

# Blundell's QUATERCENTENARY

1604-2004



Mr. Peter Blundell's Good Isles"  
in Giverton

OLD SCHOOL COMPLETED

1604

NEW SCHOOL COMPLETED

1882

P.B.

1932

O.B. DAY, JUNE 25TH 1932

BLUNDELL'S SCHOOL  
ROLL

SPRING TERM 1946

BLUNDELL'S SCHOOL  
CALENDAR

SPRING TERM 1950

BLUNDELL'S SCHOOL  
CALENDAR

SPRING TERM 1950



# BLUNDELL'S TIMELINE

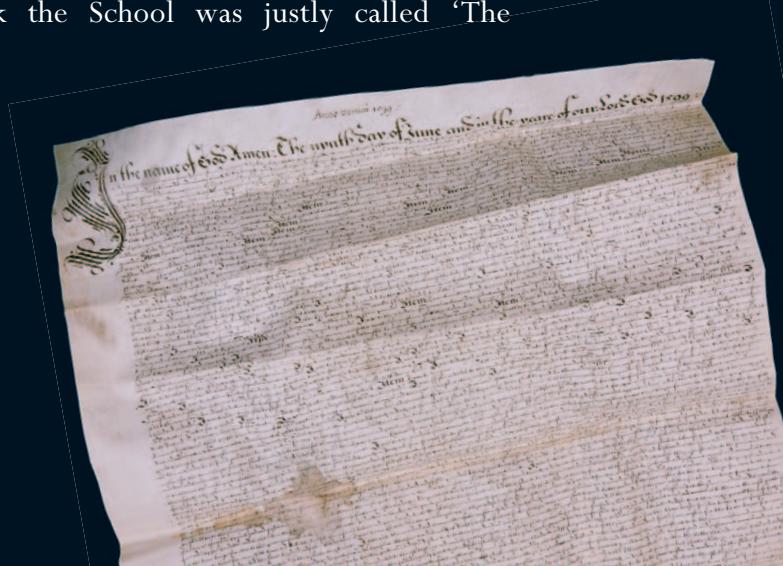
NATIONAL AND WORLD EVENTS	MONARCHS	HEADMASTERS	BLUNDELL'S EVENTS TO 2004
1603 Death of Elizabeth I.	James I	1600 1603-1625 1610 1620 1630 1640	1601 Death of Peter Blundell. Popham appoints Cholmley as first Headmaster.
1605 Guy Fawkes condemned by Chief Justice Popham.		1604-1647 Revd Samuel Butler	1604 Opening of Old Blundell's at Lowman Green. Appointment of Samuel Butler as Master at £50pa.
1620 Mayflower sails from Plymouth.	Charles I	1625-1649	1610 First Sidney Sussex scholar nominated.
1629 Sir John Eliot persuades Parliament to pass the 'Petition of Right' and is sent to the Tower.		1648-1651 1651-1669	1615 First Blundell's Balliol Scholar.
1642 Civil War begins, Tiverton declares for Parliament.	Protectorate	1649-1660 1650	1626 Exeter Assizes held in the Schoolroom
1644 Royalists capture Tiverton.	Charles II	1660-1685 1660	1645 School used as Fairfax's HQ in siege of Tiverton Castle.
1645 General Fairfax captures Tiverton Castle for Parliament.		1669-1684 Revd George Hume	1660 May 29th, Charles II lands at Dover. Celebrated as a holiday until 1884.
1649 Charles I executed.	James II William III, Mary	1685-1688 1688-1702 1690	1705 Bampfylde Moore Carew, King of the Gypsies, joins the School.
1660 Restoration of Charles II.		1684-1698 Revd John Sanders	1725 First known OB Day.
1669 Charles II and Nell Gwynn.	Anne	1700 1702-1714	1730 Feffes forbid Cockfighting on Shrove Tuesday.
1704 Battle of Blenheim.	George I	1714-1727 1720	1780s Two OBs head of Oxford Colleges, Davey of Balliol and Everleigh of Oriel.
1721 Walpole becomes Prime Minister.	George II	1727-1760 1730 1733-1734 1734-1740 1740-1757	1787 School rebels against Usher, Thomas Wood.
1731 Captain Jenkins' ear cut off by the Spaniards.		1730-1733 Revd Samuel Smith 1733-1734 Revd John Jones 1734-1740 Revd Samuel Wesley 1740-1757 Revd William Daddo	1804 Bicentenary. Feoffees present Benjamin Incledon's Book to George III.
1745 Bonnie Prince Charlie's rebellion.		1750	1809 Jack Russell enters Blundell's.
1757 Clive conquers Bengal.		1757-1775 Revd Philip Atherton	1815 Numbers rise to 200.
1773 'Boston Tea Party'.	George III	1760-1820 1760	1820 Master Richards organises first Speech Day.
1774 Joseph Priestley's discovery of oxygen.		1770	1823 Maths teaching begins.
1776 American Declaration of Independence.		1775-1797 Revd Philip Keats	1828 School Rooms heated for first time.
1783 First flights in hot air balloons.		1780	1838 Frederick Temple's last year, Blackmore's first year. Legal dispute with Town begins.
1787 American Constitution drawn up.		1790 1797-1823 Revd Dr William Richards	1844 Income from school lands rises to £900. 10 Oxbridge Exhibitions set up.
1802 Peace of Amiens. End of first phase of War with Revolutionary France.		1800	1846 Chancery decision banning boarders. Numbers fall to 31.
1805 Battle of Trafalgar.	George IV	1820-1830 1820	1861 First issues of the Blundellian.
1815 Battle of Waterloo.	William IV	1830-1837 1830	1865 Licensed boarding houses allowed. Duckworth's opened. Sir John Heathcoat Amory a Governor.
1832 Reform Bill.	Victoria	1837-1901 1840	1874 A.L Francis appointed.
1837 Accession of Queen Victoria.		1847-1874 Revd John Hughes	1877 Russell begins.
1854 Crimean War. Napoleon III Emperor of France.		1850	1879 Sale of Prawle lands to raise funds.
1868 Gladstone becomes Prime Minister.		1860	1882 Move of School to Horsdon.SH and OH open.
1870 Franco-Prussian War.		1870 1874-1917 A.L Francis	1883 North Close opens. Chapel consecrated.
1878 Congress of Berlin.		1870 1880	1887 Westlake and Petergate founded.
1899 Boer War.		1890	1900 Arrival of Nobel Prize winner, A.V. Hill and T. Knox Shaw. Visit of Archbishop Temple.
1903 First flight by the Wright Brothers.	Edward VII	1900 1901-1910	1904 Tercentenary.
1906 San Francisco earthquake.		1910	1911 Cole's Chemistry Lab opened.
1914 First World War begins.	George V	1910-1936 1920	1926 FH opened. Chapel extension.
1918 Votes for women over 30.	George VI	1936-1952 1930 1940	1954 Gym built.
1926 General Strike. Votes for women over 21.		1930-1933 Revd A.R.Wallace 1934-1943 Revd N.V. Gorton 1943-1947 Revd R.L. Roberts 1947-1959 J.S. Carter	1956 History Block and Physics Labs.
1945 Hiroshima destroyed by atomic bomb		1950	1967 Dining Hall and New Big School opened.
1966 England win Football World Cup.	Elizabeth II	1952- 1960 1960	1975 Arrival of first girl. Founding of GH 1977.
1969 First man on the Moon.		1959-1971 Revd J.M. Stanton	1980 NC fire.
1973 UK joins the EEC.		1970 1971-1981 A.C.S. Gimson	1984 Sports Hall opened.
1979 Margaret Thatcher becomes Prime Minister.		1980 1981-1992 A.J.D. Rees	1989 Ondaatje Hall.
1989 Demolition of Berlin Wall.		1990 1992-2004 J. Leigh	1993 Girls admitted at 13. NC becomes a Girls' House.
2004 England win Rugby World Cup.		2000 2010	1997 SH becomes an 11-13 House.
			2000 St Aubyn's opens 'On Campus'.
			2002 Modern Language Block. Beale Centre.
			2004 Quatercentenary. New Westlake.

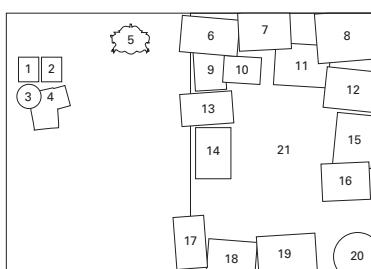
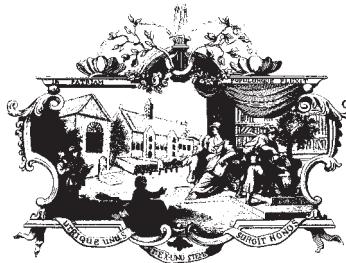


*“...thou I am not myself a scholar, I will be the means  
of making more scholars than anyone else in England.”*

Attributed to Peter Blundell

Peter Blundell, one of the wealthiest merchants of Elizabethan England, died in 1601, just before the great Queen, leaving money and lands to found a School in his home town to maintain sound learning and true religion. No expense was to be spared in its construction. Generous lands were provided in Tiverton and South Devon for its maintenance and Blundell's executors established links between the School and Balliol College, Oxford and Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge, which survive to this day. Blundell's was to be a School much larger and grander than any other in the West Country. Indeed, in the 1670s £600 was given to Balliol to found more scholarships, yet the running surplus in the Feoffees' (Trustees) accounts was still over £500. From the beginning, under its first Headmasters the School flourished, producing clergy and gentry who took the lead in the Civil War and the Glorious Rebellion in preserving the Protestant Religion and the liberties of the subjects, objects so dear to the heart of the founder. In an early Eighteenth Century travel book the School was justly called 'The Greatest Glory of the Town'.





**1** Sir John Popham. **2** Frederick Temple (1834-39), Bishop of Exeter and Archbishop of Canterbury. **3** R.D. Blackmore (OB 1837-43), author of *Lorna Doone*. **4** Bampfylde Moore Carew 'King of the Gypsies'. **5** An invitation to the Old Boy's Feast of 1727. **6** Lord Kitchener inspecting the Blundell's lines, Farnborough Camp 1910. **7** An early 'football' team. **8** Cricket on the green, Old Blundell's. **9** The Memorial Cross, a replica of the Cross of Eamyn, dedicated 2 November 1920. **10** The War Memorial 1939-45. **11** Duckworth's House in Bampton Street. **12** The Reverend Jack Russell (OB 1809-14), the famous 'Hunting Parson'. **13** Blundell's own Home Guard. **14** The list of original Feoffees. **15** Sander's Prospectus, which advertised... 'every boy has a separate bed'. **16** A drawing by a school boy of the fold away beds. **17** Old Boys Day 1725. **18** An early 1840's engraving, showing the end of the Master's schoolroom. **19** The Common Room in 1886-87. The 'heroic crew' oversaw the move to the new School site. **20** The Nobel Prize for physiology and medicine awarded to Professor A.V. Hill (OB 1900-1905). **21** The School Rooms at the end of the 18th century.

Supporting these 400 years of service of the School to the nation has been the dedicated contribution of Masters and Feoffees. One must remember in gratitude men such as Samuel Butler, the First Master, who laboured for 43 years, during which the Pilgrim Fathers sailed for Massachusetts, and who retired as the Civil War ended. Master Rayner's 32 years coincided with Marlborough's victories and Walpole's Prime Ministership; William Richards's reign included Trafalgar and Waterloo. Also there was A.L. Francis, whose 43 year Headmastership started as the Franco-Prussian War ended, finishing as the battle of Passchendaele began. With them we remember that company of men and, latterly, women who have given their working lives to the service of this School.

To start, oversee and continue his great work Peter Blundell appointed local merchants and gentry as the first Feoffees. According to his will they were to be hereditary and, as a father or uncle died, a son or nephew was appointed to the body. In modern times there have been reorganizations consonant with the march of time, but there have been Heathcoat Amorys on the Governing Body continuously for 150 years and the first Fursdon to be a Feoffee was elected 250 years ago.

The flow of scholars and clergy continued through the centuries. Numerous Hanoverian bishops, including George III's tutor, culminated with Frederick Temple, the Archbishop of Canterbury who crowned Edward VII. The men of letters have ranged from Bampfylde Moore Carew who produced a 'best selling' account of his career as 'King of the Gypsies' in the 1750s, through Richard Blackmore, who penned 'Lorna Doone' a century later. John Squire (1901-2) knighted for his services to literature, and John Hollands (1946-1951) who wrote a novel of the Korean War which sold over a million copies in the 1950s. Through the mists of time we glimpse, among a host of scientists, William Buckland (1797-98) the great geologist and A V Hill (1900-5) the winner of a Nobel Prize for Biology. A Blundell's Balliol Scholar, Thomas Davey, was Master of Balliol at a time when another Blundellian was Provost of Oriel, and a Sidney Scholar, Knox Shaw (1900-1905) became Master of Sidney Sussex. The present Master of Selwyn, Professor R.J. Bowring (Westlake 1960-1964), is also an Old Blundellian.

Blundellians have been present at the great events of our history. There was a Blundellian, J H Hill (1792-6) at Waterloo, another, W Morris (1846-7) was at the Charge of the Light Brigade. Both were wounded. Blundellians were foremost in all parts of the Victorian Empire, and gave their lives in the Boer War and the two World Wars. Every year sees numerous obituaries added to the School Archives of men who have served their country well in the affairs of the 20th Century.

At the gateway of all their lives was their time at Peter Blundell's School. For the first 278 years this was in the 'Old School' by the Lowman, where the syllabus was Latin and Greek and boys had to be tough to survive. Birches swished, older boys tyrannized over younger, boarders told dayboys their place. Outside lessons life was unsupervised. They hunted, they held cockfighting matches, they fished, they played a sort of football and, after 1800, cricket (with 4 ball overs). It seems that they loved it and cherished their school days by forming an Old Blundellian organization at least as early as 1725. This has continued with two short gaps until today. Blundellians as different as Parson Jack Russell and Archbishop Temple remembered those rough old days with affection.

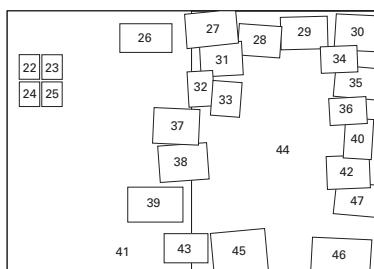




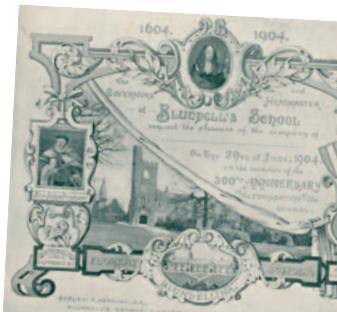


In May 1882 the whole school moved up the road to its new home at Horsdon. Within ten years A L Francis had trebled numbers to 250, and School House, Old House, North Close, Petergate and Westlake had been built, so that as Victoria's reign came to an end, Blundell's had again taken its place among the country's great schools, with high scholastic achievement and distinguished performance in those games, which the Victorians had developed to replace the rude sports of earlier centuries. In 1904 the Tercentenary was celebrated with due sense of pride. Not only had the boarding houses been built with funds put up by the first boarding housemasters, but also Francis and his colleagues had paid for the additional buildings necessary for the growing numbers and the Chapel had been built entirely through voluntary subscription as a statement of faith in the future.

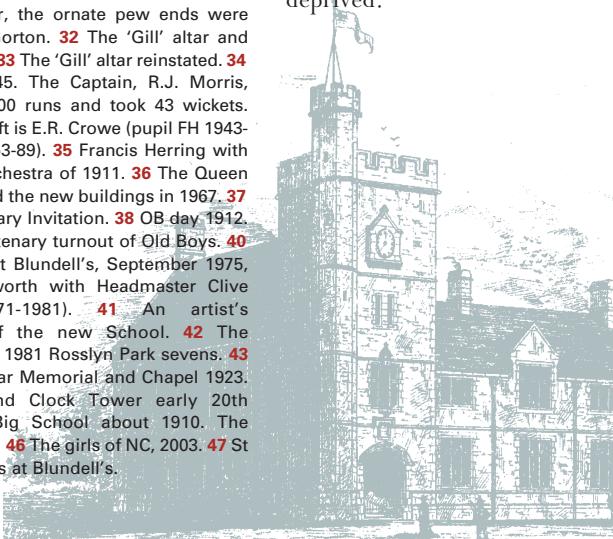
During the last Century there has been continued great growth and change. Under 'Fusty' Wynn (1917-30) numbers first topped 300 and Francis House was built. Under Neville Gorton (1934-43) Blundell's became a dynamo of educational novelty and, latterly, there has been an explosion of activity. The continued support of the Heathcoat Amory family, with a long tradition of service on the Governing Body, has been a key feature of the last century. Additionally, Old Blundellians via the Peter Blundell Society, and the singular munificence of Sir Christopher Ondaatje (1947-51) have supported many developments over the last fifty years. Girls were admitted in 1975, with full co-education starting in 1992, and they are now well over a third of over 550 Senior School pupils. St Aubyn's Preparatory School has become an integral part of Blundell's with almost 400 younger pupils. Soon there will be 1000 Blundellians! As ever throughout its long history the School has occasion to be grateful to the support of those who have added to Peter Blundell's initial generosity. 'Great trees from goodly acorns grow'!



**22** A.L. Francis 'the Chief'. **23** Neville Gorton (1934-43) Bishop of Coventry. **24** Derick Heathcoat-Amory, Chancellor of the Exchequer and Governor of Canada. **25** Christopher Ondaatje (OB Petergate 1947-51). **26** A view of the new buildings taken about 1900. **27** The Chapel as a building site. **28** An early OH group. **29** The Junior House 1912, outside the present GH. **30** The unbeaten XI of 1889. Won 7 drawn 3. **31** Chapel interior, the ornate pew ends were removed by Gorton. **32** The 'Gill' altar and original cross. **33** The 'Gill' altar reinstated. **34** The XI of 1945. The Captain, R.J. Morris, scored over 500 runs and took 43 wickets. Seated front left is E.R. Crowe (pupil FH 1943-46, Master 1953-89). **35** Francis Herring with the School Orchestra of 1911. **36** The Queen Mother opened the new buildings in 1967. **37** The Tercentenary Invitation. **38** OB day 1912. **39** The Tercentenary turnout of Old Boys. **40** The first girl at Blundell's, September 1975, Arabella Ashworth with Headmaster Clive Gimson (1971-1981). **41** An artist's impression of the new School. **42** The winners of the 1981 Rosslyn Park sevens. **43** View of the War Memorial and Chapel 1923. **44** Chapel and Clock Tower early 20th Century. **45** Big School about 1910. The present library. **46** The girls of NC, 2003. **47** St Aubyn's arrives at Blundell's.



As we set forth to march on Old Blundellian Day from Old Blundell's to St Peter's to celebrate our 400 Years of History and begin our journey towards half a millennium of continuous existence in 2104, we carry with us echoes and memories of which we are proud and of which we can never be deprived.







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