 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.67 | 61.22 | 35 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 4.1 | 95.90 | 50 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 71.61 | 51 |
| - 10 = 111go soup | | | |
| Enrolment in education | 47.0 | 47.00 | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | 28.5 | 28.53 | 53 |
| Quality of education | 4.07 | 04.44 | 00 |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| | | 99.02 | 00 |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.05 | 0.4 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 10.51 | 00 |
| Economic participation | 47.0 | 47.00 | 0.4 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | 10.2 | 00.00 | |
| or training rate | 19.2 | 80.80 | 50 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.264 | 73.56 | 67 |
| | | 0 | |
| 05.54.4 | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 65.49 | 46 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.0 | 21.97 | 42 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.362 | 56.04 | 49 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 59.4 | 59.43 | /0 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 5.01 | 66.88 | 8 |

| | Value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 70.87 | 55 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 95.4 | 95.43 | 55 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 46.1 | 46.08 | 63 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.3 | 19.27 | 34 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 56.4 | 56.40 | 79 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.9 | 96.10 | 50 |
| Underemployment rate | 17.2 | 82.80 | 67 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 69 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 58.39 | 54 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 88.4 | 88.41 | 53 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 28.5 | 28.50 | 62 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 13.0 | 13.04 | 35 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 15.4 | 15.40 | 72 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.1 | 94.90 | 77 |
| Underemployment rate | 22.3 | 77.70 | 62 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 4 | 90.79 | 31 |
| | | | |

| | V | all |
|--|---|-----|
| | | |
| | | |

Additional Indicators

| Innovation ed | cosystem |
|---------------|----------|
|---------------|----------|

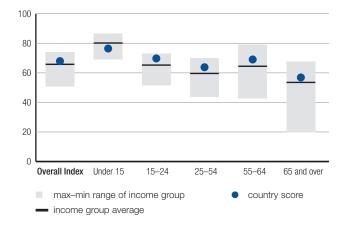
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.24 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | |
| Vulnerability | |

| Workers in informal employment | 43.8 |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 20.8 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.85 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.28 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.67 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Côte d'Ivoire

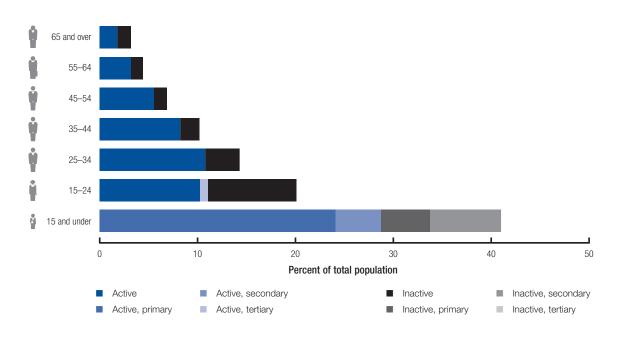
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 49.02 117 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s).....21,295 Working age population (1,000s) 11,891 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)..............699 Aged dependency ratio (%)......5.6 Child dependency ratio (%)......75.9

Median age of population (years).....19 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......2,902 Labour force participation rate (%)......67.3 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 64.5 Unemployment rate (%)......4.1

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.06 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.75 |
| Specialized training services | 4.30 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.88 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.75 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 169,351 | |
| Agriculture | 2,177 | |
| Education | 3,047 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 16,380 | |
| Health and Welfare | 4,300 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 4,103 | |
| Sciences | 27,128 | |
| Services | 1,473 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 108,901 | |
| Unspecified | 1,842 | — |

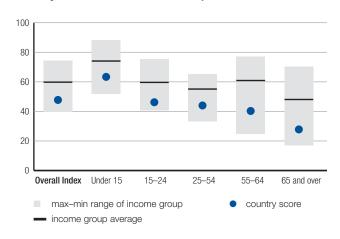
Côte d'Ivoire

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 65.05 | 107 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.23 | 37.24 | 88 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 26.4 | 73.60 | 100 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 47.43 | 117 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 15.1 | 15.14 | 72 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3.56 | 42.70 | 70 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 71.0 | 70.97 | 114 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 50.9 | 50.90 | 46 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.8 | 94.20 | 15 |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | value | 45.18 | 118 |
| | | 40.10 | 110 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 57.7 | 57.68 | 113 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| , | | | |
| | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation | .–0.754 | 37.44 | 93 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 78.1 | 37.44 | 93 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 0.754 78.1 | 37.44 78.10 | 93 92 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 0.754 78.1 – | 37.44 78.10 | 93 92 – |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | 0.754 78.1 – | 37.44 78.10 | 93 92 – |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 0.754 78.1 | 78.10 | 93 92 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 0.754 | 78.10 78.10 | 93 92 |

| | raido | 00010 | ricerire |
|--|-----------|-------|----------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 41.37 | 121 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 38.9 | 38.90 | 112 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 20.7 | 20.68 | 101 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 72 6 | 72 60 | 25 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | | | |
| , | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 28.54 | 119 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 16.3 | 16.26 | 110 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 7.8 | 7.76 | 106 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.8 | 1.77 | 102 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 56.4 | 56.40 | 10 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 60.53 | 120 |
| | | | Value |
| Additional Indicators | | | |
| Innovation ecosystem | | | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | | | 3.26 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | | | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | | | |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Workers in informal employment | | | 69.7 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | | | |
| Social safety net ¹ | | | |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest | | | |
| a., completion rate (poorest nonest | 95111110/ | | , / |

Country Score Within Income Group

Public investment



Public spending on education (% of GDP)......4.60

NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Croatia

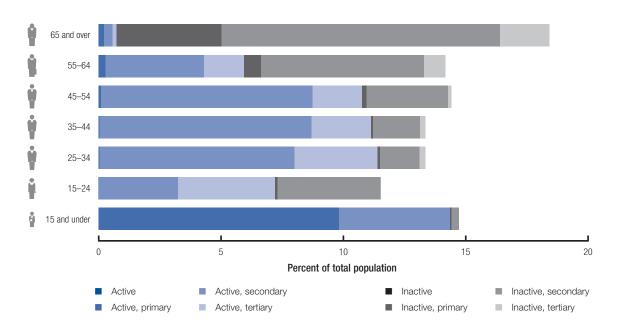
Human Capital Index 2015 36 75.37 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 4,255 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 2,826 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 574 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 26.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 22.8 |

Median age of population (years)42 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....20,392 Labour force participation rate (%)......51.3 Unemployment rate (%)......17.3

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | The state of the s | lation by ment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| Total | 4.5 | 11.6 | 25.9 | 4 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.3 | 3.1 | 11.5 | Tertiary education requirements1 | 4.9 | 0.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 1.2 | 10.3 | Secondary education requirements2 | 4.1 | 0.9 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 3.8 | 3.7 | 0.9 | | | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.1 | 2.6 | 1.4 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.5 | Primary education requirements | 2.8 | 0.4 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.91 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.20 |
| Specialized training services | 4.14 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 1.81 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.11 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 157,289 | 39,820 |
| Agriculture | 6,068 | 1,535 |
| Education | 6,319 | 1,974 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 24,790 | 6,145 |
| Health and Welfare | 14,701 | 3,134 |
| Humanities and Arts | 15,012 | 4,137 |
| Sciences | 13,404 | 3,352 |
| Services | 13,652 | 2,832 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 63,343 | 16,711 |
| Unspecified | — | — |

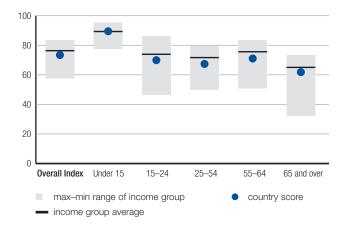
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 91.87 | 22 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.8 | 98.77 | 26 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 93.7 | 93.67 | 17 |
| Basic education survival rate | 99.2 | 99.25 | 10 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.63 | 60.51 | 37 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| indiagnee of child labour | | 99.00 | |
| 8 | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 71.80 | 49 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 61.6 | 61.63 | 36 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 70.8 | 70.76 | 5 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.23 | 37.09 | 85 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.04 | 0.4 |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | 10.35 | / 1 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 4.7 | 95.30 | 26 |
| Not in employment, education | 40.0 | 00.40 | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 50.6 | 49.39 | 66 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.233 | 76.70 | 51 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 69.18 | 37 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.6 | 99.59 | 35 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 84.5 | 84.53 | 41 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 14.3 | 14.34 | 68 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | 3.22 | 37.02 | 113 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | Q1 E | Q1 50 | 00 |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rateUnderemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | | | |
| стъроуттеть дениег дар | 0.08 | 30.04 | 19 |
| Skills | | | |
| | 25.5 | 35.50 | 32 |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 92.9 | 92.90 | 23 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 72.95 | 47 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.3 | 99.31 | 35 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 70.5 | 70.49 | 43 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 11.0 | 11.04 | 62 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 42.3 | 42.30 | 106 |
| Unemployment rate | 9.9 | 90.10 | 85 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.6 | 97.40 | 29 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 68 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | valuo | 00010 | Harit |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 63.49 | 37 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 95.9 | 95.92 | 40 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 48.5 | 48.54 | 40 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.3 | 8.28 | 54 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 5.0 | 5.00 | 113 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.7 | 99.30 | 20 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.1 | 97.90 | 27 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 3 | 89.47 | 33 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 88 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 15.2 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.15 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.31 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

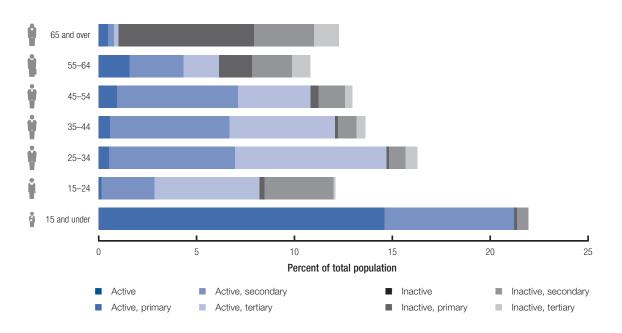
Human Capital Index 2015 77.33 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 1,165 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 823 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 218 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 16.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 25.1 |

| Median age of population (years) | . 34 |
|--|------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)27, | 986 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)6 | 3.7 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)5 | 3.6 |
| Unemployment rate (%)1 | 5.8 |

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed popi employment type by former occup | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Total | 1.6 | 9.3 | 42.2 | | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 2.1 | 16.5 | Tertiary education requirements18.71.0 | |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 1.0 | 15.0 | Secondary education requirements25.11.6 | |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.9 | 3.8 | 1.9 | 8.0 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 0.3 | |
| Elementary occupations | 0.5 | 1.4 | 6.8 | Primary education requirements8.80.7 | |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.37 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.98 |
| Specialized training services | 4.72 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.52 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.05 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 31,772 | 6,173 |
| Agriculture | 173 | 43 |
| Education | 3,031 | 716 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 3,821 | 810 |
| Health and Welfare | 2,512 | 238 |
| Humanities and Arts | 3,467 | 593 |
| Sciences | 2,792 | 515 |
| Services | 1,495 | 570 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 14,481 | 2,688 |
| Unspecified | | |

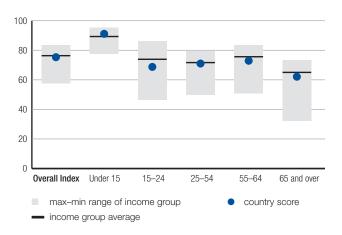
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 93.57 | 8 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.39 | 73.22 | 14 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | valuo | 70.59 | 53 |
| 10 24 Age droup | | 70.55 | 33 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 12.8 | 12.84 | 76 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.9 | 99.86 | 31 |
| Educational attainment | 400.0 | 00.00 | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 95.3 | 95.33 | 20 |
| Economic participation | 40 = | 40.70 | 70 |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | | 02.30 | 03 |
| or training rate | 18.7 | 81.30 | 49 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 32.5 | 67.52 | 53 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 36.1 | 63.90 | 55 |
| Incidence of undereducation | 10.8 | 89.20 | 5 |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.247 | 75.35 | 57 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 72.92 | 25 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.8 | 99 76 | 25 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 4.31 | 55.15 | 38 |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.889 | 64.82 | 30 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 88.4 | 88.40 | 31 |
| Unemployment rate | 13.9 | 86.10 | 87 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 88.4 | 88.43 | 26 |
| Skills | | | |
| | | 05.00 | 0.4 |
| | | | |
| High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 83.3 | 83.30 | 84 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 74.86 | 39 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.6 | 99.60 | 25 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 74.1 | 74.06 | 38 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 17.6 | 17.64 | 37 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 57.9 | 57.90 | 76 |
| Unemployment rate | 12.4 | 87.60 | 91 |
| Underemployment rate | 12.8 | 87.20 | 64 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 74 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 63.78 | 36 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.6 | 97.57 | 36 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 46.0 | 46.00 | 43 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.0 | 10.03 | 46 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 10.0 | 10.00 | 91 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.4 | 94.60 | 80 |
| Underemployment rate | 9.1 | 90.90 | 57 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 9 | 97.37 | 3 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ 4.04 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Czech Republic

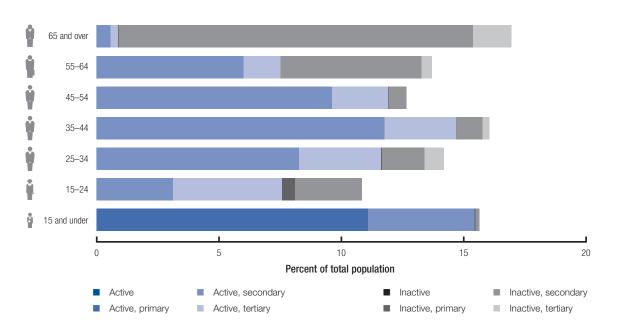
Human Capital Index 2015 77.60 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 10,777 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 7,221 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 1,496 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 21.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 20.2 |

Median age of population (years)40 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....28,446 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 55.4 Unemployment rate (%)......7.0

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Total | 1.7 | 20.7 | 32.8 | | 55.2 | 1.6 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.3 | 5.2 | 15.3 | Tertiary education requirements | 20.8 | 0.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 1.5 | 12.0 | Secondary education requirements | 31.0 | 0.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 8.0 | 0.8 | 1.5 | | | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.3 | 4.5 | 2.4 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.2 | 1.4 | 1.5 | Primary education requirements | 3.1 | 0.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.07 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.27 |
| Specialized training services | 4.87 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.07 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.31 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 440,230 | 107,773 |
| Agriculture | 16,896 | 3,959 |
| Education | 52,662 | 15,682 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 59,287 | 13,196 |
| Health and Welfare | 48,904 | 10,442 |
| Humanities and Arts | 40,954 | 8,521 |
| Sciences | 50,354 | 10,094 |
| Services | 23,081 | 5,034 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 140,421 | 37,549 |
| Unspecified | 7,671 | 3,296 |

Czech Republic

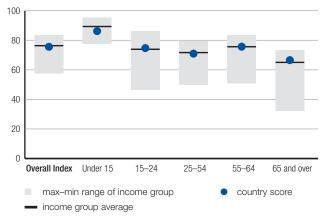
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 88.52 | 36 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate ⁵ | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate ⁵ | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.47 | 57.91 | 41 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 76.69 | 19 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 72.2 | 72.22 | 4 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3 58 | 42 98 | 67 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 99.99 | 24 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 70.2 | 70.16 | 72 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 9.1 | 90.90 | 16 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 32.8 | 67.25 | 54 |
| Skills | 10.0 | 00.10 | 00 |
| Incidence of overeducationIncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | valuo | 72.85 | 26 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.7 | 99.69 | 31 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | 50.40 | |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic complexity" | 1.679 | 77.99 | b |
| | | 00.60 | 00 |
| · | 00.0 | 88 DH | -74 |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 6.2 | 93.80 | 53 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 6.2 | 93.80 99.20 | 53 1 |
| Labour force participation rate | 6.2 | 93.80 99.20 | 53 |
| Labour force participation rate | 6.2 0.8 82.8 | 93.80 99.20 82.79 | 53 1 42 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 6.2 0.8 82.8 38.2 | 93.80 99.20 82.79 | 53 1 42 |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 77.69 | 27 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.55 | 28 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 85.2 | 85.19 | 30 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.8 | 12.77 | 54 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 52.6 | 52.60 | 88 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.8 | 94.20 | 64 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.5 | 99.50 | 4 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 69 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 68.35 | 24 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.6 | 99.58 | 21 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 75.6 | 75.62 | 24 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.4 | 9.39 | 49 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 5.4 | 5.40 | 110 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 36 |
| Underemployment rate | 8.0 | 99.20 | 8 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 4 | 90.79 | 31 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 4.00 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 110 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 14.5 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.90 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | -, - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.51 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5.76 |

Country Score Within Income Group



Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes .

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- $^{3}\,$ Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries
- $^{5}\,$ Gross rate, capped at the value of 99 $\,$

Denmark

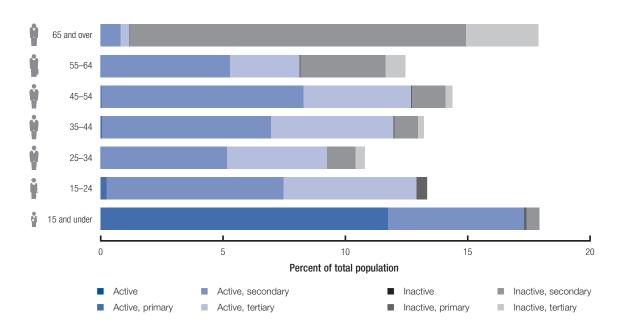
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 82.47 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | .5,662 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | .3,626 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | .1,195 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 25.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 27.5 |

Median age of population (years)41 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)..... 44,325 Labour force participation rate (%)......62.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 58.1 Unemployment rate (%)......7.0

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population em Agriculture Industry | ployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| Total1.511.3 | 45.1 | 57.91.9 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 22.5 | Tertiary education requirements26.40.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 15.0 | Secondary education requirements25.40.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers1.03.8 | 1.5 | 0.2 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.11.8 | 1.3 | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 4.5 | Primary education requirements5.80.3 |
| Others | 0.2 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.54 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.21 |
| Specialized training services | 5.32 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.76 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.95 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 275,009 | 58,667 |
| Agriculture | 4,133 | 1,033 |
| Education | 26,375 | 4,084 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 29,610 | 7,598 |
| Health and Welfare | 57,265 | 11,543 |
| Humanities and Arts | 34,850 | 7,199 |
| Sciences | 22,842 | 4,864 |
| Services | 6,573 | 1,428 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 93,361 | 20,918 |
| Unspecified | — | |

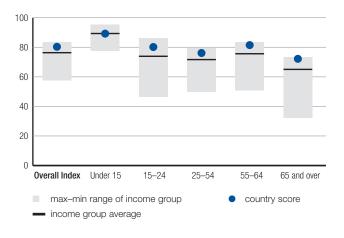
| • | Value | Score | Rani |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 91.61 | 25 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.2 | 98.15 | 43 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 91.1 | 91.14 | 27 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.72 | 62.02 | 31 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Ran |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 82.31 | 9 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 79 6 | 79 60 | 11 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 4 81 | 63 55 | 18 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | - |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| • | | | |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate | 64 7 | 64 70 | 16 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 6.0 | 94.00 | 10 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | 10.1 | 89.86 | 13 |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | 15.8 | 84.20 | 37 |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.210 | 78.97 | 36 |
| | Value | Score | Ran |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 78.15 | 6 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Fertiary education attainment rate | 30.1 | 30.05 | 15 |
| Workplace learning | | 05 = : | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.316 | / 1.94 | 18 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 92.9 | 92.94 | 14 |
| Skills | | | |
| and the second s | | 45.00 | - 11 |
| | | | |
| High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 89.9 | 89.90 | 49 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 83.66 | 7 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.4 | 99.44 | 2 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 27.9 | 27.87 | 11 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 64.7 | 64.70 | 54 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.8 | 95.20 | 56 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 12 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 70 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| Additional indicators | onal Indicators |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
|-----------------------|-----------------|

| Additional indicators |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem |
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 4.90 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 25 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ 6.05 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP)8.74 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ |
| |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Dominican Republic

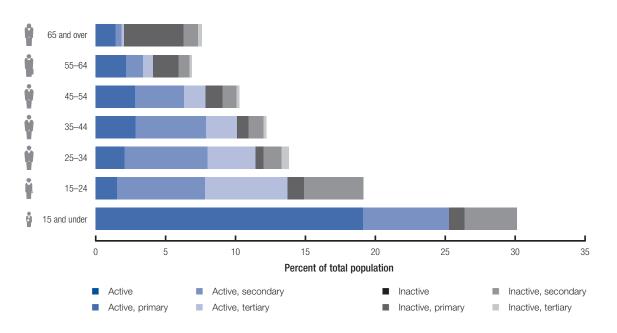
Human Capital Index 2015 62.79 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 10,652 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 6,798 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 1,297 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 9.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 49.6 |

| Median age of population (years) | 25 |
|---|-------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)12 | 2,803 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 64.9 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 55.1 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 15.0 |

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 7.8 | 9.2 | 38.0 | 54.95.5 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.0 | 1.1 | 8.3 | Tertiary education requirements9.40.6 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 0.5 | 14.4 | Secondary education requirements31.82.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 4.6 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 0.6 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.1 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 0.4 |
| Elementary occupations | 3.0 | 1.7 | 8.6 | Primary education requirements13.21.7 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.10 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.63 |
| Specialized training services | 4.08 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.35 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.29 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 445,909 | 41,114 |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | |

Dominican Republic

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 74.64 | 91 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Becondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.21 | 20.11 | 120 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 12.9 | 87.10 | 79 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 62.72 | 80 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | 46.4 | 46.38 | 53 |
| ocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 2.64 | 27.27 | 116 |
| outh literacy rate | 97.9 | 97.93 | 82 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.9 | 99.93 | 35 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 75.2 | 75.20 | 61 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 51.7 | 51.70 | 44 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills ncidence of overeducation | _ | _ | _ |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 56.01 | 84 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.3 | 99.27 | 41 |
| S I I I II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I | | | |
| | 64.1 | 64.13 | 69 |
| ertiary education attainment rate | 64.1 | 64.13 | 69 |
| ertiary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning | 64.1 26.2 | 64.13 26.20 | 69 27 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 | 64.1 26.2 3.86 | 64.13 26.20 47.67 | 69 27 |
| Fertiary education attainment rate | 64.1 26.2 3.86 | 64.13 26.20 47.67 | 69 27 |
| Fertiary education attainment rate | 64.1 26.2 3.86 -0.021 | 64.13 26.20 47.67 49.66 | 69 77 66 |
| Vorkplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation abour force participation rate | 64.126.23.860.021 | 64.13 26.20 47.67 49.66 | 697766 |
| Vorkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | 64.126.23.860.02180.6 | 64.13 26.20 47.67 49.66 80.60 | 69776685 |
| Vorkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation abour force participation rate Unemployment rate Juderemployment rate | 64.126.23.860.02180.6 | | 69 77 66 85 |
| Fertiary education attainment rate | 64.126.23.860.02180.6 | | 69 77 66 85 |
| Fertiary education attainment rate | 64.126.2 | 64.13 | 69 77 66 85 — |
| Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Underemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 64.126.2 | 64.13 | 69 77 66 85 — |

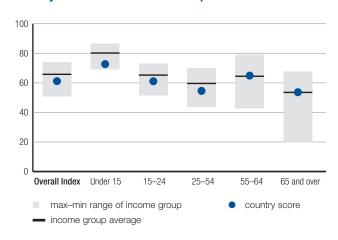
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 66.63 | 67 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.2 | 98.19 | 46 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 45.2 | 45.21 | 64 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.2 | 20.18 | 30 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 52.4 | 52.40 | 89 |
| Unemployment rate | – | — | — |
| Underemployment rate | 16.2 | 83.80 | 66 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 55.08 | 63 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.6 | 97.56 | 37 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 26.3 | 26.33 | 66 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 11.0 | 10.96 | 40 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 21.7 | 21.70 | 56 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Underemployment rate | 12.9 | 87.10 | 61 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|----------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.68 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.25 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 113 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 48.5 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 41.8 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.68 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | .81, 104 |

Country Score Within Income Group

Public investment



Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

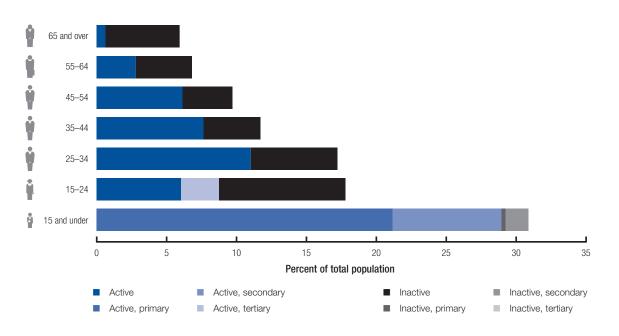
- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 61.38 84 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......84,706 Working age population (1,000s) 53,546 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).........6,722 Aged dependency ratio (%)......8.7 Child dependency ratio (%)......50.0 Median age of population (years)24 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....11,073 Labour force participation rate (%)......49.1 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 42.6 Unemployment rate (%)......13.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total12.710.921.7 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements16.40.2 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements25.20.2 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers8.26.6 | 0.2 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.31.32.7 | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements3.70.0 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.39 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.03 |
| Specialized training services | 3.24 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.72 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.87 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,301,182 | 510,390 |
| Agriculture | 65,234 | |
| Education | 247,485 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 220,735 | |
| Health and Welfare | 298,649 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 460,512 | |
| Sciences | 98,385 | |
| Services | 39,463 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 870,719 | |
| Unspecified | — | — |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 77.73 | 82 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| | | 00.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.10 | 18.38 | 123 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 9.3 | 90.70 | 69 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 61.66 | 82 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 48.7 | 48.75 | 25 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 91.1 | 91.12 | 93 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 84.7 | 84.68 | 42 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 22.0 | 22.00 | 100 |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | 10.2 | | |
| or training rate | 27.9 | 72.10 | 64 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 84.4 | 15.58 | 78 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.224 | 77.62 | 48 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 55.66 | 87 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.3 | 20.34 | 47 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 0.75 | 00.47 | 100 |
| Starr training services · Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| , , | 0.040 | 00.11 | 01 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 64 N | 64 00 | 115 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 8.0 | | |
| | | 26.26 | 80 |
| Employment gender gap | | 26.26 | 80 |
| Employment gender gapSkills | 26.3 | | |
| Underemployment rate | 26.3 | 36.30 | 29 |

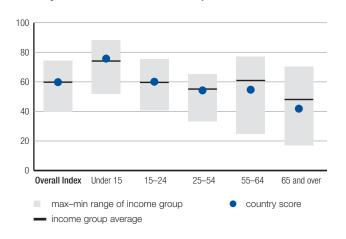
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 56.12 | 98 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 60.9 | 60.91 | 99 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 35.5 | 35.53 | 78 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.3 | 12.26 | 56 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 40.6 | 40.60 | 113 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | – |
| Underemployment rate | 6.4 | 93.60 | 50 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 61 | 93.85 | 81 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 42.96 | 95 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 43.0 | 42.98 | 97 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 23.5 | 23.47 | 72 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.3 | 9.25 | 51 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 10.3 | 10.30 | 86 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | – |
| Underemployment rate | 8.5 | 91.50 | 54 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 80.26 | 81 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|-----------------------|--|
|-----------------------|--|

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|--------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.27 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2.43 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 73 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 51.2 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 26.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.35 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 79, 85 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.76 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

El Salvador

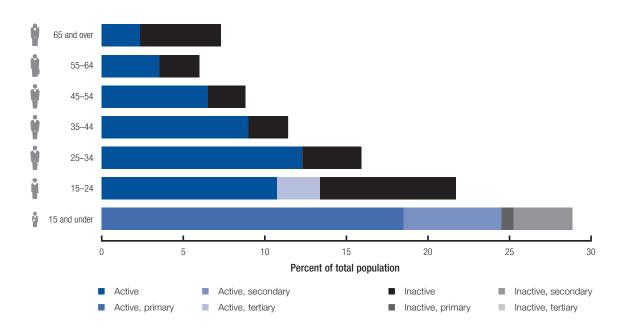
Human Capital Index 2015 66.89 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)6, | 426 |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Working age population (1,000s)4, | 102 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 763 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 1.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 52.6 |

Median age of population (years)23 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......8,014 Labour force participation rate (%)................62.1 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 58.4 Unemployment rate (%)......5.9

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | 76.13.9 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.1 | Tertiary education requirements9.10.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers0.11.217.9 | Secondary education requirements42.10.8 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers7.37.92.5 | 1.0 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.13.02.3 | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements24.61.5 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.41 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.31 |
| Specialized training services | 4.50 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.50 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.47 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total | 169,860 | 21,666 |
| Agriculture | 2,734 | 278 |
| Education | 16,347 | 4,132 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 16,551 | 2,002 |
| Health and Welfare | 30,451 | 3,880 |
| Humanities and Arts | 15,833 | 1,114 |
| Sciences | 20,997 | 2,664 |
| Services | 87 | 28 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 66,860 | 7,568 |
| Unspecified | — | |

El Salvador

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 77.97 | 81 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 92.1 | 92.11 | 85 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 62.5 | 62.50 | 78 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools 1 | 3.27 | 37.85 | 85 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | 8.5 | 91.50 | 67 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 70.35 | 55 |
| 13-24 Age droup | | 70.55 | 33 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 53.1 | 53.08 | 18 |
| Quality of education | 6.00 | 10.71 | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 97.5 | 97.53 | 84 |
| Educational attainment | 07.0 | 07.00 | 70 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 49.3 | 49.30 | 50 |
| Jnemployment rate | 11.7 | 88.30 | 50 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| or training rate _ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | 10.0 | 90.00 | 19 |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.217 | 78.31 | 38 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 61.28 | 64 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 18.4 | 18.39 | 51 |
| Norkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 3 00 | 40 Q0 | 64 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 76.7 | 76.70 | 102 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 72.0 | 72.00 | 112 |

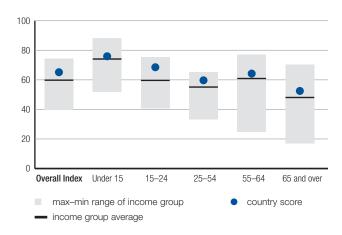
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 65.94 | 69 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 80.8 | 80.84 | 80 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 40.8 | 40.81 | 71 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.0 | 11.97 | 59 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 59.3 | 59.30 | 72 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.6 | 96.40 | 45 |
| Underemployment rate | 24.7 | 75.30 | 68 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 63 | 96.92 | 73 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | valuo | 00010 | Harit |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 53.88 | 68 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 66.8 | 66.79 | 78 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 21.0 | 20.99 | 77 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.6 | 5.59 | 73 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 32.1 | 32.10 | 38 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.3 | 94.70 | 79 |
| Underemployment rate | 25.9 | 74.10 | 64 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 82.89 | 73 |
| | | | |

| | | | _ |
|-----|----------|----------|------|
| Δdr | titi∩nal | l Indica | tore |

| Additional indicators |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem |
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 3.81 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 121 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP)3.42 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Estonia

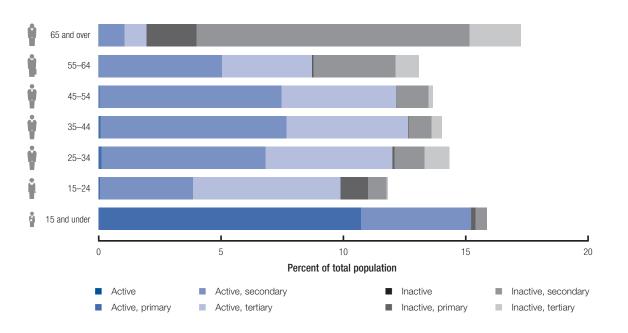
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 16 79.88 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 1,280 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 327 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 26.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 22.9 |

Median age of population (years)40 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....26,555 Labour force participation rate (%)......62.0 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......56.6 Unemployment rate (%)......8.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percer Agricultu | it of population e re Industry | employed in Services | Population employment | and the state of t |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Total | 17.0 | 36.6 | 56.0 | 2.3 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.3. | 4.1 | 19.1 | Tertiary education requirements23.4 | 0.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.6 | 10.0 | Secondary education requirements27.2 | 0.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers1.1. | 6.3 | 1.5 | | 0.6 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers $0.5.$ | 4.7 | 2.4 | | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | 1.3 | 3.5 | Primary education requirements5.2 | 0.4 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.11 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.63 |
| Specialized training services | 4.83 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.06 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.02 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 67,607 | 11,437 |
| Agriculture | 1,521 | 266 |
| Education | 5,102 | 887 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 9,993 | 1,360 |
| Health and Welfare | 6,530 | 1,361 |
| Humanities and Arts | 9,176 | 1,576 |
| Sciences | 7,799 | 1,170 |
| Services | 5,342 | 1,007 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 22,144 | 3,810 |
| Unspecified | — | — |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 93.20 | 10 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.39 | 73.15 | 15 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 77.09 | 18 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 34.1 | 34.14 | 44 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 99.97 | 25 |
| Educational attainment | 00.7 | 00.71 | 50 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 09.9 | 09.92 | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 40.5 | 40.50 | 77 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 35.1 | 64.91 | 57 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity | 0.100 | 01.70 | 19 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 73.59 | 23 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 21.0 | 21.03 | 43 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 4.40 | 50.04 | 00 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 88.0 | 88 00 | 33 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.43 | 40.53 | 97 |
| | | | |

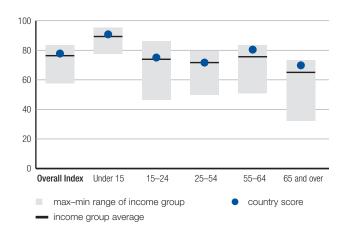
| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 82.59 | 11 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.8 | 99.78 | 21 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 98.6 | 98.64 | 9 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 21.6 | 21.62 | 23 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 65.6 | 65.60 | 51 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.0 | 94.00 | 65 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 11 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 67 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 71.69 | 11 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.4 | 99.38 | 25 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 88.2 | 88.21 | 12 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 17.4 | 17.42 | 20 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 13.3 | 13.30 | 76 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.9 | 97.10 | 61 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.7 | 98.30 | 22 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 2 | 88.16 | 39 |
| | | | |

| Additional | Indicators |
|------------|-------------------|
|------------|-------------------|

| Innovation ecosystem |
|---|
| State of cluster development ¹ 3.73 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 4.36 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 26 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP)5.15 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

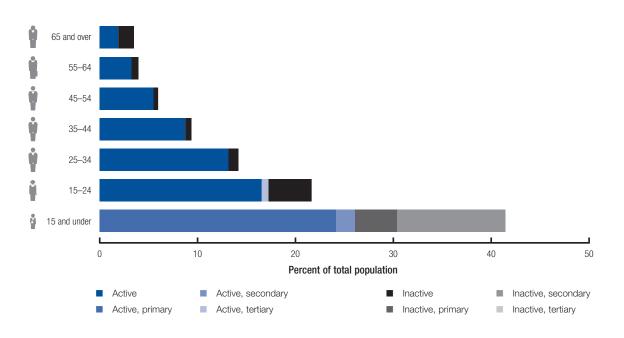
Ethiopia

Human Capital Index 2015 115 50.25 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......98,942 Working age population (1,000s) 54,501 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)........1,155 Aged dependency ratio (%)......6.3 Child dependency ratio (%)......85.0 Median age of population (years).....17 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......1,533 Labour force participation rate (%)......83.7 Unemployment rate (%)......5.0

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 4.9 | 12.9 | 42.3 | 60.1— |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 8.0 | 8.6 | Tertiary education requirements9.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 1.0 | 18.1 | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 3.3 | 7.9 | 3.4 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.0 | 1.0 | 2.2 | |
| Elementary occupations | 1.4 | 2.2 | 10.0 | Primary education requirements13.6 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.62 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.83 |
| Specialized training services | 3.27 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.77 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.14 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 693,287 | 102,633 |
| Agriculture | 39,618 | 7,878 |
| Education | 214,205 | 34,433 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 47,036 | 5,007 |
| Health and Welfare | 43,603 | 5,500 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 8,024 |
| Sciences | | 10,628 |
| Services | | 116 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 214,672 | |
| Unspecified | — | 118 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 52.37 | 123 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 68.7 | 68.71 | 120 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 14.8 | 14.80 | 109 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 61.1 | 61.08 | 102 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.47 | 41.09 | 81 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 27.4 | 72.60 | 102 |
| | Velue | Coore | Dowle |
| 15 04 Ago Croup | Value | Score Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 58.37 | 97 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | 2.8 | 2.79 | 118 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 38.3 | 38.32 | 38 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.60 | 43.32 | 64 |
| outh literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 41 6 | 41 59 | 124 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | = 10 | |
| Economic participation abour force participation rate | 70 E | 76 50 | 0 |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | 44.0 | 00.20 | 1 |
| or training rate | 11 | 98 90 | 🤈 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| . , | | | |
| Skills ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of overeducationncidence of undereducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| Juli alvaisity | 0.141 | 00.30 | o |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| | value | 30016 | ricarii |
| 25–54 Age Group | value | 47.37 | |
| | value | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 29.3 | 47.37 29.31 | 115 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 29.3 | 47.37 29.31 17.71 | 115 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 29.3 | 47.37 29.31 17.71 | 115 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning | 29.3 17.7 2.5 | 47.37 29.3117.712.52 | 115 123 117 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 29.3 17.7 2.5 | 47.37 29.31 17.71 2.52 | 115 123 117 112 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 29.3 17.7 2.5 | 47.37 29.31 17.71 2.52 | 115 123 117 112 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 | 29.3 17.7 2.5 | 47.37 29.31 17.71 2.52 | 115 123 117 112 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Porkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation | 29.317.72.5 | 47.37 29.31 17.71 2.52 39.32 34.29 | 115 123 117 112 107 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Porkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity3 Economic participation abour force participation rate | 29.317.72.53.360.942 | 47.37 29.31 17.71 2.52 39.32 34.29 92.60 | 115 123 117 112 107 105 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Porkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | 29.317.72.53.360.94292.64.2 | 47.37 29.31 17.71 2.52 39.32 34.29 92.60 95.80 | 115 123 117 102 105 105 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity3 Economic participation abour force participation rate Unemployment rate Juderemployment rate | 29.317.72.53.360.94292.64.247.0 | 47.3729.3117.712.5239.3234.2992.6095.8053.00 | 115123117107105105 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation abour force participation rate Underemployment rate Juderemployment rate Employment gender gap | 29.317.72.53.360.94292.64.247.0 | 47.3729.3117.712.5239.3234.2992.6095.8053.00 | 115123117107105105 |
| cucational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services 1 Sconomic complexity 3 Conomic participation abour force participation rate Underemployment rate Judderemployment rate Skills | 29.317.72.53.360.94292.647.083.6 | 47.3729.3117.712.5239.3234.2992.6095.8095.8083.65 | 115123117107105105 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation abour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 29.317.72.53.360.94292.647.083.63.8 | 47.3729.3117.712.5239.3234.2992.6095.8095.8083.65 | 115123117107105105 |

| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 48.90 | 112 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 10.8 | 10.81 | 122 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 4.1 | 4.14 | 122 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.9 | 0.90 | 117 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 82.5 | 82.50 | 13 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.5 | 97.50 | 27 |
| Underemployment rate | 38.2 | 61.80 | 69 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 55 | 84.62 | 100 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

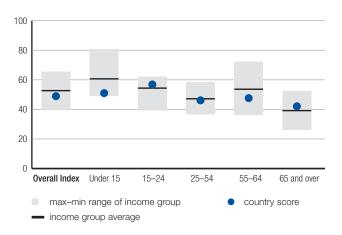
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 43.19 | 94 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 5.2 | 5.21 | 122 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 1.6 | 1.62 | 121 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.4 | 0.35 | 117 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 54.3 | 54.30 | 14 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.2 | 97.80 | 52 |
| Underemployment rate | 29.3 | 70.70 | 65 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 72.37 | 100 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|-----------------------|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |

| 3.00 |
|--------|
| 3.46 |
| 168 |
| |
| 41.4 |
| 89.5 |
| 2.66 |
| 14, 90 |
| |

Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP).....4.73

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Finland

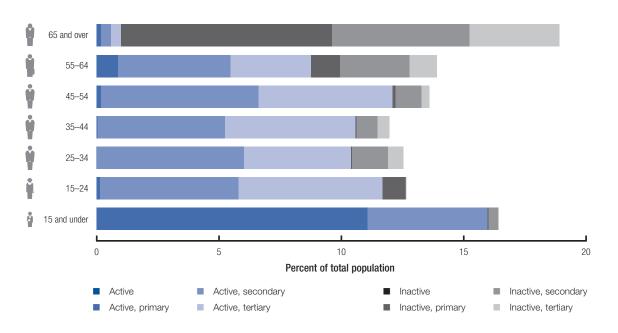
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 85.78 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 5,461 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 3,448 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | ,396 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | . 25.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 24.9 |

Median age of population (years)42 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)..... 40,455 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.8 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 54.9 Unemployment rate (%)......8.2

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Total | 2.2 | 12.3 | 39.5 | | 54.1 | 2.5 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.2 | 4.2 | 19.8 | Tertiary education requirements | 24.2 | 0.6 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 0.6 | 13.4 | Secondary education requirements | 26.2 | 8 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.8 | 4.8 | 1.4 | | | 0.5 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.2 | 2.1 | 1.8 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.0 | 0.5 | 2.8 | Primary education requirements | 3.4 | 0.4 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 6.26 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.58 |
| Specialized training services | 5.90 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.67 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.58 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 308,924 | 53,296 |
| Agriculture | 6,803 | 1,007 |
| Education | 15,519 | 3,654 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 74,350 | 10,706 |
| Health and Welfare | 50,929 | 10,471 |
| Humanities and Arts | 42,566 | 7,107 |
| Sciences | 30,457 | 3,981 |
| Services | 16,729 | 2,884 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 71,571 | 13,486 |
| Unspecified | — | |

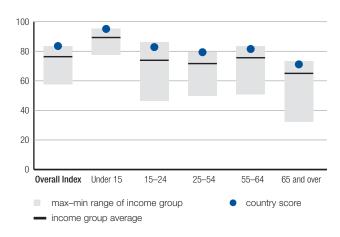
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 97.67 | 1 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 6.75 | 95.79 | 1 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 85.04 | 2 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 93 7 | 93.72 | 3 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 5.86 | 80.99 | 2 |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 5 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 12.9 | 87.10 | 50 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 9.3 | 90.70 | 18 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 12.8 | 87.20 | 28 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.174 | 82.57 | 13 |
| | | | |
| <u>.</u> | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 81.49 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 43.8 | 43./8 | 4 |
| Workplace learning | F 60 | 74.07 | _ |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| , , | 1.041 | 11.00 | 1 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | Q7 E | 97 FO | 20 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 44 9 | 44 90 | 13 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 73.06 | 7 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 91.6 | 91.63 | 9 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 25.6 | 25.59 | 3 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 6.6 | 6.60 | 102 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.2 | 98.80 | 33 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.6 | 95.40 | 47 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.97 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 27 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 9.5 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 6.13 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......6.76

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

France

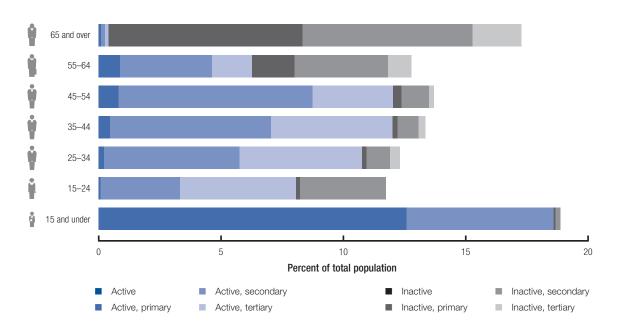
Human Capital Index 2015 80.15 14 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 64,983 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 41,053 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 12,821 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 25.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 28.3 |

Median age of population (years)40 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)..... 40,445 Labour force participation rate (%)......55.9 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 50.1 Unemployment rate (%)......10.4

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Total | 1.6 | 10.8 | 38.2 | | 50.5 | 2.0 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 4.4 | 17.9 | Tertiary education requirements | 22.4 | 0.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 0.9 | 12.0 | Secondary education requirements | 22.6 | 0.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.3 | 3.0 | 1.7 | | | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assembler | s0.0 | 1.8 | 1.8 | | | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.1 | 0.6 | 4.3 | Primary education requirements | 5.0 | 0.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.19 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.73 |
| Specialized training services | 5.29 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.84 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.61 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,296,306 | 697,193 |
| Agriculture | 25,392 | 8,346 |
| Education | 58,327 | 24,239 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 307,495 | 104,746 |
| Health and Welfare | 367,040 | 105,762 |
| Humanities and Arts | 308,432 | 66,257 |
| Sciences | 265,808 | 72,030 |
| Services | 78,231 | 26,192 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 875,680 | 289,559 |
| Unspecified | 9,901 | 62 |

France

| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|---|-------|---------|------|
| Primary enrolment rate | Under 15 Age Group | | 93.05 | 14 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap 100.0 100.00 1 Quality of education 4.88 .64.60 .27 Vulnerability 1.0 .99.00 .3 Image: Incidence of child labour. 1.0 .99.00 .3 Enrolment in education 75.89 23 Enrolment in education 75.89 23 Enrolment in education .58.3 .58.30 .40 Vocational enrolment rate .44.2 .44.20 .33 Quality of education system¹ .4.38 .56.35 .32 Youth literacy rate .100.0 .100.00 .1 Educational attainment .100.0 .100.00 .1 Educational attainment .28 .860.35 .32 Secondary education attainment rate .90.0 .99.97 .28 Secondary education attainment rate .98.0 .99.97 .28 Economic participation rate .38.2 .38.20 .86 Not in employment rate .23.9 .76.10 .94 Und | , | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools¹ .4.88 .64.60 .27 Vulnerability .1.0 .99.00 .3 Value Score Rank 15—24 Age Group 75.89 23 Enrolment in education .58.3 .58.30 .40 Vocational enrolment rate .44.2 .44.20 .33 Quality of education .4.38 .56.35 .32 Youth literacy rate .100.0 .100.00 .1 Educational attainment .100.0 .100.00 .1 Educational attainment rate .100.0 .99.97 .28 Secondary education attainment rate .98.0 .98.02 .12 Economic participation .23.9 .76.10 .94 Labour force participation rate .38.2 .38.20 .86 Unemployment rate .23.9 .76.10 .94 Underemployment rate .23.9 .76.10 .94 Underemployment rate .26.6 .73.36 .43 | | | | |
| Quality of primary schools¹ .4.88 .64.60 27 Vulnerability | , | | 1001001 | |
| Incidence of child labour | | 4.88 | 64.60 | 27 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 15–24 Age Group | value | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | a to attigo anoth | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate .44.2 .44.20 .33 Quality of education .4.38 .56.35 .32 Youth literacy rate .100.0 .100.00 .1 Educational attainment .100.0 .99.97 .28 Secondary education attainment rate .98.0 .98.02 .12 Economic participation .38.2 .38.20 .86 Unemployment rate .23.9 .76.10 .94 Underemployment, education .15.6 .84.40 .56 Not in employment, education .11.2 .88.80 .25 Long-term unemployment rate .11.2 .88.80 .25 Long-term unemployment rate .26.6 .73.36 .43 Skills Incidence of overeducation .14.6 .85.40 .34 Incidence of overeduca | | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system¹ .4.38 .56.35 .32 Youth literacy rate .100.0 .100.00 .1 Educational attainment .100.0 .99.97 .28 Secondary education attainment rate .98.0 .98.02 .12 Economic participation .38.2 .38.20 .86 Unemployment rate .23.9 .76.10 .94 Underemployment rate .15.6 .84.40 .56 Not in employment, education .76.6 .84.40 .56 Not in employment rate .26.6 .73.36 .43 Skills Incidence of overeducation .14.6 .85.40 .34 Incidence of overeducation .14.6 .85.40 .34 Incidence of overeducation .16.6 .83.40 .17 Skill diversity² .0.241 .75.95 .54 Educational attainment .10 .90.6 .99.56 .36 Secondary education attainment rate .99.6 .99.56 | , | | | |
| Quality of education system¹ 4.38 56.35 32 Youth literacy rate 100.0 100.00 .1 Educational attainment 100.0 99.97 28 Secondary education attainment rate 98.0 99.97 28 Secondary education attainment rate 98.0 99.97 28 Secondary education attainment rate 98.0 99.97 28 Secondary education attainment rate 38.2 38.20 86 Unemployment rate 23.9 76.10 94 Underemployment rate 15.6 84.40 56 Not in employment, education 11.2 88.80 25 Long-term unemployment rate 26.6 73.36 43 Skills Incidence of overeducation 14.6 85.40 34 Incidence of overeducation 16.6 83.40 17 Skill diversity² 0.241 75.95 54 Value Score Rank Primary education attainment Primary education attainment rate 99.6 99.56 36 | | 44.2 | 44.20 | 33 |
| Educational attainment 100.0 100.00 1 Primary education attainment rate 100.0 99.97 28 Secondary education attainment rate 98.0 99.97 28 Secondary education attainment rate 98.0 99.97 28 Secondary education attainment rate 98.0 99.02 12 Economic participation 38.2 38.20 86 Unemployment rate 23.9 76.10 94 Underemployment rate 15.6 84.40 56 Not in employment, education 11.2 88.80 25 Long-term unemployment rate 26.6 73.36 43 Skills 11.2 88.80 25 Long-term unemployment rate 26.6 73.36 43 Skills 11.46 85.40 34 Incidence of overeducation 14.6 85.40 34 Incidence of overeducation 16.6 83.40 17 Skill diversity² 0.241 75.95 54 Educa | | 4.00 | FO 0F | 00 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate 100.0 99.97 28 Secondary education attainment rate 98.0 98.02 12 Economic participation 38.2 38.20 86 Unemployment rate 23.9 76.10 94 Underemployment rate 15.6 84.40 56 Not in employment, education or training rate 11.2 88.80 25 Long-term unemployment rate 26.6 73.36 43 Skills Incidence of overeducation 14.6 85.40 34 Incidence of undereducation 16.6 83.40 17 Skill diversity² 0.241 75.95 54 Value Score Rank Primary education attainment 40.24 99.6 99.56 36 Secondary education attainment rate 94.9 94.91 20 Tertiary education attainment rate 37.4 37.43 .8 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 4.47 57.80 28 Economic complexity³ 1.457 | , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Secondary education attainment rate 98.0 98.02 12 | | 100.0 | 00.07 | 28 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | · · | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | 00.02 | |
| Unemployment rate 23.9 76.10 .94 Underemployment rate 15.6 .84.40 .56 Not in employment, education or training rate 11.2 .88.80 .25 Long-term unemployment rate 26.6 .73.36 .43 Skills Incidence of overeducation 14.6 .85.40 .34 Incidence of undereducation 16.6 .83.40 .17 Skill diversity² .0.241 .75.95 .54 Value Score Rank Value Score Rank Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate .99.6 .99.56 .36 Secondary education attainment rate .94.9 .94.91 .20 Tertiary education attainment rate .37.4 .37.43 .8 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ .4.47 .57.80 .28 Economic complexity³ .1.457 .74.29 .13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .88.7 .88.70 | | 38.2 | 38 20 | 86 |
| Underemployment rate | | | | |
| or training rate | | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation .14.6 .85.40 .34 Incidence of undereducation .16.6 .83.40 .17 Skill diversity² .0.241 .75.95 .54 Value Score Rank Value Score Rank Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate .99.6 .99.56 .36 Secondary education attainment rate .94.9 .94.91 .20 Tertiary education attainment rate .37.4 .37.43 .8 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ .4.47 .57.80 .28 Economic complexity³ .1.457 .74.29 .13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .87 .91.30 .68 Underemployment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 | <u> </u> | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | Long-term unemployment rate | 26.6 | 73.36 | 43 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | | |
| Value Score Rank Value Score Rank Value Score Rank 25—54 Age Group 76.98 10 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 99.6 99.56 .36 Secondary education attainment rate 94.9 94.91 .20 Tertiary education attainment rate .37.4 .37.43 .8 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ .4.47 .57.80 .28 Economic complexity³ .1.457 .74.29 .13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .8.7 .91.30 .68 Underemployment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.9 .43 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | | | | |
| Value Score Rank № 25—54 Age Group 76.98 10 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 99.6 99.56 .36 Secondary education attainment rate 94.9 94.91 .20 Tertiary education attainment rate .37.4 .37.43 .8 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ .4.47 .57.80 .28 Economic complexity³ 1.457 .74.29 .13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .8.7 .91.30 .68 Underemployment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | â | | | |
| ### 25—54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Orall diversity | 0.241 | 70.90 | 04 |
| Educational attainment 99.6 99.56 36 Secondary education attainment rate 94.9 94.91 20 Tertiary education attainment rate 37.4 37.43 8 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ 4.47 57.80 28 Economic complexity ³ 1.457 74.29 13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 88.7 88.70 26 Unemployment rate 8.7 91.30 68 Underemployment gender gap 88.5 88.47 25 Skills High-skilled employment share 44.9 44.90 13 Medium-skilled employment share 90.0 90.00 48 | • | Value | Score | Rank |
| Primary education attainment rate .99.6 .99.56 .36 Secondary education attainment rate .94.9 .94.91 .20 Tertiary education attainment rate .37.4 .37.43 .8 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ .4.47 .57.80 .28 Economic complexity ³ 1.457 .74.29 .13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .8.7 .91.30 .68 Underemployment rate .9.5 .90.50 .44 Employment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | 25–54 Age Group | | 76.98 | 10 |
| Secondary education attainment rate 94.9 94.91 .20 Tertiary education attainment rate 37.4 .37.43 .8 Workplace learning .37.4 .57.80 .28 Economic complexity³ 1.457 .74.29 .13 Economic participation .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .8.7 .91.30 .68 Underemployment rate .9.5 .90.50 .44 Employment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | Educational attainment | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate .37.4 .37.43 .8 Workplace learning .37.4 .57.80 .28 Economic complexity³ 1.457 .74.29 .13 Economic participation .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .8.7 .91.30 .68 Underemployment rate .9.5 .90.50 .44 Employment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | • | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 .4.47 .57.80 .28 Economic complexity 3 1.457 .74.29 .13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .8.7 .91.30 .68 Underemployment rate .9.5 .90.50 .44 Employment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | | | | |
| Staff training services 1 4.47 57.80 28 Economic complexity3 1.457 74.29 13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 88.7 88.70 26 Unemployment rate 8.7 91.30 68 Underemployment rate 9.5 90.50 .44 Employment gender gap 88.5 88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | lertiary education attainment rate | 37.4 | 37.43 | 8 |
| Economic complexity³ 1.457 74.29 13 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 88.7 88.70 26 Unemployment rate 8.7 91.30 68 Underemployment rate 9.5 90.50 .44 Employment gender gap 88.5 88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .8.7 .91.30 .68 Underemployment rate .9.5 .90.50 .44 Employment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | | | | |
| Labour force participation rate .88.7 .88.70 .26 Unemployment rate .8.7 .91.30 .68 Underemployment rate .9.5 .90.50 .44 Employment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | | 1.457 | 74.29 | 13 |
| Unemployment rate 8.7 91.30 68 Underemployment rate 9.5 90.50 .44 Employment gender gap 88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | | 00.7 | 00.70 | 00 |
| Underemployment rate 9.5 90.50 .44 Employment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | | | | |
| Employment gender gap .88.5 .88.47 .25 Skills High-skilled employment share .44.9 .44.90 .13 Medium-skilled employment share .90.0 .90.00 .48 | | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | 44 9 | 44 90 | 13 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

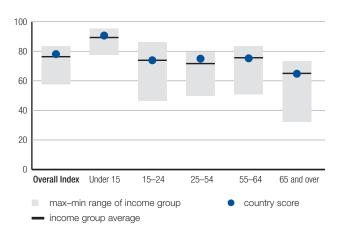
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 77.24 | 30 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.8 | 98.78 | 41 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 86.7 | 86.74 | 27 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.5 | 20.54 | 28 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 48.3 | 48.30 | 94 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.0 | 93.00 | 73 |
| Underemployment rate | 6.7 | 93.30 | 52 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 72 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 66.53 | 29 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.4 | 98.37 | 31 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 63.5 | 63.53 | 29 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 14.1 | 14.06 | 31 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 2.7 | 2.70 | 123 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.5 | 96.50 | 65 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.2 | 95.80 | 44 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 7 | 94.74 | 9 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 28 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 7.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 5.74 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......5.68

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

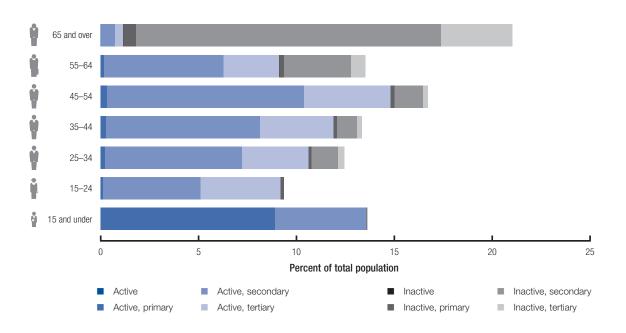
Germany

Human Capital Index 2015 78.55 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......82,562 Working age population (1,000s) 54,168 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......16,078 Aged dependency ratio (%)......31.6 Child dependency ratio (%)......20.4 Median age of population (years)44 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....44,741 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.9 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 56.7 Unemployment rate (%)......5.3

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 8.0 | 16.3 | 41.4 | | 58.5 | 1.2 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 5.0 | 20.1 | Tertiary education requirements | 25.1 | 0.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 2.6 | 13.5 | Secondary education requirements | 28.2 | 0.4 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.5 | 5.8 | 2.2 | | | 0.2 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.0 | 1.8 | 1.7 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.1 | 1.2 | 3.5 | Primary education requirements | 4.8 | 0.2 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.09 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.98 |
| Specialized training services | 6.03 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.70 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.06 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total | 2,939,463 | 638,863 |
| Agriculture | 43,205 | 9,932 |
| Education | 225,065 | 58,541 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 537,586 | 93,329 |
| Health and Welfare | 483,538 | 123,115 |
| Humanities and Arts | 379,602 | 102,404 |
| Sciences | 427,280 | 80,508 |
| Services | 76,981 | 19,802 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 760,920 | 149,700 |
| Unspecified | 5,286 | 1,534 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|--------------------|---|----------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 79.56 | 75 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.12 | 68.68 | 20 |
| Vulnerability | | | _ |
| Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 79.87 | 12 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 61.7 | 61.65 | 35 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 5.24 | 70.70 | 12 |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 84.2 | 84.20 | 43 |
| Economic participation | 50.5 | 50.50 | 40 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 22.7 | 77.25 | 39 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducationIncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 77.55 | 8 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 20. 10 | 20 |
| Markelasa lasusina | | | |
| | 5.02 | 66 92 | 1.3 |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Staff training services 1 Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 1.895 | 81.58 | 3 |
| Staff training services 1 | 87.8 | 81.58 87.80 95.10 | 37 |
| Staff training services 1 | 87.8 4.9 5.5 | 81.58 87.80 95.10 94.50 | 37 38 32 |
| Staff training services 1 | 87.8 4.9 5.5 | 81.58 87.80 95.10 94.50 | 37 38 32 |
| Staff training services 1 | | 81.58 87.80 95.10 94.50 89.42 | 37 38 32 |
| Staff training services 1 | | 81.58 87.80 95.10 94.50 89.42 | 37383223 |

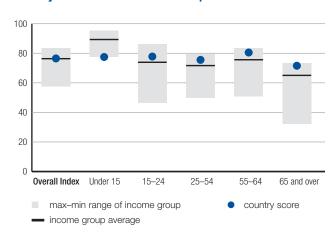
| | value | Score | naiik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 82.67 | 9 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 97.4 | 97.41 | 13 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 25.4 | 25.39 | 16 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 66.0 | 66.00 | 47 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.7 | 94.30 | 60 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.4 | 95.60 | 40 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 73.47 | 5 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 98.6 | 98.60 | 4 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.4 | 19.38 | 13 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 5.7 | 5.70 | 107 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.9 | 99.10 | 24 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.9 | 98.10 | 25 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.49 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.34 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 114 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 6.5 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 5.67 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......5.08

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

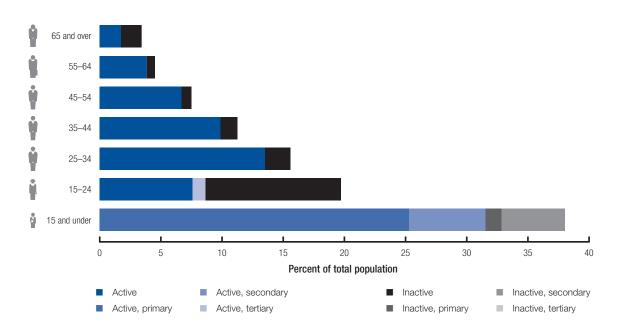
Human Capital Index 2015 62.63 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......26,984 Working age population (1,000s) 15,795 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).........1,052 Aged dependency ratio (%)......6.2 Child dependency ratio (%)......67.8

Median age of population (years)20 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......4,173 Labour force participation rate (%)......69.3 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 68.1 Unemployment rate (%)......1.8

Education and workforce distribution



Employment distribution by economic activity and occupation

Percent of population employed in Population by Unemployed population Agriculture Industry by former occupation employment type Total..... Managers, professionals and technicians — — Tertiary education requirements.....—— Clerical, service and sales workers — — — Secondary education requirements.....— Skilled agricultural and trades workers...... -- -- Plant and machine operators, and assemblers..... — — Elementary occupations——— Primary education requirements-

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.38 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.57 |
| Specialized training services | 3.78 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.44 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.58 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 285,862 | 72,071 |
| Agriculture | 9,304 | 2,408 |
| Education | 71,369 | 21,888 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 20,047 | 4,137 |
| Health and Welfare | 9,006 | 1,725 |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | 26,065 | 6,080 |
| Services | 2,319 | 918 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 144,444 | 34,727 |
| Unspecified | | 188 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 69.49 | 99 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 89.6 | 89.64 | 98 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 97.0 | 97.04 | 80 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.01 | 33.42 | 97 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 33.9 | 66.10 | 107 |
| | Value | Coore | Donle |
| 15–24 Age Group | Value | Score 58.64 | Rank 95 |
| 15-24 Age Group | | 30.04 | 90 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 12.2 | 12.20 | 96 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 5.2 | 5.19 | 98 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.84 | 47.32 | 50 |
| Youth literacy rate | 90.6 | 90.60 | 95 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 77.7 | 77.73 | 55 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rateLong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.337 | 66.33 | 85 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 61.41 | 63 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tartian, advantion attainment rate | | | |
| remary education attainment rate | 7.7 | 7.70 | 96 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 4.08 | 51.38 | 55 |
| | 4.08 | 51.38 | 55 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation | 4.08 -0.917 | 51.38 34.71 | 55 102 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 4.08 -0.917 87.5 | 51.38 34.71 87.50 | 55102 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 4.08 -0.917 87.5 | 51.38 34.71 87.50 96.20 | 55 102 39 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 4.08 -0.917 87.5 3.8 | 51.38 34.71 87.50 96.20 | 55 102 39 24 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 | 4.08 -0.917 87.5 3.8 | 51.38 34.71 87.50 96.20 | 55 102 39 24 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 | 4.08 -0.91787.53.8 | 51.38 34.71 87.50 96.20 94.10 | 55 102 39 24 7 |
| Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 4.08 -0.91787.53.8 | 51.38 34.71 87.50 96.20 94.10 | 55 102 39 24 7 |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 66.05 | 68 |
|---|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 69.2 | 69.18 | 95 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 55.5 | 55.48 | 56 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 6.3 | 6.29 | 90 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 85.3 | 85.30 | 9 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.0 | 97.00 | 36 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 54 | 83.08 | .105 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | Value | Score 51.27 | Rank 74 |
| Α | Value | | |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 51.27 | 74 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment | 46.3 | 51.27 46.33 | 74 93 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 46.3 36.5 | 51.27 46.33 | 74 9354 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 46.3 36.5 | 51.27 46.33 | 74 9354 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 46.3 36.5 | 51.27 46.33 | 74 935470 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation | 46.3 36.5 5.9 | 51.27 46.3336.485.8750.40 | 74 935470 |

| Δr | ldi | itic | mal | l In | ih | cat | 'n | rs |
|----|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----|----|----|
| AU | IUI | ILIC | niu | | u | ou | · | U |

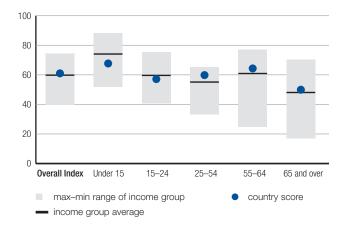
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|----|
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 96 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |

| Workers in informal employment | — |
|--|---------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 72.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.58 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 100, 99 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | ion (% of GDP)8.14 |
|---|--------------------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.23 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

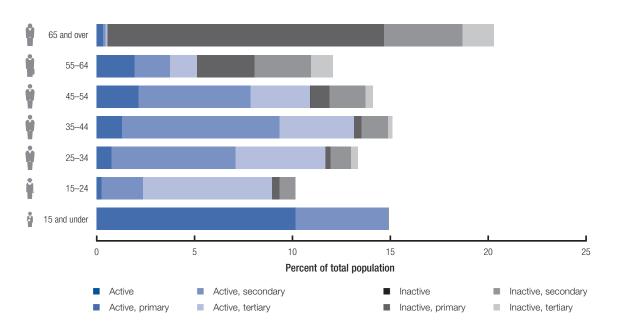
Greece

Human Capital Index 2015 73.70 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......11,126 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)..........1,891 Aged dependency ratio (%).......28.6 Child dependency ratio (%)......21.8 Median age of population (years)42 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....25,753 Labour force participation rate (%)......53.2 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 38.7 Unemployment rate (%)......27.2

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 5.2 | 5.9 | 26.7 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.0 | 1.0 | 11.1 | Tertiary education requirements12.20.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 0.7 | 10.8 | Secondary education requirements22.41.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 4.8 | 2.8 | 1.0 | 0.5 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | s 0.0 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1.7 | Primary education requirements2.50.4 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.30 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.88 |
| Specialized training services | 3.83 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.35 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.03 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 663,698 | 66,333 |
| Agriculture | 30,081 | 2,869 |
| Education | 41,888 | 6,940 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 116,938 | 10,840 |
| Health and Welfare | 52,300 | 7,687 |
| Humanities and Arts | 94,630 | 8,568 |
| Sciences | 99,850 | 8,173 |
| Services | 18,297 | 1,997 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 208,845 | 19,194 |
| Unspecified | 869 | 65 |

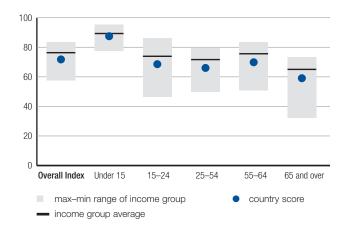
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 89.81 | 30 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.84 | 47.27 | 62 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 70.40 | 54 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 33.1 | 33.07 | 45 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| | 99.4 | 99.40 | 47 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 99.8 | 99.82 | 41 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 30.4 | 30.40 | 111 |
| Unemployment rate | 53.9 | 46.10 | 123 |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 17.0 | 83.00 | 60 |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 52.0 | 48.04 | 68 |
| Skills | 15.0 | 04.70 | 0.5 |
| Incidence of overeducation Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 67.79 | 40 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 20.0 | 20.04 | 20 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 3 55 | 42.51 | 98 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 84.2 | 84.20 | 62 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 12.0 | /1.99 | 56 |
| Skills | 20.0 | 00.00 | 00 |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | | - |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 71.73 | 52 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.2 | 98.24 | 45 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 62.9 | 62.90 | 48 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.3 | 19.28 | 33 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 43.9 | 43.90 | 100 |
| Unemployment rate | 16.2 | 83.80 | 96 |
| Underemployment rate | 6.0 | 94.00 | 47 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 60.65 | 48 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 94.4 | 94.37 | 46 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 35.0 | 34.96 | 56 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.5 | 10.52 | 43 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 3.6 | 3.60 | 117 |
| Unemployment rate | 9.1 | 90.90 | 87 |
| Underemployment rate | 3.2 | 96.80 | 35 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 3.06 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment Social safety net ¹ Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 3.41 |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Guatemala

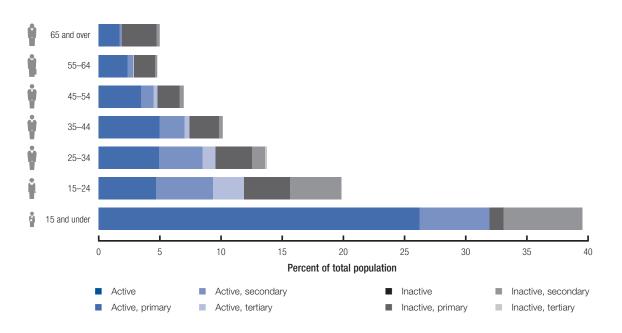
Human Capital Index 2015 86 61.34 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 16,255 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 9,048 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 551 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 8.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 76.8 |

| Median age of population (years)19 |
|--|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)7,477 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)67.7 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)65.7 |
| Unemployment rate (%)3.0 |

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 20.2 | 10.6 | 31.0 | 61.8 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 0.5 | 6.1 | Tertiary education requirements6.70.1 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.3 | 0.6 | 15.5 | Secondary education requirements34.60.4 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 6.1 | 6.6 | 2.5 | 0.1 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.1 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 13.7 | 1.7 | 5.1 | Primary education requirements20.5 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.45 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.71 |
| Specialized training services | 4.40 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.26 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.06 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 293,721 | 20,831 |
| Agriculture | | 1,520 |
| Education | | 5,149 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | 2,943 |
| Health and Welfare | | 2,662 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 209 |
| Sciences | | 549 |
| Services | | 0 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | 7,800 |
| Unspecified | | 0 |

Guatemala

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 67.73 | 105 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| | 92.5 | 92.52 | 91 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.47 | 24.51 | 112 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 25.8 | 74.20 | 96 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 69.32 | 59 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 18.7 | 18.74 | 84 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 83.9 | 83.88 | 1 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 2.69 | 28.22 | 111 |
| Youth literacy rate | 95.4 | 95.37 | 89 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 51.2 | 51.21 | 91 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 20.1 | 79.90 | 65 |
| or training rate | 29.8 | 70.20 | 66 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | — | | – |
| | | | |
| <u>.</u> | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 55.17 | 91 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.2 | 9.24 | 88 |
| Workplace learning | 4.50 | E0.00 | 00 |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| | 0.104 | 71.40 | 1 ∠ |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 76 1 | 76 10 | 104 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | - |
| High-skilled employment share | 11 0 | 11 00 | 96 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | • | | 50 |

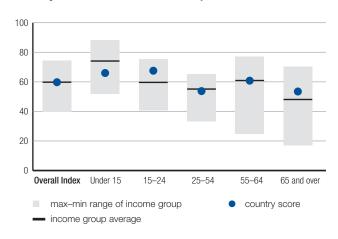
| | value | 30016 | Halik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| \$5-64 Age Group | | 62.42 | 81 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 61.4 | 61.39 | 98 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 20.4 | 20.39 | 103 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.9 | 5.95 | 93 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 66.4 | 66.40 | 44 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.0 | 99.00 | 14 |
| Underemployment rate | 11.6 | 88.40 | 61 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 62 | 95.38 | 77 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | OCOIC | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 54.89 | 64 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 49.0 | 48.97 | 90 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 13.7 | 13.69 | 97 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.0 | 4.03 | 86 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 43.4 | 43.40 | 25 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.9 | 99.10 | 24 |
| Underemployment rate | 6.5 | 93.50 | 52 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 81.58 | 77 |
| | | | |

| Additional | indicators | |
|------------|------------|--|
| | | |

| innovation ecosystem | |
|--|---|
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 9 | 8 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | - |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP)2.9 | 2 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5 |
| | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

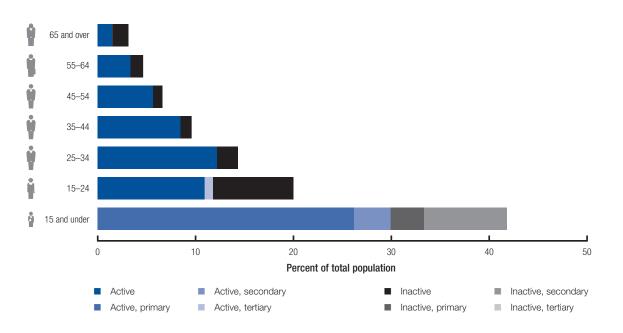
Human Capital Index 2015 48.25 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | .12,348 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 6,803 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 286 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 79.3 |

| Median age of population (years) | 18 |
|--|-----|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)1,3 | 343 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)7 | 2.0 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)7 | 0.7 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 1.7 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.09 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.33 |
| Specialized training services | 2.76 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.71 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.50 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 101,173 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | — | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | |
| Unspecified | — | |

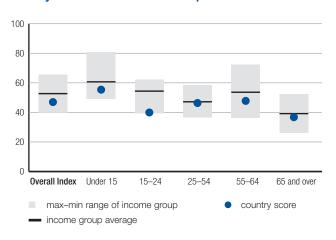
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 56.86 | 121 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 63.1 | 63.09 | 101 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.28 | 21.34 | 117 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 28.3 | 71.70 | 104 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 41.00 | 123 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 9.9 | 9.93 | 102 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 8.3 | 8.31 | 88 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 2.43 | 23.76 | 120 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 57.5 | 57 45 | 117 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 516 | 54.60 | 20 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | – | — |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | – | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 47.59 | 113 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 38.8 | 38.77 | 117 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 22.9 | 22.91 | 111 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.8 | 5.85 | 101 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.854 | 19.09 | 113 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 86.0 | 86.00 | 53 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | 0.0 | 0.00 | 104 |
| Hign-skilled employment snare Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.10 | 90.5U | |
| Lase of illiumy skilled employees | 3.10 | 34.98 | 110 |
| | | | |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 49.07 | 110 |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate2 | 23.6 | 23.59 | 116 |
| Secondary education attainment rate1 | 5.8 | 15.80 | 108 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | .8.3 | 8.33 | 79 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 2.3 | 72.30 | 28 |
| Unemployment rate | .1.0 | 99.00 | 14 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | | | |
| V | alue | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 37.74 | 106 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | .8.0 | 8.04 | 118 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | .4.5 | 4.47 | 109 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | .3.1 | 3.09 | 93 |
| Economic participation | | | |

Labour force participation rate........47.447.4022 Underemployment rate – – –

| | value |
|--|--------------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 2.18 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | 95.0 2.14 |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

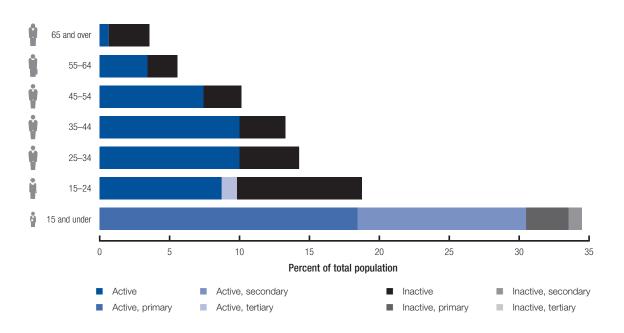
Human Capital Index 2015 64.17 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 808 |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 500 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 51 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (0/) | 62.5 |

| Median age of population (years) | 22 |
|---|------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)6, | 905 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 31.4 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 54.5 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 11.1 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.34 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.64 |
| Specialized training services | 4.05 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.04 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.99 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 8,857 | 1,838 |
| Agriculture | 187 | 34 |
| Education | 2,991 | 840 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 685 | 138 |
| Health and Welfare | 1,170 | 251 |
| Humanities and Arts | 223 | 29 |
| Sciences | 967 | 109 |
| Services | 93 | 14 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 2,483 | 423 |
| Unspecified | 58 | |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 83.41 | 60 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 74.8 | 74.75 | 116 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 92.6 | 92.56 | 21 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.71 | 61.75 | 33 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 16.4 | 83.60 | 86 |
| icide ice of critic labour | 10.4 | | 00 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 61.04 | 87 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| ocational enrolment rate | 9.7 | 9.72 | 85 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 94.4 | 94.38 | 90 |
| Educational attainment | 22 - | 00.55 | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 90.1 | 90.13 | 28 |
| Economic participation | 40.0 | 40.00 | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of overeducationncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | value | 56.59 | 81 |
| - | | 00.00 | UI |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 07.5 | Q7 //7 | 50 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Norkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 72.6 | 72.60 | 109 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Inderemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | – | | – |
| | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 70.7 | 70.70 | 114 |

| \$55–64 Age Group | | 62.51 | 80 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 94.7 | 94.69 | 56 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 63.2 | 63.16 | 47 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.0 | 8.96 | 75 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 61.1 | 61.10 | 69 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | — |
| Underemployment rate | – | | – |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 55 | 84.62 | 100 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 48.90 | 80 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 94.7 | 94.74 | 44 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 51.8 | 51.77 | 37 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.9 | 7.91 | 57 |

| Unemployment rate | — | | — |
|----------------------------------|---|---|-------|
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | Value |

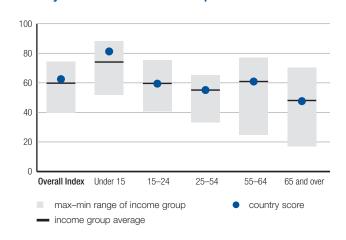
Additional Indicators

Economic participation

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|---------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.90 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.76 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 99 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 46.1 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.75 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 114, 83 |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......3.19

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Honduras

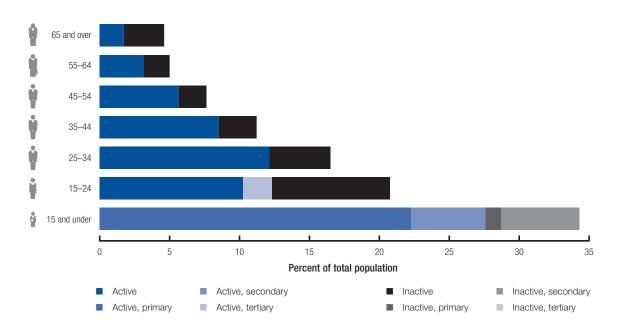
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 96 58.93 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 8,424 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 5,147 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 380 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 7.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 62.5 |

Median age of population (years)21 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......4,713 Labour force participation rate (%)......62.6 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 60.2 Unemployment rate (%)......3.9

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.92 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.59 |
| Specialized training services | 3.96 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.13 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.36 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | | , , |
| Agriculture | 4,979 | 465 |
| Education | 35,167 | 6,244 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 22,023 | 1,781 |
| Health and Welfare | 22,971 | 1,176 |
| Humanities and Arts | 7,000 | 559 |
| Sciences | 9,210 | 766 |
| Services | 2,475 | 353 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 71,110 | 6,680 |
| Unspecified | — | 12 |

Honduras

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 68.39 | 103 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 90.1 | 90.10 | 97 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.88 | 31.37 | 101 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 14.0 | 86.00 | 80 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 61.22 | 86 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 21.1 | 21.14 | 80 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 45.8 | 45.84 | 29 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.18 | 36.34 | 87 |
| Youth literacy rate | 97.2 | 97.17 | 85 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 93.7 | 93.72 | 89 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 49.2 | 49.20 | 51 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.9 | 93.10 | 21 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.275 | 72.48 | 72 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 53.55 | 98 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.0 | 8.96 | 90 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.300 | 45.01 | 78 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 57.4 | 57.41 | 12 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.73 | 45.55 | 76 |

| \$5-64 Age Group | 60.68 | 87 |
|---|---------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate75.6 | 5 75.61 | 85 |
| Secondary education attainment rate21.7 | '21.71 | 100 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate6.1 | 6.13 | 91 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate63.0 | 63.00 | 60 |
| Unemployment rate | 99.20 | 9 |
| Underemployment rate | | |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth64 | 98.46 | 66 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 49.35 | 77 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate58.4 | 58.40 | 85 |

| Primary education attainment rate | 58.4 | 58.40 | 85 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|----|
| Secondary education attainment rate | 13.0 | 13.00 | 98 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.8 | 3.81 | 90 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 37.1 | 37.10 | 29 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.4 | 99.60 | 13 |
| Underemployment rate | – | – | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 84.21 | 66 |
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

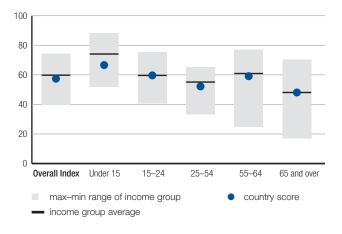
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.06 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.94 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 138 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 73.9 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 52.0 |

| Workers in informal employment | 73.9 |
|--|---------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 52.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.73 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 76, 100 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | ion (% of GDP) |
|---|----------------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.47 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Hungary

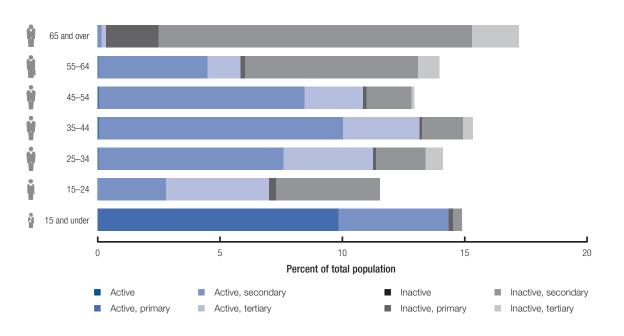
Human Capital Index 2015 75.82 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Tatal manufation (1 000a) | 0.011 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Total population (1,000s) | 9,911 |
| Working age population (1,000s) | 6,696 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 1,449 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 24.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 21.3 |

Median age of population (years)40 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....24,336 Labour force participation rate (%)......51.9 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......46.6 Unemployment rate (%)......10.2

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Total | 2.3 | 14.1 | 30.7 | | 47.1 | 1.8 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.3 | 2.8 | 13.7 | Tertiary education requirements | 16.8 | 0.2 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.2 | 0.9 | 9.9 | Secondary education requirements | 25.6 | 0.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.2 | 5.2 | 1.8 | | | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.3 | 4.0 | 2.1 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.4 | 1.1 | 3.1 | Primary education requirements | 4.5 | 0.6 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.31 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.29 |
| Specialized training services | 3.91 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.59 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.58 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 380,757 | 69,917 |
| Agriculture | 9,340 | 1,411 |
| Education | 25,802 | 7,936 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 57,827 | 7,430 |
| Health and Welfare | 36,898 | 5,936 |
| Humanities and Arts | 34,556 | 7,702 |
| Sciences | 27,996 | 4,342 |
| Services | 38,170 | 6,645 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 150,169 | 28,515 |
| Unspecified | — | — |

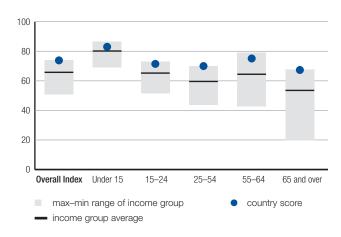
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 85.24 | 5 0 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 96.7 | 96.66 | 60 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 92.2 | 92.17 | 23 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 99.4 | 99.42 | 70 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.16 | 52.71 | 53 |
| /ulnerability | | | |
| noiderice of critical about | — | | |
| 4 | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15-24 Age Group | | 73.38 | 38 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 59.6 | 59.63 | 39 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 28.9 | 28.95 | 52 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.29 . | 38.15 | 84 |
| outh literacy rate | | | |
| • | | | |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.00 | 40 |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 98.0 | 97.98 | 13 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 4.6 | 95.40 | 24 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 15.4 | 94.60 | 20 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| | 32.9 | 67.06 | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.223 | 77.69 | 47 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 71.86 | 28 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 18.0 | 17.98 | 53 |
| Workplace learning | 0.65 | 40.05 | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.422 | /3.70 | 14 |
| | | | |
| · | | | |
| · | 83.1 | 83.10 | 68 |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 9.2 2.7 | 90.80 97.30 | 73 15 |
| abour force participation rate | 9.2 2.7 | 90.80 97.30 | 73 15 |
| Labour force participation rate | 9.2 2.7 | 90.80 97.30 | 73 15 |
| Labour force participation rate | 9.2 2.7 86.1 | 90.80 97.30 86.07 | 73 15 32 |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Jnderemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 9.2 2.7 86.1 36.0 | 90.80 97.30 86.07 | 73 15 32 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 77.13 | 31 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.9 | 98.85 | 40 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 97.1 | 97.07 | 14 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.0 | 15.02 | 46 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 39.0 | 39.00 | 116 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.7 | 92.30 | 77 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.3 | 97.70 | 20 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 69.14 | 20 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.4 | 98.37 | 32 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 87.5 | 87.50 | 16 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.1 | 12.10 | 36 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 2.9 | 2.90 | 121 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 36 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.2 | 97.80 | 28 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators |
|--|
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ 3.49 University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 4.27 Ease of starting a business ⁴ 57 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment — Workers in vulnerable employment .6.0 Social safety net ¹ 2.85 Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) —, — |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Iceland

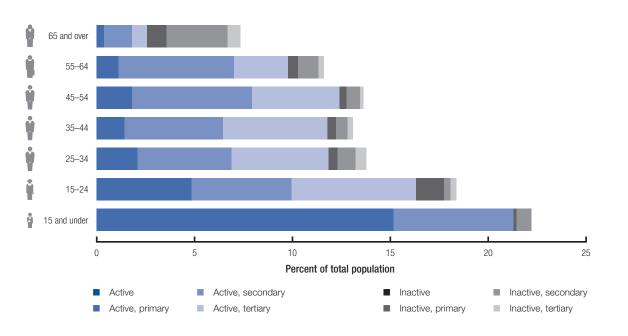
Human Capital Index 2015 78.86 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 337 |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 222 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 64 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 18.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 31.3 |

| Median age of population (years)35 |
|---|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)42,630 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)73.9 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)69.8 |
| Unemployment rate (%) |

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 3.3 | 14.1 | 58.5 | 76.0— |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.4 | 3.5 | 33.6 | Tertiary education requirements37.50.7 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 0.9 | 17.6 | Secondary education requirements33.50.7 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 2.6 | 6.7 | 2.2 | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.1 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 0.0 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.2 | 1.2 | 3.6 | Primary education requirements5.00.5 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.70 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.23 |
| Specialized training services | 4.61 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.42 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.35 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 19,099 | 4,099 |
| Agriculture | 196 | 34 |
| Education | 2,267 | 575 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 1,612 | 408 |
| Health and Welfare | 2,654 | 589 |
| Humanities and Arts | 3,012 | 526 |
| Sciences | 1,820 | 328 |
| Services | 472 | 102 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 7,066 | 1,537 |
| Unspecified | — | |

Iceland

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 92.23 | 19 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.1 | 98.14 | 44 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.13 | 68.80 | 18 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 00.00 | 2 |
| incluence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 78.97 | 14 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 81.4 | 81.36 | 8 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 34.4 | 34.38 | 43 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.5 | 97.53 | 80 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 58.8 | 58.78 | 85 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 72.0 | 72.00 | 8 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.9 | 89.10 | 46 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.9 | 97.10 | 12 |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 8.8 | 91.18 | 12 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 3.9 | 96.10 | 5 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.214 | 78.56 | 37 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 75.06 | 16 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 93.0 | 92.96 | 79 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 4.65 | 60.85 | 24 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 89.3 . | 89.30 | 24 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 49 2 | 49.20 | 5 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| . , | | | |

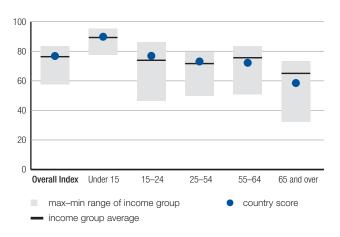
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 74.15 | 45 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 89.1 | 89.08 | 70 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 41.3 | 41.32 | 70 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.9 | 8.92 | 77 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 83.1 | 83.10 | 11 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.2 | 96.80 | 40 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.2 | 99.80 | 1 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 72 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 60.07 | 50 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 80.1 | 80.09 | 65 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 23.9 | 23.93 | 71 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.1 | 5.11 | 77 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 19.8 | 19.80 | 62 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.9 | 97.10 | 61 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.3 | 99.70 | 3 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 7 | 94.74 | 9 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 31 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 8.9 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 5.28 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......7.60

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

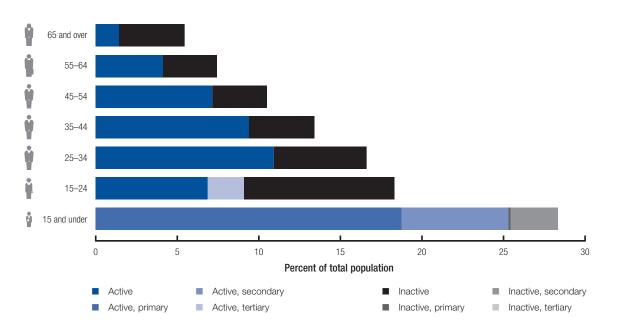
India

Human Capital Index 2015 57.62 100 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......1,282,390 Working age population (1,000s) 848,518 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......77,950 Aged dependency ratio (%)......7.8 Child dependency ratio (%).......46.6 Median age of population (years)25 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......5,777 Labour force participation rate (%)......54.2 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 52.2 Unemployment rate (%)......3.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.23 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.43 |
| Specialized training services | 4.21 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.82 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.93 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 28,568,409 | |
| Agriculture | 139,182 | |
| Education | 1,179,398 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 6,379,917 | |
| Health and Welfare | 961,990 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 1,592,003 | |
| Sciences | 4,701,689 | |
| Services | 114,188 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 13,500,039 | |
| Unspecified | — | |

| ## Under 15 Age Group Final Primary enrolment rate 98.9 98.87 24 | | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|---|-------|-------|------|
| Primary enrolment rate | Under 15 Age Group | | 82.03 | 67 |
| Basic education survival rate | Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of primary schools¹ | Basic education survival rate | 97.0 | 97.01 | 28 |
| Incidence of child labour | | 3.64 | 44.03 | 75 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | | 11.8 | 88.20 | 76 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | • | Value | Score | Rank |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 15–24 Age Group | | 57.50 | 98 |
| Vocational enrolment rate 1.8 1.84 108 Quality of education 4.16 52.61 38 Youth literacy rate 90.2 90.18 98 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 85.6 85.62 107 Secondary education attainment rate 65.7 65.74 .75 Economic participation 37.7 37.70 89 Unemployment rate 10.4 89.60 .39 Underemployment rate - - - Not in employment, education or training rate - - - Long-term unemployment rate - - - - Long-term unemployment rate - - - - Skills Incidence of overeducation - - - - Skill diversity² 0.306 69.38 81 Value Score Rank Value Score Rank Value Score Rank | | | | |
| Quality of education system¹ 4.16 52.61 38 Youth literacy rate 90.2 90.18 98 Educational attainment 85.6 90.18 98 Educational attainment 85.6 85.62 107 Secondary education attainment rate 65.7 65.74 .75 Economic participation 37.7 37.70 89 Unemployment rate 10.4 89.60 39 Underemployment rate — — — Not in employment, education — — — or training rate — — — — Long-term unemployment rate — — — — Skills Incidence of overeducation — — — — Skills Incidence of undereducation — <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | |
| Educational attainment 90.2 90.18 98 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 85.6 85.62 107 Secondary education attainment rate 65.7 65.74 .75 Economic participation | | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | , | 90.2 | 90.18 | 98 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | 85.6 | 85.62 | 107 |
| Labour force participation rate | • | | | |
| Unemployment rate | Economic participation | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | — | | – |
| Incidence of overeducation | 9 | | | |
| Nation Nation | | | | |
| Value Score Rank Value Score Rank Value Score Rank 25—54 Age Group 49.34 109 Educational attainment 70.1 70.07 107 Primary education attainment rate 70.1 70.07 107 Secondary education attainment rate 48.0 47.99 .87 Tertiary education attainment rate 10.7 10.71 .81 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 3.94 49.06 70 Economic complexity³ 0.362 56.03 .50 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 67.8 67.80 112 Unemployment rate — — — Underemployment gender gap — — — Skills High-skilled employment share 14.6 14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share 73.4 73.40 .111 | | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate .70.1 .70.07 .107 Secondary education attainment rate .48.0 .47.99 .87 Tertiary education attainment rate .10.7 .10.71 .81 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ .3.94 .49.06 .70 Economic complexity ³ 0.362 .56.03 .50 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .67.8 .67.80 .112 Unemployment rate — — — Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap — — — Skills High-skilled employment share .14.6 .14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share .73.4 .73.40 .111 | OF E4 Ago Croup | Value | | |
| Primary education attainment rate .70.1 .70.07 .107 Secondary education attainment rate .48.0 .47.99 .87 Tertiary education attainment rate .10.7 .10.71 .81 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ .3.94 .49.06 .70 Economic complexity ³ 0.362 .56.03 .50 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .67.8 .67.80 .112 Unemployment rate — — — Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap — — — Skills High-skilled employment share .14.6 .14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share .73.4 .73.40 .111 | 25-54 Age Group | | 49.34 | 109 |
| Secondary education attainment rate .48.0 .47.99 .87 Tertiary education attainment rate .10.7 .10.71 .81 Workplace learning .3.94 .49.06 .70 Economic complexity ³ .0.362 .56.03 .50 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .67.8 .67.80 .112 Unemployment rate — — — Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap — — — Skills High-skilled employment share .14.6 .14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share .73.4 .73.40 .111 | | 70.1 | 70.07 | 107 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate 10.7 10.71 .81 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ 3.94 .49.06 .70 Economic complexity ³ 0.362 .56.03 .50 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .67.8 .67.80 .112 Unemployment rate — — — Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap — — — Skills High-skilled employment share 14.6 .14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share .73.4 .73.40 .111 | , | | | |
| Staff training services 1 3.94 49.06 70 Economic complexity 3 0.362 56.03 .50 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 67.8 67.80 .112 Unemployment rate — — — Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap — — — Skills High-skilled employment share 14.6 .14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share .73.4 .73.40 .111 | | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ 0.362 56.03 50 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 67.8 67.80 112 Unemployment rate — — — Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap — — — Skills High-skilled employment share 14.6 14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share 73.4 73.40 .111 | | 3 94 | 49.06 | 70 |
| Labour force participation rate .67.8 .67.80 .112 Unemployment rate — — — Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap — — — Skills High-skilled employment share 14.6 .14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share .73.4 .73.40 .111 | | | | |
| Unemployment rate — — Underemployment rate — — Employment gender gap — — Skills High-skilled employment share 14.6 14.60 .89 Medium-skilled employment share 73.4 .73.40 .111 | Economic participation | | | |
| Employment gender gap — — Skills High-skilled employment share 14.6 | | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | Underemployment rate | — | – | |
| High-skilled employment share | | – | | – |
| Medium-skilled employment share73.473.40 | | 146 | 14.60 | 00 |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ 4.2654.3840 | | | | |
| | Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.26 | 54.38 | 40 |

| \$55–64 Age Group | | 46.42 | 115 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 52.6 | 52.64 | 104 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 29.4 | 29.42 | 91 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 6.8 | 6.76 | 86 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 55.6 | 55.60 | 82 |
| Unemployment rate | – | – | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 57 | 87.69 | 95 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 33.47 | 114 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 41.6 | 41.58 | 99 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 20.1 | 20.09 | 82 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.6 | 4.56 | 83 |

Additional Indicators

Economic participation

Innovation ecosystem

| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.50 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.87 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 158 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 83.6 |

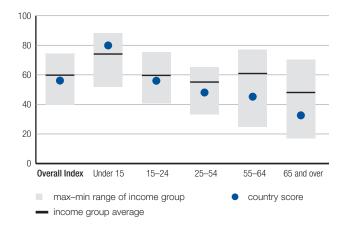
Unemployment rate...... – – – Underemployment rate – – – –

Workers in informal employment83.6 Primary completion rate (poorest | richest quintile)......81, 103

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.35 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.83 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- ⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Indonesia

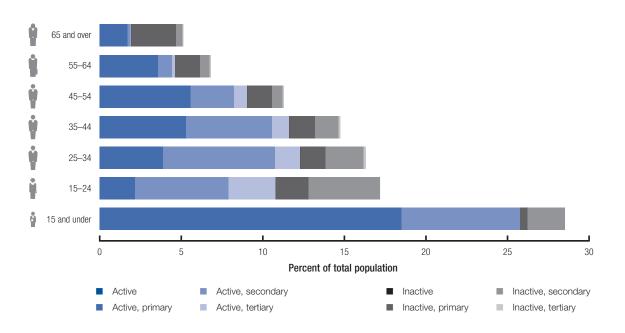
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 66.99 69 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 255,709 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 170,106 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 11,704 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 7.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 45.8 |

Median age of population (years)27 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....10,157 Labour force participation rate (%)......67.7 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......63.5 Unemployment rate (%)......6.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total21.828.1 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements5.6 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers0.10.9 13.8 | Secondary education requirements46.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers19.06.12.2 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.12.02.3 | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements10.2 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.61 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.61 |
| Specialized training services | 4.44 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.31 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.15 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 6,233,984 | 867,822 |
| Agriculture | 332,635 | 51,511 |
| Education | 919,319 | 168,881 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 1,003,371 | 140,169 |
| Health and Welfare | 244,767 | 49,921 |
| Humanities and Arts | 29,877 | 3,775 |
| Sciences | 503,750 | |
| Services | | 48,006 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 3,163,383 | 333,673 |
| Unspecified | 36 882 | 71 886 |

Indonesia

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 86.04 | 47 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 95.3 | 95.29 | 69 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.43 | 57.18 | 42 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | 6.9 | 93.10 | 60 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 67.35 | 65 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Fertiary enrolment rate | 31.5 | 31.51 | 67 |
| ocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 4.46 | 57.74 | 30 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.7 | 99.74 | 48 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 50.3 | 50.30 | 49 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Jnderemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.316 | 68.39 | 82 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 60.00 | 70 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 11.1 | 11.15 | /8 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Stoff training convices | | | |
| | | | |
| | 0.020 | 49.67 | 65 |
| Economic complexity ³ Economic participation | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 78.0 | 78.00 | 94 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 78.0 6.5 | 78.00 93.50 | 94 54 |
| Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 78.0 6.5 | 78.00 93.50 | 94 54 |
| Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | 78.0 6.5 | 78.00 93.50 | 94 54 |
| Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Jnderemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 78.0 6.5 – | 78.00 93.50 — | 94 54 |
| Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Jnderemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share | 78.0 6.5 | 78.00 93.50 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | 94 54 |
| Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Linderemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 78.0 6.5 — — — 9.1 | 78.00 93.50 — — 9.10 | 94 54 99 83 |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 63.87 | 74 |
|--|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 88.9 | 88.91 | 72 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 30.6 | 30.56 | 86 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 6.0 | 6.02 | 92 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 68.4 | 68.40 | 39 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.4 | 99.60 | 4 |
| Underemployment rate | 41.8 | 58.20 | 70 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 62 | 95.38 | 77 |
| ricality life expectation at birtin | | 00.00 | |
| reality life expectancy at birth | | | |
| . | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | | |
| . | | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment | Value | Score 43.95 | 92 |
| 65 and Over Age Group | Value70.7 | Score 43.95 70.71 | 9274 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Value70.7 | 43.95 70.7120.52 | 92 7479 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Value70.7 | 43.95 70.7120.52 | 92 7479 |

Unemployment rate...... – – –

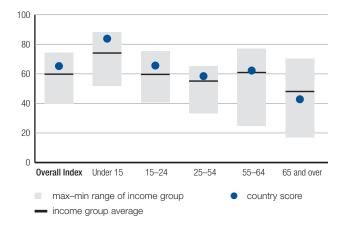
| Additiona | l Indicators |
|-----------|--------------|
| | |

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 4.55 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 155 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 72.5 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 36.3 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.23 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 56 |
|---|----|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 90 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

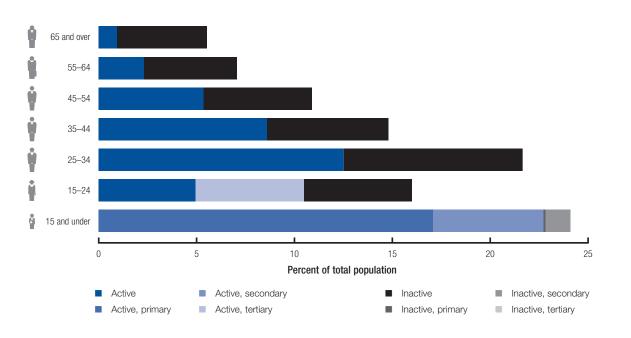
Iran, Islamic Rep.

Human Capital Index 2015 63.20 80 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......79,476 Working age population (1,000s) 55,946 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).........7,453 Aged dependency ratio (%)......7.2 Child dependency ratio (%)......33.2 Median age of population (years)27 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....16,463 Labour force participation rate (%)......45.1 Unemployment rate (%)......12.9

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.50 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.75 |
| Specialized training services | 3.86 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 1.82 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.51 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 4,404,614 | 570,730 |
| Agriculture | 191,953 | 24,125 |
| Education | 203,342 | 31,575 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 1,599,329 | 233,695 |
| Health and Welfare | 189,112 | 18,521 |
| Humanities and Arts | 364,012 | 46,227 |
| Sciences | 320,683 | 35,819 |
| Services | 145,529 | 16,883 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 1,390,654 | 163,885 |
| Unspecified | — | |

Iran, Islamic Rep.

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 84.82 | 52 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.6 | 98.63 | 31 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 81.7 | 81.67 | 54 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 94.6 | 94.60 | 88 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.97 | 49.57 | 60 |
| /ulnerability | | | |
| ncidence of child labour | 11.4 | 88.60 | 75 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 65.17 | 73 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| ocational enrolment rate | 20.8 | 20.81 | 64 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 98.4 | 98.36 | 75 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.2 | 98.16 | 77 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 80.6 | 80.63 | 50 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 31.0 | 31.00 | 110 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Jnderemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | 31.4 | 68.59 | 51 |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | — | | – |
| ncidence of undereducation | | – | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.267 | 73.26 | 68 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 53.73 | 95 |
| Educational attainment | 00.7 | 00.07 | 00 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 14.0 | 14.05 | 04 |
| Vorkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 0.00 | 00.00 | 440 |
| Staff training services : Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| . , | 0.700 | 31.∠3 | 95 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Jnderemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 20.2 | 20.20 | 83 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 16.2 | | |
| | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |

| \$ 55–64 Age Group | 56.72 | 96 |
|---|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate70.0 | 70.04 | 93 |
| Secondary education attainment rate36.6 | 36.60 | 76 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate8.2 | 8.25 | 80 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate32.5 | 32.50 | 122 |
| Unemployment rate5.5 | 94.50 | 59 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth64 | 98.46 | 66 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 44.79 | 90 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate45.6 | 45.64 | 95 |
| Secondary education attainment rate18.0 | 18.02 | 88 |

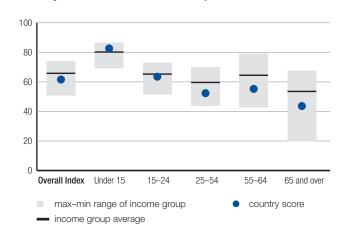
| Labour force participation rate | 16.9 | 16.90 | 67 |
|----------------------------------|------|-------|----|
| Unemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 40 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 84.21 | 66 |

| hhΔ | litional | Ind | icators |
|-----|----------|-----|---------|

Economic participation

| Additional maloutoro |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem |
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 3.18 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 62 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Ireland

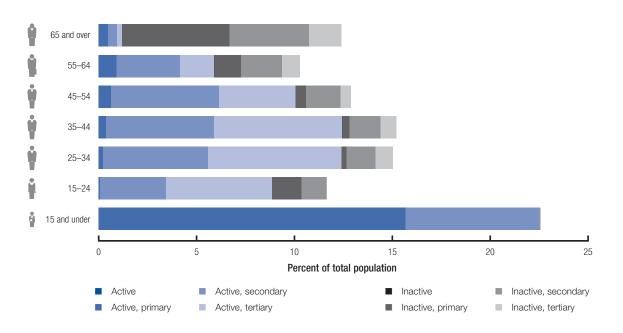
Human Capital Index 2015 80.59 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)4,727 |
|--|
| Working age population (1,000s)3,108 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)1,157 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)16.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) |

Median age of population (years)34 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)..... 46,770 Labour force participation rate (%)......60.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......52.6 Unemployment rate (%)......13.1

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 3.0 | 9.5 | 39.8 | | 52.3 | 1.8 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 2.7 | 18.3 | Tertiary education requirements | 21.2 | 0.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 0.9 | 14.6 | Secondary education requirements | 26.0 | 0.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 2.3 | 3.4 | 1.8 | | | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | s 0.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.4 | 1.2 | 3.1 | Primary education requirements | 4.6 | 0.2 |
| Others | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | | 0.5 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.01 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.32 |
| Specialized training services | 5.03 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 5.12 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.21 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 192,647 | 60,022 |
| Agriculture | 3,347 | 804 |
| Education | 10,443 | 5,299 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 22,569 | 7,122 |
| Health and Welfare | 33,110 | 9,784 |
| Humanities and Arts | 32,962 | 8,806 |
| Sciences | 31,553 | 7,142 |
| Services | 8,153 | 3,160 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 48,983 | 17,905 |
| Unspecified | 1,527 | 2,075 |

Ireland

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|-----------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 96.05 | 2 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 99.7 | 99.74 | 7 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.76 | 79.33 | 7 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 75.68 | 27 |
| 13-24 Age droup | | 7 3.00 | 21 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 71.2 | 71.24 | 22 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 31.9 | 31.95 | 47 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 5.43 | 73.90 | 5 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 99 97 | 27 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 41.0 | 41.00 | 75 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | 02.00 | |
| or training rate | 16.1 | 83.90 | 40 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 26.0 | 74.00 | 51 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 75.94 | 13 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 40.8 | 40.78 | 6 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.318 | 71.96 | 17 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 85.5 | 85.53 | 33 |
| Skills | | | |
| | 40.0 | 40.00 | 24 |
| High-skilled employment share | 40.9 | 40.30 | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| \$5-64 Age Group | | 77.65 | 28 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.47 | 32 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 83.3 | 83.32 | 34 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 24.4 | 24.36 | 17 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 56.1 | 56.10 | 81 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.6 | 89.40 | 88 |
| Underemployment rate | 9.1 | 90.90 | 55 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 67.58 | 26 |
|---|-------|----|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate99.2 | 99.20 | 28 |
| Secondary education attainment rate60.2 | 60.23 | 32 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate16.7 | 16.69 | 22 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate9.2 | 9.20 | 96 |
| Unemployment rate1.9 | 98.10 | 49 |
| Underemployment rate3.8 | 96.20 | 39 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 656 | 93.42 | 16 |

| Valu | |
|------|--|
|------|--|

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

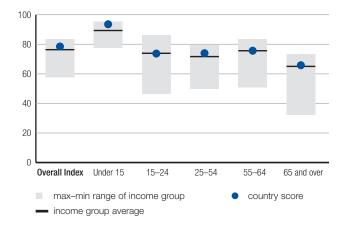
| Mandage in information and the second | |
|--|----|
| Vulnerability | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 19 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| State of cluster development | |

| Workers in informal employment | — |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 12.7 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 5.49 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | -, - |

Public investment

| Public spending on educati | on (% of GDP)6.15 |
|---|-------------------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5.35 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Israel

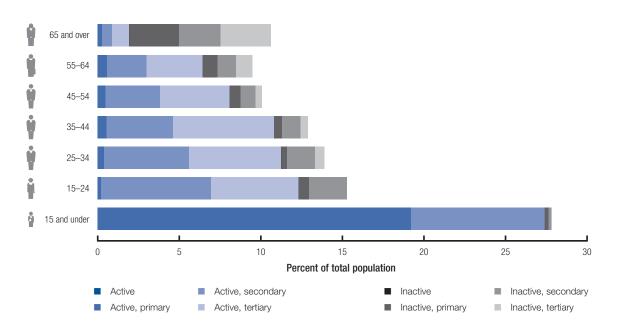
Human Capital Index 2015 77.03 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)7,920 |
|--|
| Working age population (1,000s)4,841 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)2,139 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)16.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) |

Median age of population (years)30 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....33,352 Labour force participation rate (%)......63.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 59.4 Unemployment rate (%)......6.3

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | 58.4 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians 0.1 3.5 23.9 | Tertiary education requirements27.50.7 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements24.60.8 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.0 | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements3.40.3 |
| Others | 2.9 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.95 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.86 |
| Specialized training services | 4.61 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.27 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.63 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 379,182 | |
| Agriculture | 1,719 | |
| Education | 59,834 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 72,937 | |
| Health and Welfare | 27,454 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 36,395 | |
| Sciences | 32,771 | |
| Services | 1,557 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 141,270 | |
| Unspecified | 5,245 | — |



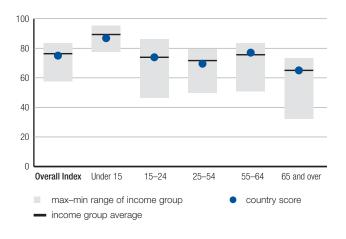
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|--------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 89.16 | 32 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.70 | 44.93 | 73 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 75.88 | 25 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 39.1 | 39.10 | 36 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| • | 99.5 | 99.55 | 44 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 08.8 | 08 83 | 60 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 47.4 | 47.40 | 62 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 4.3 | 95.70 | 22 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 15.7 | 84.30 | 30 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 10.9 | 89.10 | 23 |
| Incidence of undereducation | 26.7 | 73.30 | 32 |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.223 | 77.71 | 46 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 71.40 | 31 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.4 . | 97.41 | 62 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 30.5 | 30.47 | 14 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.404 | 73.40 | 15 |
| Economic participation | 0.1 = | 04 70 | 70 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.80 | 63.38 | 17 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 79.10 | 20 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 94.7 | 94.67 | 57 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 73.9 | 73.92 | 39 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 29.6 | 29.63 | 7 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 66.2 | 66.20 | 46 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.6 | 92.40 | 76 |
| Underemployment rate | 3.1 | 96.90 | 33 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 72 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 66.78 | 28 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 83.8 | 83.78 | 59 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 56.4 | 56.45 | 35 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 21.1 | 21.11 | 8 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 17.1 | 17.10 | 66 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.1 | 95.90 | 71 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 21 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 7 | 94.74 | 9 |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.50 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.50 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 53 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 7.8 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.90 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5 64 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Human Capital Index 2015

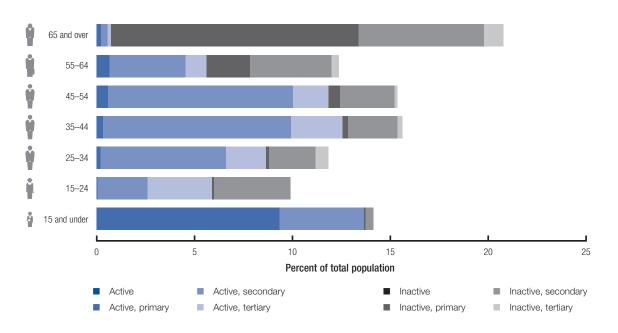
75.44

(out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......61,142 Working age population (1,000s) 39,275 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).........6,395 Aged dependency ratio (%)......30.9 Child dependency ratio (%)......21.4 Median age of population (years)43 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....34,455 Labour force participation rate (%)......49.1 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 43.1 Unemployment rate (%)......12.2

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by mployment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Total | 1.6 | 11.7 | 29.7 | | 43.0 | 1.9 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.0 | 2.9 | 12.2 | Tertiary education requirements | 15.1 | 0.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 1.2 | 11.3 | Secondary education requirements | 22.7 | 0.7 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.9 | 5.1 | 1.2 | | | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.1 | 1.8 | 1.1 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.5 | 8.0 | 3.4 | Primary education requirements | 4.7 | 0.4 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.47 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.08 |
| Specialized training services | 4.82 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.34 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.60 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,925,930 | 374,994 |
| Agriculture | 44,518 | 7,299 |
| Education | 105,885 | 26,382 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 314,874 | 47,943 |
| Health and Welfare | 288,648 | 60,606 |
| Humanities and Arts | 282,146 | 58,027 |
| Sciences | 153,900 | 27,719 |
| Services | 54,823 | 10,683 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 655,496 | 118,571 |
| Unspecified | 25,640 | 17,764 |



| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 91.68 | 24 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.74 | 62.27 | 30 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 72.07 | 47 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 62.5 | 62.47 | 32 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 59.2 | 59.24 | 13 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.74 | 45.61 | 57 |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.9 | 99.93 | 27 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 97.1 | 97.07 | 15 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | 00.00 | |
| or training rate | 22.2 | 77.80 | 60 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 52.2 | 47.82 | 69 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 5.3 | 94.70 | 8 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.180 | 81.98 | 16 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 68.99 | 39 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.0 | 15.05 | 62 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| | 1.312 | / ۱.ၓ/ | 19 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 70 1 | 70 10 | 00 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 35.4 . | 35.40 | 33 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| | | | |

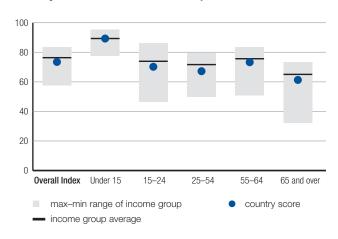
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 75.23 | 38 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.5 | 97.50 | 48 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 82.5 | 82.46 | 36 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 11.9 | 11.93 | 60 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 44.7 | 44.70 | 99 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.7 | 94.30 | 60 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.3 | 95.70 | 39 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 73 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 62.93 | 40 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 90.3 | 90.33 | 48 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 46.8 | 46.81 | 42 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.6 | 7.62 | 59 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 4.3 | 4.30 | 114 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.7 | 98.30 | 44 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.9 | 97.10 | 33 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 8 | 96.05 | 4 |

| Additional Indicators | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Innovation ecosystem | |

| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.60 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.73 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 46 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 17.9 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.74 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.29 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Jamaica

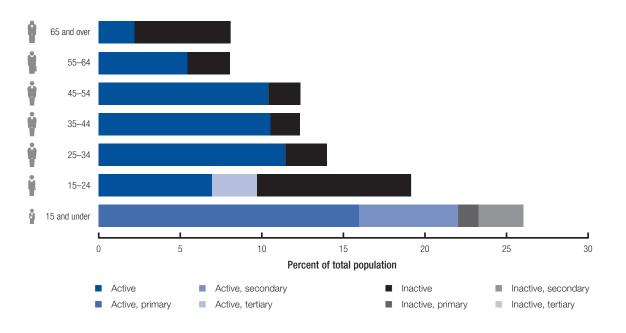
Human Capital Index 2015 65.95 74 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 2,813 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 1,853 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 164 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 12.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 46.0 |

| Median age of population (years) |
|--|
| ineulan age or population (years) |
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)8,673 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)63. |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)53. |
| Unemployment rate (%) |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.46 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.42 |
| Specialized training services | 3.88 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.16 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.92 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 78,268 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|-------------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 82.71 | 65 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.82 | 47.04 | 63 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 3.3 | 96.70 | 46 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 62.08 | 81 |
| | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 00.7 | 00 74 | 74 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | 0.0 | 0.47 | 114 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 0.71 | AE 00 | 00 |
| Quality of education system* Youth literacy rate | | | |
| • | | 20.00 | 00 |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.00 | ٠. |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 00 | 50.62 | 94 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rateUnderemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Coore | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | Value | Score 59.16 | 74 |
| | | 39.10 | 74 |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.00 | ٥٢ |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 10.3 | 10.30 | 00 |
| Workplace learning | 1 1 1 | E1 00 | |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 0.052 | 49.13 | 10 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | — | — |
| Skills | | | |
| High akillad amplayment abora | 22.3 | 22.30 | 60 |
| | | | |
| High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 86.5 | 86.50 | 73 |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 64.42 | 73 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 50.9 | 50.90 | 107 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 30.0 | 30.02 | 88 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.5 | 9.46 | 72 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 67.6 | 67.60 | 41 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.5 | 96.50 | 43 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.0 | 98.00 | 18 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 64 | 98.46 | 66 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | valuo | OCOIC | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 55.94 | 61 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 58.6 | 58.59 | 84 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 19.6 | 19.61 | 84 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.2 | 5.16 | 76 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 26.7 | 26.70 | 46 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.3 | 97.70 | 55 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.4 | 99.60 | 4 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 84.21 | 66 |
| | | | |

| valu |
|------|
|------|

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

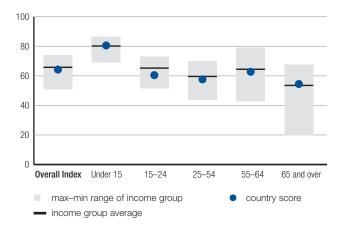
| Vulnerability | |
|--|------|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 20 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.67 |
| | |

| Workers in informal employment | — |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 37.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.44 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | ion (% of GDP)6.12 |
|---|--------------------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.96 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

(out of 124 countries)

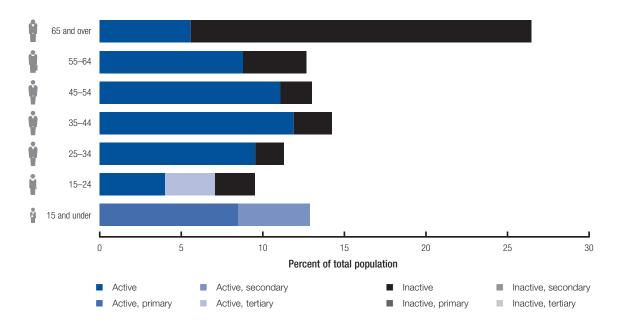
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 82.74 5

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 126,818 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 76,941 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 37,210 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 36.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 20.8 |

Median age of population (years)45 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....37,683 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.2 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......56.8 Unemployment rate (%)......4.0

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population em Industry | ployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Total | 2.3 | 16.2 | 43.2 | 61.7 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.0 | 2.5 | 12.7 | Tertiary education requirements15.30.2 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 2.8 | 23.0 | Secondary education requirements42.20.8 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.0 | 10.2 | 3.9 | 0.4 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.0 | 0.7 | 3.5 | Primary education requirements4.20.2 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.09 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.23 |
| Specialized training services | 5.64 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.31 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.41 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 3,884,638 | 980,902 |
| Agriculture | 95,664 | 25,871 |
| Education | 294,978 | 70,534 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 586,112 | 168,214 |
| Health and Welfare | 551,660 | 127,259 |
| Humanities and Arts | 592,490 | 144,219 |
| Sciences | 113,123 | 30,495 |
| Services | 202,068 | 83,119 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 1,101,908 | 265,051 |
| Unspecified | 346,635 | 66,140 |



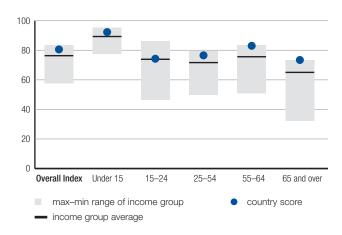
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|--------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 94.76 | 5 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.55 | 75.76 | 10 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 76.26 | 21 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | 61.5 | 61.46 | 37 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 23.1 | 23.12 | 60 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 96.2 | 96.21 | 17 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Inemployment rateInderemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | 32.40 | 01 |
| or training rate | 3.9 | 96.10 | 4 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | 31.0 | 69.05 | 50 |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | — | | – |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.159 | 84.06 | 7 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 78.61 | 5 |
| Educational attainment | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Vorkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 5.41 . | 73.53 | 2 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| conomic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 84.3 | 84.30 | 61 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Inderemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 77.3 | 77.29 | 49 |
| Skills | | | |
| ligh-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 85.24 | 2 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.9 | 99.89 | 1 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 36.3 | 36.26 | 2 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 69.1 | 69.10 | 37 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.7 | 96.30 | 47 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.9 | 95.10 | 41 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 75 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| value | Score | nalik |
|--------|---|-------|
| | 75.39 | 1 |
| | | |
| .100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| 99.9 | 99.85 | 1 |
| 16.2 | 16.20 | 24 |
| | | |
| 20.7 | 20.70 | 58 |
| 2.3 | 97.70 | 55 |
| 5.4 | 94.60 | 50 |
| 10 | 98.68 | 2 |
| | 100.0 99.9 16.2 20.7 2.35.4 | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.28 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.00 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 9.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.86 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5.33 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Jordan

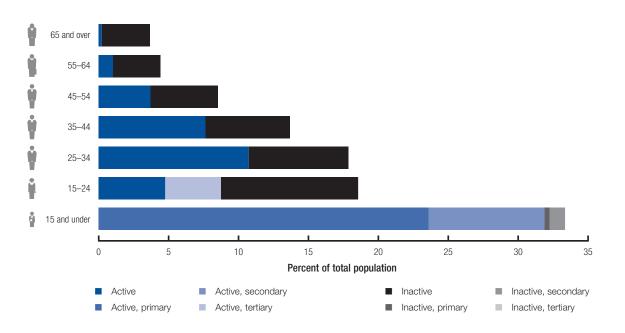
Human Capital Index 2015 76 65.59 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)7,690 |
|---------------------------------------|
| Working age population (1,000s)4,844 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)5.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) |

Median age of population (years)22 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....11,974 Labour force participation rate (%)......41.6 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......36.3 Unemployment rate (%)......12.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.56 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.70 |
| Specialized training services | 4.56 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.99 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.92 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 306,630 | 60,686 |
| Agriculture | 5,069 | 3,299 |
| Education | 25,748 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 56,894 | 3,884 |
| Health and Welfare | 37,999 | 1,811 |
| Humanities and Arts | 43,796 | 10,680 |
| Sciences | 29,418 | 5,899 |
| Services | 516 | 295 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 107,190 | 17,030 |
| Unspecified | — | 5,997 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 88.65 | 34 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 97.1 | 97.11 | 55 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 87.9 | 87.91 | 36 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.35 | 55.84 | 45 |
| /ulnerability | | | |
| ncidence of child labour | 1.6 | 98.40 | 41 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15-24 Age Group | | 66.36 | 69 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Fertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| /ocational enrolment rate | 12.3 | 12.29 | 77 |
| Quality of education | | 50 | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 99.2 | 99.25 | 54 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 82.2 | 82.16 | 46 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, alle | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.137 | 86.31 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 55.91 | 85 |
| | | | |
| | 07 : | 07.1 | ٠. |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate | 73.8 | 73.84 | 55 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate | 73.8 | 73.84 | 55 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning | 73.8 2.5 | 73.84 2.53 | 55 111 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 | 73.8 2.5 | 73.84 2.53 51.85 | 55 111 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Sconomic complexity 3 | 73.8 2.5 | 73.84 2.53 51.85 | 55 111 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation | 73.8 2.5 4.11 0.398 | 73.84 2.53 51.85 56.63 | 55 111 52 |
| Primary education attainment rate | 73.82.54.110.398 | | 555247 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 73.8 | 73.84 | 555247124 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Norkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 73.8 | 73.84 | 55524747 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Underemployment rate Underemployment gap | 73.8 | 73.84 | 55524747 |
| Primary education attainment rate | 73.82.5 | 73.84 | 5511152471249191 |
| Primary education attainment rate | 73.82.5 | 73.84 | 5511152471249191 |

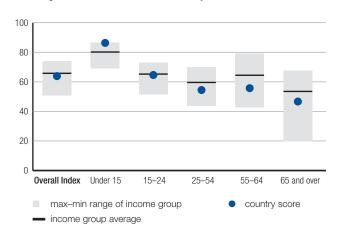
| 55–64 Age Group | | 57.21 | 93 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 87.8 | 87.79 | 74 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 42.8 | 42.79 | 69 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.0 | 0.83 | 118 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 22.9 | 22.90 | 124 |
| Unemployment rate | 9.5 | 90.50 | 84 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 64 | 98.46 | 66 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 47.92 | 82 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 73.5 | 73.54 | 72 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 24.5 | 24.48 | 70 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.2 | 0.17 | 122 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 5.6 | 5.60 | 108 |
| Labour 10100 participation rate | | 0.00 | 100 |

Underemployment rate – – –

Additional Indicators

| Additional indicators |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment — Workers in vulnerable employment .9.6 Social safety net ¹ .4.19 Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) —, — |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) — Internet access in schools ¹ 4.96 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

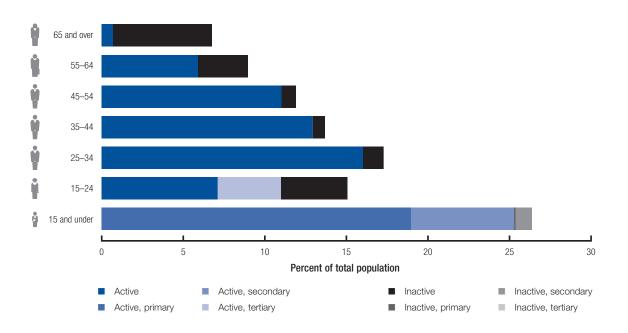
Kazakhstan

Human Capital Index 2015 74.56 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s).......16,770 Working age population (1,000s)11,216 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......2,439 Aged dependency ratio (%)......9.7 Child dependency ratio (%)......36.4 Median age of population (years).....29 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....24,144 Labour force participation rate (%)......72.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 68.7 Unemployment rate (%)......5.2

Education and workforce distribution



Employment distribution by economic activity and occupation

Percent of population employed in Population by Unemployed population Agriculture Industry by former occupation employment type Total..... Managers, professionals and technicians — — Tertiary education requirements.....- --Clerical, service and sales workers — — Secondary education requirements— Plant and machine operators, and assemblers..... — — Elementary occupations——— Primary education requirements-

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.11 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.86 |
| Specialized training services | 4.20 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.92 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.41 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 652,007 | |
| Agriculture | 13,663 | |
| Education | 148,003 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 131,507 | |
| Health and Welfare | 32,470 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 32,426 | |
| Sciences | 20,430 | |
| Services | 28,676 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 240,840 | |
| Unspecified | 3,992 | |

Kazakhstan

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|--------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 88.80 | 33 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 99.1 | 99.10 | 15 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 86.3 | 86.31 | 41 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 98.6 | 98.62 | 74 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.09 | 51.57 | 55 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 2.2 | 97.80 | 43 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 74.27 | 34 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 44.5 | 44.53 | 56 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 24.5 | 24.48 | 56 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.8 | 99.84 | 33 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.9 | 99.88 | 8 |
| Economic participation | | .= | _ |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.237 | 76.30 | 52 |
| | Value | Score | Ran |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 66.23 | 43 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.7 | 99.75 | 26 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.7 | 22.72 | 36 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.049 | 50.82 | 60 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| | 7 / | 92.60 | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Unemployment rateUnderemployment rate | – | | |
| Jnemployment rate | – | | |
| Unemployment rate | – – | | – |
| Unemployment rate | – – | 32.70 | 39 |
| Jnemployment rate | | 32.70 | 39 |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 81.21 | 12 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.4 | 99.43 | 33 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 98.9 | 98.91 | 6 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.6 | 20.59 | 27 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 65.7 | 65.70 | 50 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.1 | 93.90 | 67 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.4 | 97.60 | 22 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 60 | 92.31 | 87 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 64.57 | 34 |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 64.57 34 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Educational attainment | |
| Primary education attainment rate98 | 135 |
| Secondary education attainment rate85 | 7 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate15 | 926 |
| Economic participation | |
| Labour force participation rate10 | 091 |
| Unemployment rate | |
| Underemployment rate1 | 2 98.80 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 |
| | |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

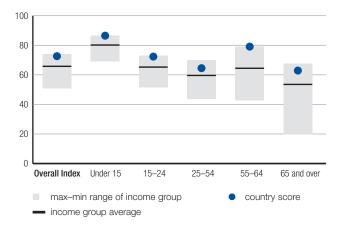
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.17 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 55 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | – |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 28.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3 72 |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.06 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 1.69 |

Primary completion rate (poorest | richest quintile)......102, 115

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

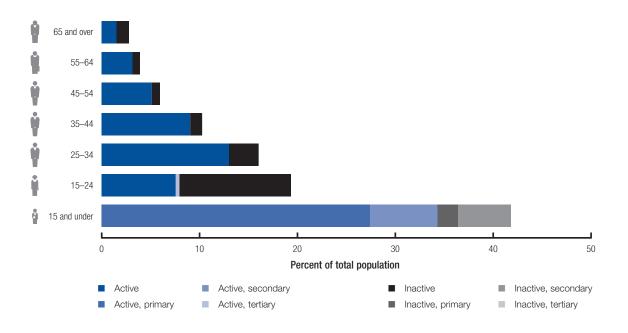
Human Capital Index 2015 57.54 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 46,749 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 25,917 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 2,536 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 4.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 77.6 |

| Madian aga of papulation (vacra) |
|--|
| Median age of population (years)19 |
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)3,138 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)67.3 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) 61.7 |
| Unemployment rate (%)9. |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.03 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.69 |
| Specialized training services | 4.80 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.65 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.77 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 167,983 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | |



| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 71.58 | 96 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 84.9 | 84.90 | 106 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 96.8 | 96.79 | 81 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.77 | 46.17 | 67 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 25.9 | 74.10 | 97 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15-24 Age Group | | 51.54 | 111 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 4.0 | 4.05 | 115 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 1.0 | 1.03 | 113 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 4.51 | 58.50 | 28 |
| Youth literacy rate | 85.9 | 85.90 | 103 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 96.7 | 96.69 | 83 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 44.3 | 44.27 | 99 |
| Economic participation | 00.0 | 00.00 | 0.4 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | — | – | — |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | — | | — |
| Skill diversity ² | – | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 54.55 | 92 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.8 | 12.85 | 73 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.251 | 45.81 | 76 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | — | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.91 | 65.17 | 14 |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 56.76 | 95 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 78.8 | 78.75 | 83 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 33.8 | 33.80 | 83 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.6 | 9.61 | 70 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 80.1 | 80.10 | 16 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 53 | 81.54 | 107 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 40.71 | 101 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 57.6 | 57.63 | 86 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 15.6 | 15.59 | 92 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.5 | 5.52 | 75 |

Labour force participation rate.......55.155.1011 Unemployment rate...... – –

| Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
|----------------------------------|---|-------|-----|
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 69.74 | 107 |
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

Economic participation

Innovation ecosystem

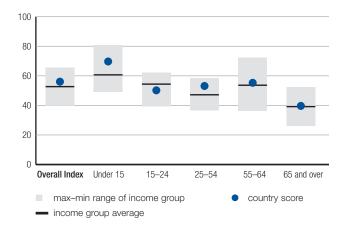
| iiiiovation coccyctom | |
|--|---|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.20 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 4.22 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 143 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 59.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.23 |
| | State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ Vulnerability Workers in informal employment Workers in vulnerable employment |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 6.67 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.07 |

Primary completion rate (poorest | richest quintile)......88, 120

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

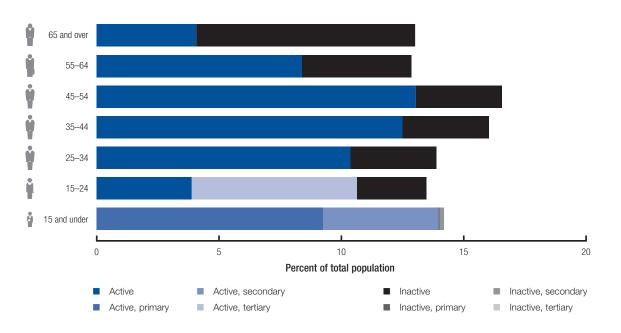
Korea, Rep.

Human Capital Index 2015 76.84 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......49,750 Working age population (1,000s) 36,214 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......12,742 Aged dependency ratio (%).......15.2 Child dependency ratio (%)......22.3 Median age of population (years)38 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....35,485 Labour force participation rate (%)......61.0 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 59.1 Unemployment rate (%)......3.1

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | 62.3 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements13.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements41.0 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers3.53.91.7 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.0 | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements8.0 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.70 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.21 |
| Specialized training services | 4.67 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.24 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.44 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 3,356,630 | 618,281 |
| Agriculture | 40,200 | 7,456 |
| Education | 193,890 | 45,567 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 895,939 | 147,858 |
| Health and Welfare | 361,518 | 88,872 |
| Humanities and Arts | 609,282 | 108,946 |
| Sciences | 284,187 | 44,199 |
| Services | 223,940 | 40,333 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 747,674 | 135,050 |
| Unspecified | | |

Korea, Rep

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 91.91 | 20 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 99.2 | 99.25 | 11 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 99.1 | 99.15 | 72 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.54 | 59.05 | 39 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 75.81 | 26 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 98.4 | 98.38 | 1 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 19.4 | 19.44 | 66 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.62 | 43.59 | 63 |
| outh literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 22 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 28.3 | 28.30 | 118 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | – | | – |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| oriii diversity | 0.172 | 02.04 | 12 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 70.36 | 34 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 43.9 | 43.95 | 3 |
| Workplace learning | , | 50.55 | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1./36 | / 8.94 | 5 |
| conomic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | /0.4 | /0.39 | 62 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.75 | 45.82 | 73 |

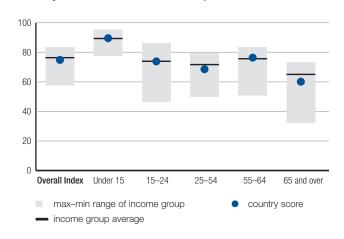
| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 78.42 | 24 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.9 | 98.87 | 39 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 86.5 | 86.52 | 28 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.2 | 22.20 | 21 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 65.0 | 65.00 | 52 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.1 | 97.90 | 24 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | – |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 73 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 61.73 | 43 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 85.5 | 85.55 | 56 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 49.6 | 49.61 | 39 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.6 | 9.64 | 47 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 31.0 | 31.00 | 42 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 36 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 8 | 96.05 | 4 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 4.62 |

| Ease of starting a business | / |
|--|---|
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | - |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 7 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | - |
| Public investment | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Kuwait

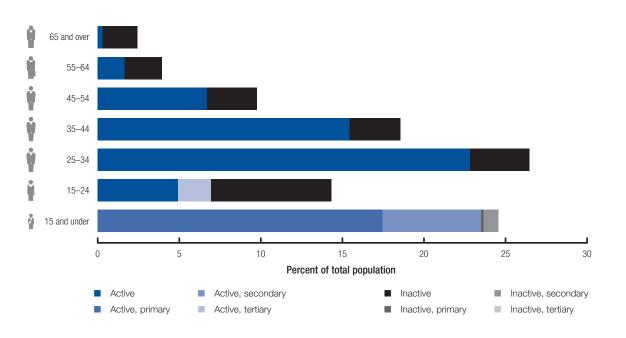
Human Capital Index 2015 93 59.31 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 3,583 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 2,616 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 110 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 3.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 34 7 |

Median age of population (years)28 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....70,992 Labour force participation rate (%).......68.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 66.1 Unemployment rate (%)......3.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.43 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.91 |
| Specialized training services | 3.60 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.66 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.43 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest yea |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Total | 71,786 | 12,716 |
| Agriculture | — | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | |

Kuwait

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------------|-------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 85.20 | 51 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.2 | 98.25 | 39 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 86.7 | 86.68 | 40 |
| Basic education survival rate | 91.3 | 91.30 | 52 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.16 | 35.97 | 89 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Coore | Donle |
| 15 24 Ago Croup | Value | Score 47 02 | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 47.83 | 116 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| ocational enrolment rate | 4.3 | 4.34 | 101 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 99.5 | 99.51 | 46 |
| Educational attainment | 70 7 | 70.07 | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 21.1 | 21.06 | 118 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| , | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 51.15 | 105 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | 5.4 | 5.39 | 103 |
| Norkplace learning | 0.71 | 45.10 | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.647 | 39.21 | 89 |
| conomic participation | | 60.45 | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Inderemployment rate | | | |
| | – | – | – |
| | | , | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | 3 10 | 41 42 | 93 |
| Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Vedium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 19.3 | 19.30 | 6 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 57.40 | 91 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 60.8 | 60.82 | 100 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 34.1 | 34.10 | 82 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.2 | 10.21 | 68 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 41.3 | 41.30 | 112 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.0 | 98.00 | 22 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 68 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

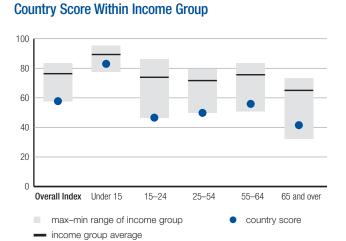
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 42.62 | 96 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 34.9 | 34.93 | 105 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 15.1 | 15.05 | 94 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.8 | 4.85 | 79 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 11.4 | 11.40 | 84 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 3 | 89.47 | 33 |
| | | | |

| - 4 | | | | | | | | 100 | | | |
|-----|----|----|------|---|----|---|---|-----|-----|----|----|
| _/\ | M | | пп | n | ทว | ш | m | N | ica | tΛ | rc |
| _ | ıu | ıu | II Ш | u | ıк | | | u | ıva | w | ю |

Public investment

| Innovation ecosystem |
|---|
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 3.10 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 150 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......3.76



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Kyrgyz Republic

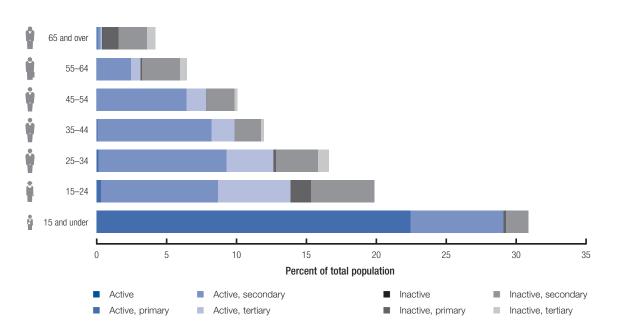
Human Capital Index 2015 71.82 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)5,70 | 8 |
|---|---|
| Working age population (1,000s)3,70 | 8 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)59 | 3 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)6. | 8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 9 |

| Median age of population (years) | 24 |
|--|------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)3 | ,385 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 67.5 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 61.8 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | .8.3 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.0 | Tertiary education requirements9.90.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements41.90.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers15.98.21.6 | 1.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers1.5 | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements5.5 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.95 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.90 |
| Specialized training services | 3.46 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.06 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.15 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total | 258,869 | 49,945 |
| Agriculture | 3,174 | 482 |
| Education | 44,251 | 10,262 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 33,263 | 5,594 |
| Health and Welfare | 16,465 | 3,233 |
| Humanities and Arts | 15,628 | 4,061 |
| Sciences | 15,934 | 2,216 |
| Services | 19,539 | 2,732 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 110,614 | 21,365 |
| Unspecified | — | 46 |

Kyrgyz Republic

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 83.83 | 57 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.4 | 98.37 | 35 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 80.4 | 80.37 | 58 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 99.0 | 98.96 | 73 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.03 | 33.84 | 95 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 3.6 | 96.40 | 48 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | raido | 73.46 | 37 |
| 3 | | | |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 32.6 | 32.65 | 46 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.7 | 99.75 | 36 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.9 | 99.93 | 36 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.9 | 99.92 | 7 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 48.2 | 48.20 | 56 |
| Unemployment rate | 14.7 | 85.30 | 62 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 11.8 | 88.21 | 17 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.254 | 74.64 | 60 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 63.72 | 52 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.4 | 99.39 | 8 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.1 | 22.10 | 40 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.001 | 49.98 | 62 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 85.3 | 85.30 | 57 |
| | | 03.00 | 57 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.0 | 93.00 | |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| | — | | — |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | — | | — |
| Underemployment rateEmployment gender gapSkills | — 67.6 | – 67.62 | – 64 |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | 67.6 17.6 | 67.62 | 64 76 |

| 55–64 Age Group | 76.72 | 33 |
|---|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate99.3 | 99.33 | 34 |
| Secondary education attainment rate98.8 | 98.78 | 7 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate20.0 | 19.96 | 31 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate54.6 | 54.60 | 84 |
| Unemployment rate6.2 | 93.80 | 68 |
| Underemployment rate | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth61 | 93.85 | 81 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 65 79 | 30 |

| _ | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|----|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 65.79 | 30 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.3 | 97.27 | 38 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 88.0 | 88.03 | 14 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.3 | 19.29 | 15 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 13.5 | 13.50 | 75 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.6 | 96.40 | 68 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 80.26 | 81 |
| | | | |

|--|

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

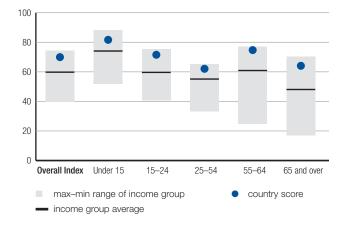
| State of cluster development ¹ |
|---|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 2.57 |
| State of cluster development ¹ 2.95 |
| |
| |

|) |
|---|
| 3 |
| |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 6.79 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.64 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- $\ensuremath{^{1}}$ Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

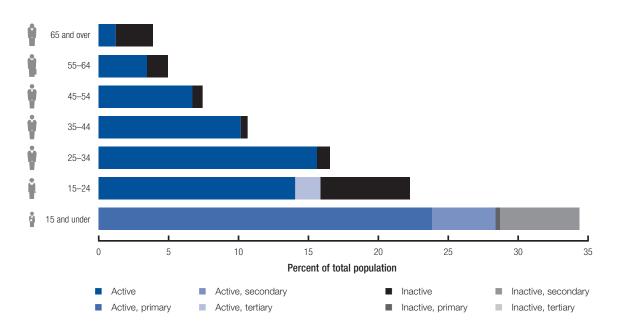
Human Capital Index 2015 105 56.16 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)7,0 |)20 |
|--|-----|
| Working age population (1,000s)4,3 | 337 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)5 | 513 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 6.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 1.8 |

Median age of population (years)20 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......4,999 Labour force participation rate (%)......77.7 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......76.6 Unemployment rate (%)......1.3

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | - |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.88 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.15 |
| Specialized training services | 3.92 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.38 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.11 |

| Students by field of study | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
| Total | 126,314 | 31,496 |
| Agriculture | 6,320 | 1,849 |
| Education | 24,453 | 7,940 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 10,589 | 2,455 |
| Health and Welfare | 4,144 | 777 |
| Humanities and Arts | 16,150 | 2,976 |
| Sciences | 6,804 | 1,269 |
| Services | 4,207 | 568 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 53,647 | 13,662 |
| Unspecified | — | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 74.47 | 92 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Becondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | 94.7 | 94.73 | 01 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.72 | 45.30 | 71 |
| fulnerability ncidence of child labour | 10.1 | 89.90 | 72 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 59.06 | 92 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | 17.7 | 17.70 | 86 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 3.7 | 3.71 | 105 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 90.2 | 90.23 | 97 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 51.1 | 51.08 | 92 |
| conomic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Inemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rateong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| | — | — | — |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | valdo | 49.78 | 108 |
| ducational attainment | | | |
| rimary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | 14.4 | 14.36 | 67 |
| Vorkplace learning | 4.00 | E 4.00 | 40 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Inemployment rate | | | |
| Inderemployment rate Imployment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ligh-skilled employment share | 5.6 | 5.60 | 105 |
| | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 98.8 | 98.80 | |

| 55–64 Age Group | · | 49.02 | 111 |
|--|-----------|-----------|--------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 64.2 | 64.21 | 97 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 16.6 | 16.59 | 106 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 6.7 | 6.71 | 87 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 69.9 | 69.90 | 35 |
| Unemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 57 | 87.69 | 95 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 31.64 | 117 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 41.2 | 41.21 | 100 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 8.0 | 8.01 | 105 |
| | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 2.7 | 2.66 | 96 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 2.7 | 2.66 | 96 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 31.3 | 31.30 | 40 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 31.3 | 31.30 | 40 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 31.3 – | 31.30 | 40 |

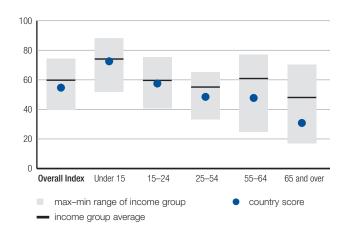
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.28 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 154 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | |

| • • • • • • | |
|--|------|
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 83.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.24 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP).....2.77

Country Score Within Income Group

Additional Indicators



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Latvia

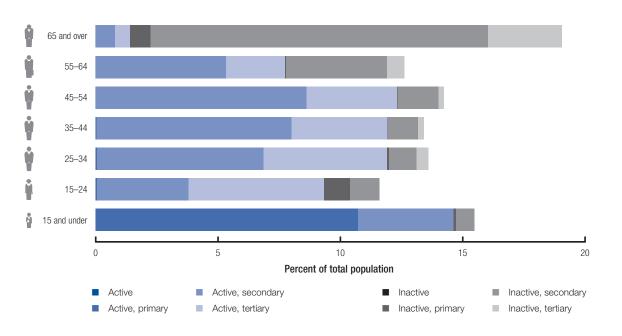
Human Capital Index 2015 78.39 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 2,031 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 1,339 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 400 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 27.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 21.0 |

Median age of population (years)41 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....23,904 Labour force participation rate (%)......60.6 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 53.4 Unemployment rate (%)......11.9

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Total | 4.2 | 12.5 | 35.6 | | 52.3 | 2.4 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.6 | 3.1 | 16.8 | Tertiary education requirements | 20.5 | 0.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.2 | 0.6 | 10.4 | Secondary education requirements. | 24.7 | 0.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.9 | 4.9 | 1.7 | | | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.7 | 1.9 | 2.5 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 8.0 | 2.0 | 3.7 | Primary education requirements | 6.5 | 8 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.88 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.56 |
| Specialized training services | 4.40 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.73 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.07 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | , , |
| Total | 97,041 | 21,472 |
| Agriculture | 1,297 | 231 |
| Education | 6,501 | 1,628 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 14,059 | 2,671 |
| Health and Welfare | 10,081 | 2,301 |
| Humanities and Arts | 9,053 | 1,726 |
| Sciences | 6,378 | 1,357 |
| Services | 7,651 | 1,458 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 42,021 | 10,100 |
| Unspecified | 27 | 15 |

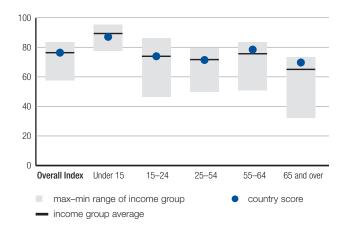
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 89.39 | 31 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.96 | 65.99 | 24 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 00.00 | 2 |
| incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 75.89 | 24 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 44.9 | 44.89 | 31 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3.76 | 46.07 | 55 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 90.3 | 90.28 | 27 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 29.3 | 70.70 | 49 |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | 17 <i>4</i> | 82 60 | 42 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.269 | 73.09 | 69 |
| | Value | Canan | Donle |
| 1 25–54 Age Group | Value | 73.30 | Rank 24 |
| | | 70.00 | 24 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.3 | 22.31 | 38 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.830 | 63.83 | 34 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 88 6 | 88 60 | 20 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 5.7 | 94.30 | 33 |
| Employment gender gap | 95.2 | 95.24 | 4 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 87.3 3 62 | 87.30 42.74 | 67 |
| Lase of illiuling skilled employees | 3.0∠ | 40./4 | 01 |

| | Value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 80.52 | 16 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.4 | 99.38 | 4 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 18.2 | 18.16 | 36 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 62.9 | 62.90 | 61 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.5 | 89.50 | 86 |
| Underemployment rate | 6.3 | 93.70 | 48 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 65 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Makin | Coore | Donle |

| | value | 30016 | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 71.56 | 12 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 95.5 | 95.52 | 7 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.0 | 19.01 | 16 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 8.5 | 8.50 | 97 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.5 | 96.50 | 65 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.1 | 95.90 | 42 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 85.53 | 57 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem 3.50 State of cluster development ¹ 3.67 University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 3.67 Ease of starting a business ⁴ 36 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment — Workers in vulnerable employment 7.4 Social safety net ¹ 4.01 Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) —, — |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

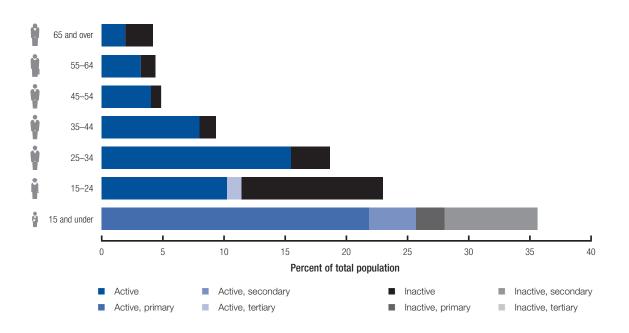
Human Capital Index 2015 54.74 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 2,120 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | .1,276 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 8 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 7.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 64.8 |

| Median age of population (years)2 | 20 |
|---|----|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)2,92 | 25 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)66 | .0 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | .8 |
| Unemployment rate (%)24 | .6 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.81 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.87 |
| Specialized training services | 3.93 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.55 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.43 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 25,507 | 6,461 |
| Agriculture | — | 329 |
| Education | | 1,515 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | 764 |
| Health and Welfare | | 688 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 546 |
| Sciences | | 47 |
| Services | | 248 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | 2,324 |
| Unspecified | — | — |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 67.82 | 104 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.07 | 51.13 | 57 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 00.0 | 77.10 | 00 |
| incidence of child labour | 22.9 | 77.10 | 92 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 51.31 | 112 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 10.8 | 10.83 | 99 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 11.5 | 11.48 | 82 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 4.05 | 50.89 | 42 |
| Youth literacy rate | 85.1 | 85.09 | 104 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 51.6 | 51.60 | 119 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 14.2 | 14.21 | 121 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 44.6 | 44.60 | 68 |
| Unemployment rate | 33.0 | 67.00 | 110 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | _ | _ | _ |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 53.07 | 99 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 52.4 | 52.41 | 115 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.4 | 1.43 | 120 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | — | – | – |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 83.5 | 83.50 | 65 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 79.6 | 79.58 | 47 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 51.9 | 51.90 | 124 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 49.67 | 109 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 19.4 | 19.37 | 119 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 6.0 | 6.02 | 119 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.0 | 1.04 | 113 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 72.5 | 72.50 | 26 |
| Unemployment rate | 16.2 | 83.80 | 96 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.2 | 98.80 | 7 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 43 | 66.15 | 124 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 33.74 | 112 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 9.3 | 9.28 | 116 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 2.6 | 2.64 | 117 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.4 | 0.36 | 116 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 46.4 | 46.40 | 24 |
| Unemployment rate | 12.8 | 87.20 | 88 |
| Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 56.58 | 124 |
| | | | |

| Value |
|-------|
| |
| |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

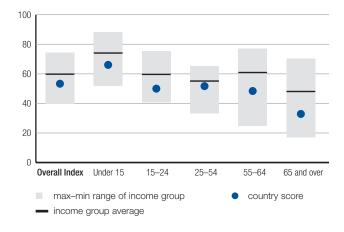
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.85 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 108 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 34.9 |
| The state of the s | |

| Workers in informal employment | 34.9 |
|--|---------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 16.8 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.05 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 36, 122 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education | on (% of GDP)12.9 | 8 |
|---|-------------------|---|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.2 | 2 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Lithuania

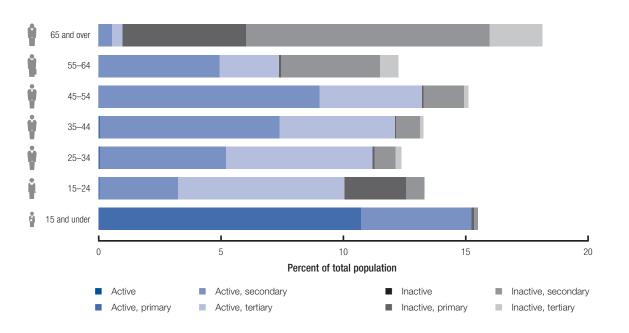
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 79.33 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 2,999 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 2,064 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 669 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 22.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 22.0 |

Median age of population (years)39 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....26,700 Labour force participation rate (%)......61.0 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......53.8 Unemployment rate (%)......11.8

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Total | 4.3 | 13.1 | 33.8 | | 51.2 | 2.4 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.2 | 3.5 | 18.2 | Tertiary education requirements | 21.9 | 0.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 0.6 | 8.4 | Secondary education requirements | 25.0 | 0.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 3.1 | 5.4 | 1.7 | | | 0.6 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.5 | 2.4 | 2.7 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.4 | 1.1 | 2.5 | Primary education requirements | 4.0 | 0.9 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.06 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.39 |
| Specialized training services | 4.78 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.31 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.66 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 175,066 | 42,379 |
| Agriculture | 3,803 | 725 |
| Education | 15,886 | 4,430 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 29,169 | 7,094 |
| Health and Welfare | 18,239 | 4,576 |
| Humanities and Arts | 13,346 | 3,140 |
| Sciences | 9,577 | 2,281 |
| Services | 5,333 | 1,310 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 79,713 | 18,823 |
| Unspecified | — | |

_ithuania

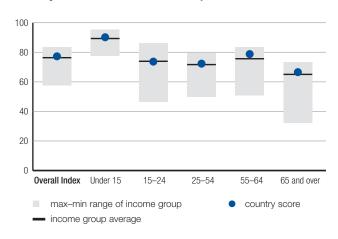
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 92.58 | 17 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | | 99.24 | / 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.01 | 66.78 | 22 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 75.65 | 28 |
| To 2171go di odp | | 70100 | |
| Enrolment in education | 70.0 | 70.05 | 10 |
| Tertiary enrolment rate Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | 30.4 | 30.41 | 50 |
| Quality of education | 0.00 | 40.05 | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.9 | 99.91 | 28 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 86.1 | 86.09 | 40 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 3.3 | 96.70 | 14 |
| or training rate | 11.1 | 88.90 | 24 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.258 | 74.25 | 61 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 74.24 | 20 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.8 | 20.76 | 44 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.872 | 64.54 | 32 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 99.5 | 99.50 | 2 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 92.0 | 92.00 | 29 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 80.89 | 13 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.7 | 99.74 | 22 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 98.7 | 98.72 | 8 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 21.2 | 21.17 | 25 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 60.5 | 60.50 | 70 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.7 | 89.30 | 89 |
| Underemployment rate | 3.2 | 96.80 | 35 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 65 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 68.34 | 25 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.50 | 22 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 76.8 | 76.85 | 23 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.9 | 15.91 | 25 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 6.1 | 6.10 | 104 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 36 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.0 | 96.00 | 41 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 85.53 | 57 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators |
|--|
| Innovation ecosystem |
| State of cluster development 3.50 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 11 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP)5.20 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Luxembourg

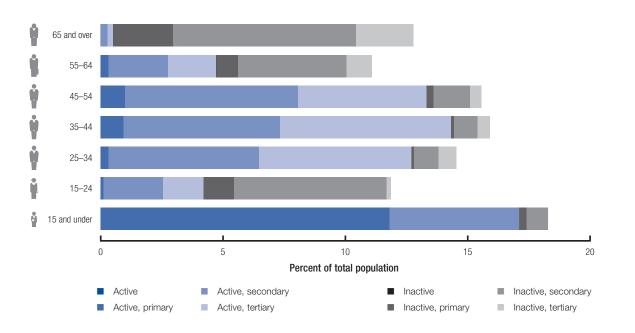
Human Capital Index 2015 78.79 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)543 |
|--|
| Working age population (1,000s)371 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)138 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)20.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) |

Median age of population (years)39 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....92,507 Labour force participation rate (%)......57.6 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 54.2 Unemployment rate (%)......5.8

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed popula employment type by former occupat | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Total | 0.9 | 6.5 | 46.9 | 54.31.5 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 2.0 | 30.0 | Tertiary education requirements32.00.6 | |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 0.6 | 10.1 | Secondary education requirements18.20.5 | |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 8.0 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 0.2 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | — | 1.0 | 1.4 | 0.0 | |
| Elementary occupations | 0.0 | 0.4 | 3.5 | Primary education requirements3.90.2 | |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.20.0 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.78 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.74 |
| Specialized training services | 5.29 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 5.48 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.99 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 6,085 | 1,289 |
| Agriculture | 25 | |
| Education | 1,004 | 142 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 439 | 78 |
| Health and Welfare | 447 | 101 |
| Humanities and Arts | 680 | 134 |
| Sciences | 670 | 112 |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 2,820 | 722 |
| Unspecified | | |

Luxembourg

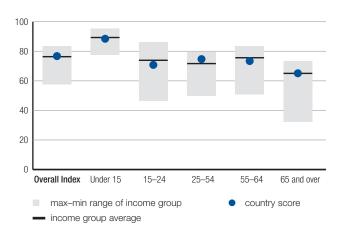
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|----------------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 90.83 | 26 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 95.1 | 95.09 | 72 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.99 | 66.56 | 23 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| Total file of office labour | | | |
| 8 | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 72.68 | 42 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 59.3 | 59.26 | 12 |
| Quality of education | 4.50 | E0 07 | 0. |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| • | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 7 0.0 4 | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 27.5 | 27.50 | 110 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 5.0 | 95.00 | 6 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 25.0 | 75.00 | 41 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 3.8 | 96.20 | 4 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.354 | 64.60 | 88 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 76.69 | 11 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 24.1 | 24.08 | 33 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 5.40 | 70 00 | 0 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 87.1 | 87.10 | 43 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.3 | 94.70 | 45 |
| onomproyment rate | 2.2 | 97.80 | 11 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| | | 83.80 | 37 |
| Underemployment rate | | 83.80 | 37 |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | 83.8 | | |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 59.6 | 59.60 92.80 | 1 |

| | value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| \$5-64 Age Group | | 75.36 | 37 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 73.3 | 73.31 | 41 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.2 | 19.19 | 35 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 42.2 | 42.20 | 108 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.7 | 95.30 | 55 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.5 | 97.50 | 25 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 72 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 66.85 | 27 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 57.6 | 57.61 | 33 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 13.2 | 13.19 | 34 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 3.8 | 3.80 | 116 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.4 | 98.60 | 18 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 7 | 94.74 | 9 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators |
|--|
| Innovation ecosystem 4.85 State of cluster development ¹ 4.85 University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 4.90 Ease of starting a business ⁴ 82 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment — Workers in vulnerable employment .6.2 Social safety net ¹ 6.10 Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) —, — |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) Internet access in schools ¹ |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Macedonia, FYR

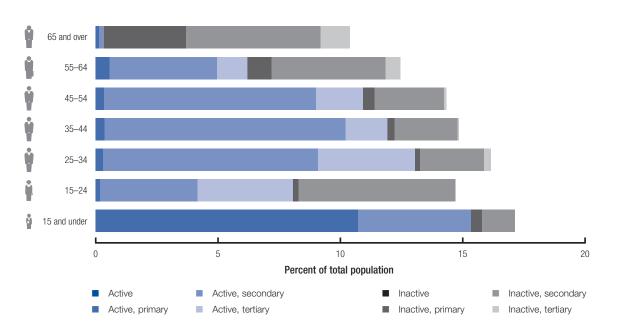
Human Capital Index 2015 69.31 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 2 109 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| | |
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 1,491 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 245 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 16.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 24.6 |

| Median age of population (years) | 36 |
|--|----|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)13,20 |)4 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)55 | .2 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)39 | .2 |
| Unemployment rate (%)29 | .0 |

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent o Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Total | 7.4 | 12.0 | 20.2 | | 39.6 | 1.7 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 2.1 | 8.8 | Tertiary education requirements | 11.1 | 0.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 8.0 | 7.3 | Secondary education requirements | 19.5 | 0.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.1 | 4.0 | 0.7 | | | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assembler | s 0.0 | 3.8 | 1.7 | | | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | 6.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | Primary education requirements | 8.8 | 0.4 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.44 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.87 |
| Specialized training services | 3.78 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.17 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.48 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 63,318 | 12,105 |
| Agriculture | 1,391 | 305 |
| Education | 3,106 | 1,109 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 6,916 | 1,063 |
| Health and Welfare | 7,467 | 999 |
| Humanities and Arts | 7,883 | 1,607 |
| Sciences | 7,669 | 1,246 |
| Services | 4,806 | 944 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 24,080 | 4,832 |
| Unspecified | | |

Macedonia, FY

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 84.09 | 56 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 91.9 | 91.89 | 86 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 97.3 | 97.34 | /8 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.26 | 54.26 | 48 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 12.5 | 87.50 | 77 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 66.98 | 67 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Fertiary enrolment rate | 38.5 | 38.46 | 62 |
| ocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.96 | 49.35 | 46 |
| outh literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.6 | 99.61 | 52 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 60.9 | 60.90 | 82 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 34.4 | 34.40 | 100 |
| Jnemployment rate | 50.8 | 49.20 | 121 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.8 | 97.20 | 11 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 24.2 | 75.80 | 61 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | 18.8 | 81.20 | 44 |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.217 | 78.28 | 39 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 62.23 | 60 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | 14.4 | 14.40 | 66 |
| Norkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.173 | 52.89 | 58 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 11.2 | / 1.22 | 58 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.33 | 38.87 | 105 |

| | Value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 70.38 | 56 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.3 | 98.33 | 44 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 57.6 | 57.62 | 52 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.2 | 15.20 | 45 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 47.9 | 47.90 | 95 |
| Unemployment rate | 24.1 | 75.90 | 99 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.3 | 97.70 | 20 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 61.30 | 46 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 95.4 | 95.37 | 41 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 41.5 | 41.51 | 47 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 13.5 | 13.45 | 33 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 3.4 | 3.40 | 118 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.4 | 92.60 | 84 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.1 | 95.90 | 42 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |
| | | | |

| valu |
|------|
|------|

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

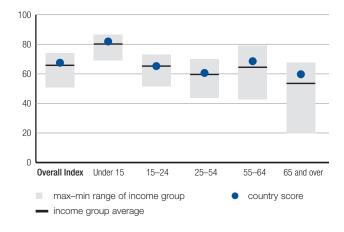
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.46 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.71 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 3 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 12.6 |

| Workers in informal employment | 12.6 |
|--|----------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 23.5 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.90 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 120, 119 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | _ |
|---|----|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 46 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Madagascar

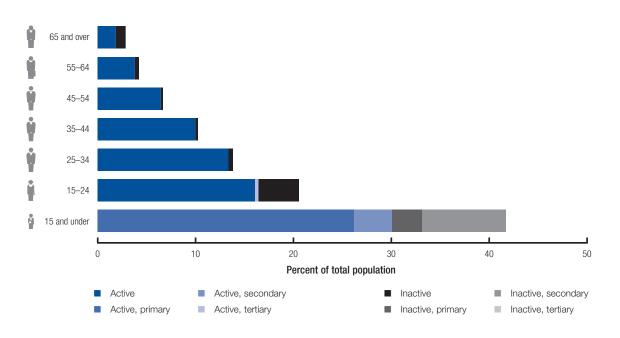
Human Capital Index 2015 56.25 104 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s).....24,235 Working age population (1,000s) 13,439 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)......700 Aged dependency ratio (%)......5.3 Child dependency ratio (%)......80.8

Median age of population (years)18 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......1,429 Labour force participation rate (%)......88.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 85.3 Unemployment rate (%)......3.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.75 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.85 |
| Specialized training services | 3.37 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.01 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.94 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 90,235 | 22,219 |
| Agriculture | 2,337 | 284 |
| Education | 1,814 | 354 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 5,770 | 1,973 |
| Health and Welfare | 7,452 | 716 |
| Humanities and Arts | 9,987 | 2,798 |
| Sciences | 10,552 | 2,575 |
| Services | 1,379 | 302 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 50,944 | 13,217 |
| Unspecified | — | 210 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 62.89 | 111 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 77.4 | 77.43 | 114 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 30.9 | 30.93 | 101 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.64 | 27.25 | 106 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 22.9 | 77.10 | 92 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 55.69 | 105 |
| - | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 4.1 | 4.09 | 114 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 2 97 | 32.81 | 101 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 97.6 | 07 50 | 104 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 40.1 | 40. 10 | |
| Economic participation | 70.5 | 70.50 | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 5.3 | 94.70 | 8 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.393 | 60.72 | 90 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 54.51 | 94 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.2 | 4.15 | 105 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.855 | 35.76 | 99 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | 0.0 | 0.00 | 110 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Niedium-skilled employment snare Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| Lase or irruing skilled employees | 3.90 | 40.41 | 04 |

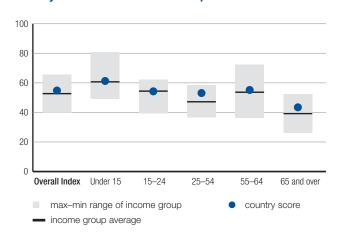
| 55–64 Age Group | | 56.65 | 97 |
|--|-----------|-------|---------|
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 29.5 | 29.50 | 90 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Healthy life expectancy at birth | — 46.7 | 53.30 | – 71 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 44.59 | 91 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 21.3 | 21.29 | 76 |
| Economic participation | | | |

Labour force participation rate.......64.764.70......6 Unemployment rate...... – –

Additional Indicators

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|---------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 2.87 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.26 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 37 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 73.6 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 90.2 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.59 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 29, 106 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 2 72 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- $\ensuremath{^{1}}$ Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Malawi

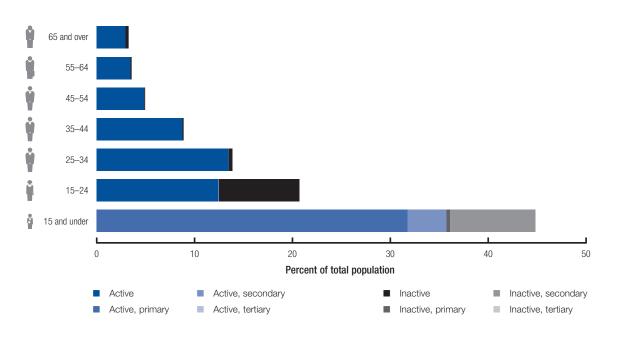
Human Capital Index 2015 53.49 110 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)17, | 309 |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Working age population (1,000s)8, | 989 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 80 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | .6.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 39.6 |

| Median age of population (years)17 |
|--|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)781 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)83.0 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) |
| Unemployment rate (%)7.6 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.96 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.16 |
| Specialized training services | 3.41 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.54 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.33 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 12,203 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | — |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 59.24 | 117 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 95.6 | 95.63 | 85 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.55 | 25.82 | 110 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 25.7 | 74.30 | 95 |
| | | 0 | 5 . |
| 45.0440 | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 54.72 | 106 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | — | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.19 | 36.43 | 86 |
| Youth literacy rate | 75.1 | 75.06 | 111 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 90.9 | 90.93 | 97 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 60 O | 60.00 | 27 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | – | | — |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | 1.6 | 09.40 | -1 |
| ncidence of undereducationncidence | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Melice | 0 | Devil |
| OF E4 Ago Croup | Value | Score Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 51.33 | 104 |
| Educational attainment | 70.0 | 70.05 | 00 |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 1.00 | |
| - | 1.0 | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Norkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 4.03 | 50.57 | 59 |
| Norkplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | 4.03 | 50.57 | 59 |
| Norkplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation | 4.03 –1.241 | 50.57 29.31 | 59 110 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 4.03 -1.241 97.8 | 50.57 29.31 97.80 | 59 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 4.03 -1.241 97.8 | 50.57 29.31 97.80 94.20 | 59 110 1 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 4.03 -1.241 97.8 5.8 | 50.57 29.31 97.80 94.20 | 59 110 1 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 4.03 -1.241 97.8 5.8 | 50.57 29.31 97.80 94.20 | 59 110 1 48 |
| Norkplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 4.03 -1.241 97.8 5.8 | 97.80 94.20 | 10 1 48 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share | 97.85.8 | 97.80 94.20 | 5911048 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 | 4.03 -1.241 97.85.8 1.9 90.6 | 97.8094.20 | 5911048120 |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 55.41 | 100 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 55.1 | 55.06 | 102 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 9.0 | 9.04 | 114 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.0 | 0.81 | 119 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 96.3 | 96.30 | 1 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.7 | 94.30 | 60 |
| Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 50 | 76.92 | 112 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 41.59 | 98 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 46.4 | 46.37 | 92 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 5.3 | 5.33 | 108 |

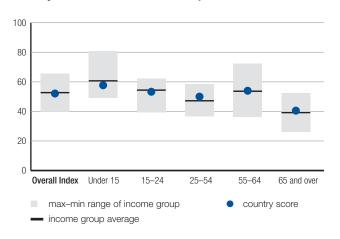
Unemployment rate...... – – Underemployment rate – –

Economic participation

| | value |
|--|--------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 157 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 89.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.95 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 42, 98 |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......5.35

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- ⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

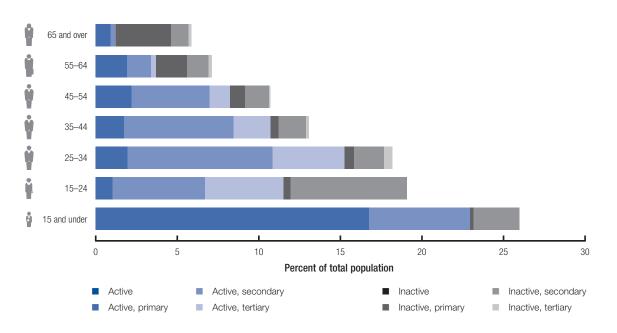
Malaysia

Human Capital Index 2015 70.24 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......30,651 Working age population (1,000s)21,148 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)........4,160 Aged dependency ratio (%)......7.2 Child dependency ratio (%)......41.0 Median age of population (years)......26 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....24,521 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 57.5 Unemployment rate (%)......3.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | 65.0 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians 0.1 4.3 11.7 | Tertiary education requirements16.1 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements40.7 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers5.75.31.9 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers 0.34.8 2.8 | - |
| Elementary occupations2.02.24.0 | Primary education requirements8.2 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.20 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.13 |
| Specialized training services | 5.44 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 5.03 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.07 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,076,675 | 261,819 |
| Agriculture | 19,688 | 4,919 |
| Education | 111,286 | 35,377 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 235,777 | 55,952 |
| Health and Welfare | 103,231 | 30,451 |
| Humanities and Arts | 91,538 | 30,276 |
| Sciences | 139,064 | 24,963 |
| Services | 51,899 | 14,149 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 324,192 | 65,732 |
| Unspecified | — | 207 |

Malaysia

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|---------------|--------|--------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 84.71 | 54 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| , | 90.4 | 90.00 | 00 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.29 | 71.47 | 16 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | – | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 74.85 | 30 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 37.2 | 37.20 | 64 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 20.7 | 20.67 | 65 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 5.26 | 70.97 | 10 |
| Youth literacy rate | 98.4 | 98.42 | 74 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 92.7 | 92.73 | 23 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.166 | 83.38 | 9 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 66.33 | 42 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 19.0 | 19.04 | 40 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | F 05 | 70.40 | , |
| Staff training services ' Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 0.991 | 00.02 | 24 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 70.0 | 76.00 | 100 |
| | | / 0.20 | 103 |
| | | | _ |
| Unemployment rate | — | | |
| | — — | | — |
| Unemployment rate | — — | | — |
| Unemployment rate | | | – – |
| Unemployment rate | – | | – – |

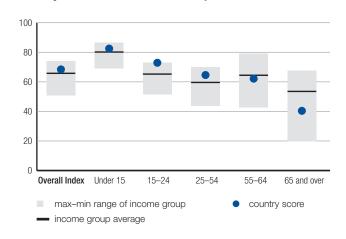
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 63.80 | 75 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 89.6 | 89.57 | 69 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 55.0 | 55.03 | 57 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.6 | 7.63 | 81 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 43.8 | 43.80 | 101 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | – |
| Underemployment rate | 11.7 | 88.30 | 62 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 64 | 98.46 | 66 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 41.46 | 99 |
|---|-------|----|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate71.5 | 71.48 | 73 |
| Secondary education attainment rate26.9 | 26.91 | 65 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.90 | 87 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate20.8 | 20.80 | 57 |
| Unemployment rate | | — |
| Underemployment rate | | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 650 | 84.21 | 66 |
| | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.28 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.33 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 13 |
| | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | |
| | |
| Workers in informal employment | 22.2 |

Country Score Within Income Group

Public investment



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Mali

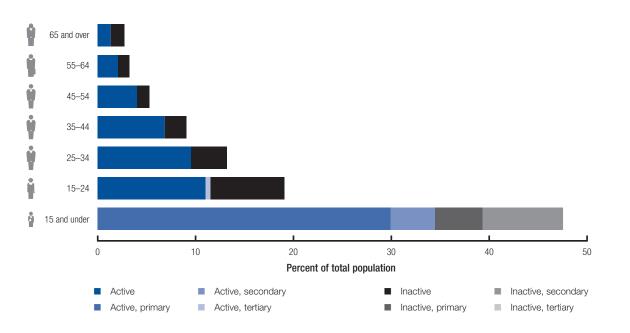
Human Capital Index 2015 118 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 16,259 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 8,092 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 150 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 93.0 |

| Madian aga of papulation (years) |
|--|
| Median age of population (years) 17 |
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)1,559 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)66.0 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)60.7 |
| Unemployment rate (%)8.1 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.14 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.41 |
| Specialized training services | 3.37 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.33 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.44 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 87,653 | |
| Agriculture | 685 | |
| Education | 7,145 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 1,723 | |
| Health and Welfare | 5,980 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 12,836 | |
| Sciences | 1,565 | |
| Services | 98 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 57,183 | |
| Unspecified | | |

| ### Under 15 Age Group Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--|-------|-------|------|
| Primary enrolment rate | Under 15 Age Group | | 59.27 | 116 |
| Secondary enrolment rate .35.6 .35.60 .98 Basic education survival rate .63.4 .63.37 .99 Secondary enrolment gender gap .79.8 .79.82 .97 Quality of education .21.7 .29.49 .104 Vulnerability Incidence of child labour .21.4 .78.60 .89 Errolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate .7.5 .7.47 .108 Vocational enrolment rate .7.5 .7.47 .108 Vocational enrolment rate .7.5 .7.47 .108 Vocational enrolment rate .38.8 .38.75 .37 Quality of education .30.0 .33.39 .97 Youth literacy rate .54.1 .54.08 .119 Educational attainment .7.8 .47.80 .122 Secondary education attainment rate .47.8 .47.80 .122 Secondary education attainment rate .57.8 .57.80 .33 Underemployment rate .57.8 .57.80 .33 | | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | • | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap .79.8 .79.82 .97 Quality of education 2.77 .29.49 .104 Vulnerability 2.14 .78.60 .89 Image: Some and Part of State (Inc.) Rank .78.60 .89 Enrolment in education .21.4 .78.60 .89 Enrolment in education .75 .7.47 .108 Vocational enrolment rate .75 .7.47 .108 Vocational of education .38.8 .38.75 .37 Quality of education system¹ .3.00 .33.39 .97 Youth literacy rate .54.1 .54.08 .119 Educational attainment .54.1 .54.08 .119 Educational attainment .47.80 .122 .25.60 .25.64 .116 Economic participation .47.80 .42.5 .25.60 .41 .44.60 .122 Secondary education attainment rate .57.8 .57.80 .33 .33 .41 .42 .42.60 .42 .42 | , | | | |
| Quality of primary schools¹ .2.77 .29.49 .104 Vulnerability Incidence of child labour .21.4 .78.60 .89 Image: Problem of the control of | | | | |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | Quality of education | | | |
| Value Score Rank | | 2.77 | 29.49 | 104 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | _ | 21.4 | 78.60 | 89 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 15–24 Age Group | | 49.50 | 115 |
| Vocational enrolment rate 38.8 38.75 .97 Quality of education 3.00 33.39 .97 Youth literacy rate 54.1 54.08 .119 Educational attainment | Enrolment in education | | | |
| Quality of education 3.00 33.39 .97 Youth literacy rate 54.1 54.08 119 Educational attainment 119 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 47.8 47.80 122 Secondary education attainment rate 25.6 25.64 116 Economic participation 116 25.6 25.64 116 Economic participation 10.5 89.50 .41 Underemployment rate 13.5 86.50 .35 Long-term unemployment rate - - - Skills Incidence of overeducation - - - Incidence of overeducation - - - - Skill diversity² 0.459 54.09 .93 Educational attainment - 16.7 16.65 | | 7.5 | 7.47 | 108 |
| Quality of education system¹ 3.00 33.39 .97 Youth literacy rate 54.1 54.08 .119 Educational attainment .54.1 .54.08 .119 Primary education attainment rate .47.8 .47.80 .122 Secondary education attainment rate .25.6 .25.64 .116 Economic participation | Vocational enrolment rate | 38.8 | 38.75 | 37 |
| Quality of education system¹ 3.00 33.39 .97 Youth literacy rate 54.1 54.08 .119 Educational attainment .54.1 .54.08 .119 Primary education attainment rate .47.8 .47.80 .122 Secondary education attainment rate .25.6 .25.64 .116 Economic participation | Quality of education | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | | 3.00 | 33.39 | 97 |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | Educational attainment | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate .25.6 .25.64 .116 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .57.8 .57.80 .33 Unemployment rate .10.5 .89.50 .41 Underemployment, education Not in employment, education Incidence of unemployment rate <td></td> <td>47.8</td> <td> 47.80</td> <td>122</td> | | 47.8 | 47.80 | 122 |
| Labour force participation rate | • | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | 57.8 | 57.80 | 33 |
| Underemployment rate | | | | |
| or training rate | • • | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate — — — Skills Incidence of overeducation — — — Incidence of undereducation — — — — Skill diversity² 0.459 54.09 93 Value Score Rank Value Score Rank Primary education attainment 31.5 31.51 120 Secondary education attainment rate .16.7 .16.65 .119 Tertiary education attainment rate .3.4 .3.36 .109 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ .3.30 .38.29 .110 Economic complexity³ —0.643 .39.28 .88 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .73.8 .73.80 .107 Underemployment rate .77 .92.30 .64 Underemployment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share .1.9 .1.90 .120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 </td <td>Not in employment, education</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Not in employment, education | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | or training rate | 13.5 | 86.50 | 35 |
| Incidence of overeducation | Long-term unemployment rate | — | – | |
| No. No. | Skills | | | |
| Value Score Rank 44.52 120 Educational attainment 7.1.5 31.51 120 Secondary education attainment rate 16.7 16.65 119 Tertiary education attainment rate 3.4 3.36 109 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 3.30 38.29 110 Economic complexity³ -0.643 39.28 88 Economic participation -0.643 39.28 88 Economic participation rate 73.8 73.80 107 Unemployment rate 7.7 92.30 64 Underemployment gender gap <td>Incidence of overeducation</td> <td> —</td> <td></td> <td> –</td> | Incidence of overeducation | — | | – |
| Value Score Rank № 25-54 Age Group 44.52 120 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 31.5 31.51 120 Secondary education attainment rate 16.7 16.65 119 Tertiary education attainment rate 3.4 3.36 109 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 3.30 38.29 110 Economic complexity³ -0.643 39.28 88 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 73.8 73.80 107 Underemployment rate 7.7 92.30 64 Underemployment gender gap 56.8 56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 120 Medium-skilled employment share 84.1 84.10 82 | _ | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Skill diversity ² | 0.459 | 54.09 | 93 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 31.5 31.51 120 Secondary education attainment rate 16.7 16.65 119 Tertiary education attainment rate 3.4 3.36 109 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ 3.30 38.29 110 Economic complexity ³ -0.643 39.28 88 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 73.8 73.80 107 Unemployment rate 7.7 92.30 .64 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | _ | Value | Score | Rank |
| Primary education attainment rate .31.5 .31.51 .120 Secondary education attainment rate .16.7 .16.65 .119 Tertiary education attainment rate .3.4 .3.36 .109 Workplace learning .3.30 .38.29 .110 Economic complexity³ .0.643 .39.28 .88 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .73.8 .73.80 .107 Unemployment rate .7.7 .92.30 .64 Underemployment rate .7.7 .92.30 .64 Underemployment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share .1.9 .1.90 .120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | 25–54 Age Group | | 44.52 | 120 |
| Secondary education attainment rate 16.7 16.65 119 Tertiary education attainment rate 3.4 3.36 109 Workplace learning 3.30 38.29 110 Economic complexity³ -0.643 39.28 88 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 73.8 73.80 107 Unemployment rate 7.7 92.30 .64 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap 56.8 56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 120 Medium-skilled employment share 84.1 84.10 .82 | Educational attainment | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate 3.4 3.36 109 Workplace learning Staff training services 1 3.30 38.29 110 Economic complexity3 -0.643 39.28 88 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 73.8 73.80 107 Unemployment rate 7.7 92.30 .64 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap 56.8 56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 120 Medium-skilled employment share 84.1 84.10 .82 | • | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 | • | | | |
| Staff training services 1 3.30 38.29 110 Economic complexity3 -0.643 39.28 88 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 73.8 73.80 107 Unemployment rate 7.7 92.30 .64 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.4 | 3.36 | 109 |
| Economic complexity³ -0.643 39.28 88 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .73.8 .73.80 .107 Unemployment rate .7.7 .92.30 .64 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 .120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | Workplace learning | | | |
| Economic participation 73.8 73.80 107 Labour force participation rate 7.7 92.30 .64 Underemployment rate - - - Underemployment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | | | | |
| Labour force participation rate 73.8 73.80 107 Unemployment rate 7.7 92.30 .64 Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | Economic complexity ³ | 0.643 | 39.28 | 88 |
| Unemployment rate 7.7 92.30 64 Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 .120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | Economic participation | | | |
| Underemployment rate — — Employment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 .190 .120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | · | | | |
| Employment gender gap .56.8 .56.83 .73 Skills High-skilled employment share 1.9 .1.90 .120 Medium-skilled employment share .84.1 .84.10 .82 | Unemployment rate | 7.7 | 92.30 | 64 |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | | | | |
| High-skilled employment share 1.9 1.90 120 Medium-skilled employment share 84.1 84.10 82 | Employment gender gap | 56.8 | 56.83 | 73 |
| Medium-skilled employment share84.184.1082 | Skills | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share84.184.1082 | | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ 4.1051.6649 | Medium-skilled employment share | 84.1 | 84.10 | 82 |
| | Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.10 | 51.66 | 49 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 44.80 | 118 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 20.5 | 20.45 | 118 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 10.5 | 10.45 | 113 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 2.4 | 2.36 | 109 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 64.5 | 64.50 | 55 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.8 | 97.20 | 32 |
| Underemployment rate | – | – | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 48 | 73.85 | 117 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 36.20 | 109 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | .5.4 | 5.35 | 121 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | .2.7 | 2.74 | 116 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | .0.9 | 0.87 | 108 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 48.8 | 48.80 | 21 |
| Unemployment rate | .3.7 | 96.30 | 69 |
| Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 63.16 | 117 |
| | | | |

| value |
|-------|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

Additional Indicators

| Innovation | ecosystem |
|------------|-----------|
|------------|-----------|

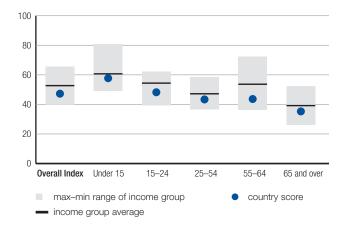
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.95 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.20 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 169 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 81.8 |

| vvorkers in informal employment | 81.8 |
|--|--------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 90.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.95 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 36, 79 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)4. | 80 |
|---|----|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 42 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Malta

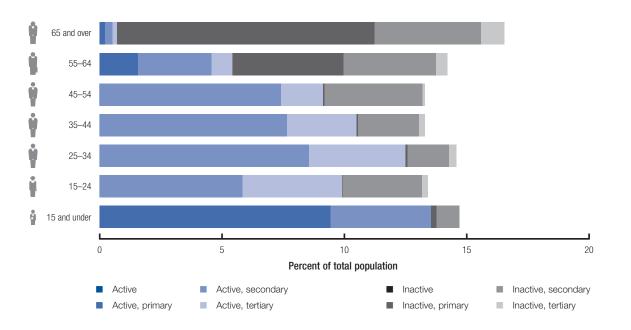
Human Capital Index 2015 75.77 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 431 |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 294 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 54 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 20.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 22.4 |

Median age of population (years)40 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....31,717 Labour force participation rate (%)......52.0 Unemployment rate (%)......6.5

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent Agriculture | of population e Industry | mployed in Services | 4.5 | ılation by yment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Total | 10.8 | 38.2 | 4 | 19.6 | 0.7 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.1 | 2.9 | 17.1 | Tertiary education requirements2 | 20.1 | 0.1 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 1.2 | 14.1 | Secondary education requirements2 | 24.4 | 0.3 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers0.5 | 3.5 | 1.8 | | | 0.1 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.0 | 2.1 | 1.2 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 1.1 | 3.4 | Primary education requirements | .4.6 | 0.1 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.5 | | .0.5 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.31 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.93 |
| Specialized training services | 4.58 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.32 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.05 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 12,203 | 3,463 |
| Agriculture | 33 | 8 |
| Education | 1,234 | 292 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 1,000 | 291 |
| Health and Welfare | 2,486 | 668 |
| Humanities and Arts | 1,615 | 444 |
| Sciences | 1,546 | 371 |
| Services | 242 | 83 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 4,047 | 1,306 |
| Unspecified | — | 19 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 88.59 | 35 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.47 | 74.45 | 12 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| * | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 73.52 | 36 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 41.2 | 41.21 | 59 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 11.8 | 11.84 | 79 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 5.03 | 67.10 | 16 |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.0 | 98.98 | 61 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 88.1 | 88.13 | 36 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 50.8 | 50.80 | 47 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 6.4 | 93.60 | 33 |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 9.9 | 90.10 | 21 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 23.7 | 76.32 | 40 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | — | | – |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.222 | 77.79 | 44 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| OF FAAre Crown | value | | |
| √ 25–54 Age Group | | 71.65 | 30 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 18.4 | 18.41 | 50 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | — | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 76.8 | 76.80 | 99 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 64.5 | 64.51 | 67 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.44 | 57.31 | 34 |

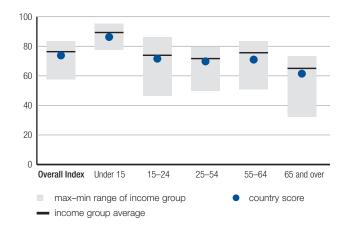
| | value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 72.88 | 49 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 73.6 | 73.55 | 40 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.3 | 7.32 | 82 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 37.5 | 37.50 | 118 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.7 | 94.30 | 60 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.5 | 97.50 | 25 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| CE and Over Age Crown | | 62.12 | 20 |

| | value | JUJU | Halik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 63.13 | 39 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 40.6 | 40.61 | 48 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 6.4 | 6.40 | 68 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 4.3 | 4.30 | 114 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.5 | 99.50 | 14 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.3 | 97.70 | 30 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |
| | | | |

| Additional | Indicators | |
|------------|-------------|--|
| Auuluulai | IIIUIGALUIS | |

| Innovation ecosystem |
|--|
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 136 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ 4.69 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP)6.91 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Mauritania

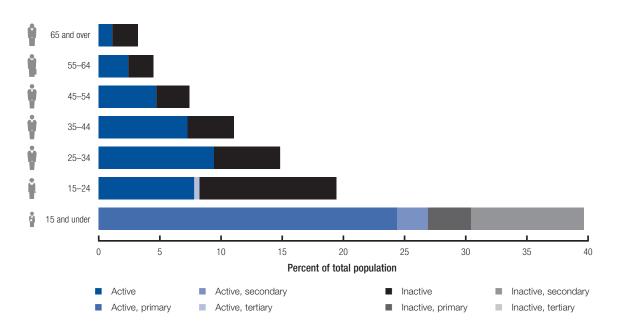
Human Capital Index 2015 42.29 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 4,080 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 2,331 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 120 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 72 O |

Median age of population (years)20 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......3,379 Labour force participation rate (%)......53.9 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 48.5 Unemployment rate (%)......10.1

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation | |
|--|--|--|
| Total—— | | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements | |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements | |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | - | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements | |
| Others | | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.89 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.85 |
| Specialized training services | 3.11 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.46 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.33 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 17,878 | |
| Agriculture | — | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | — | |
| Sciences | — | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | | |

Mauritania

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 57.85 | 119 |
| Enrolment in education | 70.4 | 70.00 | 447 |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.49 | 24.77 | 111 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 14.6 | 85.40 | 83 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 42.57 | 121 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 5.4 | 5.42 | 110 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 4.3 | 4.31 | 102 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 62.6 | 62.63 | 118 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 37.3 | 37.33 | 103 |
| Economic participation | 40.4 | 40.40 | 70 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | – | | — |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | – | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 37.46 | 123 |
| Educational attainment | | - | _ |
| Primary education attainment rate | 60.1 | 60.08 | 112 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 2.60 | 26.67 | 124 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | – | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| Lase of illiuming skilled employees | ∠.∀პ | ٥८.८७ | 110 |

| 55–64 Age Group | 34.73 | 123 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate23 | 3.5 23.52. | 117 |
| Secondary education attainment rate10 |).9 10.93 . | 112 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.9 3.88. | 102 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate53 | 3.8 53.80. | 86 |
| Unemployment rate | | |
| Underemployment rate | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 53 81.54. | 107 |
| | | |
| Val | ue Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 24.43 | 122 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate13 | 3.6 13.56. | 113 |

| * | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 34.0 | 34.00 | 33 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 69.74 | 107 |
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

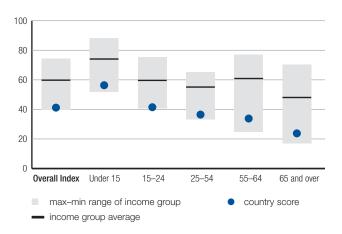
| State of cluster development ¹ | 2.84 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2.03 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 164 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| 10/ 1 : 1 11 1 | |

| workers in informal employment | — |
|--|--------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 66.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.48 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 17, 89 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.69 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 2.06 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Mauritius

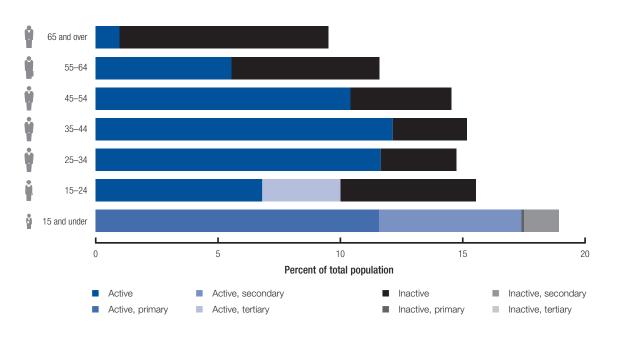
Human Capital Index 2015 66.66 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)1,25 |
|--|
| Working age population (1,000s)89 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)3 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)10. |
| Child dependency ratio (%)29. |

Median age of population (years)33 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....17,888 Labour force participation rate (%)......58.6 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 53.9 Unemployment rate (%)......8.0

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.55 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.44 |
| Specialized training services | 4.41 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.92 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.18 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 40,165 | |
| Agriculture | 340 | |
| Education | 4,003 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 2,902 | |
| Health and Welfare | 1,723 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 2,349 | |
| Sciences | 4,385 | |
| Services | 756 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 23,409 | |
| Unspecified | 298 | |

Mauritius

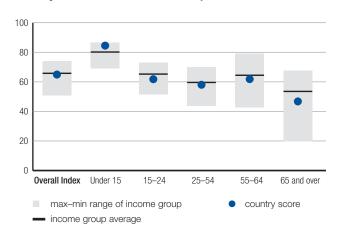
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|---------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 86.77 | 45 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.2 | 98.18 | 41 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 80.4 | 80.43 | 57 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.53 | 58.79 | 40 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 63.43 | 78 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 41.2 | 41.21 | 60 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 6.2 | 6.16 | 97 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 98.7 | 98.72 | 68 |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.04 | 40 |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | /6.1 | / 6. 15 | 57 |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate | 19.1 | 42.40 | 60 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| or training rate Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | _ | _ | _ |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.372 | 62.75 | 89 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 59.57 | 72 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | 4 42 | 57 07 | 32 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 76.8 | 76.80 | 99 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.3 | 94.70 | 45 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | – | | – |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.76 | 46.05 | 72 |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 63.50 | 77 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 92.5 | 92.51 | 62 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 40.0 | 40.02 | 72 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.1 | 3.08 | 108 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 47.4 | 47.40 | 97 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.0 | 98.00 | 22 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | – |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 65 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 48.00 | 81 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 73.8 | 73.82 | 70 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 23.0 | 23.02 | 74 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 2.2 | 2.24 | 99 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 10.0 | 10.00 | 91 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.6 | 93.40 | 83 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 85.53 | 57 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|--------------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 3.19 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | 17.1 3.82 |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Mexico

Human Capital Index 2015

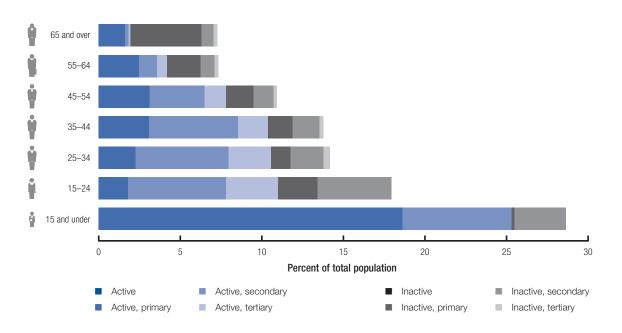
Rank Score

58 68.50

(out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population e Agriculture Industry | mployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|---|------------------------|--|
| Total7.713.7 | 35.7 | 57.12.0 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.11.7 | 9.2 | Tertiary education requirements11.00.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 15.7 | Secondary education requirements33.00.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers4.65.0 | 1.2 | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers 0.0 2.8 | 2.4 | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations2.93.1 | 7.1 | Primary education requirements13.10.6 |
| Others | 0.1 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.71 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.24 |
| Specialized training services | 4.33 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.30 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.49 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 3,161,195 | 533,867 |
| Agriculture | 67,191 | 8,997 |
| Education | 292,399 | 66,645 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 822,038 | 113,944 |
| Health and Welfare | 309,680 | 48,137 |
| Humanities and Arts | 148,444 | 23,433 |
| Sciences | 193,243 | 29,576 |
| Services | 28,310 | 3,905 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 1,299,890 | 238,856 |
| Unspecified | 4.296 | 374 |

Mexico

| Primary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|---|-------|--------|------|
| Primary enrolment rate | Under 15 Age Group | | 79.93 | 72 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | Enrolment in education | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | * | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap 100.0 100.00 1 Quality of education 2.84 .30.58 .102 Vulnerability .6.3 .93.70 .57 Value Score Rank 15—24 Age Group 68.61 63 Enrolment in education .28.0 .28.99 .70 Vocational enrolment rate .8.8 .8.85 .87 Quality of education .28.1 .30.23 .107 Youth literacy rate .99.0 .99.04 .56 Educational attainment .99.0 .99.99 .90.0 .56 Educational attainment .99.0 .98.98 .64 Secondary education attainment rate .73.4 .73.41 .65 Economic participation .48.00 .58 .88 Labour force participation rate .48.0 .48.00 .58 Underemployment rate .99.9 .99.13 .4 Underemployment, education .77 .92.30 .39 Not in employment, education< | , | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools¹ .2.84 .30.58 .102 Vulnerability .6.3 .93.70 .57 Value Score Rank 15—24 Age Group 68.61 63 Enrolment in education .29.0 .28.99 .70 Vocational enrolment rate .29.0 .28.99 .70 Vocational enrolment rate .8.8 .8.85 .87 Quality of education Quality of education system¹ .2.81 .30.23 .107 Youth literacy rate .99.0 .99.04 .56 Educational attainment .99.0 .98.98 .64 Secondary education attainment rate .99.0 .98.98 .64 Secondary education attainment rate .73.4 .73.41 .65 Economic participation .48.00 .48.00 .58 Unemployment rate .99.9 .90.10 .36 Underemployment rate .99.9 .90.10 .36 Unemployment rate | | | | |
| Quality of primary schools¹ .2.84 .30.58 .102 Vulnerability Incidence of child labour 6.3 .93.70 .57 Image: Score and Park and Par | , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Notice Score Rank Score Ra | Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.84 | 30.58 | 102 |
| Value Score Rank | Vulnerability | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | Incidence of child labour | 6.3 | 93.70 | 57 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 15–24 Age Group | | 68.61 | 63 |
| Quality of education 2.81 30.23 107 Youth literacy rate | Enrolment in education | | | |
| Quality of education 2.81 30.23 107 Youth literacy rate 99.0 99.04 .56 Educational attainment 99.0 99.04 .56 Educational attainment 99.0 98.98 .64 Secondary education attainment rate 73.4 73.41 .65 Economic participation 48.0 48.00 .58 Unemployment force participation rate 48.0 48.00 .58 Unemployment rate 9.9 90.10 .36 Underemployment rate 7.7 92.30 .39 Not in employment, education 7.7 92.30 .39 Not in employment, education 7.7 92.30 .39 Not in employment rate 0.9 99.13 .4 Skills Incidence of overeducation — | , | | | |
| Quality of education system¹ 2.81 30.23 107 Youth literacy rate 99.0 99.04 56 Educational attainment 99.0 98.98 64 Primary education attainment rate 73.4 73.41 65 Economic participation 48.0 48.00 58 Unemployment rate 9.9 90.10 36 Underemployment rate 7.7 92.30 39 Not in employment, education or training rate 18.2 81.80 45 Long-term unemployment rate 0.9 99.13 4 Skills Incidence of overeducation — — Incidence of undereducation — — — Incidence of undereducation attainment — — — Primary education attainment — — — — S | Vocational enrolment rate | 8.8 | 8.85 | 87 |
| Youth literacy rate. 99.0 99.04 56 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate. 99.0 98.98 .64 Secondary education attainment rate. 73.4 73.41 .65 Economic participation 48.0 .48.00 .58 Lonemployment rate. .9.9 .90.10 .36 Underemployment rate. .7.7 .92.30 .39 Not in employment, education .7.7 .92.30 .39 Not in employment, education .7.7 .92.30 .39 Not in employment rate. .0.9 .99.13 .4 Skills Incidence of overeducation. Incidence of undereducation. Incidence of undereducation. | | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Quality of education system ¹ | 2.81 | 30.23 | 107 |
| Primary education attainment rate | Youth literacy rate | 99.0 | 99.04 | 56 |
| Secondary education attainment rate 73.4 73.41 .65 Economic participation 48.0 48.00 .58 Labour force participation rate 9.9 90.10 .36 Underemployment rate 7.7 92.30 .39 Not in employment, education -7.7 92.30 .39 Not in employment, education -8.8 .88.8 .45 Long-term unemployment rate 0.9 99.13 .4 Skills | Educational attainment | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | Primary education attainment rate | 99.0 | 98.98 | 64 |
| Labour force participation rate | Secondary education attainment rate | 73.4 | 73.41 | 65 |
| Labour force participation rate | Economic participation | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | 48.0 | 48.00 | 58 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | Unemployment rate | 9.9 | 90.10 | 36 |
| or training rate | Underemployment rate | 7.7 | 92.30 | 39 |
| Long-term unemployment rate .0.9 .99.13 .4 Skills Incidence of overeducation — — — Incidence of undereducation — — — Skill diversity² .0.275 .72.52 .71 Value Score Rank Secondary education attainment rate .96.1 .96.14 .69 Secondary education attainment rate .62.4 .62.45 73 Tertiary education attainment rate .17.8 .17.78 54 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ .3.95 .49.25 .67 Economic complexity³ .0.989 .66.49 .25 Economic participation Labour | | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | <u> </u> | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — | Long-term unemployment rate | 0.9 | 99.13 | 4 |
| Incidence of undereducation | Skills | | | |
| Value Score Rank № 25—54 Age Group 63.12 55 Educational attainment 55 63.12 55 Educational attainment 96.1 96.1 69 Secondary education attainment rate 62.4 62.45 73 Tertiary education attainment rate 17.8 17.78 54 Workplace learning 3.95 49.25 67 Economic complexity³ 0.989 66.49 25 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 74.3 74.30 105 Unemployment rate 4.2 95.80 27 Underemployment gender gap 58.9 58.91 71 Skills High-skilled employment share 19.2 19.20 70 Medium-skilled employment share 77.0 77.00 104 | | | | |
| Value Score Rank № 25–54 Age Group 63.12 55 Educational attainment 55 63.12 55 Educational attainment 69 96.1 96.14 69 Secondary education attainment rate 62.4 62.45 73 Tertiary education attainment rate 17.8 17.78 .54 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 3.95 49.25 .67 Economic complexity³ 0.989 66.49 .25 Economic participation 1.2 .95.80 .27 Undermployment rate 4.2 .95.80 .27 Underemployment rate 8.6 .91.40 .42 Employment gender gap .58.9 .58.91 .71 Skills High-skilled employment share .19.2 .70 .77.00 .104 | | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Skill diversity ² | 0.275 | 72.52 | 71 |
| Educational attainment 96.1 96.14 69 Secondary education attainment rate 62.4 62.45 73 Tertiary education attainment rate 17.8 17.78 54 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ 3.95 49.25 67 Economic complexity ³ 0.989 66.49 25 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 74.3 74.30 105 Underemployment rate 4.2 95.80 27 Underemployment gender gap 58.9 58.91 71 Skills High-skilled employment share 19.2 19.20 70 Medium-skilled employment share 77.0 77.00 104 | • | Value | Score | Rank |
| Primary education attainment rate | 25–54 Age Group | | 63.12 | 55 |
| Secondary education attainment rate 62.4 62.45 73 Tertiary education attainment rate 17.8 17.78 .54 Workplace learning .54 Staff training services ¹ 3.95 49.25 .67 Economic complexity ³ 0.989 .66.49 .25 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 74.3 74.30 105 Unemployment rate 4.2 95.80 .27 Underemployment rate 8.6 .91.40 .42 Employment gender gap .58.9 .58.91 .71 Skills High-skilled employment share .19.2 .19.20 .70 Medium-skilled employment share .77.0 .77.00 .104 | Educational attainment | | | |
| Workplace learning 17.8 17.78 54 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 3.95 49.25 67 Economic complexity³ 0.989 66.49 25 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 74.3 74.30 105 Unemployment rate 4.2 95.80 27 Underemployment rate 8.6 91.40 .42 Employment gender gap 58.9 58.91 .71 Skills High-skilled employment share 19.2 19.20 .70 Medium-skilled employment share .77.0 .77.00 104 | | | | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 3.95 49.25 67 Economic complexity 3 0.989 66.49 25 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 74.3 74.30 105 Unemployment rate 4.2 95.80 27 Underemployment rate 8.6 91.40 .42 Employment gender gap 58.9 58.91 .71 Skills High-skilled employment share 19.2 19.20 .70 Medium-skilled employment share .77.0 .77.00 104 | | | | |
| Staff training services 1 3.95 49.25 67 Economic complexity 3 0.989 66.49 25 Economic participation | Tertiary education attainment rate | 17.8 | 17.78 | 54 |
| Economic complexity³ 0.989 66.49 .25 Economic participation Labour force participation rate .74.3 .74.30 .105 Unemployment rate .4.2 .95.80 .27 Underemployment rate .8.6 .91.40 .42 Employment gender gap .58.9 .58.91 .71 Skills High-skilled employment share .19.2 .19.20 .70 Medium-skilled employment share .77.0 .77.00 .104 | | | | |
| Economic participation .74.3 .74.30 .105 Labour force participation rate .74.3 .74.30 .105 Unemployment rate .4.2 .95.80 .27 Underemployment rate .8.6 .91.40 .42 Employment gender gap .58.9 .58.91 .71 Skills High-skilled employment share .19.2 .19.20 .70 Medium-skilled employment share .77.0 .77.00 .104 | | | | |
| Labour force participation rate 74.3 74.30 105 Unemployment rate 4.2 95.80 .27 Underemployment rate 8.6 91.40 .42 Employment gender gap 58.9 58.91 .71 Skills High-skilled employment share 19.2 19.20 .70 Medium-skilled employment share .77.0 .77.00 .104 | Economic complexity ³ | 0.989 | 66.49 | 25 |
| Unemployment rate 4.2 95.80 27 Underemployment rate 8.6 91.40 .42 Employment gender gap 58.9 58.91 .71 Skills High-skilled employment share 19.2 19.20 .70 Medium-skilled employment share .77.0 .77.00 .104 | Economic participation | | | |
| Underemployment rate 8.6 91.40 42 Employment gender gap 58.9 58.91 71 Skills High-skilled employment share 19.2 19.20 70 Medium-skilled employment share 77.0 77.00 104 | Labour force participation rate | 74.3 | 74.30 | 105 |
| Skills | | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | | | | |
| High-skilled employment share 19.2 19.20 70 Medium-skilled employment share 77.0 77.00 104 | Employment gender gap | 58.9 | 58.91 | 71 |
| Medium-skilled employment share77.077.00 | Skills | | | |
| | | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ 3.9248.7161 | | | | |
| | Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.92 | 48.71 | 61 |

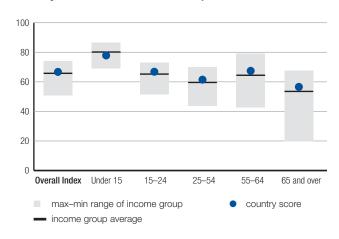
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 69.24 | 61 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 88.9 | 88.91 | 73 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 37.2 | 37.18 | 74 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 13.8 | 13.76 | 50 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 56.7 | 56.70 | 78 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.7 | 97.30 | 30 |
| Underemployment rate | 9.2 | 90.80 | 56 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 67 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 58.11 | 56 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 75.5 | 75.48 | 67 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 19.6 | 19.61 | 83 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.2 | 7.23 | 60 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 27.7 | 27.70 | 44 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 40 |
| Underemployment rate | 9.8 | 90.20 | 60 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 2 | 88.16 | 39 |
| | | | |

Value

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.15 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 53.7 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.09 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.19 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.72 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Moldova

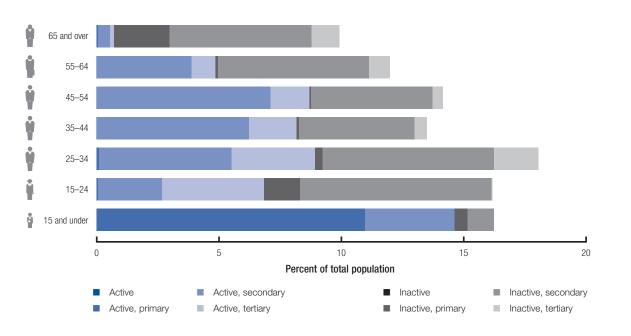
Human Capital Index 2015 66.81 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 3,437 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 2,455 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 502 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 15.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 23.1 |

| Median age of population (years)3 |
|---|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)4,83 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)40. |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) 38. |
| Unemployment rate (%)5. |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Service | |
|---|---|
| Total6.921.0 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.41.59.9 | Tertiary education requirements11.80.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements14.60.3 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers1.43.00.8 | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.40.9 | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements12.70.3 |
| Others | .0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.95 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.23 |
| Specialized training services | 3.34 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 1.82 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 1.88 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 124,784 | 34,806 |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | — |

Moldova

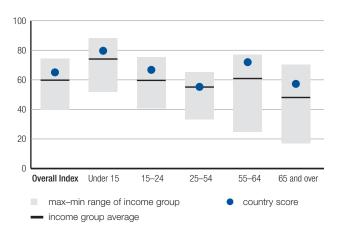
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------|-------------|--------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 81.79 | 69 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.82 | 47.03 | 64 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 16.3 | 83.70 | 84 |
| | | | |
| 15 24 Ago Croup | Value | Score 68.54 | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 68.54 | 64 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 37.1 | 37.14 | 39 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.16 | 36.05 | 90 |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.6 | 97.61 | 79 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 49.3 | 49.34 | 95 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 21.4 | 21.40 | 123 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.5 | 91.50 | 26 |
| Underemployment rate | 8.4 | 91.60 | 40 |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 12.4 | 87.58 | 19 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Malica | 0 | Deal |
| 05.5440 | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 56.72 | 80 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.3 | 12.29 | /5 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.229 | 53.81 | 56 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| | | | |
| | _ | 92 5N | 62 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | — | | – |
| Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | — | | – |
| Unemployment rate | – – | – – | – – |
| Unemployment rate | – | 30.40 | – – |
| Labour force participation rate | 30.4 | 30.40 | 45 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 73.88 | 46 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.0 | 98.95 | 38 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 77.3 | 77.26 | 37 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.9 | 10.92 | 63 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 41.7 | 41.70 | 110 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.4 | 96.60 | 42 |
| Underemployment rate | 5.2 | 94.80 | 42 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 63 | 96.92 | 73 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 58.81 | 53 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 79.4 | 79.43 | 66 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 37.4 | 37.37 | 53 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.2 | 7.20 | 62 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 7.3 | 7.30 | 100 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.2 | 98.80 | 33 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.3 | 98.70 | 16 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 82.89 | 73 |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 2.39 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 35 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 15.9 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | — |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.76 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 8.39 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.88 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

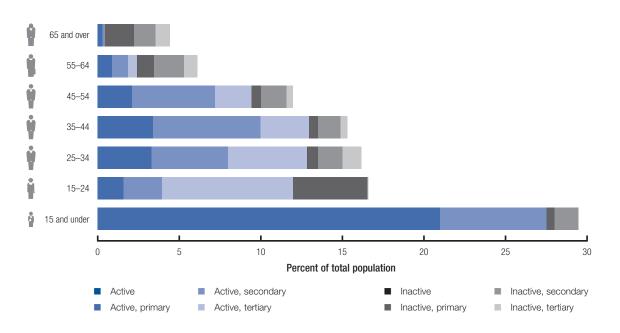
Mongolia

Human Capital Index 2015 Rank Score 51 70.75 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 2,923 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 2,002 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 461 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 38.9 |

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 19.1 | 9.9 | 25.5 | | 54.6 | 2.5 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 2.6 | 10.5 | Tertiary education requirements | 13.3 | 0.5 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 0.7 | 9.0 | Secondary education requirements | 37.4 | 0.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 18.7 | 3.9 | 0.9 | | | 8 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | s 0.1 | 1.4 | 2.6 | | | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.1 | 1.3 | 2.3 | Primary education requirements | 3.6 | 0.4 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.46 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.91 |
| Specialized training services | 2.84 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.66 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.84 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 173,856 | 35,847 |
| Agriculture | 5,286 | 791 |
| Education | 22,381 | 5,775 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 32,613 | 4,178 |
| Health and Welfare | 15,973 | 3,135 |
| Humanities and Arts | 14,807 | 3,174 |
| Sciences | 11,955 | 2,126 |
| Services | 8,045 | 2,124 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 61,050 | |
| Unspecified | 1,746 | 9 |

Mongolia

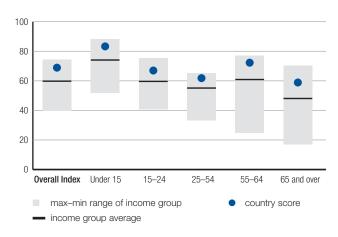
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|--------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 85.54 | 49 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 95.2 | 95.21 | 70 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 81.9 | 81.88 | 52 |
| Basic education survival rate | 95.7 | 95.70 | 39 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.05 | 50.83 | 58 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 10 4 | 89 60 | 73 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 68.76 | 60 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 23.7 | 23.65 | 58 |
| Quality of education | 0.01 | 04.00 | 100 |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 98.5 | 98.51 | 72 |
| Educational attainment | 05.0 | 0E 7E | 0.5 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 00.0 | 03.// | 45 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 06.0 | 26.00 | 06 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | — | | |
| or training rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 3 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 58.6 | 41.41 | 71 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.063 | 93.75 | 1 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 63.48 | 54 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 95.9 | 95.86 | 71 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 27.4 | 27.41 | 22 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | –1.104 | 31.60 | 108 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 88.9 | 88.92 | 24 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 2.33 | 22.10 | 124 |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 74.21 | 44 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.3 | 97.30 | 51 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 83.7 | 83.73 | 33 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 32.1 | 32.06 | 5 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 42.8 | 42.80 | 105 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.9 | 97.10 | 34 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 60 | 92.31 | 87 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 60.44 | 49 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 89.9 | 89.87 | 49 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 55.8 | 55.84 | 36 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 26.4 | 26.40 | 2 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 13.2 | 13.20 | 77 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 40 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 78.95 | 87 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 2.85 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2.99 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 50.9 |
| Social safety net ¹ | |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.48 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.56 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Morocco

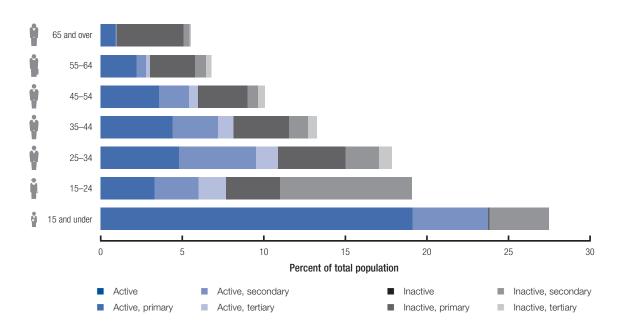
Human Capital Index 2015 59.04 95 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......33,955 Working age population (1,000s)22,745 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......2,214 Aged dependency ratio (%)......7.5 Child dependency ratio (%)......42.1

Median age of population (years)26 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......7,666 Labour force participation rate (%)......50.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 45.9 Unemployment rate (%)......9.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.19 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.46 |
| Specialized training services | 4.10 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.90 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.78 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 446,073 | 82,346 |
| Agriculture | 3,520 | 1,180 |
| Education | 7,957 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 36,706 | 10,212 |
| Health and Welfare | 22,737 | 4,643 |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | 98,842 | 18,532 |
| Services | 10,198 | 3,787 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 187,914 | 27,326 |
| Unspecified | 865 | 510 |

Morocco

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 76.37 | 84 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 90.2 | 90.19 | 93 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.14 | 35.71 | 90 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | 8.3 | 91.70 | 64 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 56.07 | 103 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 16.2 | 16.16 | 89 |
| ocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | - '' | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3 17 | 36 18 | 80 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| • | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 27 G | 87.64 | 100 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | ٥٢.٠٠٠ | 00 |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate | OG 4 | 26.40 | 05 |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducationncidence of undereducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| OF F4 Acc Oncome | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 52.97 | 101 |
| Educational attainment | 70.0 | 70.00 | 400 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 11.0 | 11.41 | / / |
| Workplace learning | 0.04 | 44.04 | 00 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 0.369 | 43.00 | |
| Economic participation | 6.5 | 04 50 | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| | | 31.// | 19 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 84.7 | 84.70 | 79 |

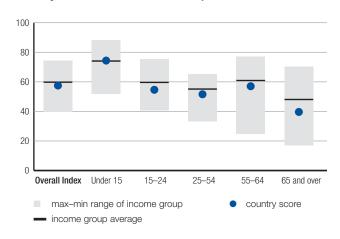
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 58.56 | 89 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 44.2 | 44.18 | 109 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 23.1 | 23.09 | 99 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.1 | 7.14 | 84 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 43.4 | 43.40 | 103 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.5 | 99.50 | 6 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.2 | 98.80 | 7 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 61 | 93.85 | 81 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 40.69 | 102 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 25.6 | 25.57 | 109 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 12.7 | 12.71 | 99 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 2.5 | 2.52 | 97 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 23.7 | 23.70 | 52 |
| Unemployment rate | – | – | |
| Underemployment rate | 0.6 | 99.40 | 6 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 80.26 | 81 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators |
|--|
| Innovation ecosystem |
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment – |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......5.38

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

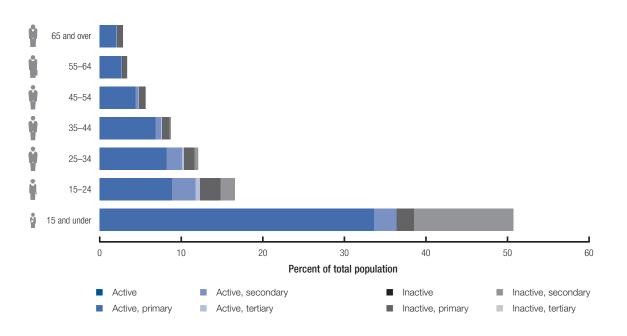
Mozambique

Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 54.04 109 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......27,122 Working age population (1,000s) 13,996 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)......159 Aged dependency ratio (%)......6.3 Median age of population (years).....17 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......1,123 Labour force participation rate (%)......84.2 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 65.2 Unemployment rate (%)......22.5

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.59 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.85 |
| Specialized training services | 3.41 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.61 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.40 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | | |
| Agriculture | 5,213 | 446 |
| Education | 28,333 | 4,236 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 8,523 | 549 |
| Health and Welfare | 4,760 | 294 |
| Humanities and Arts | 8,048 | 577 |
| Sciences | 5,633 | 347 |
| Services | 2,762 | 421 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 50,192 | 3,200 |
| Unspecified | —— | — |

Mozambique

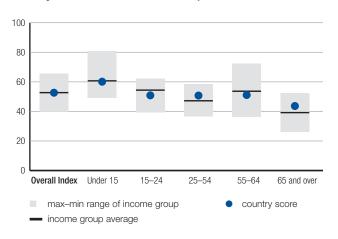
| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Primary enrolment rate | Under 15 Age Group | | 61.70 | 113 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | Enrolment in education | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | Primary enrolment rate | 87.6 | 87.61 | 104 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | Secondary enrolment rate | 18.3 | 18.35 | 108 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools¹ .2.16 .19.36 .15 Vulnerability Incidence of child labour .22.2 .77.80 | | | | |
| Quality of primary schools¹ .2.16 .19.36 .11 Vulnerability .22.2 .77.80 | Secondary enrolment gender gap | 97.7 | 97.65 | 77 |
| Value | | 2.16 | 19.36 | 121 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | • | 22.2 | 77.80 | 90 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 15–24 Age Group | value | | 110 |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | To 2171go aroup | | OLILI | 110 |
| Quality of education 8.02 | | | | |
| Quality of education 2.77 29.51 11 Youth literacy rate 76.7 76.67 10 Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate 89.6 89.64 9 Primary education attainment rate 27.5 27.55 1 Economic participation 27.5 27.55 1 Economic participation rate 65.3 65.30 1 Unemployment rate 40.7 59.30 1 Underemployment rate — — 89.90 1 Underemployment, education or training rate 10.1 89.90 1 Long-term unemployment rate — — — Skills Incidence of overeducation — — — — Skill diversity² 0.290 .71.01 .71.01 .72.02 Skill diversity² .0.290 .71.01 .77.11 .10 Secondary education attainment .77.1 .77.11 .10 Secondary education attainment rate .18.7 .18.70 | * | | | |
| Quality of education system¹ 2.77 29.51 11 Youth literacy rate 76.7 76.67 10 Educational attainment 89.6 89.64 .9 Primary education attainment rate 89.6 89.64 .9 Secondary education attainment rate 27.5 27.55 1 Economic participation 40.7 59.30 Labour force participation rate 40.7 59.30 Unemployment rate 40.7 59.30 Underemployment rate — — — Not in employment, education — — — or training rate 10.1 89.90 Long-term unemployment rate — — — Incidence of overeducation — — — Incidence of overeducation — — — — Incidence of undereducation — — — — Incidence of overeducation — — — — Skill diversity² — 0.290 .71.01 <td>Vocational enrolment rate</td> <td> 0.8</td> <td> 8.02</td> <td>90</td> | Vocational enrolment rate | 0.8 | 8.02 | 90 |
| Youth literacy rate 76.7 76.67 10 Educational attainment 76.7 76.67 10 Primary education attainment rate 89.6 89.64 .9 Secondary education attainment rate 27.5 .27.55 .1 Economic participation | · . | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | Youth literacy rate | 76.7 | 76.67 | 109 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | Educational attainment | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | · · | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | Secondary education attainment rate | 27.5 | 27.55 | 112 |
| Unemployment rate | Economic participation | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | Unemployment rate | 40.7 | 59.30 | 116 |
| or training rate | Underemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | Long-term unemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Value Score R | Skills | | | |
| Value Score R Education Stain T Primary education attainment rate 18.7 19.7 Primary education attainment rate 18.7 18.70 1 Tertiary education attainment rate 1.2 1.23 11 Workplace learning 3.39 39.79 1 Economic cemplexity³ -1.274 28.77 1 Economic participation 2.2 2.60 2.2 Labour force participation rate 96.6 96.60 96.60 Underpriment gender gap 100.0 100.00 100.00 Skills High-skilled employment share 2.2 2.20 | Incidence of overeducation | — | – | |
| Value Score R ♣ 25–54 Age Group 52.08 10 Educational attainment 52.08 10 Primary education attainment rate 77.1 77.11 1 Secondary education attainment rate 18.7 18.70 1 Tertiary education attainment rate 1.2 1.23 1 Workplace learning Staff training services¹ 3.39 39.79 10 Economic complexity³ -1.274 28.77 1 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 96.6 96.60 Unemployment rate 16.2 83.80 98.80 Underemployment rate 16.2 83.80 98.80 Underemployment gender gap 100.0 100.00 100.00 Skills High-skilled employment share 2.2 2.20 1 | | | | |
| ### 25—54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Skill diversity ² | 0.290 | 71.01 | 76 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | | Value | Score | Rank |
| Primary education attainment rate | 25–54 Age Group | | 52.08 | 102 |
| Primary education attainment rate | Educational attainment | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate 18.7 18.70 1 Tertiary education attainment rate 1.2 1.23 1 Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ 3.39 39.79 1 Economic complexity ³ -1.274 28.77 1 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 96.6 96.60 Unemployment rate 16.2 83.80 9 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap 100.0 100.00 100.00 Skills High-skilled employment share 2.2 2.20 1 | Primary education attainment rate | 77.1 | 77.11 | 101 |
| Workplace learning 3.39 39.79 1 Economic complexity ³ -1.274 28.77 1 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 96.6 96.60 96.60 Unemployment rate 16.2 83.80 9 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap 100.0 100.00 100.00 Skills High-skilled employment share 2.2 2.20 1 | | | | |
| Staff training services 1 3.39 39.79 1 Economic complexity3 -1.274 28.77 1 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 96.6 96.60 Unemployment rate 16.2 83.80 9 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap 100.0 100.00 100.00 Skills High-skilled employment share 2.2 2.20 1 | | | | |
| Staff training services 1 3.39 39.79 1 Economic complexity3 -1.274 28.77 1 Economic participation Labour force participation rate 96.6 96.60 Unemployment rate 16.2 83.80 9 Underemployment rate - - - Employment gender gap 100.0 100.00 100.00 Skills High-skilled employment share 2.2 2.20 1 | Workplace learning | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | | 3.39 | 39.79 | 105 |
| Labour force participation rate .96.6 .96.60 Unemployment rate .16.2 .83.80 .93.80 Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap .100.0 .100.00 | Economic complexity ³ | 1.274 | 28.77 | 111 |
| Labour force participation rate .96.6 .96.60 Unemployment rate .16.2 .83.80 .93.80 Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap .100.0 .100.00 .00.00 Skills High-skilled employment share .2.2 .2.20 .1 | Economic participation | | | |
| Unemployment rate 16.2 83.80 9 Underemployment rate — — — Employment gender gap 100.0 100.00 100.00 Skills High-skilled employment share 2.2 2.20 1 | | 96.6 | 96.60 | 4 |
| Underemployment rate — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — .00.00 | | | | |
| Employment gender gap 100.0 100.00 Skills High-skilled employment share 2.2 2.20 1 | | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share2.22.201 | | | | |
| High-skilled employment share2.2 | | | | |
| | | 22 | 2 20 | 118 |
| PROGRAM ONIOG OTHORSTOLL OHGO | | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ 3.0934.811 | | | | |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 52.48 | 106 |
|---|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 59.2 | 59.16 | 101 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 8.1 | 8.10 | 116 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.7 | 0.69 | 120 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 91.3 | 91.30 | 4 |
| Unemployment rate | 13.6 | 86.40 | 94 |
| Underemployment rate | – | – | |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 45 | 69.23 | 122 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | Value | Score 44.81 | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment | Value | | |
| | | 44.81 | 89 |
| Educational attainment | 36.2 | 44.81 36.19 | 89 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 36.2 | 44.81 36.19 1.94 | 89 103 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 36.2 | 44.81 36.19 1.94 | 89 103 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 36.2 1.9 0.1 | 44.81 36.19 1.94 0.14 | 89 103119123 |

| | value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 3.28 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | – |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 84.7 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.93 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.01 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Underemployment rate – – – –

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Myanmar

Human Capital Index 2015

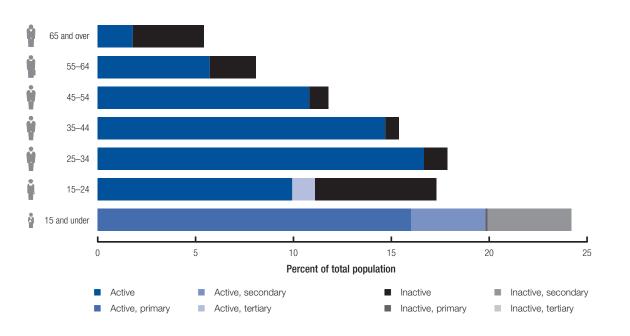
Rank Score

112 52.97

(out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.69 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.60 |
| Specialized training services | 2.93 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.70 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 1.75 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 634,306 | 295,941 |
| Agriculture | 5,756 | 1,535 |
| Education | 3,765 | 6,777 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 108,639 | 11,399 |
| Health and Welfare | 26,198 | 3,905 |
| Humanities and Arts | 119,029 | 101,795 |
| Sciences | 148,461 | 128,118 |
| Services | 2,303 | 753 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 220,002 | 41,582 |
| Unspecified | 153 | 77 |

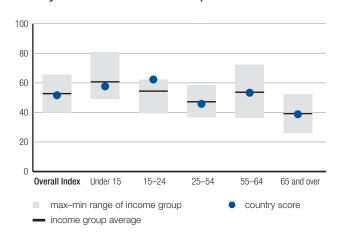
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 59.12 | 118 |
| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | – | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 47.0 | 46.99 | 90 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.21 | 20.22 | 119 |
| fulnerability ncidence of child labour | – | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 63.91 | 7 5 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate/ocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 2.66 | 27.65 | 113 |
| outh literacy rate | 96.3 | 96.32 | 87 |
| Educational attainment | 04.5 | 04.40 | |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 04.0 | 04.02 | 7 C |
| Economic participation abour force participation rate | 57.4 | 57 40 | 34 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| or training rateong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 47.00 | 116 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | 9.6 | 9.56 | 87 |
| Vorkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 2 88 | 31 28 | 120 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| conomic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Inemployment rate | | | |
| Inderemployment rate imployment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ligh-skilled employment share | | | |
| | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 54.74 | 101 |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 79.6 | 79.55 | 82 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 30.8 | 30.83 | 85 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.6 | 4.65 | 97 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 71.0 | 71.00 | 30 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 57 | 87.69 | 95 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | Value | Score 39.76 | Rank 103 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment | Value | | |
| Educational attainment | | 39.76 | 103 |
| | 69.9 | 39.76 | 103 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 69.9 | 39.76 69.88 18.64 | 103 7686 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 69.9 | 39.76 69.88 18.64 | 103 7686 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 69.9 18.6 2.5 | 39.76 69.88 18.64 2.45 | 103 76 86 98 |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 2.69 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 189 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | – |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.14 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 0.79 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 2.14 |

Underemployment rate – – – –

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Namibia

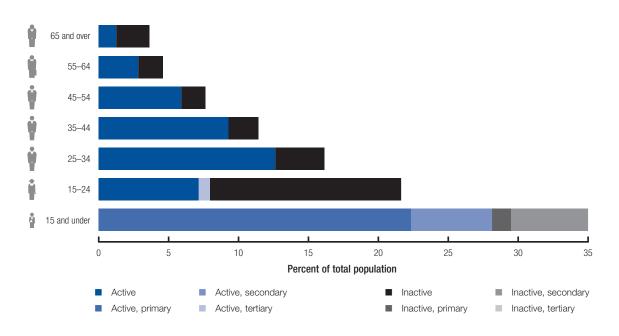
Human Capital Index 2015 59.09 94 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)2,392 | |
|---|--|
| Working age population (1,000s)1,468 | |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)61 | |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)5.9 | |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | |

Median age of population (years)20 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....10,764 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.0 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 47.8 Unemployment rate (%)......19.0

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.86 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.43 |
| Specialized training services | 3.59 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.41 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.40 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 19,707 | — |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|------------------|---|---|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 70.99 | 97 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 88.5 | 88.55 | 102 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 51.3 | 51.31 | 87 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.12 | 35.32 | 92 |
| fulnerability ncidence of child labour | – | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 52.81 | 109 |
| Inrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | 9.3 | 9.33 | 105 |
| ocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.05 | 34.21 | 94 |
| outh literacy rate | 89.9 | 89.91 | 99 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 32.5 | 32.50 | 105 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Jnderemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 32.0 | 68.00 | 69 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | — | – | — |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | _ | _ | _ |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| | value | | T TOUT IT |
| 25–54 Age Group | value | 54.55 | 93 |
| ducational attainment | | | 93 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 93 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 93 1 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 93 1 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 93 1 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 100.029.65.5 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 | 93 104 102 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services 1 | 100.029.65.5 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 | 93 104 102 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Porkplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | 100.029.65.5 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 | 93 104 102 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Porkplace learning Staff training services Conomic complexity Conomic participation | 100.029.65.54.12 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 | 93 104102 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Porkplace learning Staff training services Conomic complexity Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 100.0 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 78.70 | 93 1041025190 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Porkplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | 100.029.65.54.12 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 – 78.70 74.30 | 93 104 102 51 90 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Primary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate Jnderemployment rate | 100.029.65.5 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 – 78.70 74.30 | 93 1 104 51 90 98 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Vorkplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation abour force participation rate Underemployment rate Underemployment gender gap | 100.029.65.5 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 – 78.70 74.30 | 93 1 104 51 90 98 |
| cucational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate First education attainment rate Forkplace learning Staff training services Sconomic complexity ³ Economic participation Beabour force participation rate First education abour force participation rate First education attainment rate First | 100.0 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 78.70 74.30 83.22 | 93 1 104 102 51 90 90 90 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation abour force participation rate Underemployment rate Underemployment rate Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 100.0 | 100.00 29.64 5.54 51.98 78.70 74.30 83.22 | 93 1 104 102 51 90 98 90 |

| | value | Score | Rank |
|--|----------|-------|---------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 61.19 | 84 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.6 | 20.60 | 102 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Healthy life expectancy at birth | 9.2 – | 90.80 | 82 – |
| A | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 54.22 | 67 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 15.3 | 15.31 | 93 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.6 | 4.62 | 81 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 34.4 | 34.40 | 32 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.0 | 96.00 | 70 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 75.00 | 95 |
| | | | |

| Valu | |
|------|--|
|------|--|

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

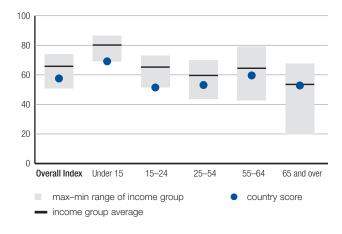
| State of cluster development | 3.81 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.46 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 156 |
| Vulnerability | |
| \A/a-d-a-a-in-in-in-f-a-a-a-l-a-a-a-t- | 40.0 |

| VVOIN | ers in informal employment | 40.3 |
|-------|--|---------|
| Work | ers in vulnerable employment | 7.8 |
| Socia | al safety net ¹ | 3.84 |
| Prima | ary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 81, 109 |
| | | |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | on (% of GDP)8.37 |
|---|-------------------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

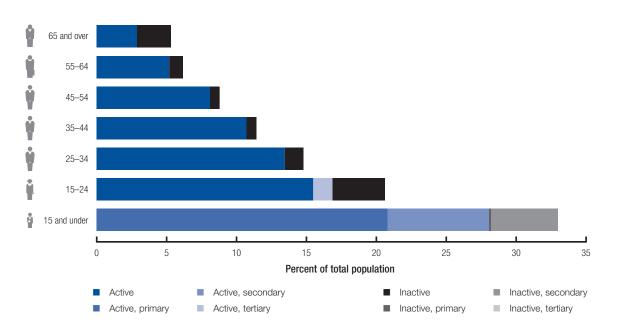
Nepal

Human Capital Index 2015 106 55.77 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......28,441 Working age population (1,000s) 17,554 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......1,461 Aged dependency ratio (%)......8.5 Child dependency ratio (%)......64.0 Median age of population (years)21 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......2,381 Labour force participation rate (%)......83.3 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 81.0 Unemployment rate (%).....2.7

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation | |
|--|--|--|
| Total——— | | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements | |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements—— | |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements | |
| Others | | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.85 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.85 |
| Specialized training services | 3.10 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.28 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.70 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 385,454 | 48,162 |
| Agriculture | 1,466 | 318 |
| Education | 150,814 | 16,091 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 12,889 | 1,285 |
| Health and Welfare | 13,433 | 2,242 |
| Humanities and Arts | 68,413 | 10,489 |
| Sciences | 14,584 | 4,387 |
| Services | 3,113 | 351 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 123,855 | 13,350 |
| Unspecified | — | |



| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 76.56 | 83 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.7 | 98.67 | 30 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 60.2 | 60.23 | 82 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.59 | 43.12 | 76 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 33.9 | 66.10 | 107 |
| | Value | Score | Donk |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 61.62 | Rank 84 |
| r 15−24 Age Group | | 01.02 | 04 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 1.7 | 1.75 | 109 |
| Quality of education | 0.50 | 40.00 | 0.5 |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 86.9 | 86.90 | 102 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 94.0 | 92.06 | 100 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 00.7 0 | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 75.2 | 75 20 | 5 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 7.3 | 92.70 | 11 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.247 | 75.28 | 59 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 47.55 | 114 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.6 | 8.63 | 91 |
| Workplace learning | 0.04 | | 400 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 0.036 | 49.07 | 00 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | Q2 1 | 92.10 | 10 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Employment gender gap | — | | |
| | — | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 4.6 | 4.60 | 106 |

| \$ 55–64 Age Group | 44.62 | 119 |
|---------------------------------------|------------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate30 | 0.1 30.07 | 113 |
| Secondary education attainment rate14 | 4.3 14.33 | 109 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.5 3.51 | 104 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate84 | 4.4 84.40 | 10 |
| Unemployment rate | . — | |
| Underemployment rate | . — | |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | .59 90.77 | 92 |
| | | |
| Va | alue Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 30.93 | 118 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate18 | 5.1 15.12 | 111 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 6.3 6.25 | 107 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.3 1.25 | 105 |

| Unemployment rate – – |
|----------------------------------|
| Underemployment rate – – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 |
| |

Labour force participation rate.......54.454.4013

Additional Indicators

Economic participation

Innovation ecosystem

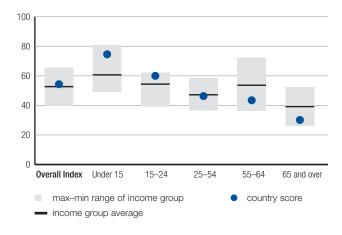
| Vulnerability | |
|--|-------|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 104 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| State of cluster development ' | .3.35 |

Workers in informal employment -Social safety net¹.....2.39 Primary completion rate (poorest | richest quintile)......68, 90

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | ion (% of GDP)4.72 |
|---|--------------------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.50 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- $\ensuremath{^{1}}$ Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Netherlands

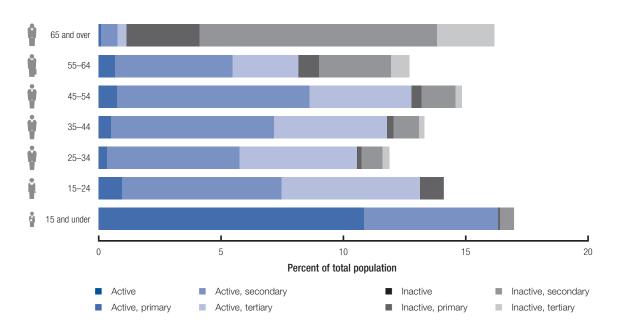
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 82.30 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......16,844 Working age population (1,000s)......10,967 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......3,617 Aged dependency ratio (%)......23.0 Child dependency ratio (%)......26.1

Median age of population (years)41 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....47,365 Labour force participation rate (%)......64.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 60.1 Unemployment rate (%)......6.7

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 1.2 | 9.2 | 45.4 | | 55.7 | 0.6 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 3.0 | 23.1 | Tertiary education requirements | 26.2 | 0.2 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 1.4 | 14.5 | Secondary education requirements | 23.9 | 0.2 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.7 | 3.2 | 1.8 | | | 0.1 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.1 | 0.7 | 1.5 | | | 0.0 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.2 | 0.7 | 3.7 | Primary education requirements | 4.7 | 0.0 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.8 | | 0.9 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.44 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.70 |
| Specialized training services | 6.13 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.83 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.85 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 793,678 | 152,049 |
| Agriculture | 8,430 | 1,752 |
| Education | 89,282 | 18,864 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 62,477 | 12,510 |
| Health and Welfare | 138,372 | 26,312 |
| Humanities and Arts | 63,478 | 14,540 |
| Sciences | 51,518 | 9,413 |
| Services | 52,958 | 7,384 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 308,087 | 60,111 |
| Unspecified | 19,076 | 1,164 |

Netherlands

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|--------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 93.41 | 9 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.7 | 98.71 | 28 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.75 | 79.10 | 8 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Coore | Donle |
| 15–24 Age Group | Value | 83.81 | Rank 4 |
| r 13–24 Age Group | | 03.01 | 4 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 68.5 | 68.54 | 7 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 86.4 | 86.40 | 38 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | 90.00 | 20 |
| or training rate | 5.1 | 94.90 | 7 |
| _ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | 8.1 | 91.90 | 13 |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.224 | 77.61 | 49 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 77.55 | 7 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 91.6 | 91.60 | 31 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 27.8 | 27.81 | 21 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.189 | 69.82 | 20 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 90.6 | 90.63 | 20 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.86 | 64.36 | 15 |

| \$5-64 Age Group | 80.63 | 14 |
|---|--------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate86.8 | 86.83 | 26 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate23.7 | 23.69 | 18 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate62.0 | 62.00 | 65 |
| Unemployment rate | 93.70 | 70 |
| Underemployment rate1.8 | 98.20 | 16 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 69.53 | 18 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |

| Secondary education attainment rate | / / .9 | 77.88 | 22 |
|-------------------------------------|--------|-------|-----|
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 18.1 | 18.08 | 18 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 7.1 | 7.10 | 101 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.2 | 94.80 | 78 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.6 | 95.40 | 47 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

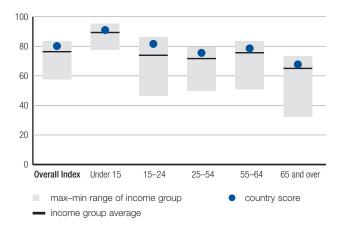
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.35 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.38 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 21 |
| Vulnerability | |

| Workers in informal employment | |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 12.3 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 5.84 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.93 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 6.38 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

New Zealand

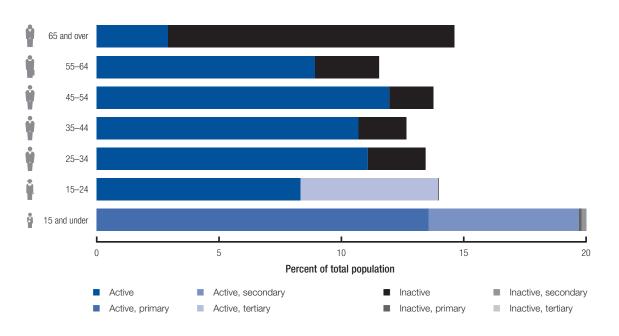
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 81.84 9 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 4,596 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 2,999 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | .1,120 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 19.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 30.8 |

Median age of population (years)37 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....34,975 Labour force participation rate (%)......67.8 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 63.6 Unemployment rate (%)......6.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.33 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.18 |
| Specialized training services | 4.91 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.64 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.69 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 259,588 | 71,931 |
| Agriculture | 2,797 | 895 |
| Education | 25,771 | 8,875 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 19,174 | 4,739 |
| Health and Welfare | 38,188 | 10,475 |
| Humanities and Arts | 36,289 | 10,267 |
| Sciences | 36,960 | 8,777 |
| Services | 9,833 | 3,911 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 88,152 | 23,223 |
| Unspecified | 2,424 | 769 |

New Zealand

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 95.07 | 4 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.85 | 80.89 | 6 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 81.83 | 10 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 79.8 | 79.78 | 10 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 27.4 | 27.41 | 54 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | 02.70 | |
| or training rate | 11.9 | 88.10 | 27 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 5.5 | 94.52 | 7 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.183 | 81.65 | 20 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 74.15 | 21 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| • | 29.0 | ∠9.09 | 17 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 4.00 | GE 40 | 10 |
| Staff training services' Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 250.0 | 00.00 | 40 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | Q1 E | 84 50 | 60 |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| | 47.4 | 47.40 | 10 |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 94.6 | 94.60 | 13 |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 74.19 | 3 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 72 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.4 | 97.60 | 22 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.5 | 97.50 | 27 |
| Labour force participation rate | 77.1 | 77.10 | 19 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 31.4 | 31.38 | 6 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 96.4 | 96.42 | 17 |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| 55–64 Age Group | | 85.72 | 1 |
| | valuo | 00010 | Harit |

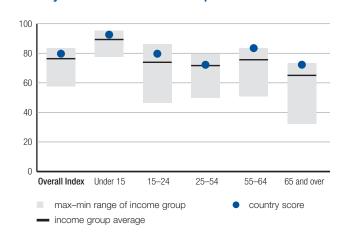
| | value | 30016 | Halik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 74.19 | 3 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 80.7 | 80.69 | 19 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 25.2 | 25.17 | 4 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 19.9 | 19.90 | 61 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.2 | 98.80 | 13 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 7 | 94.74 | 9 |
| | | | |

| Additional | Indicators |
|------------|-------------------|
| additional | muluutura |

| Additional indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.01 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 4.91 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 1 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 10.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 5.85 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |

Public spending on education (% of GDP).....7.38

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Nicaragua

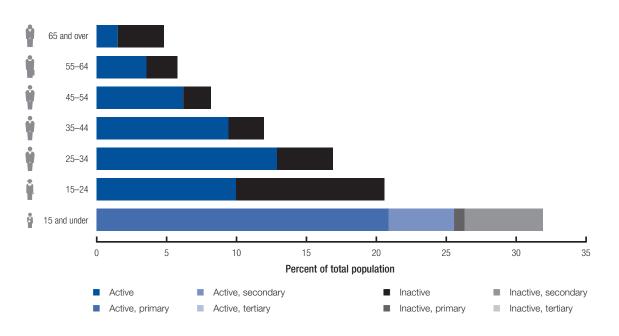
Human Capital Index 2015 60.65 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 6,257 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | .3,961 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 631 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 7.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 56.6 |

Median age of population (years)22 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......4,797 Labour force participation rate (%)......63.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 60.0 Unemployment rate (%)......5.3

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.67 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.72 |
| Specialized training services | 3.27 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.12 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.14 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | — | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | |
| Unspecified | — | |

Nicaragua

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 69.26 | 101 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 93.2 | 93.20 | 80 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 45.4 | 45.44 | 92 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.62 | 26.99 | 108 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 14.5 | 85.50 | 81 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 56.22 | 101 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 17.0 | 17.04 | 87 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 2.66 | 27.60 | 114 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100 00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate | 48.2 | 48.20 | 56 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | — | – | – |
| Long-term unemployment rate | – | | – |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | — |
| ncidence of undereducation | — | | – |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 55.60 | 88 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 18.2 | 18.22 | 52 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.790 | 36.84 | 96 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 76.8 | 76.80 | 99 |
| Jnemployment rate | 4.5 | 95.50 | 33 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | — | | — |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills | 15.8 | 15.80 | 85 |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 68.9 | 68.90 | 116 |

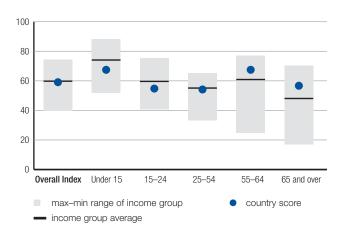
| \$55–64 Age Group | | 69.27 | 60 |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 42.9 | 42.90 | 68 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 14.6 | 14.58 | 47 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 62.0 | 62.00 | 65 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.3 | 97.70 | 25 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 58.20 | 55 |
| | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 25.7 | 25.74 | 68 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 25.7 | 25.74 | 68 |

Underemployment rate – – – – Healthy life years beyond age 65...... 84.21......66

Additional Indicators

| Additional indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.25 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2.95 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 120 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 65.7 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.05 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | -, - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.57 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3 00 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- $\ensuremath{^{1}}$ Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

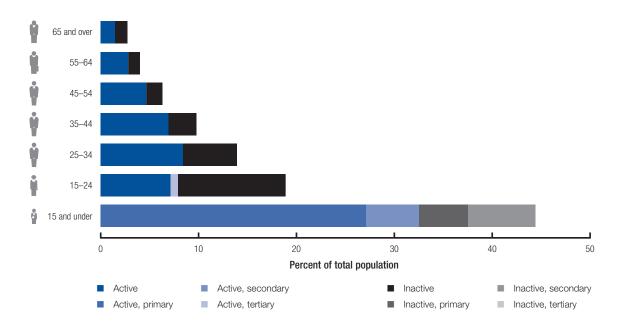
Human Capital Index 2015 47.43 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 183,523 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 97,066 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 11,277 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 82.7 |

| Madian and of manufation (seems) |
|--|
| Median age of population (years)18 |
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)6,082 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)56.1 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)51.8 |
| Unemployment rate (%)7.5 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.62 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.78 |
| Specialized training services | 3.73 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.80 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.11 |

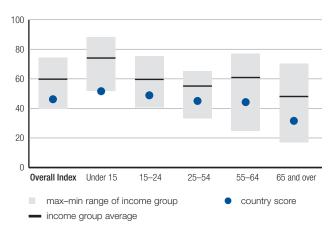
| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,391,527 | |
| Agriculture | — | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | — | |
| Sciences | — | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | |
| Unspecified | — | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 53.01 | 122 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate ⁵ | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.63 | 27.19 | 107 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 24.7 | 75.30 | 94 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 50.16 | 114 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 6.9 | 6.90 | 95 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 72.8 | /2.79 | 114 |
| Educational attainment | _ | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | / 0.6 | / U.63 | 6/ |
| Economic participation | 07.0 | 07.00 | 0.4 |
| _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | – | – | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 46.25 | 117 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 74.3 | 74.27 | 103 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Fertiary education attainment rate | 15.0 | 15.03 | 63 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 4.27 | | 43 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | 4.27 | | 43 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation | 4.27 1.404 | 26.60 | 43 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 4.27 -1.404 66.2 | 26.60 | 112 |
| Staff training services 1 | 4.27 -1.404 66.2 | 26.60 66.20 | 43112113 |
| Staff training services 1 | 4.27 -1.404 -66.2 | 26.60 | 43 112 13 |
| Staff training services 1 | 4.27 -1.404 -66.2 | 26.60 | 43 112 13 |
| Staff training services 1 | 4.27 -1.404 -66.2 | 26.60 66.20 — — | 43112113 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services 1 | 4.27 -1.404 -66.2 | 26.60 66.20 — — — | 43112113 |

| 55–64 Age Group | | 45.43 | 117 |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 49.1 | 49.10 | 108 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 25.7 | 25.66 | 96 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 11.3 | 11.30 | 61 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 46 | 70.77 | 120 |
| | | 0 | Devel |
| | | | Rank |
| A | Value | Score | Harir |
| 65 and Over Age Group | Value | 32.42 | 116 |
| 65 and Over Age Group Educational attainment | Value | | |
| | | 32.42 | 116 |
| Educational attainment | 30.9 | 32.42 | 116 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 30.9 | 32.42 30.86 12.25 | 116 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 30.9 | 32.42 30.86 12.25 | 116 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | 30.9 12.2 4.8 | 32.42 30.8612.254.85 | 116 10710080 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation | 30.9 12.2 4.8 53.6 | 32.42 30.8612.254.8553.60 | 116 107 100 80 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 30.9 12.2 4.8 53.6 | 32.42 30.8612.254.8553.60 | 116 10710080 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 30.9 12.2 4.8 53.6 | 32.42 30.8612.254.8553.60 | 116 107 100 80 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 30.9 12.2 4.8 53.6 | 32.42 30.8612.254.8553.60 | 116 107 100 80 |

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|---|-----|
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | .75 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 1 | 29 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | _ |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ 2. | .16 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile)38, | 92 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | _ |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | .35 |
| | |

Country Score Within Income Group



Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes .

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Norway

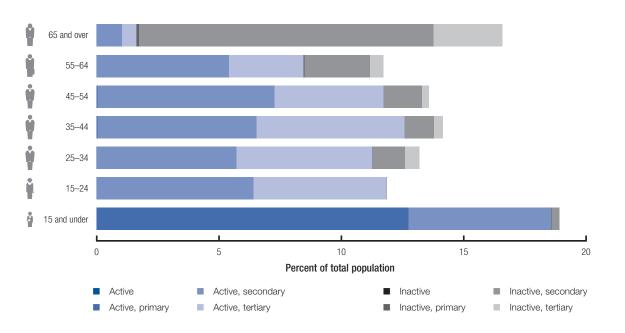
Human Capital Index 2015 83.84 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 5,143 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 3,345 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 1,217 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 22.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 28.4 |

| Median age of population (years) | 39 |
|---|-------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)65 | ,896 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 64.9 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 62.6 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | . 3.5 |

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | Populat employm | | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|----|---|
| Total | 1.5 | 13.9 | 53.0 | 68. | .4 | 0.1 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 4.8 | 27.2 | Tertiary education requirements32. | .1 | 0.0 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 1.0 | 17.6 | Secondary education requirements31. | .2 | 0.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.2 | 5.1 | 1.7 | | | 0.0 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.1 | 2.4 | 2.0 | | | 0.0 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.0 | 0.5 | 2.0 | Primary education requirements2. | .5 | 0.0 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.1 | 2.6 | 2 | .7 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.55 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.26 |
| Specialized training services | 5.52 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.84 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.58 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 238,224 | 40,346 |
| Agriculture | 1,803 | 359 |
| Education | 34,089 | 6,981 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 19,656 | 3,812 |
| Health and Welfare | 47,438 | 9,457 |
| Humanities and Arts | 24,880 | 3,430 |
| Sciences | 20,422 | 3,033 |
| Services | 12,055 | 2,236 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 75,309 | 10,863 |
| Unspecified | 2,572 | 176 |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 93.16 | 12 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.04 | 67.29 | 21 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 83.87 | 3 |
| | | | |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate | 71 -1 | 74.10 | 10 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | | 31.99 | 19 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 5 OF | 67 47 | - 4 |
| Quality of education system : Youth literacy rate | | | |
| | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Educational attainment | 100.0 | 100.00 | , |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Economic participation | 50.0 | 50.00 | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rateUnderemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | 94.00 | 00 |
| or training rate | 5.6 | 94.40 | 9 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 6.8 | 93.20 | 10 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 79.48 | 4 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.9 | 99.94 | 20 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.929 | 65.48 | 28 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 87.1 | 87.10 | 43 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| | 04.2 | 94.22 | 6 |
| Employment gender gap | 94.2 | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | 48.8 | | |
| Employment gender gap | 48.8 | 96.20 | 9 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 85.14 | 3 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.7 | 99.66 | 24 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.4 | 99.40 | 3 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 28.2 | 28.19 | 10 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | 1.3 | 98.70 | 16 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.9 | 98.10 | 17 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

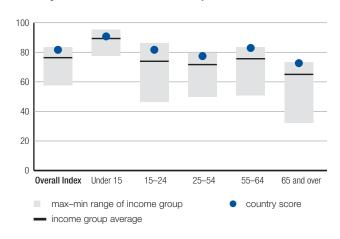
| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 74.59 | 2 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.6 | 99.59 | 20 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.4 | 99.43 | 3 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.5 | 20.46 | 9 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 11.7 | 11.70 | 83 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.7 | 99.30 | 20 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.8 | 98.20 | 24 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.06 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.02 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 22 |
| | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in informal employment | 5.2 |
| Workers in informal employment | 5.2 |

Public spending on education (% of GDP)......6.87

Country Score Within Income Group

Public investment



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Pakistan

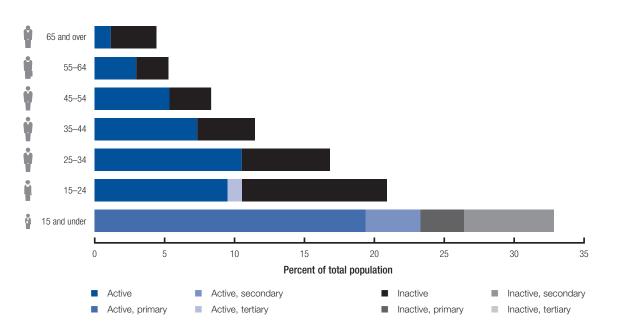
Human Capital Index 2015 52.63 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 44 |
|---|----|
| Working age population (1,000s) | |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)5,42 | |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | |
| Child dependency ratio (%) 58 | |

Median age of population (years)22 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......4,746 Labour force participation rate (%)......54.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 51.6 Unemployment rate (%)......5.1

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.40 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.28 |
| Specialized training services | 3.59 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.71 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.18 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,915,419 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | — | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | |
| Unspecified | — | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 60.52 | 115 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | /3.68 | 99 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.82 | 30.29 | 103 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | – | | |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 50.85 | 113 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 0.8 | 8.00 | 91 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.38 | 39.69 | 80 |
| Youth literacy rate | 74.8 | 74.84 | 112 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 77.3 | 77.31 | 113 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 45.3 | 45.30 | 67 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 51.37 | 103 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 60.8 | 60.78 | 111 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 44.8 | 44.84 | 91 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.1 | 10.09 | 84 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.343 | 44.29 | 82 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 63.2 | 63.20 | 116 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 20.9 | 20 90 | 65 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| _ass or infaming skilled employees | 4.00 | 50.00 | |

| 55–64 Age Group | 50.96 | 108 |
|---|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate39.4 | 39.37 | 111 |
| Secondary education attainment rate25.9 | 25.89 | 95 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate5.9 | 5.87 | 94 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate56.2 | 56.20 | 80 |
| Unemployment rate7.7 | 92.30 | 77 |
| Underemployment rate | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth56 | 86.15 | 99 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 39.15 | 105 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate29.1 | 29.09 | 108 |
| Secondary education attainment rate18.2 | 18.18 | 87 |

| Economic participation | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|-------|----|
| Labour force participation rate | 25.8 | 25.80 | 49 |
| Unemployment rate | 15.9 | 84.10 | 89 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 73.68 | 99 |
| | | | |

Tertiary education attainment rate......4.14.06.........84

Additional Indicators

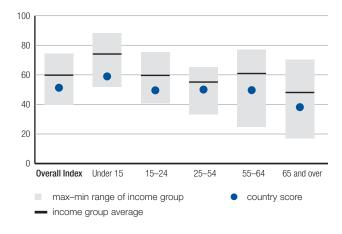
| Innovation | ecosystem |
|--------------|-----------------|
| State of clu | ster developmer |

| State of cluster development 1 | 3.94 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 116 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 78.4 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 61.5 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.43 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 2.14 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.80 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

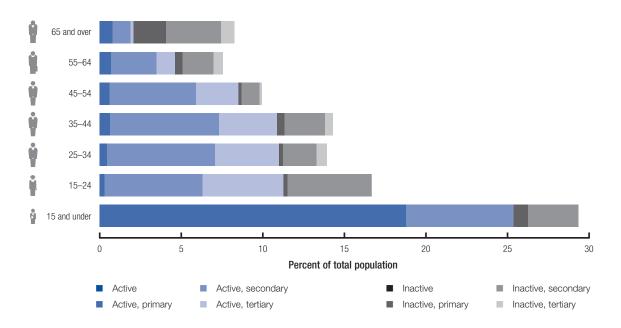
Human Capital Index 2015 71.01 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)3,9 | 988 |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| Working age population (1,000s)2,5 | 586 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 328 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)1 | 0.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 59 |

| Median age of population (years) | 27 |
|---|-----|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)20,3 | 316 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)6 | 5.5 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) 6 | 2.8 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 4.1 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements14.80.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers0.10.8 14.3 | Secondary education requirements33.80.8 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers7.05.42.0 | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.10.93.2 | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements12.10.7 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.33 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.23 |
| Specialized training services | 4.22 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.92 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.58 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 133,497 | 22,172 |
| Agriculture | 2,297 | 186 |
| Education | 13,647 | 5,458 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 24,485 | 2,320 |
| Health and Welfare | 10,549 | 1,710 |
| Humanities and Arts | 10,914 | 1,422 |
| Sciences | 17,784 | 2,565 |
| Services | 4,586 | 696 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 49,235 | 7,814 |
| Unspecified | 3,104 | — |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 78.73 | 79 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.49 | 41.44 | 79 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 5.6 | 94 40 | 55 |
| | | | |
| <u> </u> | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 72.73 | 40 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 30.4 | 30.45 | 49 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 98.1 | 98.13 | 77 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 81.3 | 81.27 | 48 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 3.3 | 96.70 | 14 |
| or training rate | 17.6 | 82.40 | 44 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 65.94 | 44 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 96.4 | 96.38 | 67 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.449 | 57.49 | 44 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 65.1 | 65.08 | 66 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.49 | 41.50 | 91 |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 75.39 | 36 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 92.7 | 92.65 | 61 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 58.0 | 58.01 | 51 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.4 | 20.44 | 29 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 59.1 | 59.10 | 73 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.9 | 99.10 | 11 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 12 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 67 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | OCOIC | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 63.85 | 35 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 84.9 | 84.90 | 58 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 38.3 | 38.31 | 52 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 11.5 | 11.46 | 38 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 26.4 | 26.40 | 47 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.6 | 99.40 | 17 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.7 | 98.30 | 22 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 2 | 88.16 | 39 |
| | | | |

| A | | | 200 | | 1 | | | | | | |
|---|---|----|-----|----|----|---|------|---|----|----|-----|
| Δ | n | | ΙТΙ | NI | าว | ш | nd | ш | מי | TΛ | ıre |
| _ | w | ıv | ш | v | ш | | IIIU | ш | JU | LU | ш |

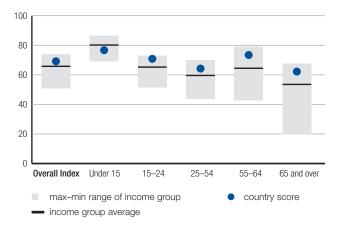
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.02 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 4.04 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 38 |
| Vulnerability | |

| • | |
|--|------|
| Workers in informal employment | 43.8 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 28.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.73 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | ion (% of GDP) | 3.50 |
|---|----------------|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | | 5.15 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Paraguay

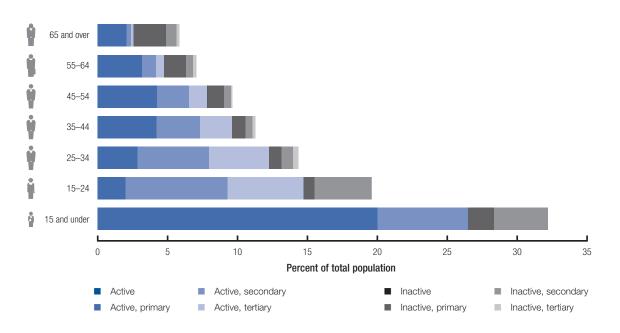
Human Capital Index 2015 65.68 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)7,033 |
|--|
| Working age population (1,000s)4,397 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)914 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)8.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) |

| Median age of population (years)23 |
|--|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)8,386 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)70.3 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)66.8 |
| Unemployment rate (%) |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total16.011.940.6 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements12.90.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers0.10.8 15.8 | Secondary education requirements42.00.9 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers13.06.92.4 | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.1 | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements13.41.1 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.28 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.09 |
| Specialized training services | 3.03 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.71 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.99 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 225,211 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | |

Paraguay

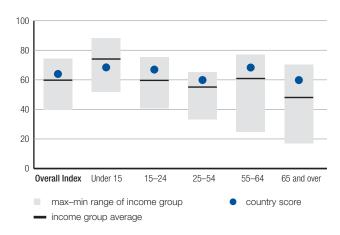
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------|--------|-------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 70.25 | 98 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 82.6 | 82.62 | 109 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.10 | 18.41 | 122 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 27.6 | 72.40 | 103 |
| | Malica | 0 | Devil |
| 45. 04 Are Creun | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 68.73 | 62 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 34.5 | 34.51 | 66 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 24.2 | 24.23 | 57 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.0 | 99.03 | 57 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 69.0 | 68.96 | 73 |
| Economic participation | 00.0 | 00.00 | 0.5 |
| _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 12.3 | 87.70 | 30 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | 22.3 | 77.72 | 38 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | — | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 61.47 | 62 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 18.9 | 16.90 | 49 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 0.65 | 4404 | 00 |
| Statt training services ' Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 0.329 | 44.02 | 19 |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate | 01.0 | Q1 00 | 77 |
| _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | 19.2 | 19 20 | 70 |
| Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 70.15 | 59 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 93.7 | 93.68 | 59 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 35.5 | 35.46 | 79 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.6 | 10.64 | 66 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 19 |
| Underemployment rate | 14.7 | 85.30 | 65 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 65 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 61.42 45 |
|----------|
| |
| 351 |
|) 25.04 |
| 7.0165 |
| |
| 934.9031 |
| 457 |
| 458 |
|)57 |
| 2 |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 2.70 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment Workers in vulnerable employment Social safety net 1 Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 38.9 |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

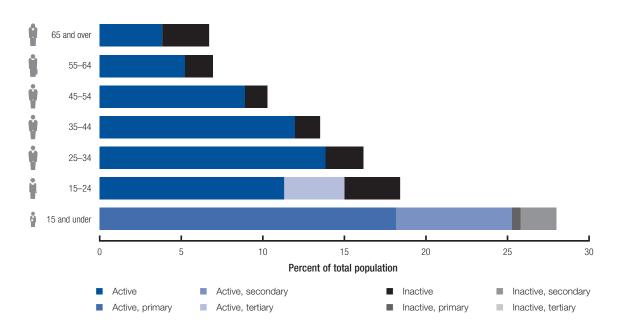
Human Capital Index 2015 68.13 61 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......31,161 Working age population (1,000s)20,349 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......6,407 Aged dependency ratio (%)......9.4 Child dependency ratio (%).......46.9

Median age of population (years)26 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....11,989 Labour force participation rate (%)......76.2 Unemployment rate (%)......4.0

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.27 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.19 |
| Specialized training services | 3.87 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.83 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.93 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,150,620 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | — |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 75.62 | 87 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 94.4 | 94.42 | 76 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.27 | 21.10 | 118 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 33.5 | 66.50 | 106 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 73.90 | 35 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 40.6 | 40.65 | 61 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | — | | — |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 2.54 | 25.64 | 118 |
| Youth literacy rate | 98.9 | 98.94 | 63 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.8 | 99.81 | 43 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 86.6 | 86.60 | 37 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 61.4 | 61.40 | 22 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 16.5 | 83.50 | 41 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 29.8 | 70.20 | 53 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | – | | – |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 61.21 | 65 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.2 | 98.24 | 54 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 16.8 | 16.83 | 57 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 3.76 | 46.08 | 83 |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.182 | 46.96 | 73 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 86.7 | 86.70 | 48 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | 15.2 | 15.20 | 87 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| O 1 1 12 17 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 | | | |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| \$ 55–64 Age Group | | 72.94 | 48 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 92.9 | 92.86 | 60 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 58.0 | 58.03 | 50 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 13.4 | 13.35 | 52 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 75.1 | 75.10 | 20 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.7 | 98.30 | 20 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 67 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | 00010 | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 62.39 | 41 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 81.5 | 81.50 | 63 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 38.4 | 38.39 | 51 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.6 | 10.62 | 42 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 57.3 | 57.30 | 9 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 40 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 2 | 88.16 | 39 |
| | | | |

| ٧ | al | u | |
|---|----|---|--|
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.26 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | |
| W.L. 1999 | |

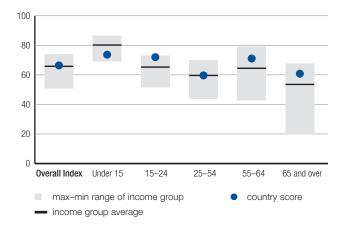
Vulnerability

| Workers in informal employment | 69.9 |
|--|---------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 47.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.86 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 102, 98 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)2 | .76 |
|--|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.65 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Philippines

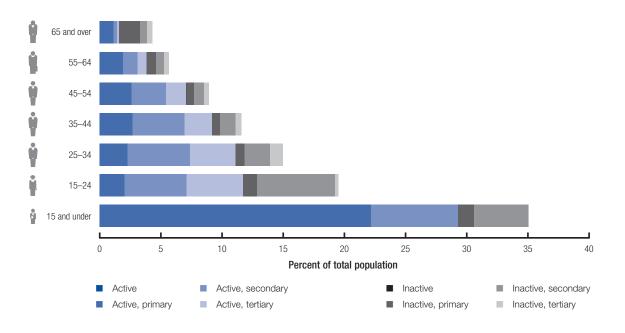
Human Capital Index 2015 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 101,803 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 63,659 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 15,808 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 6.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 57.8 |

| Median age of population (years)22 |
|--|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)6,986 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)65.2 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)60.6 |
| Unemployment rate (%)7. |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements12.60.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements27.01.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers9.03.80.6 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.1 | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements19.21.2 |
| Others | 0.30.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.13 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.74 |
| Specialized training services | 4.44 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.28 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.52 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,625,385 | 469,654 |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | — |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | — |

Philippines

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 79.66 | 73 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 88.6 | 88.65 | 101 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.17 | 52.80 | 52 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 11.1 | 88.90 | 74 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 76.48 | 20 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 4.55 | 59.12 | 27 |
| Youth literacy rate | 97.9 | 97.94 | 81 |
| Educational attainment | 00.5 | 00.40 | |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 47.5 | 47.50 | 61 |
| Unemployment rate | 16.4 | 83.60 | 67 |
| Underemployment rate | 10.6 | 89.40 | 47 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 04.0 | 75.00 | 60 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | — |
| Incidence of undereducation | _ | _ | |
| | | — | — |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | – | | – |
| 25–54 Age Group | – | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment | Value | Score 64.27 | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Value Value98.3 | Score 64.27 98.33 | Rank 51 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Value Value98.375.9 | Score 64.27 98.33 75.87 | Rank 515354 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning | Value98.375.929.3 | Score 64.2798.3375.8729.30 | Rank 515354 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | Value Value 98.375.929.3 | Score 64.2798.3375.8729.30 | Sank 51 535418 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | Value Value 98.375.929.3 | Score 64.2798.3375.8729.30 | Sank 51 535418 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation | Value98.3 75.9 29.3 4.61 0.514 | Score 64.27 98.33 | 51 535418 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | Value 98.375.929.34.610.514 | Score 64.27 98.33 75.87 29.30 60.16 58.56 77.40 | S15354182597 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate | Value 98.375.929.30.51477.45.6 | Score 64.27 98.33 75.87 29.30 60.16 58.56 77.40 94.40 | 535418259747 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | Value 98.375.929.34.610.51477.45.6 | Score 64.27 98.33 75.87 29.30 60.16 58.56 77.40 94.40 | 53541825434797 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Value 98.375.929.34.610.51477.45.6 | Score 64.27 98.33 75.87 29.30 60.16 58.56 77.40 94.40 | 53541825439747 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | Value 98.375.929.34.610.51477.45.6 | Score 64.27 98.33 75.87 29.30 60.16 58.56 77.40 94.40 | 515354 |
| 25–54 Age Group Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | Value 98.375.929.34.610.5145.6 | Score 64.27 98.33 75.87 29.30 60.16 58.56 77.40 94.40 24.10 | Sank 515354182543974758 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 74.50 | 40 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.1 | 97.11 | 52 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 56.8 | 56.83 | 53 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.9 | 20.89 | 26 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 68.2 | 68.20 | 40 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.8 | 97.20 | 32 |
| Underemployment rate | 11.0 | 89.00 | 60 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 60 | 92.31 | 87 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | JUJU | Halik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 65.47 | 33 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 94.9 | 94.85 | 43 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 41.5 | 41.54 | 46 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 16.5 | 16.47 | 23 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 36.3 | 36.30 | 30 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.0 | 99.00 | 26 |
| Underemployment rate | 8.8 | 91.20 | 56 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 78.95 | 87 |

|--|

Additional Indicators

| Innovation | ecosysten |
|------------|-----------|
|------------|-----------|

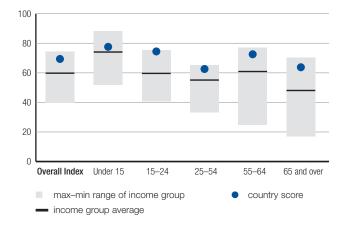
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.03 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | |
| Vulnerability | |

| workers in informal employment | U. I |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment4 | 2.3 |
| Social safety net ¹ 3 | .35 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , — |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 2.65 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.34 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

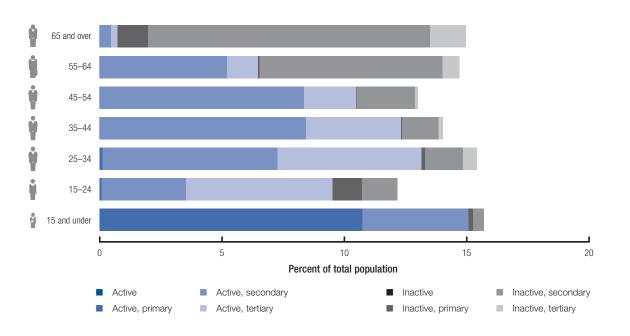
Poland

Human Capital Index 2015 77.06 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......38,222 Working age population (1,000s)26,584 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).........6,404 Aged dependency ratio (%).......18.9 Child dependency ratio (%)......21.0 Median age of population (years)38 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....24,429 Labour force participation rate (%)......56.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 50.7 Unemployment rate (%)......10.3

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Total | 6.0 | 15.3 | 28.8 | | 50.1 | 1.9 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.2 | 3.7 | 14.1 | Tertiary education requirements | 18.0 | 0.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 1.0 | 9.3 | Secondary education requirements | 28.4 | 0.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 5.4 | 6.3 | 1.1 | | | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.1 | 3.0 | 2.1 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.3 | 1.3 | 1.8 | Primary education requirements | 3.4 | 0.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.40 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.00 |
| Specialized training services | 4.81 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.45 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.70 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,007,212 | 638,957 |
| Agriculture | 33,967 | 8,983 |
| Education | 260,782 | 103,499 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 296,025 | 66,363 |
| Health and Welfare | 171,196 | 70,708 |
| Humanities and Arts | 181,294 | 47,149 |
| Sciences | 160,494 | 41,059 |
| Services | 163,136 | 45,805 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 740,318 | 251,801 |
| Unspecified | | 3,590 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 90.10 | 28 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 96.8 | 96.76 | 59 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 90.5 | 90.49 | 29 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.35 | 55.80 | 46 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | raido | 74.57 | 32 |
| 10 2171go aroup | | 7 1107 | 0_ |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 73.2 | 73.19 | 20 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 54.3 | 54.34 | 17 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 3.57 | 42.77 | 69 |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 24 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.4 | 98.38 | 75 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 5.8 | 94.20 | 31 |
| or training rate | 12.2 | 87 80 | 29 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | 10.0 | 07.00 | 06 |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| Skill diversity | 0.220 | 1 0.00 | 40 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 72.38 | 27 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.0 | 22.04 | 41 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.154 | 69.24 | 21 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 84.9 | 84.90 | 59 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills | 00.0 | 00.00 | -00 |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.03 | 20.54 | 54 |

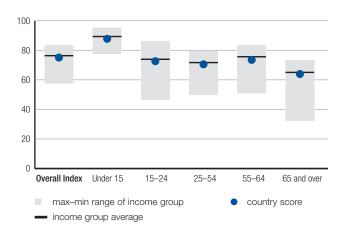
| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 75.46 | 35 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.51 | 30 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 84.8 | 84.84 | 31 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.2 | 12.18 | 57 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 42.2 | 42.20 | 108 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.7 | 92.30 | 77 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.8 | 97.20 | 31 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 67 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Malina | 0 | Dont |

| | value | 00016 | HALIFI |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 65.65 | 32 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 96.9 | 96.86 | 39 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 61.3 | 61.32 | 31 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.9 | 10.90 | 41 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 5.4 | 5.40 | 110 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.8 | 98.20 | 45 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.3 | 98.70 | 16 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 2 | 88.16 | 39 |
| | | | |

| Additiona | I Indicators |
|-----------|--------------|
|-----------|--------------|

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.50 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 85 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.87 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.17 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.86 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Portugal

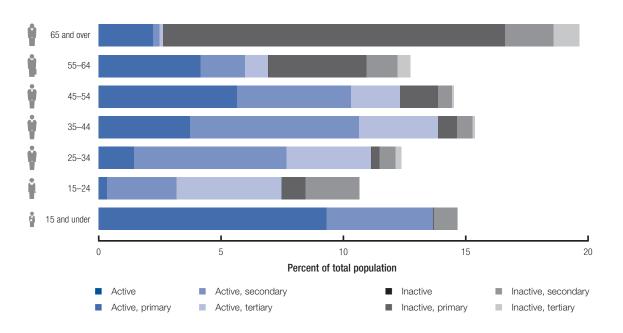
Human Capital Index 2015 74.50 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | .10,610 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 7,023 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 1,336 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 27.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 22.7 |

Median age of population (years)41 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....26,306 Labour force participation rate (%)......60.3 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 50.4 Unemployment rate (%)......16.5

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 5.1 | 11.8 | 32.8 | | 49.7 | 3.2 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.2 | 2.6 | 13.5 | Tertiary education requirements | 16.2 | 8.0 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 8.0 | 11.2 | Secondary education requirements | 27.3 | 0.9 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 4.5 | 4.9 | 1.7 | | | 0.6 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.1 | 2.6 | 1.4 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.2 | 0.9 | 4.8 | Primary education requirements | 5.9 | 0.6 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.54 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.92 |
| Specialized training services | 5.11 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.41 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.12 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 390,273 | 94,264 |
| Agriculture | 7,232 | 1,191 |
| Education | 22,374 | 9,791 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 85,647 | 16,635 |
| Health and Welfare | 61,963 | 16,515 |
| Humanities and Arts | 37,271 | 7,837 |
| Sciences | 28,293 | 6,942 |
| Services | 25,102 | 5,672 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 122,015 | 29,681 |
| Unspecified | 376 | — |

Portugal

| Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| | 88.17 | 39 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| 4.81 | 63.58 | 29 |
| 2.4 | 06 60 | 47 |
| 0.4 | 90.00 | 41 |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| | 72.17 | 46 |
| | | |
| | | |
| 42.8 | 42.81 | 35 |
| | | |
| 4.27 | 54.56 | 35 |
| 99.6 | 99.59 | 43 |
| | | |
| | | |
| 78.8 | 78.83 | 53 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 16.6 | 83.40 | 59 |
| 1/1 | 9E 00 | 27 |
| | | |
| | | |
| 0.0 | 01.00 | 16 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| | 71.12 | 32 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 25.3 | 25.31 | 29 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 52.96 | 48 |
| | 52.96 62.71 | 48 |
| 0.763 | 62.71 | 48 |
| 88.7 | 62.71 | 48 35 |
| 88.7 | 62.71 88.70 87.30 | 48 35 26 |
| 88.7 12.7 | 62.71 88.70 87.30 89.70 | 48 35 26 85 |
| 88.7 12.7 | 62.71 88.70 87.30 | 48 35 26 85 |
| 88.7 12.7 10.3 193.6 | 62.71 88.70 87.30 89.70 93.64 | 48 35 85 47 |
| 88.7 12.7 10.3 93.6 | 62.71 88.70 87.30 89.70 | 48 35 26 85 47 11 |
| | 81.9 | 72.17 68.968.8642.842.81 4.2754.5699.699.59 99.999.9478.878.83 37.537.5036.863.2016.683.40 14.185.9036.363.68 9.091.0040.159.900.18881.21 |

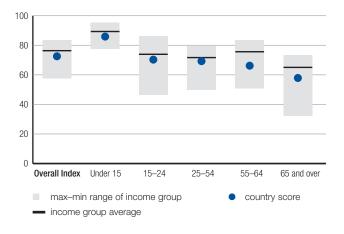
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 67.96 | 65 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.3 | 97.30 | 50 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 35.1 | 35.15 | 80 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.2 | 12.15 | 58 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 54.6 | 54.60 | 84 |
| Unemployment rate | 13.5 | 86.50 | 93 |
| Underemployment rate | 10.0 | 90.00 | 58 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 59.41 | 52 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 86.3 | 86.32 | 54 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 20.5 | 20.47 | 80 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 6.6 | 6.56 | 66 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 15.4 | 15.40 | 72 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.8 | 98.20 | 45 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.5 | 95.50 | 46 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 6 | 93.42 | 16 |

| Additional | Ind | ica | tors |
|------------|-----|-----|------|
| | | | |

| Additional indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 4.68 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 10 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 16.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.31 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.62 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5.74 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

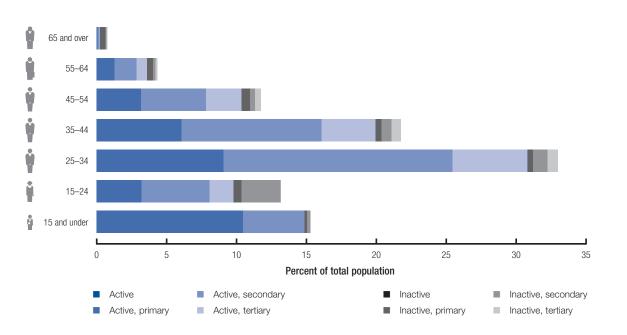
Human Capital Index 2015 69.04 56 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 2,351 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 2,010 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 332 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 1.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 16.1 |

Median age of population (years)32 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)... 144,427 Labour force participation rate (%)......86.7 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......86.5 Unemployment rate (%)......0.3

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 1.2 | 44.9 | 40.7 | 86.8 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.0 | 6.4 | 9.4 | Tertiary education requirements15.90.0 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 3.0 | 7.7 | Secondary education requirements51.50.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.2 | 22.7 | 7.9 | 0.0 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.2 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 0.0 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.6 | 8.5 | 10.4 | Primary education requirements19.50.0 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.54 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.59 |
| Specialized training services | 5.29 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 5.90 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.78 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 17,266 | 1,969 |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | 374 | 103 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 2,931 | 536 |
| Health and Welfare | 1,106 | 108 |
| Humanities and Arts | 4,077 | 367 |
| Sciences | 1,239 | 125 |
| Services | 196 | 49 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 4,621 | 681 |
| Unspecified | 2.722 | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|-----------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 93.12 | 13 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.65 | 77.48 | 9 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | – | | |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 65.97 | 71 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 14.3 | 14.26 | 92 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 1.6 | 1.56 | 111 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.5 | 99.54 | 45 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 32.7 | 32.67 | 107 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | — | – | – |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 0.4 | 90.60 | 20 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | _ | _ | _ |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 59.07 | 75 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.9 | 12.85 | 72 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.764 | 37.27 | 94 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | | | |
| | 01.5 | 01.4/ | 9 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| Lase of illiumy skilled employees: | 4.99 | 64.00 | 9 |

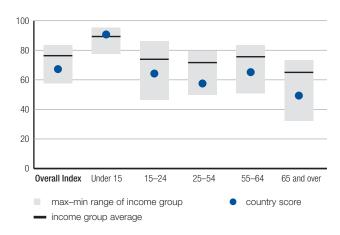
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 66.94 | 66 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 71.0 | 71.03 | 91 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 44.2 | 44.19 | 66 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.9 | 15.90 | 41 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 70.5 | 70.50 | 31 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 68 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 50.65 | 75 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 48.4 | 48.40 | 91 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 25.9 | 25.94 | 67 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.9 | 7.90 | 58 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 32.2 | 32.20 | 37 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 3 | 89.47 | 33 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.21 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 103 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 0.2 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 5.34 |

Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP)......2.45

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

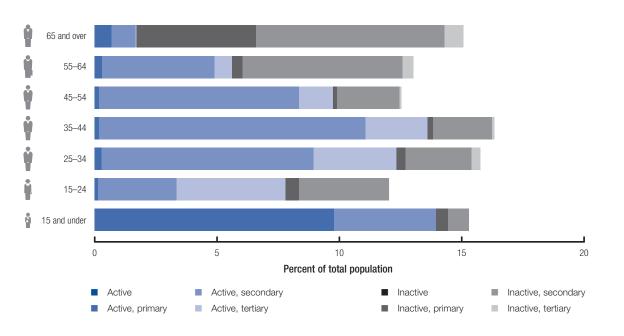
Romania

Human Capital Index 2015 73.94 39 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s).....21,579 Working age population (1,000s) 14,977 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......2,243 Aged dependency ratio (%)......21.2 Child dependency ratio (%)......21.4 Median age of population (years)38 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....19,397 Labour force participation rate (%)......56.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 52.4 Unemployment rate (%)......7.3

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total14.514.621.9 | 51.10.8 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians0.2 | Tertiary education requirements10.80.1 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements34.4 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers11.96.81.1 | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.2 | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements5.40.3 |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.72 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.21 |
| Specialized training services | 4.17 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.62 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.47 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 871,842 | 259,634 |
| Agriculture | 19,295 | 4,289 |
| Education | 17,554 | 5,872 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 175,310 | 39,315 |
| Health and Welfare | 80,065 | 28,277 |
| Humanities and Arts | 70,666 | 18,869 |
| Sciences | 45,187 | 13,076 |
| Services | 36,548 | 8,093 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 427,217 | 141,843 |
| Unspecified | — | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 82.98 | 64 |
| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | 91.1 | 91.15 | 54 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.09 | 51.48 | 56 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 0.9 | 99.10 | 2 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 72.28 | 45 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 61.9 | 61.93 | 9 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3.83 | 47 22 | 52 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.7 | 98.71 | 73 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 92.6 | 92.64 | 24 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 9.5 | 90.50 | 44 |
| or training rate | 17.2 | 82.80 | 43 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity | 0.343 | 65.72 | 00 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 69.26 | 36 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 10.0 | 10.00 | 70 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 2.56 | 42.50 | 07 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | - |
| Labour force participation rate | 80.0 | 80.00 | 86 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.5 | 93.50 | 54 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 83.0 | 82.97 | 41 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.20 | 53.35 | 43 |

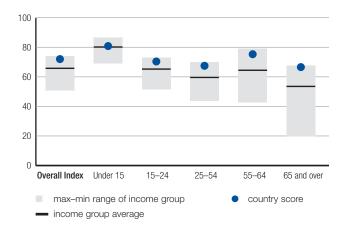
| | value | Score | капк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 77.31 | 29 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.5 | 98.46 | 43 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 93.6 | 93.62 | 24 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.8 | 10.80 | 65 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 43.3 | 43.30 | 104 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.7 | 96.30 | 47 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.3 | 98.70 | 10 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 68.37 | 23 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 95.0 | 94.99 | 42 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 69.8 | 69.76 | 26 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.3 | 8.26 | 55 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 18.9 | 18.90 | 63 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.2 | 99.80 | 2 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |

| Additional | Indicators | |
|------------|------------|--|
| Additional | mulcators | |

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.78 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.59 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 38 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | – |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.84 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.07 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Russian Federation

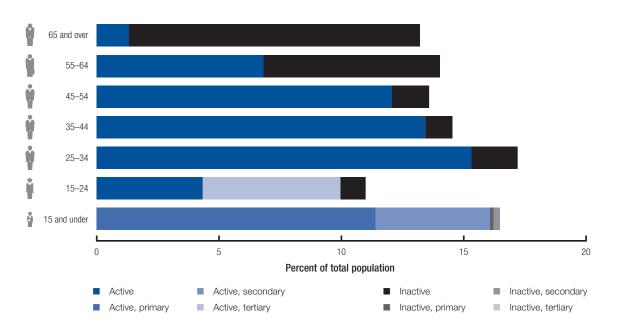
Human Capital Index 2015 77.54 26 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 142 098 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| 1 1 () / | , |
| Working age population (1,000s) | 99,947 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 69,664 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 18.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 20.7 |

Median age of population (years)38 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....24,764 Labour force participation rate (%)......63.7 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 60.2 Unemployment rate (%)......5.5

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 4.3 | 16.4 | 38.3 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.6 | 5.2 | 19.5 | Tertiary education requirements25.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 8.0 | 9.4 | Secondary education requirements27.6 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 2.1 | 5.7 | 2.1 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 8.0 | 2.8 | 3.8 | |
| Elementary occupations | 8.0 | 1.9 | 3.5 | Primary education requirements6.1 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.31 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.75 |
| Specialized training services | 4.34 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.10 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.95 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 7,983,111 | 2,064,473 |
| Agriculture | — | 34,440 |
| Education | — | 189,053 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | 454,436 |
| Health and Welfare | — | 110,815 |
| Humanities and Arts | — | 72,958 |
| Sciences | — | 125,881 |
| Services | — | 96,051 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | 945,953 |
| Unspecified | — | 34,886 |

Russian Federation

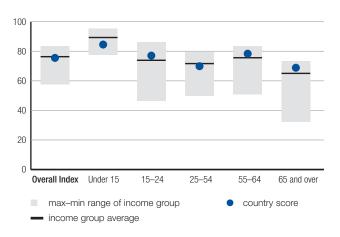
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 86.81 | 44 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.23 | 53.91 | 49 |
| /ulnerability | | | |
| ncidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | 74.45 | 79.13 | 13 |
| 13-24 Age droup | | 73.13 | 13 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| ocational enrolment rate | 51.3 | 51.32 | 20 |
| Quality of education | 0.40 | 44.00 | 70 |
| Quality of education system ¹ /outh literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 39.6 | 39.60 | 82 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Jnderemployment rate | 1.8 | 98.20 | 5 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 10.0 | 00 00 | 20 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | 15.8 | 84.20 | 37 |
| ncidence of undereducation | 15.2 | 84.80 | 14 |
| Skill diversity ² | – | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 71.77 | 29 |
| - | | 7 1.77 | 20 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Norkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.532 | 58.86 | 42 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| | | 40.50 | 17 |
| High-skilled employment share | 43.5 | 43.50 | 1 / |
| High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 89.9 | 89.90 | 49 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 80.45 | 17 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 98.6 | 98.59 | 10 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 25.9 | 25.89 | 13 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 48.8 | 48.80 | 93 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.6 | 96.40 | 45 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.4 | 99.60 | 3 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 61 | 93.85 | 81 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 70.69 | 15 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 0.88 | 87.97 | 15 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.1 | 22.10 | 6 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 10.1 | 10.10 | 88 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.1 | 95.90 | 71 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.5 | 98.50 | 19 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 80.26 | 81 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.13 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 34 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 12.1 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 6.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.31 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.10 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5.14 |

Country Score Within Income Group



Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Rwanda

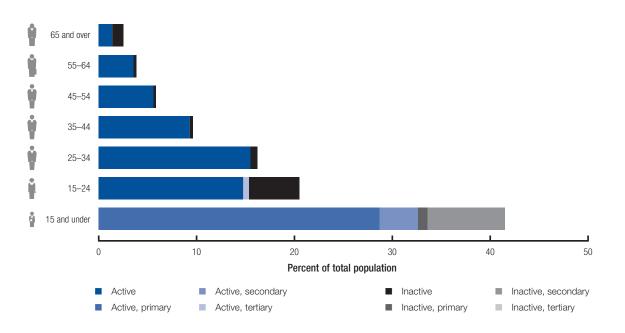
Human Capital Index 2015 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 12,428 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 6,958 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 87 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 4.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 84.3 |

| Median age of population (years) | 18 |
|--|-------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)1 | ,686, |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 85.9 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 85.4 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 0.6 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.13 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.80 |
| Specialized training services | 3.71 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.61 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.32 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 71,638 | 16,048 |
| Agriculture | 5,102 | 1,268 |
| Education | 2,850 | 1,415 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 3,900 | 1,798 |
| Health and Welfare | 4,886 | 1,526 |
| Humanities and Arts | 3,768 | 504 |
| Sciences | 9,652 | 1,805 |
| Services | 1,433 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 40,047 | 7,732 |
| Unspecified | — | — |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 69.48 | 100 |
| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | 93.4 | 93.39 | 79 |
| Secondary enrolment rate Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | 67.6 | 67.64 | 95 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.72 | 45.38 | 69 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 28.5 | 71.50 | 105 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 58.66 | 94 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 6.9 | 6.90 | 109 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 34.4 | 34.40 | 42 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 80.4 | 80.37 | 108 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 21.0 | 21.01 | 119 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate | — | | – |
| Long-term unemployment rate | — | | – |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducationIncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 48.15 | 112 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 81.5 | 81.46 | 95 |
| | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 17.8 | 17.83 | 116 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning | 17.8 | 17.83 | 116 117 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 17.8 2.0 4.03 | 17.83 1.97 | 116 117 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 17.8 2.0 4.03 | 17.83 1.97 | 116 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation | 17.8 2.0 4.03 -0.567 | 17.83 1.97 50.57 40.55 | 116 117 60 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 17.8 2.0 4.03 -0.567 | 17.83 1.97 50.57 40.55 | 116 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 17.8 | 17.83 | 116 117 60 85 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 17.8 | 17.83 | 116 60 85 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 17.8 | 17.83 | 116 60 85 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 17.82.04.030.56796.0 | 17.83 | 11660855 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share | 17.82.04.030.56796.0 | | 116605 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees 1 | | | 11660856 |

| 55–64 Age Group | 47.71 | 114 |
|--|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate53.7 | 53.66 | 103 |
| Secondary education attainment rate7.3 | 7.34 | 117 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate1.2 | 1.24 | 112 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate91.7 | 91.70 | 3 |
| Unemployment rate | | — |
| Underemployment rate | – | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth55 | 84.62 | 100 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 33.55 | 113 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate36.1 | 36.15 | 104 |
| Secondary education attainment rate4.3 | 4.25 | 110 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.28 | 118 |

| Labour force participation rate | 54.7 | 54.70 | 12 |
|----------------------------------|------|-------|------|
| Unemployment rate | – | | — |
| Underemployment rate | – | | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 72.37 | .100 |
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

Economic participation

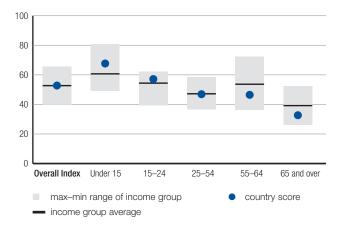
Innovation ecosystem

| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.93 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.65 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 112 |
| | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | |

Social safety net¹4.14 Primary completion rate (poorest | richest quintile)......28, 85 Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.11 |
|---|-------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | .4.29 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Saudi Arabia

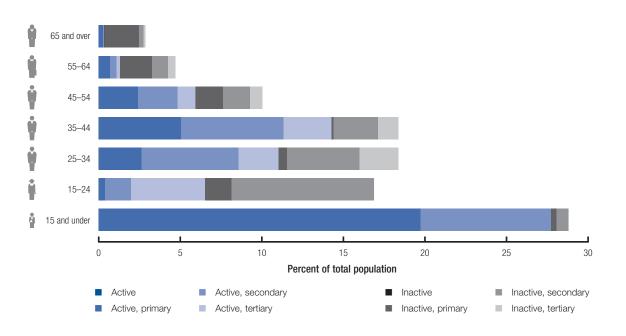
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 61.38 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 29,898 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 20,532 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 3,702 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 4.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 46.3 |

Median age of population (years)26 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)..... 53,935Labour force participation rate (%)......54.9 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 51.8 Unemployment rate (%)......5.7

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | — |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.09 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.16 |
| Specialized training services | 4.08 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.74 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.45 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,206,007 | 141,196 |
| Agriculture | 5,665 | 550 |
| Education | 78,539 | 12,777 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 71,401 | 11,727 |
| Health and Welfare | 85,645 | 12,005 |
| Humanities and Arts | 354,467 | 38,603 |
| Sciences | 174,383 | 29,155 |
| Services | 11,476 | 2,789 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 292,277 | 33,512 |
| Unspecified | 132,154 | 80 |

Saudi Arabia

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 82.38 | 66 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.98 | 49.65 | 59 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | – | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 66.10 | 70 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 1.2 | 1.24 | 112 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.3 | 99.34 | 49 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 79.2 | 79.18 | 52 |
| Economic participation | 40.0 | 40.00 | |
| _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 18.6 | 81.40 | 46 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | 11.3 | 88.67 | 15 |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | – | | – |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.196 | 80.36 | 30 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 53.69 | 97 |
| Educational attainment | | 04.07 | |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 2.00 | |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 4 09 | 51 44 | 54 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 68.3 | 68 30 | 111 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| | | 00.00 | 50 |
| High-skilled employment share | 26.6 | 26.60 | 50 |
| High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |

| 55–64 Age Group | 52.23 | 107 |
|---|-------|--------|
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 38.40 | 73 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | | – – |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 33.34 | 115 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 18.76 | 85 |

| Underemployment rate | – | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------|----|
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 85.53 | 57 |
| | | | |

Labour force participation rate......12.512.50...........81 Unemployment rate...... – –

Additional Indicators

Economic participation

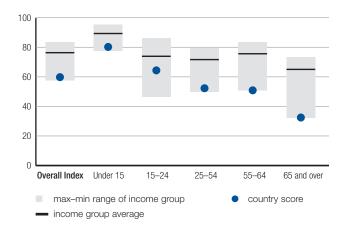
Innovation ecosystem

| State of cluster development ' | 4.66 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 109 |
| | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)5.1 | 4 |
|--|---|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- ⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

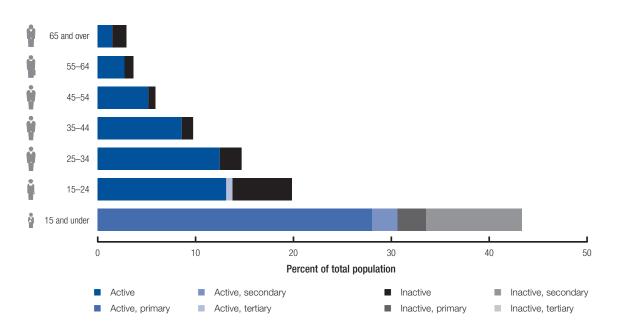
Human Capital Index 2015 53.04 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 14,967 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 8,049 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 173 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 81 9 |

| Median age of population (years) | 18 |
|--|------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)2 | ,316 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 76.5 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 68.6 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 10.3 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.01 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.57 |
| Specialized training services | 4.37 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.66 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.35 |

| Studente by field of study | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
| Total | 92,106 | |
| Agriculture | — | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | — | |
| Sciences | — | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | | |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 63.78 | 110 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 79.5 | 79.45 | 112 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 20.8 | 20.84 | 107 |
| Basic education survival rate | 82.0 | 81.95 | 76 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 76.5 | 76.48 | 98 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.31 | 38.45 | 83 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | 14.5 | 85.50 | 81 |
| Toda for a fina labour | | 00.00 | |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 47.32 | 118 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| ocational enrolment rate | 7.7 | 7.70 | 92 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 73.1 | 73.05 | 113 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 42.8 | 42.83 | 123 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 3.9 | 3.93 | 124 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 66.2 | 66.20 | 13 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 8.5 | 91.50 | 41 |
| or training rate _ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | — | | – |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | – |
| Skill diversity ² | – | – | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 49.82 | 106 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 2.2 | 2.24 | 113 |
| Norkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 2.04 | 40.01 | 74 |
| Statt training services : Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 0.337 | 44.30 | 01 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 61.9 | 61.93 | 68 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 1 22 | 54.70 | 38 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 52.87 | 105 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 18.1 | 18.08 | 120 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 4.3 | 4.29 | 121 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.6 | 1.58 | 111 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 75.0 | 75.00 | 21 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.5 | 93.50 | 72 |
| Underemployment rate | 7.0 | 93.00 | 54 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 55 | 84.62 | 100 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 46.54 | 85 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 7.4 | 7.38 | 119 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 1.8 | 1.81 | 120 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.6 | 0.62 | 110 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 50.1 | 50.10 | 20 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.5 | 96.50 | 65 |
| Underemployment rate | 3.0 | 97.00 | 34 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 72.37 | 100 |

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.33 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 90 |
| Vulnerability | |

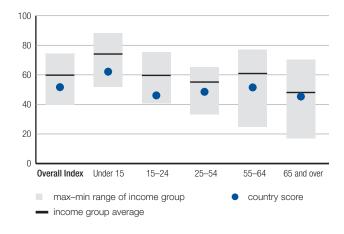
| Workers in informal employment | |
|--|--------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.41 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 51, 73 |
| | |

Public investment

Additional Indicators

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.60 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.85 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Serbia

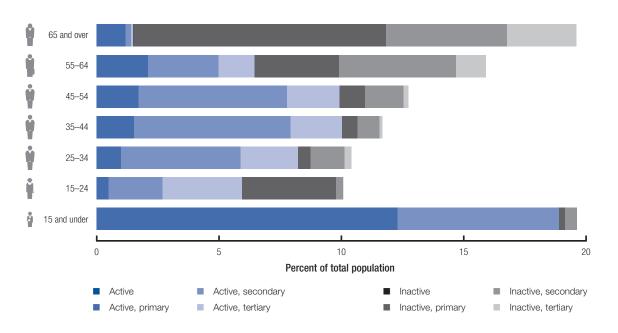
Human Capital Index 2015 70.97 50 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | .9,424 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | .6,516 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | .1,002 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 19.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 24.3 |

Median age of population (years)38 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....12,605 Labour force participation rate (%).......52.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......40.8 Unemployment rate (%)......22.1

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 8.0 | 9.8 | 19.9 | | 37.7 | 4.4 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 2.3 | 8.2 | Tertiary education requirements | 10.6 | 8 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 1.1 | 7.3 | Secondary education requirements | 23.8 | 1.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 7.0 | 3.6 | 1.4 | | | 0.7 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.2 | 1.7 | 1.4 | | | 0.5 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.4 | Primary education requirements | 3.1 | 8 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.34 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.55 |
| Specialized training services | 3.52 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 1.60 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 1.82 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 231,661 | 47,797 |
| Agriculture | 7,555 | 1,127 |
| Education | 16,088 | 4,679 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 34,873 | 7,770 |
| Health and Welfare | 20,249 | 4,078 |
| Humanities and Arts | 25,106 | 5,199 |
| Sciences | 23,788 | 4,082 |
| Services | 18,737 | 4,085 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 85,265 | 16,776 |
| Unspecified | — | — |

Serbia

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 88.19 | 38 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.81 | 46.75 | 66 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.1 | 95.60 | 51 |
| moraence of child labour | | 90.00 | |
| <u>.</u> | Value | Score | Rank |
| ■ 15–24 Age Group | | 65.20 | 72 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 75.7 | 75.68 | 3 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 98.5 | 98.50 | 73 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 56.0 | 55.97 | 88 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 13.8 | 86.20 | 53 |
| or training rate | 19.5 | 80.50 | 52 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 64.5 | 35.53 | 74 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.193 | 80.65 | 27 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| № 25–54 Age Group | | 65.61 | 45 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.4 | 12.42 | 74 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.681 | 61.36 | 38 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 79.4 | 79.37 | 48 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | 91.7 | 91.70 | 33 |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.59 | 43.22 | 84 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 70.37 | 57 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.4 | 97.42 | 49 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 62.7 | 62.69 | 49 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.8 | 10.81 | 64 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 38.0 | 38.00 | 117 |
| Unemployment rate | 10.5 | 89.50 | 86 |
| Underemployment rate | 5.8 | 94.20 | 46 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 65 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 55.13 | 62 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 61.0 | 60.99 | 81 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 28.9 | 28.94 | 60 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.9 | 5.93 | 69 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 9.3 | 9.30 | 94 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.0 | 99.00 | 26 |
| Underemployment rate | 3.8 | 96.20 | 39 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 85.53 | 57 |

| | vai |
|-------------------------|-----|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| and the after a few and | |

Additional Indicators

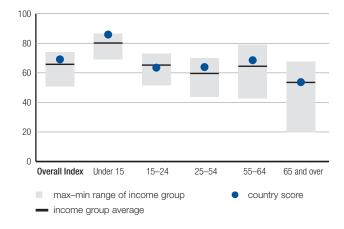
| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.19 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.24 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 66 |
| Vulnerability | |

| Workers in informal employment | 6.1 |
|--|--------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 27.8 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.83 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 86, 96 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)4.82 | 2 |
|---|---|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 1 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Singapore

Human Capital Index 2015

78.15

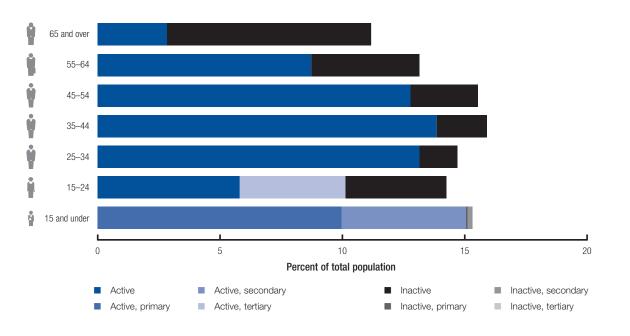
(out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 5,619 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 4,130 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 1,200 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 12.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 23.5 |

Median age of population (years)37 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....81,346 Labour force participation rate (%)......67.8 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 65.9 Unemployment rate (%)......2.8

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total13.357.4 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements1.0 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers1.816.3 | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers1.81.0 | 0.1 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—1.63.5 | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 6.32 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.83 |
| Specialized training services | 5.46 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 6.01 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.22 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 243,546 | |
| Agriculture | 139 | |
| Education | 5,938 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 58,978 | |
| Health and Welfare | 17,338 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 21,914 | |
| Sciences | 34,402 | |
| Services | 4,973 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 99,349 | |
| Unspecified | 653 | |

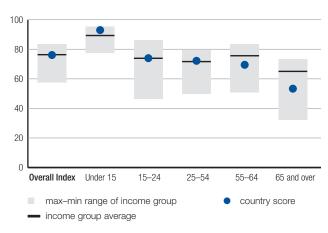
| 9.7 6.05 1.0 1.2 | 95.47 99.00 99.73 84.15 99.00 Score 75.96 11.15 79.95 99.85 | 3 Rank 22 |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 9.7 6.05 1.0 1.2 | 99.73 | 3 Rank 22 |
| 9.7 6.05 1.0 1.2 | 99.73 | 3 Rank 22 |
| 9.7 6.05 1.0 1.1.2 | 99.73 | 3 Rank 2283 |
| . — 1.0 alue . — 1.2 | 84.15 99.00 Score 75.9611.15 | 3 Rank 2283 |
| 1.0 alue . — 1.2 | 75.96 75.9611.15 | 3 Rank 22 83 |
| 1.0 alue . — 1.2 | 75.96 75.9611.15 | 3 Rank 22 83 |
| . — 1.2 | 75.96 | 22 |
| . — 1.2 | 75.96 | 22 |
| . — 1.2 | 75.96 | 22 83 |
| . — 1.2 | 75.96 | 22 83 |
| 1.2 | – 11.15 | 83 4 |
| 1.2 | 11.15 | 4 |
| 1.2 | 11.15 | 4 |
| .80 | 79.95 | 4 |
| | | |
| | | |
| IJ.Ծ | 99.85 | ~~ |
| | | 32 |
| 0.0 | 00.00 | 4.5 |
| | 99.80 95.78 | |
| 0.0 | 90.70 | 19 |
| a a | 39 90 | 80 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| . — | | — |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| alue | Score | Rank |
| | 74.12 | 22 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 1.0 | 41.70 | |
| 25 | 70 90 | 7 |
| | | |
| | | |
| 6.2 | 86.20 | 51 |
| | | |
| | | |
| . — | | – |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 92.50 62.70 | |
| | 9.6 7.3 2.59 36.4 1.8 613 36.2 36.2 | 259 74.08 alue Score |

| Value | Score | Rank |
|-------|--------------------------|------|
| | 71.35 | 53 |
| | | |
| 85.4 | 85.35 | 78 |
| 67.1 | 67.13 | 45 |
| 15.6 | 15.61 | 44 |
| | | |
| 66.3 | 66.30 | 45 |
| — | | — |
| 6.3 | 93.70 | 48 |
| 76 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | |
| | 67.1 15.6 66.3 | |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 54.76 | 66 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 60.5 | 60.45 | 82 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 42.9 | 42.87 | 45 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.1 | 9.12 | 52 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 25.5 | 25.50 | 51 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | – |
| Underemployment rate | 9.4 | 90.60 | 58 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 11 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.13 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.58 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 6 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | — |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 8.7 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.01 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | -, - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.05 |

Country Score Within Income Group



Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes .

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- $^{3}\,$ Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries
- $^{5}\,$ Gross rate, capped at the value of 99 $\,$

Slovak Republic

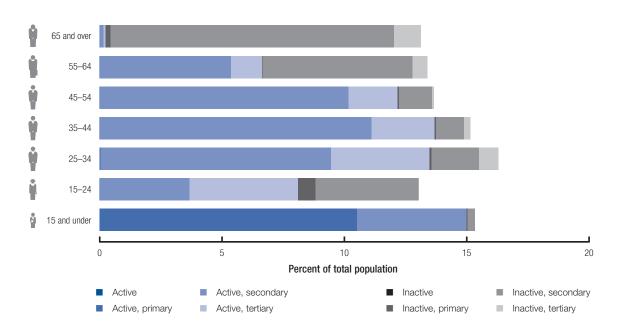
Human Capital Index 2015 75.48 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)5,4 | 458 |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| Working age population (1,000s)3,8 | 385 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 750 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)1 | 7.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 8.0 |

Median age of population (years)37 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....27,665 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 51.1 Unemployment rate (%)......14.2

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by nployment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Total | 1.7 | 18.2 | 30.9 | | 50.8 | 1.7 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.3 | 3.5 | 12.4 | Tertiary education requirements | 16.2 | 0.2 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 1.4 | 12.8 | Secondary education requirements | 30.5 | 0.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.6 | 7.5 | 1.0 | | | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.4 | 4.5 | 2.1 | | | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.2 | 1.4 | 2.4 | Primary education requirements | 4.0 | 0.4 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | | 0.3 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.04 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.78 |
| Specialized training services | 4.48 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.60 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.40 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 221,227 | 72,374 |
| Agriculture | 4,884 | 1,246 |
| Education | 27,664 | 9,330 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 32,692 | 9,503 |
| Health and Welfare | 39,334 | 14,077 |
| Humanities and Arts | 16,629 | 4,695 |
| Sciences | 18,618 | 5,412 |
| Services | 13,799 | 4,720 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 67,607 | 23,391 |
| Unspecified | | |

Slovak Republic

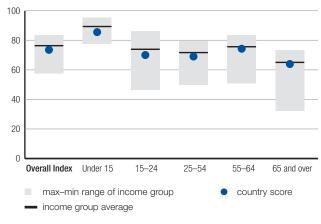
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 87.81 | 41 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate ⁵ | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate ⁵ | 93.9 | 93.90 | 16 |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.39 | 56.44 | 44 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 71.89 | 48 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Fertiary enrolment rate | 55.1 | 55.11 | 46 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 69.7 | 69.68 | 6 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | ga a | 99 92 | 37 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 31.4 | 31.40 | 108 |
| Jnemployment rate | 31.1 | 68.90 | 107 |
| Underemployment rate | 5.1 | 94.90 | 29 |
| or training rate | 13.7 | 86.30 | 36 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | 10.6 | 89.40 | 22 |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.190 | 80.95 | 25 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 70.86 | 33 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Fertiary education attainment rate | 16.8 | 16.79 | 58 |
| Norkplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 3.83 | 47 21 | 80 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | | | |
| Economic participation | | 07.00 | 41 |
| | 87.3 | 67.30 | 41 |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | 12.8 | 87.20 | 86 |
| _abour force participation rate | 12.8 | 87.20 98.10 | 86 8 |
| _abour force participation rate Jnemployment rate | 12.8 | 87.20 98.10 | 86 8 |
| Labour force participation rate | 12.8 1.9 84.7 | 87.20 98.10 84.67 | 86 8 35 |
| _abour force participation rate | 12.8 1.9 84.7 32.1 | 87.20 98.10 84.67 32.10 | 86 35 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 76.26 | 34 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.7 | 99.73 | 23 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 84.1 | 84.15 | 32 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 14.1 | 14.14 | 49 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 47.9 | 47.90 | 95 |
| Unemployment rate | 11.0 | 89.00 | 90 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.1 | 98.90 | 6 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 67 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 65.66 | 31 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.7 | 99.71 | 19 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 65.2 | 65.23 | 28 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 11.0 | 11.02 | 39 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 2.0 | 2.00 | 124 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.1 | 95.90 | 71 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.4 | 97.60 | 31 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 2 | 88.16 | 39 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.80 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.36 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 77 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 12.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.83 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.06 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5.51 |

Country Score Within Income Group



Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes .

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- $^{3}\,$ Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Slovenia

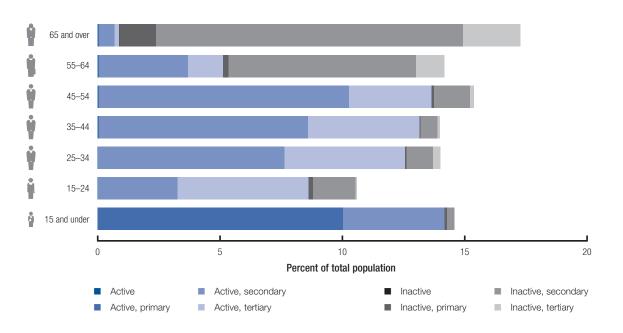
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 79.95 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 2,079 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 1,407 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 395 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 24.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 20.2 |

Median age of population (years)42 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....29,359 Labour force participation rate (%)......57.7 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......51.8 Unemployment rate (%)......10.2

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Total | 4.4 | 15.9 | 31.0 | | 51.2 | 1.0 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 4.7 | 16.8 | Tertiary education requirements | 21.7 | 0.2 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 1.3 | 9.1 | Secondary education requirements | 24.8 | 0.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 2.6 | 5.5 | 1.3 | | | 0.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.1 | 3.4 | 1.5 | | | 0.2 |
| Elementary occupations | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.7 | Primary education requirements | 4.2 | 0.1 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.5 | | 0.6 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.22 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.37 |
| Specialized training services | 4.43 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.51 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.88 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 104,003 | 20,596 |
| Agriculture | 3,249 | 580 |
| Education | 8,258 | 1,527 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 20,027 | 3,424 |
| Health and Welfare | 11,135 | 1,343 |
| Humanities and Arts | 9,016 | 1,920 |
| Sciences | 7,779 | 1,671 |
| Services | 9,577 | 1,860 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 34,962 | 8,270 |
| Unspecified | — | |

Slovenia

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 93.20 | 11 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 97.7 | 97.74 | 48 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 93.3 | 93.30 | 18 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.23 | 70.48 | 17 |
| Vulnerability | | 00.00 | |
| Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 78.66 | 15 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 60.3 | 60.27 | 10 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 4.07 | 51.22 | 41 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | aa a | 99 94 | 33 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| • | | 55.7 0 | |
| Economic participation | 644 | 04.40 | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 12.7 | 87.30 | 49 |
| Not in employment, education | 0.0 | 00.00 | 17 |
| or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 39.0 | 60.36 | 03 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.223 | 77.72 | 45 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 74.43 | 18 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 23.3 | 23.27 | 34 |
| Workplace learning | | 45 | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.563 | 76.04 | 11 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 90.8 | 90.80 | 19 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| | 044 | 94.07 | 8 |
| Employment gender gap | 94.1 | | |
| | 94.1 | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 43.0 | 43.00 | 20 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 76.75 | 32 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.53 | 29 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 96.1 | 96.13 | 18 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 17.0 | 16.99 | 39 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 35.6 | 35.60 | 119 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.0 | 93.00 | 73 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.0 | 96.00 | 37 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 70 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 71.40 | 13 |
|-------------------------------------|------|--------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.3 | 99.26 | 26 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 90.1 | 90.08 | 10 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 13.9 | 13.93 | 32 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 5.6 | 5.60 | 108 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.2 | 98.80 | 13 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 5 | 92.11 | 27 |
| | | | |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

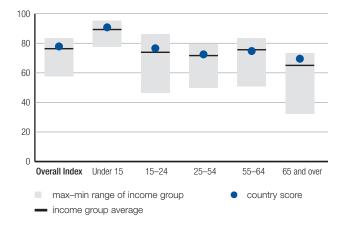
| Vulnerability | |
|--|-----|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | .15 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 3 | |
| State of cluster development 3 | |

| Workers in informal employment | — |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.31 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | ion (% of GDP). | 5.68 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------|
| Internet access in schools | | 5.99 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

South Africa

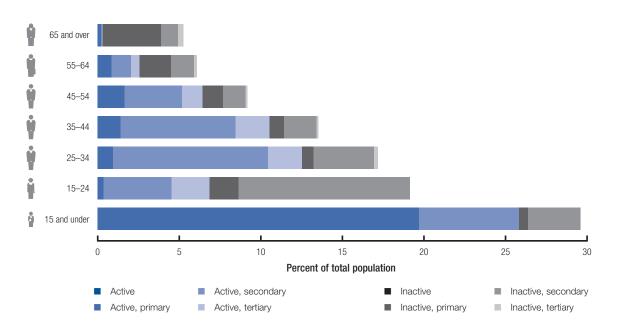
Human Capital Index 2015 60.50 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 53,491 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 34,751 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 3,858 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 8.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 45.7 |

Median age of population (years)25 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....12,722 Labour force participation rate (%).......52.1 Unemployment rate (%).....24.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent Agriculture | of population e Industry | mployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total2.1 | 10.0 | 30.5 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 1.8 | 9.0 | Tertiary education requirements10.90.6 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 8.0 | 10.0 | Secondary education requirements19.71.7 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers0.2 | 3.6 | 1.4 | 0.9 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Elementary occupations | 2.1 | 5.7 | Primary education requirements9.31.8 |
| Others | 0.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 1.89 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.16 |
| Specialized training services | 4.49 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.90 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.72 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Total | 1,005,721 | 183,864 |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | — | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | — | |
| Sciences | — | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | |
| Unspecified | —— | — |

South Africa

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|----------------|--------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 75.32 | 88 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 94.6 | 94.64 | 75 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 65.6 | 65.55 | 75 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.39 | 23.19 | 115 |
| fulnerability ncidence of child labour | – | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 54.44 | 108 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | 19.7 | 19.70 | 83 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 11.9 | 11.93 | 78 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 99.0 | 99.02 | 59 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.8 | 98.76 | 72 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 64.3 | 64.25 | 79 |
| conomic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Inemployment rate | 52.6 | 47.40 | 122 |
| Inderemployment rate | 4.6 | 95.40 | 24 |
| lot in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | 52.9 | 47.07 | 70 |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | — | – | — |
| ncidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | – – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 58.24 | 78 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | 13.7 | 13.75 | 69 |
| Vorkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| conomic complexity ³ | 0.260 | 54.33 | 55 |
| conomic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Inemployment rate | | | |
| Inderemployment rate | | | |
| | | — | — |
| | — | | |
| mployment gender gap Skills | | | |
| Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share | 27.5 | 27.50 | |
| Employment gender gap Skills | 27.5 | 27.50 76.80 | 105 |

| _ | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| \$5-64 Age Group | | 61.96 | 82 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 80.4 | 80.40 | 81 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 36.6 | 36.56 | 77 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.5 | 9.50 | 71 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 40.3 | 40.30 | 114 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.7 | 92.30 | 77 |
| Underemployment rate | 3.8 | 96.20 | 36 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 51 | 78.46 | 111 |
| | | | |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| | | | |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 35.24 | 111 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 69.0 | 68.99 | 77 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 27.8 | 27.77 | 63 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.1 | 7.14 | 63 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 5.2 | 5.20 | 112 |
| Unemployment rate | – | – | |
| Underemployment rate | – | – | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 67.11 | 111 |
| | | | |

| | V | ı |
|--|---|---|
| | | |
| | | |

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

| Vulnerability | |
|--|------|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 61 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.16 |
| · ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

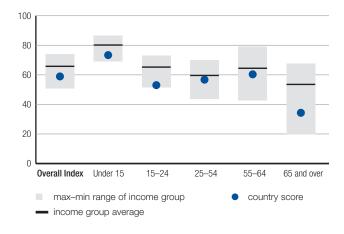
Vulnerability

| Workers in informal employment | 32.7 |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 9.3 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.92 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |

Public investment

| Public spending on education | n (% of GDP)6.60 |
|---|------------------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.18 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

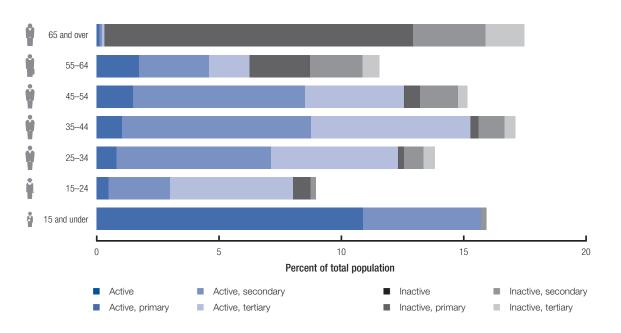
⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Human Capital Index 2015 73.30 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......47,199 Working age population (1,000s)31,255 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)...... 10,258 Aged dependency ratio (%)......25.2 Child dependency ratio (%)......22.0 Median age of population (years)40 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....32,975 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.0 Unemployment rate (%).......26.3

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 1.9 | 8.7 | 33.3 | | 43.9 | 6.0 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 2.3 | 12.2 | Tertiary education requirements | 14.6 | 0.9 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 8.0 | 13.4 | Secondary education requirements | 23.5 | 1.9 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.9 | 3.6 | 1.5 | | | 1.0 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.1 | 1.4 | 1.7 | | | 0.4 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.7 | 0.6 | 4.3 | Primary education requirements | 5.6 | 1.8 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.86 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.93 |
| Specialized training services | 4.69 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.81 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.90 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 1,965,829 | 391,956 |
| Agriculture | 29,648 | 5,588 |
| Education | 218,192 | 52,928 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 333,014 | 56,235 |
| Health and Welfare | 252,221 | 58,232 |
| Humanities and Arts | 215,930 | 32,623 |
| Sciences | 186,391 | 30,823 |
| Services | 108,765 | 31,672 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 621,668 | 104,133 |
| Unspecified | 411 | 19,722 |



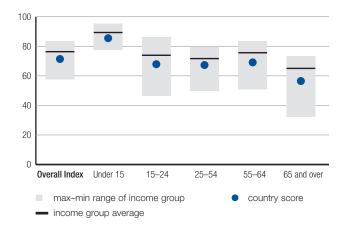
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|-----------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 87.76 | 42 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 99.7 | 99.74 | 6 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.14 | 52.35 | 54 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 69.70 | 56 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 84.6 | 84.57 | 7 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 45.5 | 45.54 | 30 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.7 | 99.74 | 37 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 81.7 | 81.65 | 47 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 25.1 | 74.90 | 68 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 18.6 | 81.40 | 46 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 19.7 | 80.30 | 45 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.154 | 84.61 | 6 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 69.11 | 38 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 14.5 | 14.46 | 65 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.955 | 65.92 | 26 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 86.9 | 86.93 | 29 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| \$5-64 Age Group | | 70.95 | 54 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 91.3 | 91.33 | 67 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 67.9 | 67.86 | 44 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.9 | 8.87 | 78 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 55.4 | 55.40 | 83 |
| Unemployment rate | 20.0 | 80.00 | 98 |
| Underemployment rate | 6.8 | 93.20 | 53 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 73 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 57.99 | 57 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 73.8 | 73.75 | 71 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 39.6 | 39.61 | 50 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.0 | 4.03 | 85 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 3.0 | 3.00 | 120 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.3 | 93.70 | 82 |
| Underemployment rate | 4.2 | 95.80 | 44 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 8 | 96.05 | 4 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|---|-------------------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 3.77 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment Workers in vulnerable employment Social safety net ¹ Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | – 12.8 4.95 |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Sri Lanka

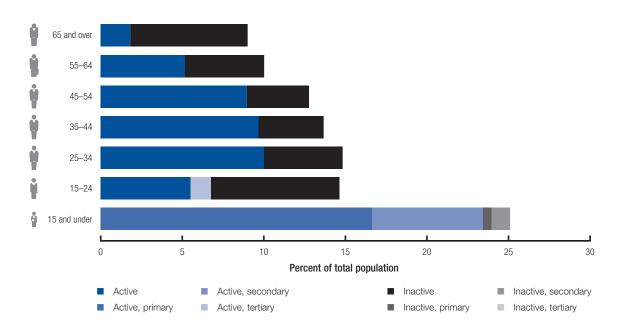
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 68.19 60 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......21,612 Working age population (1,000s) 14,242 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......2,290 Aged dependency ratio (%)......11.6 Child dependency ratio (%)......37.4

Median age of population (years)......31 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....10,355 Labour force participation rate (%)......55.0 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 52.6 Unemployment rate (%)......4.4

Education and workforce distribution



Employment distribution by economic activity and occupation

Percent of population employed in Population by Unemployed population Agriculture Industry by former occupation employment type Total..... Managers, professionals and technicians — — Tertiary education requirements.....- --Clerical, service and sales workers — — Secondary education requirements.....— Skilled agricultural and trades workers...... — Plant and machine operators, and assemblers..... — — Elementary occupations——— Primary education requirements-

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.76 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.81 |
| Specialized training services | 4.39 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.50 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.89 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 271,389 | 27,050 |
| Agriculture | 5,236 | 1,113 |
| Education | 15,259 | 4,544 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 15,752 | 1,566 |
| Health and Welfare | 14,625 | 1,678 |
| Humanities and Arts | 134,904 | 7,323 |
| Sciences | 30,926 | 2,952 |
| Services | 102 | 43 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 54,439 | 7,831 |
| Unspecified | 146 | 846 |

Sri Lanka

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|---|---|---------------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 87.32 | 43 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 93.9 | 93.94 | 77 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 85.4 | 85.41 | 44 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.85 | 64.12 | 28 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | – | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 69.63 | 57 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | 17.0 | 16.97 | 88 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 11.6 | 11.64 | 80 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | 4.64 | 60.74 | 21 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.53 | 51 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 00.10 | 02 |
| Economic participation | 0= - | 07.55 | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 4.0 | 96.00 | 19 |
| or training rate | 0.5 | 99 50 | 1 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| | | 0 1.00 | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| Skill diversity | 0.207 | 79.29 | 35 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 59.21 | 73 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 77 48 | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning | 22.7 | 22.67 | 37 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 22.7 | 22.67 | 37 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 22.7 | 22.67 | 37 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.7 | 22.67 | 37 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.7 4.14 –0.291 | 22.67 52.25 45.16 | 50 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.14 –0.291 | 22.67 52.25 45.16 69.20 | 5077 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.7 4.14 0.291 69.2 | 22.67 52.25 45.16 69.20 | 375077110 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 22.7 4.14 0.291 69.2 – | 22.67 52.25 45.16 69.20 97.30 | 50 77 110 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.7 4.14 0.291 69.2 – | 22.67 52.25 45.16 69.20 97.30 | 50 77 110 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.7 4.14 -0.291 69.2 2.7 43.3 | | 50 77 110 15 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 22.7 4.14 -0.291 69.2 2.7 43.3 | | 37501101576 |

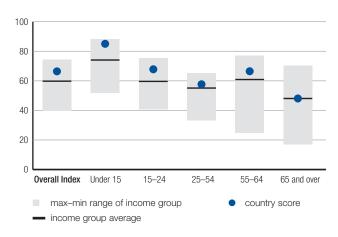
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 68.26 | 64 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 92.5 | 92.48 | 63 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 56.0 | 55.97 | 55 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 12.9 | 12.89 | 53 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 51.3 | 51.30 | 91 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | — |
| Underemployment rate | 3.1 | 96.90 | 33 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 65 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Malara | 0 | Dont |

| | value | Score | капк |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 49.34 | 78 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 88.7 | 88.68 | 52 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 44.0 | 44.01 | 44 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.4 | 8.37 | 53 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 20.1 | 20.10 | 60 |
| Unemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 85.53 | 57 |
| | | | |

| Additional | Indicators | |
|------------|-------------|--|
| Additional | IIIulcators | |

| Additional indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.84 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.08 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 104 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 62.1 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 43.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.29 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 1.72 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.58 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Sweden

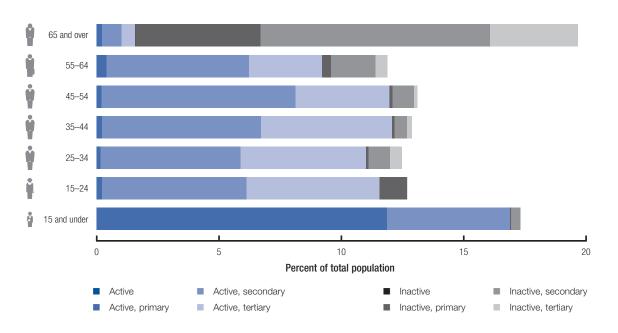
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 82.73 6 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 9,694 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | .6,079 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | .2,171 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 27.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 25.3 |

Median age of population (years)41 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)..... 44,695 Labour force participation rate (%)......64.1 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 58.9 Unemployment rate (%)......8.1

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Total | 1.3 | 12.5 | 51.5 | | 65.4 | 2.4 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.2 | 4.0 | 27.6 | Tertiary education requirements | 31.8 | 0.6 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 8.0 | 16.3 | Secondary education requirements | 29.8 | 0.9 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.9 | 5.0 | 1.8 | | | 0.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | | | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.0 | 0.4 | 2.9 | Primary education requirements | 3.3 | 0.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.5 | | 0.5 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.42 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.16 |
| Specialized training services | 5.42 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 4.29 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.75 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 453,328 | 69,140 |
| Agriculture | 4,583 | 770 |
| Education | 55,832 | 7,529 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 75,086 | 13,339 |
| Health and Welfare | 80,414 | 16,332 |
| Humanities and Arts | 60,977 | 4,266 |
| Sciences | 42,340 | 5,458 |
| Services | 10,874 | 2,088 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 122,900 | 19,358 |
| Unspecified | 322 | — |

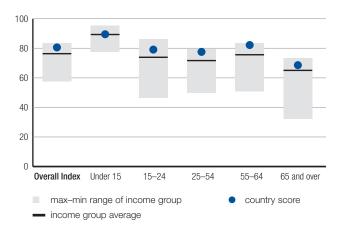
| | Value | Score | Ranl |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 91.88 | 21 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 99.5 | 99.49 | S |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 92.8 | 92.76 | 20 |
| Basic education survival rate | 98.9 | 98.89 | 16 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 99.7 | 99.72 | 68 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.69 | 61.44 | 34 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rani |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 81.23 | 11 |
| 10 24 Age droup | | 01.20 | |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| ocational enrolment rate | 48.8 | 48.78 | 24 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Educational attainment | | 400 | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 99.98 | 6 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 15.5 | 84.50 | 55 |
| or training rate | 7.4 | 92.60 | 15 |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 9.0 | 91.00 | 16 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | 0 | |
| 05 54 Ann Crown | Value | Score | Ran |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 79.62 | 3 |
| Educational attainment | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 27.9 | ∠1.00 | 20 |
| Workplace learning | F 10 | 60.00 | 4.0 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 1.790 | 1 3.03 | |
| Economic participation | 00 = | 00.70 | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 94.0 | 93.98 | 9 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.73 | 62.18 | 22 |

| | value | Score | напк |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 84.40 | 4 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 95.8 | 95.76 | 20 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 25.7 | 25.71 | 14 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 77.2 | 77.20 | 18 |
| Unemployment rate | 5.4 | 94.60 | 57 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.5 | 97.50 | 25 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 72 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Malara | 0 | Donle |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 70.42 | 17 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 72.9 | 72.92 | 25 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 21.2 | 21.19 | 7 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 10.1 | 10.10 | 88 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.8 | 97.20 | 60 |
| Underemployment rate | 3.2 | 96.80 | 35 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 7 | 94.74 | 9 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators |
|--|
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment — Workers in vulnerable employment .6.8 Social safety net 1 .5.27 Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) —, — |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Switzerland

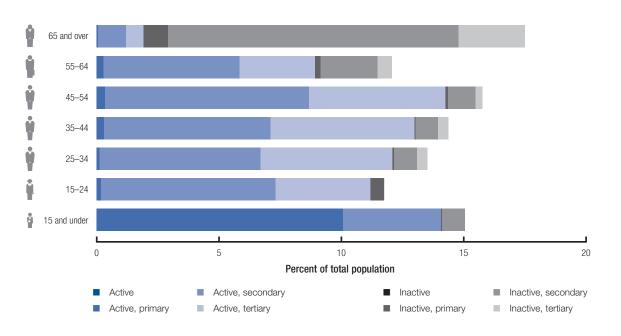
Human Capital Index 2015 83.58 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 8,239 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 5,530 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 2,071 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 24.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 22.1 |

Median age of population (years)42 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....55,237 Labour force participation rate (%)................. 68.2 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 65.2 Unemployment rate (%)......4.4

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | f population er Industry | nployed in Services | | Population by employment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Total | 2.3 | 13.2 | 47.6 | | 63.1 | 1.5 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.3 | 4.7 | 27.1 | Tertiary education requirements | 32.1 | 0.6 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.2 | 1.5 | 14.3 | Secondary education requirements | 28.3 | 0.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.6 | 5.6 | 2.9 | | | 0.2 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers | 0.0 | 1.0 | 1.3 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.9 | Primary education requirements | 2.6 | 0.1 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | | 0.2 | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.94 |
| Quality of business schools | 6.16 |
| Specialized training services | 6.50 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 6.07 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.78 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 269,573 | 78,918 |
| Agriculture | 3,004 | 1,245 |
| Education | 24,542 | 7,624 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 38,217 | 10,339 |
| Health and Welfare | 36,134 | 10,853 |
| Humanities and Arts | 30,118 | 7,011 |
| Sciences | 26,827 | 6,115 |
| Services | 15,185 | 6,184 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 93,456 | 29,095 |
| Unspecified | 2,090 | 452 |

Switzerland

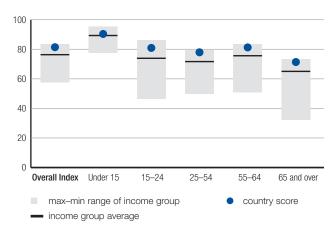
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 92.78 | 16 |
| Enrolment in education | 00.4 | 00.40 | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| , | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.94 | 82.37 | 4 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 00.00 | 2 |
| incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 83.08 | 5 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 65.2 | 65.24 | 8 |
| Quality of education | 5.00 | 20.11 | |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 67.6 | 67.60 | 11 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 4.8 | 95.20 | 27 |
| or training rate | 7.1 | 92.90 | 13 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.202 | 79.84 | 33 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| № 25–54 Age Group | | 80.03 | 2 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 28.1 | 28.12 | 19 |
| Workplace learning | F 00 | 70.10 | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| | 2.006 | 83.44 | 2 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 00.0 | 00.00 | 04 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | 55.15 | |
| High-skilled employment share | 51.3 | 51.30 | 3 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| | | | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 83.45 | 8 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 96.5 | 96.46 | 16 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 23.2 | 23.21 | 20 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 73.1 | 73.10 | 24 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.3 | 96.70 | 41 |
| Underemployment rate | 5.3 | 94.70 | 43 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 73 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 73.28 | 6 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 96.3 | 96.33 | 6 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 17.7 | 17.70 | 19 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 10.6 | 10.60 | 85 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.7 | 99.30 | 20 |
| Underemployment rate | 7.0 | 93.00 | 53 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 8 | 96.05 | 4 |
| | | | |

| | Value |
|--|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.35 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.79 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 69 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 9.2 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 6.03 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | , - |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 5.28 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 6.10 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Tajikistan

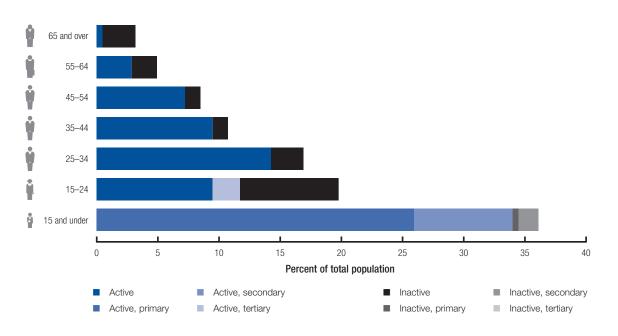
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 65 67.24 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)8,610 |
|--|
| Working age population (1,000s)5,230 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)540 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)5.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) |

Median age of population (years)21 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......2,677 Labour force participation rate (%)......67.9 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 60.3 Unemployment rate (%)......11.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.78 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.65 |
| Specialized training services | 3.95 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.45 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.49 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 194,137 | 37,800 |
| Agriculture | 5,493 | 981 |
| Education | 17,903 | 3,798 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 32,921 | 5,542 |
| Health and Welfare | 25,932 | 5,977 |
| Humanities and Arts | 38,028 | 8,619 |
| Sciences | 25,217 | 4,098 |
| Services | 4,133 | 573 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 44,510 | 8,212 |
| Unspecified | — | |

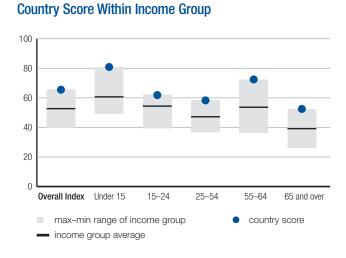
| Value | Score | Rank |
|--------|--------|--|
| | 83.05 | 63 |
| | | |
| 96.1 | 96.08 | 65 |
| 83.2 | 83.17 | 49 |
| | | |
| 89.8 | 89.77 | 94 |
| 3.66 | 44.27 | 74 |
| 10.0 | 90.00 | 71 |
| Melice | 0 | DI- |
| value | | 77 |
| | 03.52 | 11 |
| | | |
| 22.5 | 22.47 | 79 |
| 6.5 | 6.45 | 96 |
| | | |
| 3.84 | 47.34 | 49 |
| 99.9 | 99.88 | 29 |
| | | |
| 99.9 | 99.92 | 38 |
| 72.3 | 72.30 | 66 |
| | | |
| 47.8 | 47.80 | 59 |
| | | |
| — | | – |
| | | |
| | | |
| — | – | – |
| | | |
| 0.168 | 83.16 | 10 |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| | 59.85 | 71 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 13.5 | 13.52 | 71 |
| | | |
| | | |
| –0.907 | 34.89 | 101 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 89.90 | 77 |
| | | |
| — | | – |
| – – | – – | – – |
| – | 16.40 | – – |
| 16.4 | – – | 80 |
| | 96.1 | 83.05 83.05 96.1 96.08 96.08 95.01 95.01 95.01 95.01 95.01 95.01 95.01 95.01 95.01 95.01 90.00 |

| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| \$55–64 Age Group | | 74.40 | 42 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.3 | 99.28 | 36 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 88.9 | 88.90 | 25 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.6 | 15.64 | 42 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 58.0 | 58.00 | 75 |
| Unemployment rate | 7.7 | 92.30 | 77 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 60 | 92.31 | 87 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| | | | |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 53.87 | 69 |
|---|-------|----|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate98.2 | 98.19 | 34 |
| Secondary education attainment rate63.2 | 63.15 | 30 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate14.4 | 14.43 | 30 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate14.6 | 14.60 | 74 |
| Unemployment rate | | – |
| Underemployment rate – | | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 650 | 78.95 | 87 |
| | | |

| | Value |
|---------------------|-------|
| ditional Indicators | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|---------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 106 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 48.1 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.74 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 103, 85 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 4.02 |



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

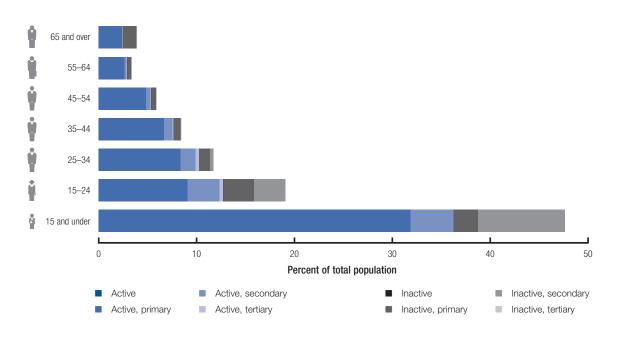
lanzania

Human Capital Index 2015 56.56 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......52,291 Working age population (1,000s)27,222 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)......478 Aged dependency ratio (%)......6.0 Child dependency ratio (%)......86.2 Median age of population (years).....17 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......1,941 Labour force participation rate (%)......89.1 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 86.5 Unemployment rate (%)......2.9

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.38 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.22 |
| Specialized training services | 3.46 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.27 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.02 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 166,014 | |
| Agriculture | 1,636 | |
| Education | 57,276 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 5,846 | |
| Health and Welfare | 7,424 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 6,614 | |
| Sciences | 8,318 | |
| Services | 1,514 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 68,391 | |
| Unspecified | 8,995 | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|--------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 61.44 | 114 |
| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | 84.5 | 84 52 | 107 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.45 | 24.23 | 114 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 21.1 | 78.90 | 88 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 60.05 | 90 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 57.8 | 57.84 | 14 |
| Quality of education | 0.00 | 00.40 | |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| • | | 70.00 | 110 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 86.4 | 86.45 | 105 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 80.4 | 80.40 | 1 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | 10.7 | 00.00 | 0.4 |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | value | 53.72 | 96 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 80.4 | 80.36 | 98 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | –0.581 | 40.31 | 86 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 3.68 | 44.70 | 79 |

| \$5-64 Age Group | 57.74 90 |
|--|----------|
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 3118 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 7 99.30 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 47.10 84 |

| Educational attainment | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Primary education attainment rate | 43.9 | 43.94 | 96 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 3.7 | 3.69 | 113 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 0.5 | 0.52 | 113 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 66.1 | 66.10 | 4 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.1 | 99.90 | 8 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| | | 68.42 | |

Additional Indicators

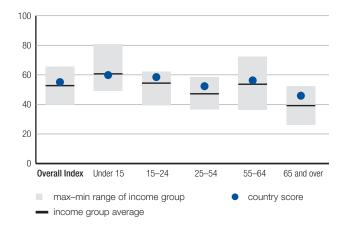
Innovation ecosystem

| State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 3.37 |
|---|---------|
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 76.2 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 80.4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.26 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 28, 105 |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)6.1 | 8 |
|--|---|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 5 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Thailand

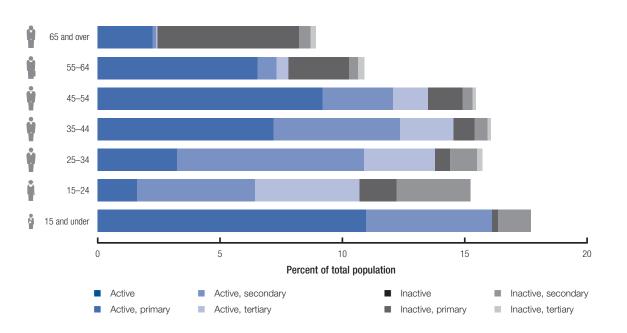
Human Capital Index 2015 68.78 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......67,401 Working age population (1,000s) 48,598 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......5,786 Aged dependency ratio (%)......12.4 Child dependency ratio (%)......26.9

Median age of population (years)35 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....14,443 Labour force participation rate (%)......72.3 Employment-to-population ratio (%)71.7 Unemployment rate (%)......0.7

Education and workforce distribution



| Perc Agricul | ent of populatior ture Industry | | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|------------------------------------|------|--|
| Total | 14.4 | 26.7 | 70.8 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians 0.1 | 2.2 | 7.6 | Tertiary education requirements9.90.0 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.9 | 12.9 | Secondary education requirements54.50.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers27.8 | 5.9 | 1.6 | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.2 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 0.0 |
| Elementary occupations | 2.0 | 2.6 | Primary education requirements6.20.0 |
| Others | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.89 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.13 |
| Specialized training services | 4.17 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.95 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 4.15 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,497,323 | 443,648 |
| Agriculture | 59,952 | |
| Education | 243,428 | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 247,883 | |
| Health and Welfare | 144,721 | |
| Humanities and Arts | 185,349 | |
| Sciences | 205,897 | |
| Services | 46,644 | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 1,337,272 | |
| Unspecified | 26,178 | |

Thailand

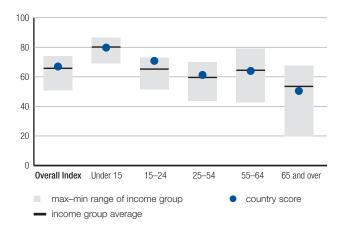
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|-----------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 81.91 | 68 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.57 | 42.75 | 77 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 8.3 | 91.70 | 64 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15-24 Age Group | | 72.70 | 41 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 34.9 | 34.90 | 40 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | 90.2 | 90.24 | 70 |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.3 | 99.27 | 60 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 62.91 | 57 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 95.8 | 95.83 | 72 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 20.5 | 20.46 | 45 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | A A1 | 56 75 | .2.1 |
| Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 88.8 | 88.80 | 25 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| Last of infaming shilled employees | | +0.∠0 | 09 |

| | value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| \$55–64 Age Group | | 65.71 | 71 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 90.8 | 90.84 | 68 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 23.2 | 23.23 | 98 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.5 | 10.52 | 67 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 70.5 | 70.50 | 31 |
| Unemployment rate | — | | — |
| Underemployment rate | 8.0 | 99.20 | 5 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 51.80 73 |
|---|-----------|
| Educational attainment | |
| Primary education attainment rate80.3 | 364 |
| Secondary education attainment rate12.0 |)11.98101 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate4.6 | 382 |
| Economic participation | |
| Labour force participation rate27.9 | 943 |
| Unemployment rate | – – |
| Underemployment rate0.8 | 3 99.20 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 147 |
| | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.20 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 75 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 42.3 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 56.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 7.57 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.56 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Trinidad and Tobago

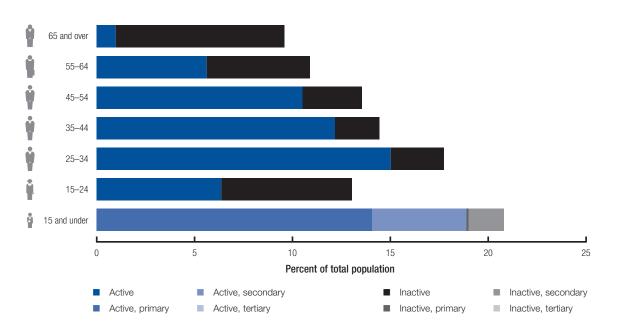
Human Capital Index 2015 67.10 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 1,347 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 937 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 72 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 11.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 20.2 |

| Median age of population (years) | 32 |
|--|-------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)3 | 1,264 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 64.1 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 61.8 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 3.6 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements—— |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers—— | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.66 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.84 |
| Specialized training services | 4.31 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.77 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.36 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | — | |
| Sciences | — | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | |
| Unspecified | | |

Trinidad and Tobago

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|--------------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 86.03 | 48 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 98.7 | 98.68 | 29 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.56 | 59.31 | 38 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 0.7 | 99.30 | 1 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 58.38 | 96 |
| | | | |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| | 2.0 | 2.01 | 107 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 4.10 | 50.00 | 07 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| | | 99.01 | 42 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 00.2 | 00.00 | 50 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 7 0.00 | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | <i>1</i> 0.1 | /Q 10 | 52 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 52.5 | 47.50 | 72 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | – | | – |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | – | | – |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | – | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| № 25–54 Age Group | | 62.84 | 58 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 97.9 | 97.89 | 55 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 69.1 | 69.13 | 59 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.1 | 8.14 | 94 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.007 | 49.89 | 64 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 73.5 | 73.50 | 53 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.11 | 51.82 | 48 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 63.25 | 79 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 91.9 | 91.94 | 65 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 36.7 | 36.67 | 75 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.2 | 7.16 | 83 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 51.3 | 51.30 | 91 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.4 | 98.60 | 17 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 61 | 93.85 | 81 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 49.61 | 76 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 81.6 | 81.64 | 62 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 20.6 | 20.64 | 78 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.8 | 5.81 | 71 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 10.1 | 10.10 | 88 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.0 | 99.20 | 23 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 80.26 | 81 |
| | | | |

| Additional | Indicators |
|------------|-------------------|
| additional | muluutura |

| Innovation | ecosystem |
|------------|-----------|
|------------|-----------|

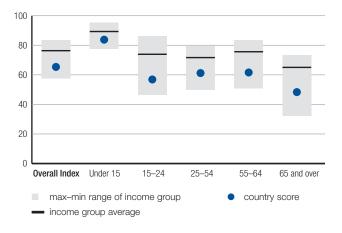
| Vulnerability | |
|---|-----|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 71 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 3. | |
| State of cluster development | .56 |

| Workers in informal employment | |
|--|--------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.60 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 80, 87 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | |
|---|--|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Country Score Within Income Group



Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- $\ensuremath{^{1}}$ Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Tunisia

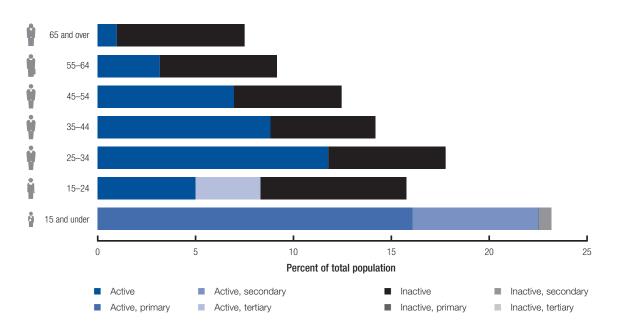
Human Capital Index 2015 Rank 98 58.21 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 11,235 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 7,788 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 618 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 10.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 33.8 |

Median age of population (years)29 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....11,380 Labour force participation rate (%)......47.6 Employment-to-population ratio (%)......41.3 Unemployment rate (%)......13.3

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.71 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.38 |
| Specialized training services | 3.83 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.81 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.03 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 373,427 | 72,807 |
| Agriculture | 7,289 | 1,125 |
| Education | 1,658 | 366 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 55,647 | 11,981 |
| Health and Welfare | 20,283 | 6,691 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 13,643 |
| Sciences | 89,970 | 18,875 |
| Services | 12,796 | 2,857 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 91,873 | 17,269 |
| Unspecified | 15,955 | — |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 81.05 | 71 |
| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | 99.8 | 99.77 | 4 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | – | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.86 | 47.74 | 61 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 2.1 | 97.90 | 42 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 59.05 | 93 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| | 9.0 | 9.50 | 00 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3.72 | 45.35 | 58 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 93.4 | 93.40 | 91 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 31.6 | 31.60 | 107 |
| Unemployment rate | 31.8 | 68.20 | 109 |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills Incidence of overeducation | 16.1 | 00.00 | 20 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | value | 49.81 | 107 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 69.4 | 69.41 | 108 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.0 | 9.98 | 85 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | 3.70 | 44.98 | 89 |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.383 | 56.39 | 48 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 32.0 | 31.99 | 78 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.26 | 54.32 | 41 |

| | value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 48.72 | 113 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 40.1 | 40.09 | 110 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 16.6 | 16.58 | 107 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.1 | 4.07 | 100 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 34.5 | 34.50 | 120 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.9 | 97.10 | 34 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | raido | 000.0 | THATTIC |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 35.97 | 110 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 14.1 | 14.11 | 112 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 4.1 | 4.06 | 111 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.0 | 1.03 | 106 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 12.8 | 12.80 | 78 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.0 | 97.00 | 63 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |
| | | | |

| Value |
|-------|

Additional Indicators

| Innovation | ecosysten |
|------------|-----------|
|------------|-----------|

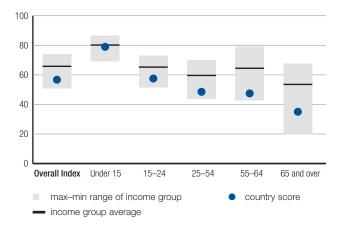
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 2.92 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 100 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |

| Workers in informal employment | _ |
|--|----|
| Workers in vulnerable employment21. | .4 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 9 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | _ |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.17 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.63 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Turkey

Human Capital Index 2015

Rank Score

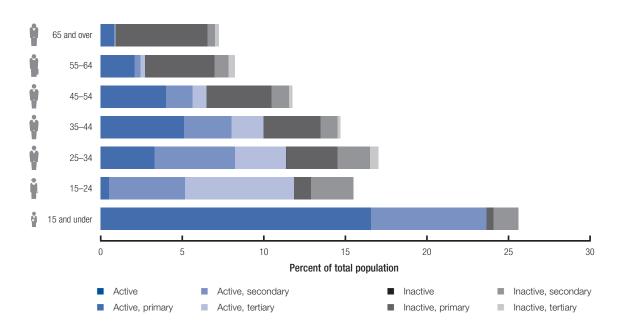
68 67.09

(out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 76,691 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | .51,656 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 6,723 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 10.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 40 S |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements8.80.3 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements30.60.7 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers8.35.01.6 | 0.6 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.02.51.9 | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements6.50.7 |
| Others | 0.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.51 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.79 |
| Specialized training services | 4.36 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.91 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.18 |

| Ctudente by field of study | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
| Total | 4,353,542 | 607,981 |
| Agriculture | 105,718 | 19,457 |
| Education | 326,473 | 61,538 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 465,197 | 74,762 |
| Health and Welfare | 208,799 | 34,790 |
| Humanities and Arts | 417,316 | 51,663 |
| Sciences | 304,881 | 52,219 |
| Services | 151,979 | 29,570 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 2,373,179 | 283,982 |
| Unspecified | — | |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 83.26 | 61 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 95.1 | 95.14 | 71 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 95.9 | 95.95 | 04 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.48 | 41.25 | 80 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | F 0 | 04.10 | F.C. |
| incluence of child labour | | 94.10 | |
| * | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 71.75 | 50 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 48.0 | 47.96 | 28 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.2 | 99.25 | 53 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 58.0 | 58.01 | 86 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | 1.8 | 98.20 | 5 |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | 25.5 | 74 50 | 63 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | 8.0 | 92.00 | 12 |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| ů · | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 58.37 | 77 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | ∠.∠ | 12.17 | 70 |
| Workplace learning | 0.04 | 40.00 | 0.4 |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| | 0.010 | 00.30 | 39 |
| Economic participation | 60.4 | 60.40 | 447 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | | | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | 10.5 | 10.50 | 60 |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | | | |
| | | | |

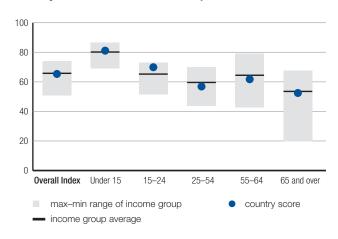
| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 63.41 | 78 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 81.1 | 81.08 | 79 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 29.0 | 28.96 | 92 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 8.9 | 8.94 | 76 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 32.6 | 32.60 | 121 |
| Unemployment rate | 6.0 | 94.00 | 65 |
| Underemployment rate | 1.7 | 98.30 | 15 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 65 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | naiik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 53.86 | 70 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 59.2 | 59.23 | 83 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 16.7 | 16.66 | 89 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.6 | 5.62 | 72 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 12.5 | 12.50 | 81 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.0 | 98.00 | 51 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.5 | 99.50 | 5 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 85.53 | 57 |
| | | | |

Value

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 4.28 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.69 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 30.6 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 31.3 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 4.11 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 2.86 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4 65 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

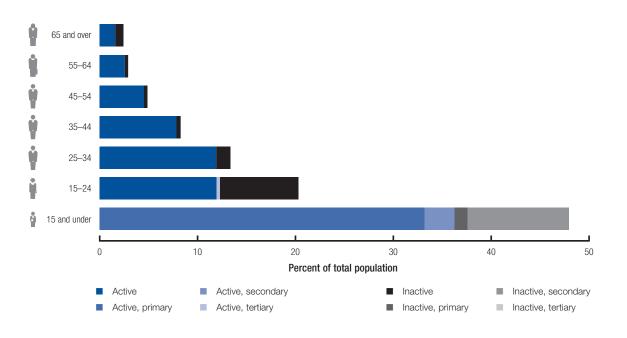
Human Capital Index 2015 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 40,141 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | 19,930 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 932 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 100.3 |

| Median age of population (years)1 | 6 |
|---|----|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)1,75 | 52 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)77. | .5 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)74. | .3 |
| Unemployment rate (%)4. | .2 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.06 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.83 |
| Specialized training services | 3.66 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.01 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.82 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 140,087 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | | |

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 63.84 | 109 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 91.6 | 91.62 | 87 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 22.7 | 22.74 | 103 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 93.6 | 93.56 | 89 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.92 | 32.08 | 100 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | 16.3 | 83.70 | 84 |
| | | | |
| 45.04.4 | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 60.36 | 89 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 20.9 | 20.94 | 63 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 0.57 | 40.06 | 60 |
| Quality of education system · Youth literacy rate | | | |
| | 90.7 | 90.12 | 94 |
| Educational attainment | 06.0 | 06.00 | 90 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | 00.20 | |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate | 59 N | 59.00 | 28 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 7.0 | 93.00 | 12 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | – | | – |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| , | | | |
| <u> </u> | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 55.17 | 90 |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.0 | 8.99 | 89 |
| Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 2.50 | 42.00 | 00 |
| Staff training services : Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| VALUE OF THE CONTRACTOR | 0.202 | 40.00 | 13 |
| | | | |
| Economic participation | 01.6 | 01.60 | 17 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 4 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 1.6 | 98.40 | 4 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | 1.6 | 98.40 | 4 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 1.6 | 98.40 | 4 – – |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 1.6 | 98.40 6.30 | 4 |

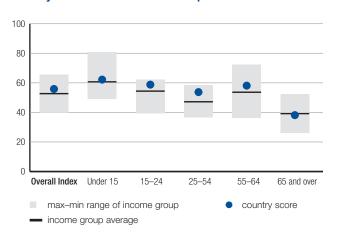
| | value | 00016 | Hallin |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| \$5-64 Age Group | | 59.65 | 88 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 71.9 | 71.90 | 90 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 17.8 | 17.81 | 105 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.8 | 4.82 | 95 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 88.3 | 88.30 | 7 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.3 | 99.70 | 3 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 49 | 75.38 | 114 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 39.16 | 104 |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 39.16 | 104 |
|--|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate51.3. | 51.33 | 88 |
| Secondary education attainment rate11.2. | 11.16 | 102 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate3.6 . | 3.56 | 91 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate65.3 . | 65.30 | 5 |
| Unemployment rate | — | — |
| Underemployment rate – . | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 64.47 | 114 |
| | | |

| Add | litiona | l Ind | ica | tors |
|-----|---------|-------|-----|------|
| | | | | |

| Additional indicators | |
|--|--------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.53 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.68 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 166 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 69.4 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.88 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 27, 68 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 3.28 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.19 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

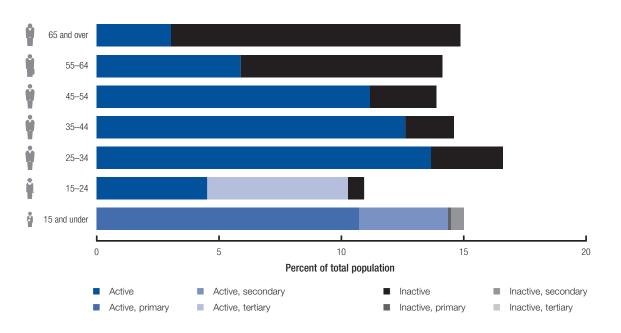
Ukraine

Human Capital Index 2015 76.21 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......44,646 Working age population (1,000s)31,310 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).........7,023 Aged dependency ratio (%)......22.4 Child dependency ratio (%)......19.8 Median age of population (years)39 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......8,240 Labour force participation rate (%)......59.4 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 55.1 Unemployment rate (%)......7.2

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.76 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.89 |
| Specialized training services | 3.91 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.28 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 2.29 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,566,279 | 642,387 |
| Agriculture | 104,349 | 23,337 |
| Education | 145,589 | 54,488 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 541,922 | 130,391 |
| Health and Welfare | 160,311 | 36,392 |
| Humanities and Arts | 204,263 | 37,732 |
| Sciences | 163,299 | 33,846 |
| Services | 178,320 | 36,466 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 983,503 | 272,783 |
| Unspecified | 84.723 | 16.952 |

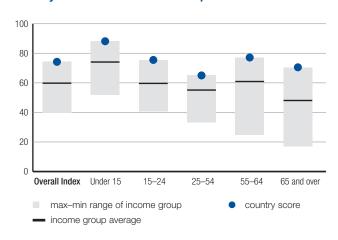
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 90.48 | 27 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 97.8 | 97.77 | 47 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 87.1 | 87.09 | 37 |
| Basic education survival rate | 99.3 | 99.29 | 9 |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.67 | 61.12 | 36 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 2.4 | 97.60 | 44 |
| | Value | Coore | Dowl |
| 45 04 Ann Oreum | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 77.51 | 17 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | 31.0 | 30.97 | 48 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| Youth literacy rate | 99.8 | 99.76 | 35 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 98.2 | 98.15 | 11 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | 00.0 | 77.70 | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| Skill diversity | 0.243 | / 3.00 | 50 |
| • | Value | Score | Ranl |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 66.75 | 41 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 22.2 | 22.19 | 39 |
| Workplace learning | 0 == | 40.0= | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0./19 | 61.99 | 36 |
| Economic participation | | 00.77 | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | – | | – |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.20 | 53.34 | 44 |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 79.19 | 19 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 99.2 | 99.19 | 5 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 19.8 | 19.84 | 32 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 41.7 | 41.70 | 110 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.1 | 96.90 | 37 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.2 | 99.80 | 1 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 63 | 96.92 | 73 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | value | Score | nalik |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 72.40 | 9 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 88.4 | 88.36 | 11 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 15.8 | 15.84 | 27 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 20.3 | 20.30 | 59 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.5 | 99.50 | 14 |
| Underemployment rate | 0.1 | 99.90 | 1 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 82.89 | 73 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators | |
|--|--------|
| Innovation ecosystem | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 76 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 9.4 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 18.1 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.15 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 90, 89 |
| Public investment | |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 6.15 |
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 4.33 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

United Arab Emirates

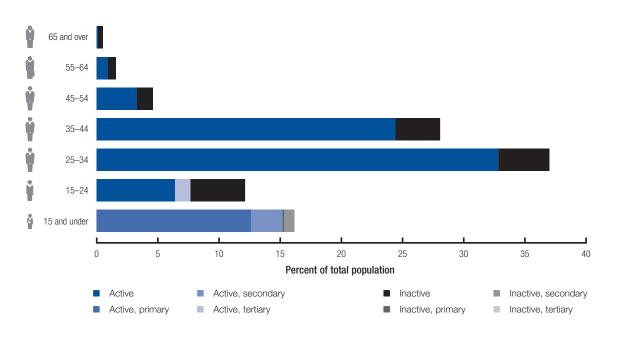
Human Capital Index 2015 69.39 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 9,577 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | .7,983 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 368 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 0.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 16.2 |

| Median age of population (years) | 28 |
|--|-------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)65, | 037 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 79.9 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 76.9 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | . 3.8 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 5.33 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.26 |
| Specialized training services | 5.35 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 5.95 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.47 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 121,626 | 25,682 |
| Agriculture | 368 | 26 |
| Education | 4,705 | 2,117 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 18,825 | 3,575 |
| Health and Welfare | 8,036 | 1,401 |
| Humanities and Arts | 10,939 | 2,294 |
| Sciences | 9,779 | 3,107 |
| Services | 1,532 | 213 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 54,576 | 12,826 |
| Unspecified | 12.866 | 123 |

United Arab Emirates

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 88.41 | 37 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| rimary enrolment rate | 98.3 | 98.27 | 38 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 75.7 | 75.67 | 64 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 5.41 | 73.52 | 13 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | – | | – |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 66.53 | 68 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate/ocational enrolment rate | | | |
| | | 0.00 | 100 |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 5.00 | 71 22 | _ |
| Couth literacy rate | | | |
| | | 55.70 | +€ |
| Educational attainment | 00.0 | 00.00 | 100 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| secondary education attainment rate | | 50.55 | 01 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education or training rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.301 | 69.87 | 80 |
| . ——— | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 63.70 | 53 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| · | 10.6 | 10.58 | 82 |
| Norkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.104 | 51.73 | 59 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | – | | – |
| Skills | | | |
| | | 27.10 | 20 |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 90.2 | 90.20 | 47 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| \$55–64 Age Group | | 65.34 | 72 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 70.0 | 69.99 | 94 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 48.6 | 48.58 | 61 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 16.3 | 16.28 | 40 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 58.9 | 58.90 | 74 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.7 | 98.30 | 20 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 67 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 47.40 | 83 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 40.9 | 40.85 | 101 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 29.1 | 29.08 | 58 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 10.5 | 10.51 | 44 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 16.9 | 16.90 | 67 |
| Unemployment rate | 1.1 | 98.90 | 31 |
| Underemployment rate | – | | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 2 | 88.16 | 39 |
| | | | |

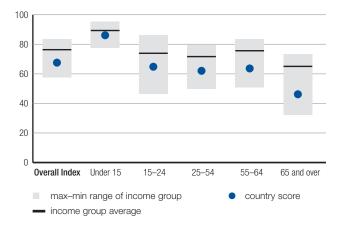
| Additional Indicators | |
|------------------------|--|
| riaditional indicators | |

| Innovation ecosystem | |
|--|------|
| State of cluster development ¹ | 5.49 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 58 |
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 8.0 |

| Public investment |
|--|
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Social safety net ¹ |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Workers in informal employment |

| Public spending on educati | on (% of GDP) |
|---|---------------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 6.02 |

Country Score Within Income Group



Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- $\ensuremath{^{1}}$ Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

United Kingdom

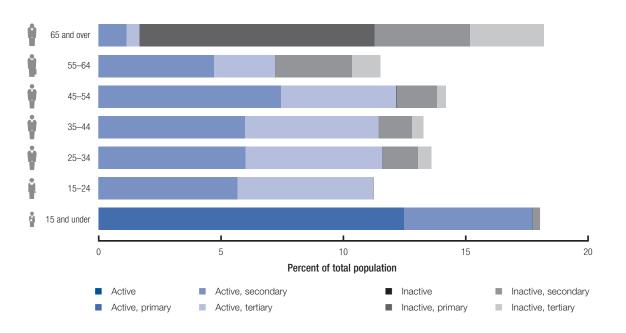
Human Capital Index 2015 79.07 19 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......63,844 Working age population (1,000s) 41,055 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......15,078 Aged dependency ratio (%)......25.2 Child dependency ratio (%)......26.7

Median age of population (years)40 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....37,744 Labour force participation rate (%)......62.1 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 57.4 Unemployment rate (%)......7.5

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population er Industry | nployed in Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Total | 0.6 | 10.8 | 45.7 | 57.11.4 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 4.3 | 23.0 | Tertiary education requirements27.40.4 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.0 | 0.9 | 15.4 | Secondary education requirements24.50.5 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 0.3 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 0.1 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.0 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 0.1 | 1.0 | 3.8 | Primary education requirements5.00.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.20.0 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.29 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.83 |
| Specialized training services | 5.67 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 5.87 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.03 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,495,779 | 780,606 |
| Agriculture | 26,725 | 7,019 |
| Education | 200,122 | 79,917 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 210,353 | 71,302 |
| Health and Welfare | 438,555 | 126,988 |
| Humanities and Arts | 411,599 | 125,738 |
| Sciences | 342,178 | 99,293 |
| Services | 42,830 | 12,518 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 707,801 | 251,049 |
| Unspecified | 115,617 | 6,782 |

United Kingdor

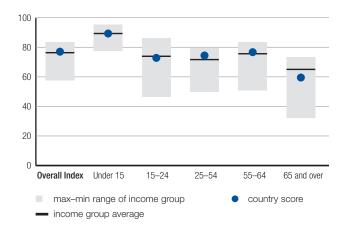
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|----------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 91.70 | 23 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 99.8 | 99.83 | 3 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.90 | 65.06 | 26 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| ncidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 74.77 | 31 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| ocational enrolment rate | 18.1 | 18.07 | 67 |
| Quality of education | | 00.50 | |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| • | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 4 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| _abour force participation rate | 59.0 | 59.00 | 28 |
| Jnemployment rate | 16.7 | 83.30 | 69 |
| Underemployment rate | 17.5 | 82.50 | 62 |
| or training rate | | | |
| _ong-term unemployment rate | 28.7 | 71.28 | 46 |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducationncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| 25–54 Age Group | Value | 76.42 | Rank 12 |
| Educational attainment | | 70.42 | 12 |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 86.1 | 86.06 | 39 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 32.6 | 32.58 | 11 |
| Norkplace learning | 4.07 | 61.01 | 00 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 1.034 | 11.23 | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 25 F | 85 50 | 56 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | 91.1 | 91.10 | 38 |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.60 | 60.08 | 24 |

| | value | Score | nair |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 78.73 | 22 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 72.7 | 72.67 | 42 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 25.6 | 25.57 | 15 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 62.3 | 62.30 | 64 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.0 | 96.00 | 51 |
| Underemployment rate | 5.4 | 94.60 | 44 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 71 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| Ω | | | |

| 65 and Over Age Group | 61.12 | 47 |
|---|--------|----|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Secondary education attainment rate47.3 | 47.26 | 41 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate19.5 | 19.52 | 12 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate10.2 | 10.20 | 87 |
| Unemployment rate | | – |
| Underemployment rate | 96.30 | 38 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 656 | 93.42 | 16 |

| | Value |
|---|-------|
| Additional Indicators | |
| Innovation ecosystem State of cluster development ¹ University-business R&D collaboration ¹ Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 5.67 |
| Vulnerability Workers in informal employment Workers in vulnerable employment Social safety net ¹ Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile). | 12.2 |
| Public investment Public spending on education (% of GDP) Internet access in schools ¹ | |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)
- 4 Rank number on a list of 189 countries

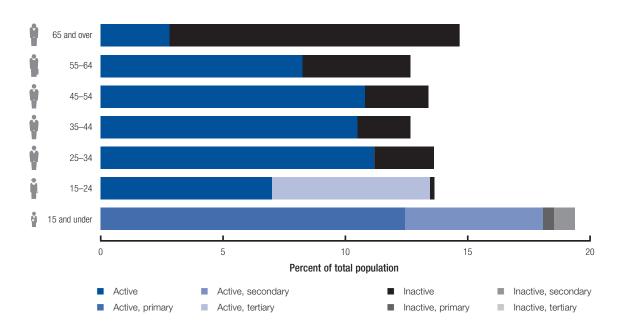
United States

Human Capital Index 2015 79.64 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......325,128 Working age population (1,000s) 214,392 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......87,670 Aged dependency ratio (%).......19.5 Child dependency ratio (%)......29.6 Median age of population (years)37 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....54,678 Labour force participation rate (%).......62.5 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 57.8 Unemployment rate (%)......7.4

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total——— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements2.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 1.3 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements— |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.39 |
| Quality of business schools | 5.58 |
| Specialized training services | 5.64 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 5.78 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 5.73 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 20,994,113 | 3,308,494 |
| Agriculture | 138,372 | 34,562 |
| Education | 1,758,141 | 314,368 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 1,521,313 | 237,826 |
| Health and Welfare | 3,119,467 | 573,372 |
| Humanities and Arts | 3,159,942 | 393,536 |
| Sciences | 1,796,200 | 293,040 |
| Services | 1,294,153 | 256,281 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 5,812,764 | 1,205,509 |
| Unspecified | 2,393,759 | |

United States

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|--------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 88.09 | 40 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | | | |
| | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 4.71 | 61.77 | 32 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 1.0 | 99.00 | 3 |
| | Value | Score | Donk |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 82.86 | Rank 7 |
| T13-24 Age Gloup | | 02.00 | , |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| Vocational enrolment rate | — | | — |
| Quality of education | 4.50 | 50.44 | |
| Quality of education system ¹ Youth literacy rate | | | |
| , | 100.0 | 100.00 | |
| Educational attainment | 100.0 | 00.00 | 0.5 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 90.1 | 93.11 | |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | E1 1 | E1 10 | 4.5 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | 16.5 | 83.50 | 41 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 18.3 | 81.75 | 31 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | — | | |
| Incidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | 0.205 | 79.49 | 34 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 74.64 | 17 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 31.5 | 31.45 | 13 |
| Workplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 1.556 | 75.93 | 12 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | | | |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 83.7 | 83.73 | 38 |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Medium-skilled employment share | | | |
| Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 4.79 | 63.20 | 18 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 80.61 | 15 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.50 | 31 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 95.2 | 95.15 | 22 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 28.4 | 28.40 | 9 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 64.9 | 64.90 | 53 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.3 | 95.70 | 53 |
| Underemployment rate | — | — | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 70 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 70.44 | 16 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.5 | 99.50 | 23 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 92.0 | 92.03 | 8 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 24.7 | 24.67 | 5 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 18.9 | 18.90 | 63 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.6 | 95.40 | 76 |
| Underemployment rate | – | — | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 5 | 92.11 | 27 |

| Valu | |
|------|--|
|------|--|

Additional Indicators

| Innovation ed | cosystem |
|---------------|----------|
|---------------|----------|

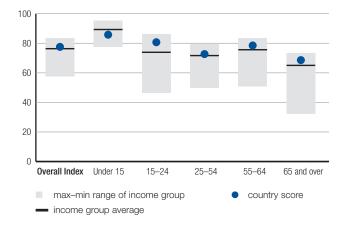
| Vulnerability | |
|--|------|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 46 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 5.85 |
| State of cluster development ' | 5.42 |

| Workers in informal employment | _ |
|--|----|
| Workers in vulnerable employment6 | .5 |
| Social safety net ¹ 4.6 | 31 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | _ |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)5 | .42 |
|--|-----|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | .06 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Uruguay

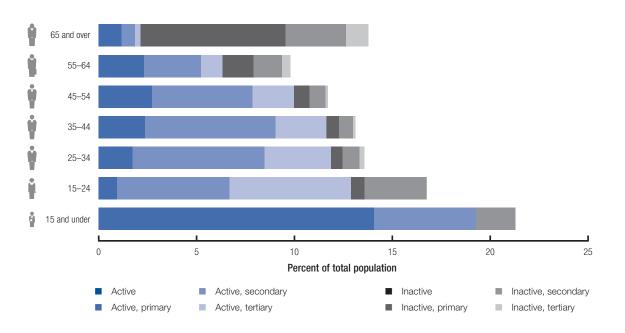
Human Capital Index 2015 71.18 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s)3,430 | 0 |
|--|---|
| Working age population (1,000s)2,204 | 4 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s)493 | 3 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%)21.8 | 8 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 4 |

Median age of population (years)34 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP).....20,497 Labour force participation rate (%)......65.7 Employment-to-population ratio (%) 61.3 Unemployment rate (%)......6.6

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total | 59.53.4 |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements12.10.1 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements35.40.4 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers2.76.32.5 | 1.1 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.4 | 0.4 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements11.60.2 |
| Others | 0.41.2 |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.89 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.29 |
| Specialized training services | 4.06 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.75 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.27 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 163,156 | 7,551 |
| Agriculture | | 384 |
| Education | | 298 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | 590 |
| Health and Welfare | | 2,085 |
| Humanities and Arts | | 300 |
| Sciences | | 588 |
| Services | | 220 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | | |

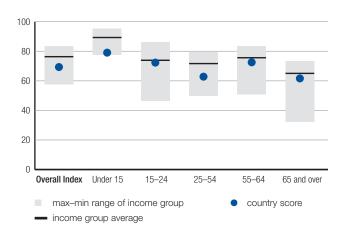
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|-------|--------|-------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 81.18 | 70 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 99.8 | 99.84 | 2 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 72.0 | 72.01 | 69 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.32 | 38.69 | 82 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 7.9 | 92.10 | 63 |
| | Value | Score | Donle |
| 15–24 Age Group | value | 74.27 | Rank |
| r 15–24 Age Group | | 14.21 | 33 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | 63.2 | 63.15 | 30 |
| ocational enrolment rate | 30.1 | 30.09 | 51 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 99.0 | 99.01 | 60 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.9 | 99.95 | 31 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | 55.7 | 55.70 | 38 |
| Jnemployment rate | 19.1 | 80.90 | 77 |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | value | 64.49 | 49 |
| - | | 01.10 | 10 |
| Educational attainment Primary education attainment rate | 00.7 | 00 60 | 30 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| ertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| Vorkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services 1 | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.332 | 55.54 | 51 |
| conomic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Jnderemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 79.6 | 79.61 | 46 |
| Skills | | | |
| | 00.7 | 20.70 | 67 |
| . , | | | |
| High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 78.1 | 78.10 | 97 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 74.48 | 41 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 99.6 | 99.55 | 27 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 56.4 | 56.43 | 54 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 6.5 | 6.46 | 88 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 66.9 | 66.90 | 43 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.5 | 97.50 | 27 |
| Underemployment rate | 5.5 | 94.50 | 45 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 68 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Cases | Donle |

| | value | Score | Hank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 63.29 | 38 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 98.9 | 98.91 | 30 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 39.6 | 39.65 | 49 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.9 | 3.89 | 88 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 16.9 | 16.90 | 67 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.2 | 97.80 | 52 |
| Underemployment rate | 3.6 | 96.40 | 37 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 3 | 89.47 | 33 |
| | | | |

| Additional Indicators |
|---|
| Innovation ecosystem |
| State of cluster development ¹ |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ 3.59 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ 60 |
| Vulnerability |
| Workers in informal employment |
| Workers in vulnerable employment |
| Social safety net ¹ 4.46 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) |
| Public investment |
| Public spending on education (% of GDP)4.50 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Venezuela

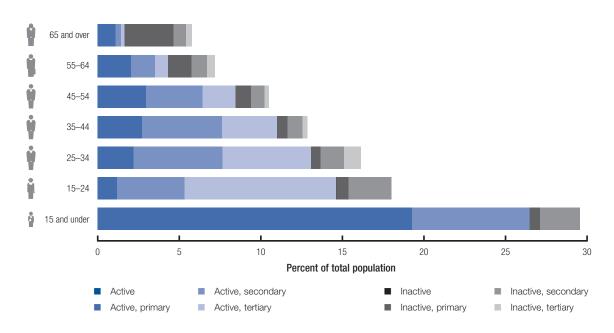
Human Capital Index 2015 60.51 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 31,293 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 20,491 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 5,771 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 8.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 15.1 |

| Median age of population (years) | 26 |
|--|------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)17, | 917 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 35.1 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 30.2 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | .7.5 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total13.039.1 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements10.40.6 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements45.81.8 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers4.39.62.5 | 1.4 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers0.04.9 | 0.3 |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.05 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.11 |
| Specialized training services | 3.10 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 1.41 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 1.81 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,123,041 | |
| Agriculture | — | |
| Education | — | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | — | |
| Health and Welfare | | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | | |

Venezuela

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|----------|--------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 79.13 | 77 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 93.5 | 93.55 | 78 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | 74.7 | 74.68 | 65 |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 100.0 | 100.00 | 1 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 2.93 | 32.21 | 99 |
| /ulnerability ncidence of child labour | 7.7 | 92.30 | 62 |
| | | | |
| 15. O4 Ano Croup | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 65.05 | 74 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| ertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| ocational enrolment rate | 15.2 | 15.22 | 71 |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education system ¹ | | | |
| outh literacy rate | 98.9 | 98.90 | 65 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 50.7 | 50.66 | 93 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | 17.1 | 82.90 | 73 |
| Underemployment rate | – | – | – |
| Not in employment, education | | | |
| or training rate | | | |
| ong-term unemployment rate | 19.7 | 80.34 | 33 |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducation | — | – | — |
| ncidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 53.04 | 100 |
| Educational attainment | <i>-</i> | 00 | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate Fertiary education attainment rate | | | |
| | 4./ | 4.12 | 104 |
| Norkplace learning | | | |
| Staff training services ¹ | | | |
| Economic complexity ³ | 0.692 | 38.47 | 91 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | 70.8 | 70.79 | 59 |
| | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| High-skilled employment share | | | |
| Skills -ligh-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 99.1 | 99.10 | 3 |

| | value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 53.95 | 102 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 74.8 | 74.77 | 86 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 30.4 | 30.36 | 87 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.4 | 3.41 | 107 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 61.2 | 61.20 | 68 |
| Unemployment rate | – | | — |
| Underemployment rate | – | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | valuo | 00010 | Harit |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 36.58 | 108 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 53.6 | 53.64 | 87 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 15.0 | 15.01 | 95 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 1.6 | 1.63 | 103 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 25.8 | 25.80 | 49 |
| Unemployment rate | – | – | — |
| Underemployment rate | – | – | — |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |
| | | | |

| value |
|-------|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

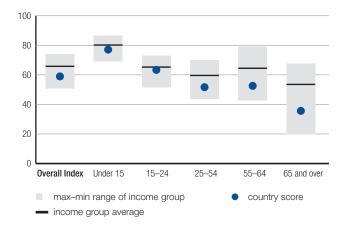
Additional Indicators

| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.13 |
|--|------|
| Vulnerability | |
| Workers in informal employment | 47.5 |
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 32.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.49 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | –, – |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 6.87 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.49 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

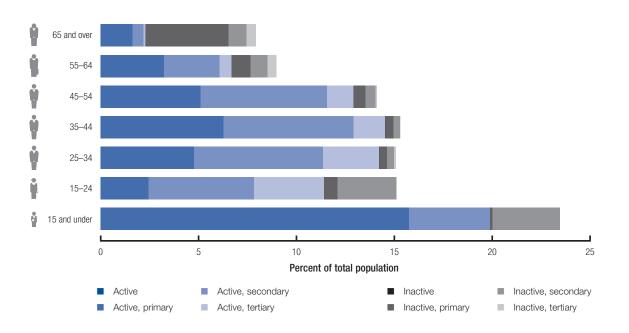
Vietnam

Human Capital Index 2015 68.48 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

Total population (1,000s)......93,387 Working age population (1,000s) 66,094 Tertiary-educated population (1,000s).......7,979 Aged dependency ratio (%)......9.3 Child dependency ratio (%)......33.6 Median age of population (years)29 GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)......5,621 Labour force participation rate (%)......77.5 Unemployment rate (%).....2.2

Education and workforce distribution



| | Percent of Agriculture | population en Industry | nployed in Services | | pulation by loyment type | Unemployed population by former occupation |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Total | 35.7 | 16.1 | 24.4 | | .76.2 | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | 0.1 | 1.2 | 6.3 | Tertiary education requirements | 7.6 | 0.1 |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | 0.1 | 0.7 | 12.9 | Secondary education requirements | .37.3 | 0.1 |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | 9.2 | 8.2 | 1.0 | | | 0.2 |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers. | 0.1 | 3.3 | 1.9 | | | 0.1 |
| Elementary occupations | 26.3 | 2.8 | 2.1 | Primary education requirements | .31.1 | 0.3 |
| Others | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | | 0.2 | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 3.89 |
| Quality of business schools | 3.42 |
| Specialized training services | 3.34 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.37 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.18 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 2,261,204 | 417,436 |
| Agriculture | 122,323 | 25,678 |
| Education | 476,858 | 94,518 |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | 534,609 | 100,390 |
| Health and Welfare | 109,953 | 16,466 |
| Humanities and Arts | 128,127 | 17,256 |
| Sciences | | |
| Services | 85,417 | 14,426 |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | 748,667 | 140,349 |
| Unspecified | 55,250 | 8,353 |

Vietnam

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|--|------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 78.98 | 78 |
| Enrolment in education Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment rate Basic education survival rate Secondary enrolment gender gap | 82.2 | 82.19 | 74 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.55 | 42.44 | 78 |
| Vulnerability Incidence of child labour | 6.9 | 93.10 | 60 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 74.99 | 29 |
| Enrolment in education Tertiary enrolment rate Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 3 34 | 38 93 | 82 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 54.5 | 54.49 | 89 |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 63.6 | 63.60 | 19 |
| Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate Not in employment, education | 3.8 | 96.20 | 17 |
| or training rate | 9.3 | 90.70 | 18 |
| Long-term unemployment rate | 12.6 | 87.40 | 20 |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| Skill diversity | 0.231 | 10.92 | 00 |
| • | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 60.63 | 68 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 38.2 | 38.20 | 97 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate | 38.2 | 38.20 | 97 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning | 38.2 | 38.20 6.16 | 97 100 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ | 38.26.2 | 38.20 6.16 | 97 100 |
| Primary education attainment rate Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation | 38.26.23.880.006 | | 97 100 76 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 38.26.23.880.006 | | 977663 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate | 38.26.2 | | 977663 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 38.26.2 | | 97100766311 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | 38.26.2 | | 97100766311 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services 1 Economic complexity 3 Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills | 38.26.2 | | 97 76 63 11 6 |
| Secondary education attainment rate Tertiary education attainment rate Workplace learning Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap | 38.2 | 38.20 | 97100631161412 |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 70.32 | 58 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 93.8 | 93.80 | 58 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 27.3 | 27.29 | 94 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 4.7 | 4.74 | 96 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 69.6 | 69.60 | 36 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.0 | 99.20 | 9 |
| Underemployment rate | 2.4 | 97.60 | 22 |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 66 | 100.00 | 1 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| | valuo | 00010 | Titalit |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| 65 and Over Age Group | | 59.42 | 51 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 83.6 | 83.65 | 61 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 16.1 | 16.12 | 91 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 3.8 | 3.85 | 89 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 26.9 | 26.90 | 45 |
| Unemployment rate | 0.6 | 99.40 | 17 |
| Underemployment rate | 8.0 | 99.20 | 8 |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 1 | 86.84 | 47 |
| | | | |

| V | alı | u |
|---|-----|---|
| | | |

Additional Indicators

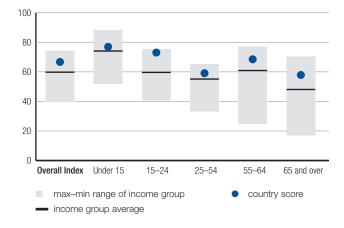
| State of cluster development ¹ | 3.76 |
|--|------|
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | 3.27 |
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 125 |
| Vulnerability | |

| Workers in informal employment | 68.2 |
|--|---------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 62.6 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.55 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 99, 104 |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP)6.29 | 9 |
|---|---|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Yemen

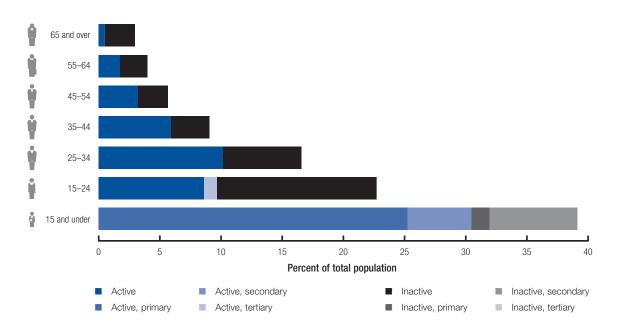
| Human Capital Index 2015 | | |
|--------------------------|-------|--|
| Rank | Score | |
| 124 | 40.72 | |
| (out of 124 countries) | | |

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | . 25,535 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Working age population (1,000s) | . 14,794 |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 196 |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 4.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 75.8 |

| Median age of population (years) | 18 |
|--|------|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)3 | ,861 |
| Labour force participation rate (%) | 48.8 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%) | 40.2 |
| Unemployment rate (%) | 17.7 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1–7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 2.27 |
| Quality of business schools | 2.85 |
| Specialized training services | 2.87 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 2.02 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 1.89 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | 267,498 | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | — | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | — | |
| Unspecified | — | |



Score

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-------|-------|------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 62.70 | 112 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | 88.4 | 88.43 | 103 |
| Secondary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | 66.5 | 66.49 | 100 |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools 1 | 1.98 | 16.30 | 124 |
| Vulnerability ncidence of child labour | 22.7 | 77.30 | 91 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 42.00 | 122 |
| | | | |
| Enrolment in education Fertiary enrolment rate | 10.3 | 10 29 | 101 |
| Vocational enrolment rate | | | |
| Quality of education | | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 1 90 | 14 94 | 19/ |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | 50.20 | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 56.8 | 56.83 | 118 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| | | | 120 |
| Economic participation _abour force participation rate | 27.7 | 27.70 | 90 |
| Jnemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | — | | – |
| or training rate Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| ncidence of overeducationncidence of undereducation | | | |
| Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25-54 Age Group | | 34.06 | 124 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Fertiary education attainment rate | 2.0 | 1.96 | 118 |
| Norkplace learning | 0.40 | 06.50 | 44- |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | 1.017 | 33.05 | 106 |
| Economic participation | 04 : | 01.40 | |
| abour force participation rate | | | |
| Jnemployment rate Jnderemployment rate | | | |
| Employment gender gap | | | |
| | — | — | |
| Skills High-skilled employment share | 15.0 | 15.00 | 00 |
| HIGH-SKIIIEG EMPLOVMENT SHARE | 15.6 | 15.60 | |
| | | 07.00 | 00 |
| Medium-skilled employment share Ease of finding skilled employees ¹ | 87.6 | | |

| 55–64 Age Group | 25.54 | 124 |
|--|-------|------|
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate1.0 | 1.00 | 124 |
| Secondary education attainment rate0.1 | 0.07 | 124 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate0.0 | 0.03 | 124 |
| Economic participation | | |
| Labour force participation rate43.5 | 43.50 | 102 |
| Unemployment rate | | |
| Underemployment rate – | | |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth54 | 83.08 | 105 |
| | | |
| Value | Score | Rank |
| 65 and Over Age Group | 17.54 | 124 |
| Educational attainment | | |
| Primary education attainment rate0.1 | 0.13 | 124 |
| Secondary education attainment rate0.1 | 0.08 | 124 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate0.0 | 0.04 | 124 |

| Va | lu |
|----|----|

Additional Indicators

Economic participation

| Innovation | ecosysten |
|------------|-----------|
|------------|-----------|

| Vulnerability | |
|--|-------|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 140 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| State of cluster development ¹ | .3.23 |

Unemployment rate..... – – – Underemployment rate – – – –

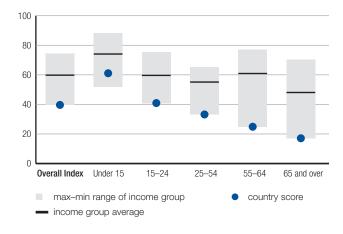
Workers in informal employment

| Workers in informal employment | |
|--|------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 39.3 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 2.96 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on educat | ion (% of GDP)5.15 |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Internet access in schools | 1.75 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Zambia

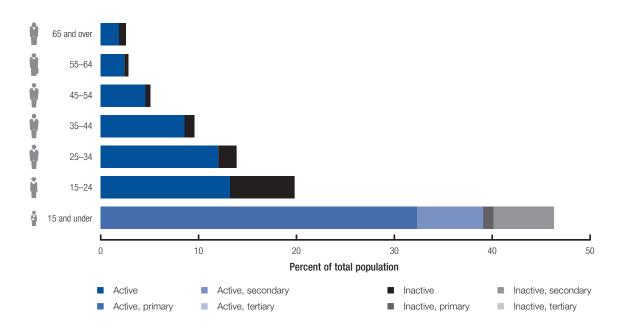
Human Capital Index 2015 62.50 (out of 124 countries)

Key indicators

| Total population (1,000s) | 15,520 |
|---|--------|
| | |
| Working age population (1,000s) | 7,931 |
| 0 0 1 1 1 1 7 | |
| Tertiary-educated population (1,000s) | 501 |
| то на при | |
| Aged dependency ratio (%) | 5.3 |
| • | |
| Child dependency ratio (%) | 93.0 |

| Median age of population (years)1 | 6 |
|---|----|
| GDP per capita (constant '11 US\$, PPP)4,11 | 3 |
| Labour force participation rate (%)79. | .3 |
| Employment-to-population ratio (%)68. | .e |
| Unemployment rate (%)13. | .1 |

Education and workforce distribution



| Percent of population employed in Agriculture Industry Services | Population by Unemployed population employment type by former occupation |
|--|--|
| Total—— | |
| Managers, professionals and technicians | Tertiary education requirements |
| Clerical, service and sales workers | Secondary education requirements |
| Skilled agricultural and trades workers | — |
| Plant and machine operators, and assemblers — — | |
| Elementary occupations | Primary education requirements — |
| Others | |

| Business Perceptions | Score (1-7) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Quality of math/science education | 4.29 |
| Quality of business schools | 4.71 |
| Specialized training services | 4.45 |
| Capacity to attract talent | 3.85 |
| Capacity to retain talent | 3.44 |

| Students by field of study | Current enrolment | Annual Graduates (latest year) |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Total | | |
| Agriculture | | |
| Education | | |
| Engineering, Manufacturing, Construction | | |
| Health and Welfare | — | |
| Humanities and Arts | | |
| Sciences | — | |
| Services | — | |
| Social Sciences, Business, Law | | |
| Unspecified | — | — |

Zambia

| • | Value | Score | Rank |
|---|-----------------|------------|--------------|
| Under 15 Age Group | | 72.10 | 94 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Primary enrolment rate | | | |
| Basic education survival rate | | | |
| Secondary enrolment gender gap | – | | – |
| Quality of education Quality of primary schools ¹ | 3.81 | 46.80 | 65 |
| Vulnerability | | | |
| Incidence of child labour | 40.6 | 59.40 | 110 |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 15–24 Age Group | | 63.40 | 79 |
| Enrolment in education | | | |
| Tertiary enrolment rate | | | |
| | — | | |
| Quality of education Quality of education system ¹ | 4.33 | 55.48 | 34 |
| Youth literacy rate | | | |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 52.0 | 52.04 | 90 |
| Economic participation | 00.7 | 00.70 | 10 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | | | |
| Underemployment rate | – | | – |
| or training rate Long-term unemployment rate | | | |
| Skills | | | |
| Incidence of overeducation | | | |
| Incidence of undereducation Skill diversity ² | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |
| 25–54 Age Group | | 57.76 | 79 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | | | |
| Secondary education attainment rate | | | |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 9.7 | 9.69 | 86 |
| Workplace learning | 4.06 | E0.04 | E7 |
| Staff training services ¹ Economic complexity ³ | | | |
| | | = = 100 | |
| Economic participation | | | |
| | 88.0 | 88.00 | 33 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate | 8.5 | 91.50 | 67 |
| Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate | 8.5 — | 91.50 — | 67 – |
| Labour force participation rate | 8.5 — | 91.50 — | 67 – |
| Labour force participation rate | 8.5 | 91.50 | 67 – – |
| Economic participation Labour force participation rate Unemployment rate Underemployment rate Employment gender gap Skills High-skilled employment share Medium-skilled employment share | 8.5 | 91.50 | 67 – – |

| | Value | Score | Rank |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|------|
| 55–64 Age Group | | 63.51 | 76 |
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 86.2 | 86.23 | 77 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 30.0 | 30.01 | 89 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 7.0 | 7.01 | 85 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 85.5 | 85.50 | 8 |
| Unemployment rate | 3.1 | 96.90 | 37 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | — |
| Healthy life expectancy at birth | 49 | 75.38 | 114 |
| | | | |
| | Value | Score | Rank |

| 65 and Over Age Group | | 52.80 | 71 |
|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-----|
| Educational attainment | | | |
| Primary education attainment rate | 61.1 | 61.08 | 80 |
| Secondary education attainment rate | 16.4 | 16.36 | 90 |
| Tertiary education attainment rate | 5.0 | 5.01 | 78 |
| Economic participation | | | |
| Labour force participation rate | 72.6 | 72.60 | 3 |
| Unemployment rate | 2.7 | 97.30 | 59 |
| Underemployment rate | — | | – |
| Healthy life years beyond age 65 | 0 | 64.47 | 114 |
| | | | |

| Valu | |
|------|--|
|------|--|

Additional Indicators

Innovation ecosystem

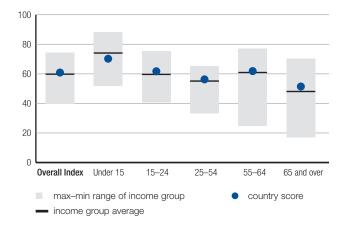
| Vulnerability | |
|--|----|
| Ease of starting a business ⁴ | 68 |
| University-business R&D collaboration ¹ | |
| State of cluster development I | |

| Workers in informal employment | 69.5 |
|--|---------|
| Workers in vulnerable employment | 76.0 |
| Social safety net ¹ | 3.60 |
| Primary completion rate (poorest richest quintile) | 50, 101 |
| | |

Public investment

| Public spending on education (% of GDP) | 1.35 |
|---|------|
| Internet access in schools ¹ | 3.62 |

Country Score Within Income Group



NOTES

Unless otherwise indicated, Value refers to percentage rates for the corresponding age group that have been rounded to one decimal place for reporting purposes.

- 1 Survey response on a 1-to-7 scale (1 = worst score, 7 = best score)
- 2 Data on a 0-to-1 scale (0 = best score, 1 = worst score)
- 3 Data from -1.854 (worst score) to 2.235 (best score)

⁴ Rank number on a list of 189 countries

Acknowledgements

The Human Capital Report is an insight tool published by the World Economic Forum's Global Challenge Initiative on Employment, Skills and Human Capital, in collaboration with Mercer.

LEAD CONTRIBUTORS

At the World Economic Forum

Till Leopold, Senior Manager, Employment, Skills and Human Capital Global Challenge Initiative

Saadia Zahidi, Senior Director, Head of the Gender Parity and Employment, Skills and Human Capital Global Challenge Initiatives

A special thank you to Yasmina Bekhouche, Jessica Camus, Francisco Dos Santos Guerreiro, Kristin Keveloh, Valerie Peyre, Pearl Samandari and Paulina Padilla Ugarte.

At Mercer

Richard A. Guzzo, Partner and Co-Leader, Workforce Sciences Institute

Tamara Leonardi, Associate, seconded to the World Economic Forum (2014-2015)

Patricia A. Milligan, President, North America Region

A special thank you to Haig Nalbantian, Co-leader, Workforce Sciences Institute, Charlotte Harding, Principal, Talent and Linda Chen, Senior Associate.

We gratefully acknowledge the advice and guidance received from several experts over the course of 2013-2014, both on the first edition of the Report and the development of the second edition. In particular we would like to thank Sir Michael Barber, Chief Education Adviser, Pearson; Professor David E. Bloom, Clarence James Gamble Professor of Economics and Demography, Harvard School of Public Health; Professor Ricardo Hausmann, Director, Center for International Development, Harvard Kennedy School of Government; and Professor Wolfgang Lutz, Founding Director, Wittgenstein Centre for Demography and Global Human Capital (IIASA, VID/ÖAW, WU).

Thank you to Michael Fisher for his superb editorial work and Neil Weinberg for his excellent graphic design and

We are grateful to Kamal Kamaoui and the World Economic Forum's Publications team for their invaluable collaboration on the production of this Report.



COMMITTED TO IMPROVING THE STATE OF THE WORLD

The World Economic Forum is an international institution committed to improving the state of the world through public-private cooperation in the spirit of global citizenship. It engages with business, political, academic and other leaders of society to shape global, regional and industry agendas.

Incorporated as a not-forprofit foundation in 1971 and headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland, the Forum is independent, impartial and not tied to any interests. It cooperates closely with all leading international organizations.

World Economic Forum 91-93 route de la Capite CH-1223 Cologny/Geneva Switzerland

Tel +41 (0) 22 869 1212 Fax +41 (0) 22 786 2744

contact@weforum.org www.weforum.org