

Brunel Pension Partnership 2021 Carbon Metrics Report





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Brunel Active UK Portfolio

Brunel Active Global High Alpha Portfolio Brunel Active Emerging Markets Portfolio Brunel Active Low Volatility Portfolio Brunel Passive Low Carbon Portfolio Brunel Passive Smart Beta Portfolio

Brunel Passive UK Portfolio

Brunel Passive World Developed Portfolio

Brunel Global Sustainable Portfolio

Brunel Global Smaller Companies Portfolio





Holdings as at 31st December 2020

Key Info: AUM in mGBP: 15,178 Coverage: 98% 29/04/2021

Carbon Metrics Report 2021

- This report illustrates key Carbon Metrics for the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio and the associated underlying Brunel Portfolios as of 31 December 2020
- This report builds on our baseline carbon metrics report published in December 2019, and documents the results of the decarbinsation work we have undertaken across our Portfolios.
- We have been working extensively on decarbonisnig our Portfolios alongside our managers.
- We extend our thanks to S&P Trucost who provided the footprinting data for this report.

Executive Summary

- The Brunel Aggregate Portfolio consists of the underlying Brunel Portfolios, weighted by assets under management as of 31 December 2020.
- Looking at the Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI), the **Brunel Aggregate Portfolio is less** carbon intensive than its Custom Benchmark, with a relative efficiency of +22%.
- All Brunel Portfolios have lower carbon intensities than their respective benchmarks
- We have been working hard alongside our appointed managers to reduce the carbon intnesity of our Portfolios.
- The UK Active Portfolio saw a decline in carbon intensity, from 259 tCO2e/mGBP as of December 2019 to 199 tCO2e/mGBP in December 2020 a 23.2% reduction.
- The carbon intensity of the Emerging Market Portfolio dropped from 522 tCO2e/mGBP in December 2019 to 402 tCO2e/mGBP in December 2020 down 22.9%.
- The Active Low Volatility Portfolio fell from 259 tCO2e/mGBP in December 2019 to 194 tCO2e/mGBP in December 2020 a 25.1% reduction.
- Of the Brunel Portfolios within the Aggregate, the highest intensity was the Brunel Passive Smart Beta (419 tCO2e/mGBP), while the lowest was the Brunel Global High Alpha (143 tCO2e/mGBP).
- The Brunel Aggregate Portfolio is **less exposed to both fossil fuel revenues** (1.4% vs 2.2%) and **future emissions from reserves** (24.8 MtCO2 vs 46.2 MtCO2) than the Custom Benchmark.
- **Disclosure is a key area of focus for our engagement programme.** The rate of companies in the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio for which fully disclose carbon data was available was 61% (carbon weighted method) and 56% (investment weighted method), indicating scope for improved reporting among investees.

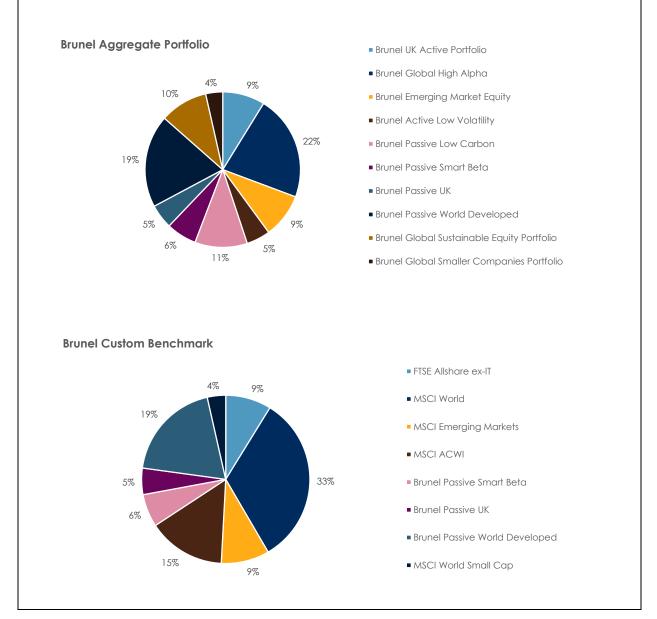




Holdings as at 31st December 2020

The Brunel Aggregate Portfolio and Custom Benchmark

- This report includes a variety of carbon metrics, including the weighted average carbon intensity (WACI), fossil fuel activities, fossil fuel reserves and carbon data disclosure rates for each of the Brunel Active and Passive Portfolios.
- We also report on the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio. This consists of each of the underlying Brunel Portfolios weighted by assets under management as of 31 December 2020.
 Details of this Portfolio are illustrated below.
- We have also created a Custom Benchmark Portfolio in order to make a meaningful comparator. This Custom Benchmark consists of the benchmarks of the underlying Brunel Portfolios, weighted by investment as of 31 Decekber 2020.

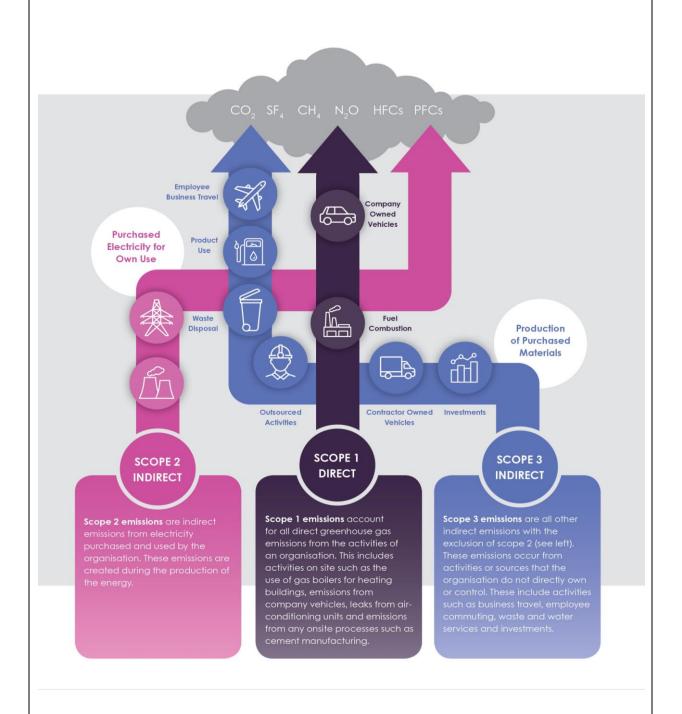






Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions

In this report we include scope 1, scope 2 and first tier scope 3 emissions in our calculations. The below graphic explains each of these.





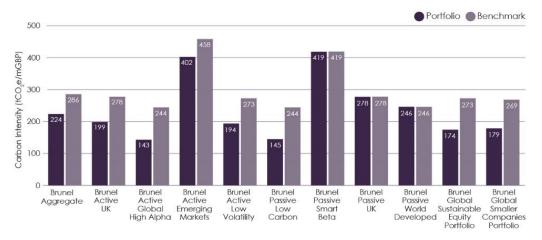


Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI)

The WACI shows a portfolio's exposure to carbon intensive companies. This measure is determined by taking the carbon intensity of each company and weighting it based on its holding size within the Portfolio.

The WACI is one of the measures recommended by the <u>Task Force on Climate-related Financial</u> <u>Disclosures (TCFD)</u>. Because carbon intensive companies are more likely to be exposed to potential carbon regulations and carbon pricing, this is a useful indicator of potential exposure to transition risks such as policy interventions and changing consumer behaviours.

In this report we illustrate the weighted average carbon intensity (WACI) of The Brunel Aggregate Portfolio and each of the underlying Brunel Portfolios, alongside their respective benchmarks.



Portfolio	Carbon intensity 2020 vs December 2019 Benchmark Baseline
Brunel Aggregate Portfolio	-33.1%
Brunel UK Active Portfolio	-29.6%
Brunel Global High Alpha Portfolio	-52.4%
Brunel Emerging Market Equity Portfolio	-29.4%
Brunel Active Low Volatility Portfolio	-41.9%
Brunel Passive Low Carbon Portfolio	-51.9%
Brunel Passive Smart Beta Portfolio	-24.5%
Brunel Passive UK Portfolio	-1.2%
Brunel Passive World Developed Portfolio	-18.7%
Brunel Global Sustainable Equity Portfolio*	n/a
Brunel Global Smaller Companies Portfolio*	n/a

rtfolios launched in 2020. We are in the process of establishing an appropriate benchmark date

We aim to reduce the carbon intensity of our Portfolios by 7% each year.

All active equity Portfolios have achieved at least a 7% emissions intensity reduction.

As of 31 December 2020 the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio had an efficiency of 22% versus its Custom Benchmark. It saw an efficiency improvement of 15.4% versus 31 December 2019.

Each of the underlying Active Brunel Portfolios have a WACI below their respective benchmarks. In this report we also illustrate how the WACI has changed year on year for each of our Portfolios (with the exception of Global Smaller Companies and Global Sustainable that were both launched in 2020.

The Brunel Passive Portfolios (Passive Smart Beta, Passive UK and Passive World Developed) track their respective benchmarks. The priority for 2021 is looking at low-carbon, potentially Net Zero benchmarks for our index tracking Portfolios.





Fossil Fuel Related Activities

It is important to identify exposure to business activities in extractives industries in order to assess the potential risk of 'stranded assets'. Stranded assets are assets that may suffer premature writedowns and may even become obsolete due to changes in policy or consumer behaviour.

We can identify the exposure to stranded asset risk in a number of ways. One way is to consider the fossil fuel related activities of the underlying companies within our Portfolios.

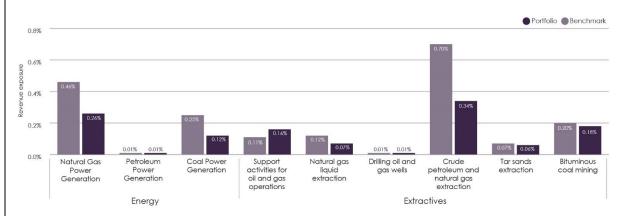
Extraction-related activities

- Crude petroleum and natural gas extraction
- Tar sands extraction
- Natural aas liquid extraction
- Bituminous coal underground mining
- Bituminous coal and lignite surface mining
- Drilling oil and gas wells
- Support activities for oil and gas operations

We identify companies with exposure to fossil fuel related energy generation (gas power, petrol power and coal power) and fossil fuel related extraction related activities (definitions on the left). We can assess the revenue exposure that each company has to these activities - and aggregate this to get an overall Portfolio assessment.

We illustrate this revenue exposure for all Brunel Portfolios and their respective benchmarks. We also provide an assessment of the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio.

The Brunel Aggregate Portfolio - Fossil Fuel Revenue Exposure



The Brunel Aggregate Portfolio is less exposed to fossil fuel revenues than its Custom Benchmark (1.4% vs 2.2%).

The Portfolio is less exposed to fossil fuel related activities across all generation and extractives activities measured, with the exception of 'support activities for oil and gas operations'.

Our Active Portfolios have significantly less exposure to fossil fuel related activities across most of these activity types compared to their respective benchmark. To view each Portfolio please see the analysis later on in this report.





Fossil Fuel Reserves Exposure

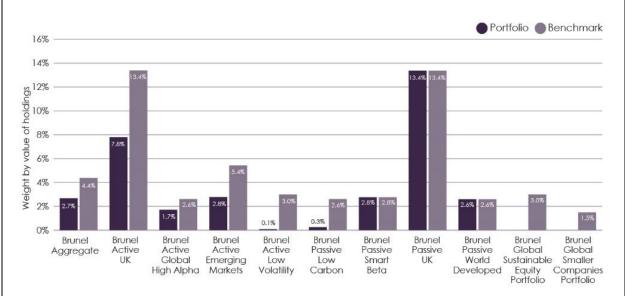
As well as assessing the revenue exposure from fossil fuel related activities, another way to assess the risk of stranded assets is to consider fossil fuel reserves. This is the exposure to fossil fuels which have not yet been realised by companies.

Fossil fuel reserves exposure give us a measure of companies that have disclosed their 'proven' reserves, as well as capturing companies that have 'probable' fossil fuel reserves.

Proven reserves exposure - have a > 90% chance of being present Probable reserves exposure - have a >50% chance of being present

We identify companies that have both proven and probable reserves - and can look at the aggregate exposure within each of our Portfolios, as well as the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio. Each Portfolio is illustrated in this report against its respective benchmark.

Fossil Fuel Reserves Exposure



The Brunel Aggregate Portfolio is less exposed to fossil fuel reserves (2.7%) compared to its Custom Benchmark (4.4%).

Our Active Portfolios have significantly less exposure to fossil fuel reserves compared to their respective benchmarks.

As expected our Passive Portfolios track their relevent indexes.





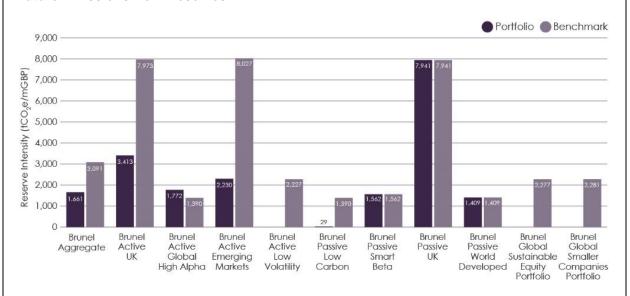
Potential Emissions from Reserves

Taking the reserves exposures discussed above, we can look at an assessment of potential future emissions that may incur from these reserves being realised. This metric is not included in the WACI figure (which focuses on current intensity) - and so it is an important assessment of company's potential contribution to emissions via its stockpile of fossil fuels.

We have been able to assess the potential emissions associated with the proven and probable reserves for companies within our Portfolios, as well as an overall Portfolio assessment.

We illustrate the potential emissions from reserves for each of our Portfolios and their respective benchmarks below, as well as the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio.

Future Emissions from Reserves



As well as an overall assessment of potential emissions from reserves, we are able to break these potential emissions down by fossil fuel type. We provide this analysis for each Portfolio against its benchmark, as well as how it has changed over time.

Below we display this analysis for the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio.

Future Emissions from Reserves by Fossil Fuel Type - Brunel Aggregate Portfolio







Disclosure Rates

In order to determine the carbon footprints and associated metrics in this report, Trucost collects company information such as disclosure around greenhouse gas emissions and business activities. To collect this data Trucost use a variety of sources such as annual reports and financial statements, regulatory filings, Corporate Social Responsibility reports and information published on company websites.

In the absence of this data, Trucost uses what is known as an 'input-output model' to estimate as best as possible the data for a particular company. This model combines industry-specific environmental impact data alongside macroeconomic data. Sometimes a company reports some carbon or business activity data; in which case Trucost can partially model the company's footprints and metrics. In the absence of usable or up to date disclosures Trucost fully models a company's footprint and metrics.

Discloure Rates - by Investment Weight



Full Disclosure - companies fully reporting their own carbon data.

Partial Disclosure - the data disclosed by companies has been adjusted in some way. This may include using data from previous years' disclosures as well as estimating changes in business activities.

Modelled - in the absence of usable or up to date disclosures, the data has been estimated by Trucost models.

Disclosure rates vary enormously across the world and this is one of the reasons Brunel is a strong advocate for mandatory climate risk reporting for all companies. The higher the level of direct disclosure, the higher the confidence in the data against which to take action.

Over time, we seek to increase the proportion of direct or 'full disclosure' of all our portfolios.

The level of company disclosures for the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio and each Brunel Sub-Portfolio is illustrated above. Unsurprisingly companies under lower regulatory regimes such as Smaller Companies and Emerging Markets have lower levels of disclosure rates.

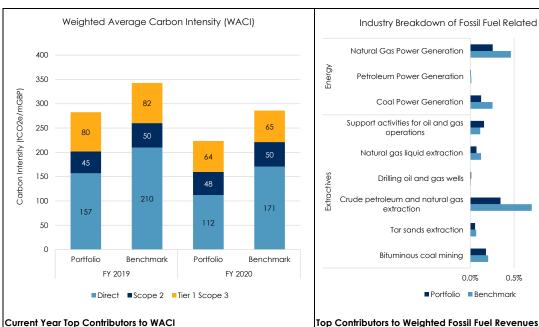
In this report we provide a breakdown of the disclosure rates of each of the Brunel Portfolios and the Brunel Aggregate Portfolio on both an investment weighted and greenhouse gas weighted basis. We also show how it has changed over time.

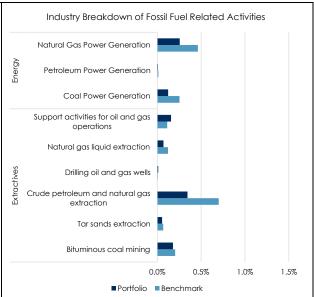
Generally speaking all of our Portfolios tend to have higher disclosure rates than their respective benchmarks.



Brunel Aggregate vs Brunel Custom Benchmark

Holdings as at 31st December 2020



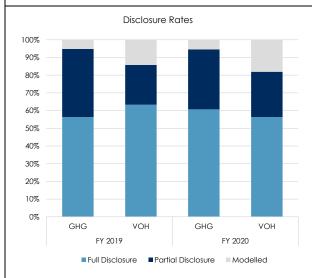


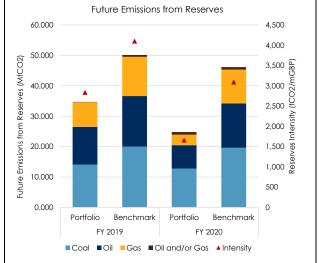
Current Year Top Contributors to WACI

Name Carbo	on-to-Revenue intensity	Weight	Contr.	Name	Weight	Weighted FF Revenue
	(tCO₂e/mGBP)	(%)	(%)		(%)	(mGBP)
PT Semen Indonesia (Perse	ero) Tbk 14,209	0.05%	-3.25%	Royal Dutch Shell PLC	0.54%	218
Rio Tinto Group	965	0.58%	-1.94%	BP p.l.c.	0.24%	91
NextEra Energy, Inc.	3,169	0.12%	-1.60%	BHP Group	0.49%	56
LafargeHolcim Ltd	6,862	0.05%	-1.60%	Berkshire Hathaway Inc.	0.48%	28
The Southern Company	5,873	0.05%	-1.39%	Chevron Corporation	0.09%	22

The **WACI** shows the portfolio exposure to carbon intensive companies. This metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

The Industry Breakdown of Fossil Fuel Relatred Activities chart above breaks down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Pates by Method

Portfolio Disclosure Kates	by method		ruture emissions from Reserves by Type (MiCO ₂)					
Carbon disclosure GHG-weighted \		Value-weighted	Source	FY 2019		FY 2020		
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.	
Full Disclosure	61%	56%	Coal	14.08	20.00	12.77	19.61	
Partial Disclosure	34%	26%	Oil	12.35	16.63	7.69	14.59	
Modelled	5%	18%	Gas	8.17	12.88	3.47	11.12	
			Oil and for Car	0.00	0.41	0.07	0.04	

Full Disclosure - Data disclosed by a company in an un-edited form. Partial Disclosure - Trucost has used data disclosed by a company but has made adjustments to match the reporting scope required by its research process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using hanges in business activities and consolidated revenues

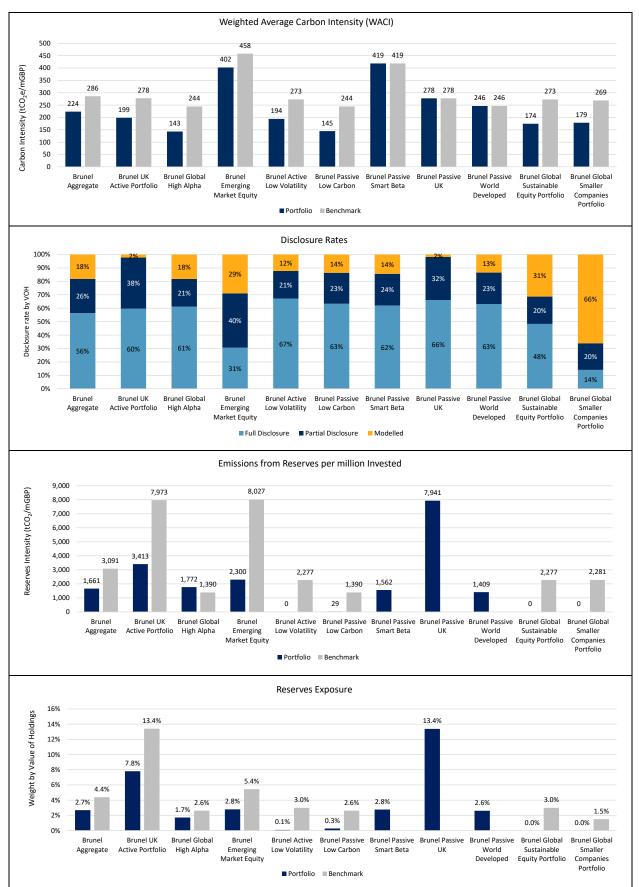
Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are used when assigning embedded emissions to a company.



Summary Sheet

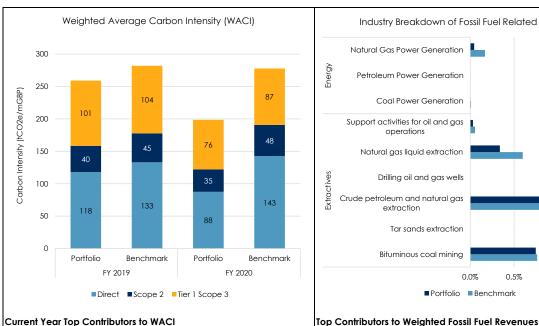
Holdings as at 31st December 2020

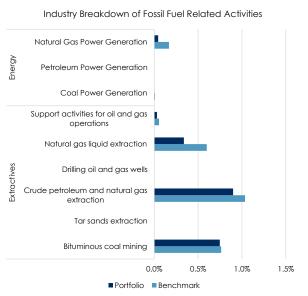




Brunel UK Active Portfolio vs. FTSE All Share Ex-IT

Holdings as at 31st December 2020



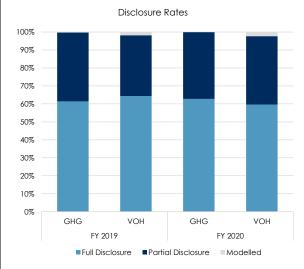


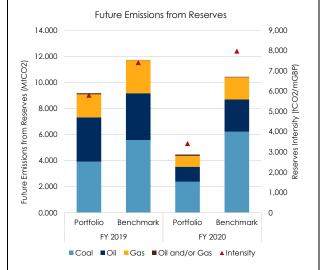
Current Year Top Contributors to WACI

Carbon-to-Revenue intensity Weight Contr. Name Weighted FF (tCO₂e/mGBP) (%) (%) (%) (mGBP) Rio Tinto Group 965 4.20% -16.91% Royal Dutch Shell PLC 2.82% 1,134 Mondi PLC 2,704 0.88% -11.24% BHP Group 3.63% 420 BP p.l.c. 2,366 0.77% -8 43% 378 Tate & Lvle plc 0.98% BHP Group SSE plc 3 63% -6.88% 0.21% 561 Royal Dutch Shell PLC 0.10%

The \mathbf{WACI} shows the portfolio exposure to carbon intensive companies. This metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

The Industry Breakdown of Fossil Fuel Relatred Activities chart above breaks down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Portfolio Disclosure Rates	by Method		Future Emissions from Reserves by Type (MfCO ₂)					
Carbon disclosure	GHG-weighted	Value-weighted	Source	FY 2019		FY 2020		
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.	
Full Disclosure	63%	60%	Coal	3.91	5.58	2.37	6.21	
Partial Disclosure	37%	38%	Oil	3.40	3.58	1.15	2.48	
Modelled	0%	2%	Gas	1.77	2.54	0.83	1.70	
Full Disclosure Data disclosed	d by a company in an un aditor	d form	Oil and/or Gas	0.08	0.01	0.10	0.04	

Full Disclosure - Data disclosed by a company in an un-edited form. Partial Disclosure - Trucost has used data disclosed by a company but has made adjustments to match the reporting scope required by its research process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using changes in business activities and consolidated revenues.

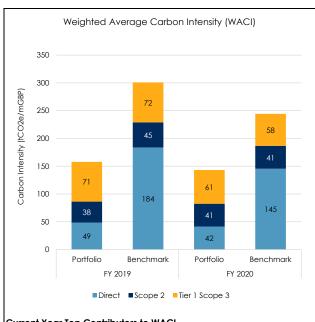
Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

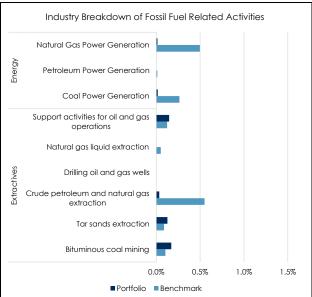
Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are used when assigning embedded emissions to a company.



Brunel Global High Alpha vs. MSCI World

Holdings as at 31st December 2020



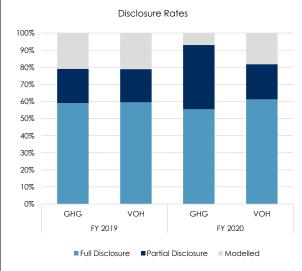


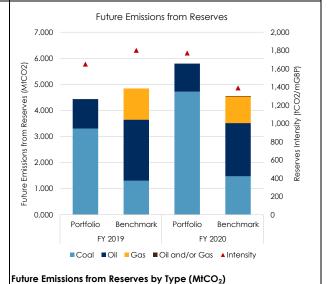
Current Year Top Contributors to WACI

Top Contributors to Weighted Fossil Fuel Revenues Carbon-to-Revenue intensity Weight Contr. Name Weight Weighted FF Revenue (tCO₂e/mGBP) (%) (%) (%) (mGBP) LafargeHolcim Ltd 0.15% -7.18% Berkshire Hathaway Inc. 0.94% Nestle SA 545 1.93% -5.51% Glencore Plc 0.59% 44 37 Steel Dynamics, Inc. 0.74% Suncor Energy Inc. 1.043 -4 67% 0.37% -4 0.5% 2 15% Anglo American Plc 0.76% 34 Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturina 407 Anglo American Plc 870 Halliburton Company 0.15% 26

The \mathbf{WACI} shows the portfolio exposure to carbon intensive companies. This metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

The Industry Breakdown of Fossil Fuel Relatred Activities chart above breaks down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Portfolio Disclosure Rates by Method

Carbon disclosure	GHG-weighted	Value-weighted	Source	FY 2019		FY 2020	
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.
Full Disclosure	55%	61%	Coal	3.31	1.30	4.72	1.47
Partial Disclosure	38%	21%	Oil	1.13	2.34	1.08	2.04
Modelled	7%	18%	Gas	0.00	1.20	0.00	1.02
			Oil and/or Gas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01

Full Disclosure - Data disclosed by a company in an un-edited form. Partial Disclosure - Trucost has used data disclosed by a company but has made adjustments to match the reporting scope required by its research process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using changes in business activities and consolidated revenues.

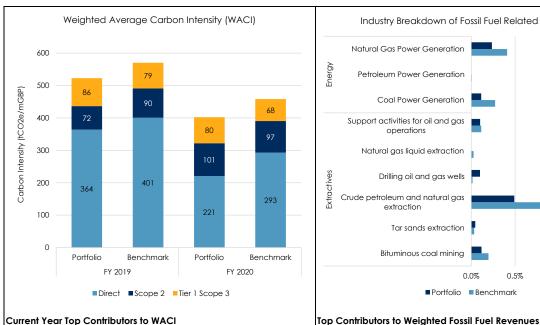
Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

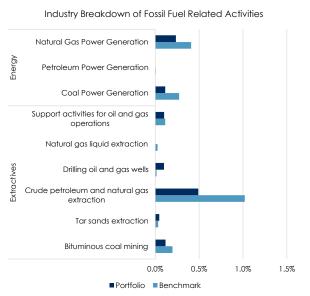
Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are used when assigning embedded emissions to a company



Brunel Emerging Market Equity vs. MSCI Emerging Markets

Holdings as at 31st December 2020



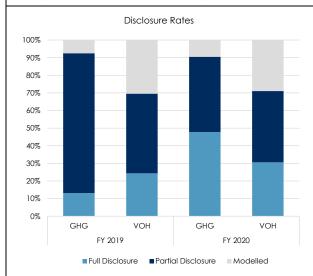


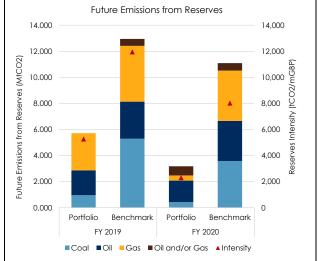
Current Year Top Contributors to WACI

Carbon-to-Revenue intensity Weight Contr. Name Weight Weighted FF (tCO₂e/mGBP) (%) (%) (%) (mGBP) PT Semen Indonesia (Persero) Tbk 0.56% -19.37% Petrobras SA 0.88% 218 Anhui Conch Cement Company Limited 11,690 0.23% -6.60% PJSC LUKOIL 0.37% 125 0.68% China Longyuan Power Group Corpora 3.251 -4 87% Public Joint Stock Company F 0.12% 63 PT Indocement Tunggal Prakarsa Tbk 0.13% -4 76% CNOOC Limited 0.24% 56 14.923 0.58% Anglo American Pla

The \mathbf{WACI} shows the portfolio exposure to carbon intensive companies. This metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

The Industry Breakdown of Fossil Fuel Relatred Activities chart above breaks down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Portfolio Disclosure Rates I	by Method		Future Emissions from Reserves by Type (MtCO ₂)				
Carbon disclosure GHG-weighted Va		Value-weighted	Source	FY 2019	FY 2019		
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.
Full Disclosure	48%	31%	Coal	0.96	5.29	0.43	3.58
Partial Disclosure	43%	40%	Oil	1.91	2.84	1.66	3.08
Modelled	9%	29%	Gas	2.84	4.28	0.39	3.86
Full Disalegure Data disaleses	l by a company in an up adita	d form	Oil and/or Gas	0.00	0.53	0.71	0.57

Full Disclosure - Data disclosed by a company in an un-edited form. Partial Disclosure - Trucost has used data disclosed by a company but has made adjustments to match the reporting scope required by its research process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using changes in business activities and consolidated revenues.

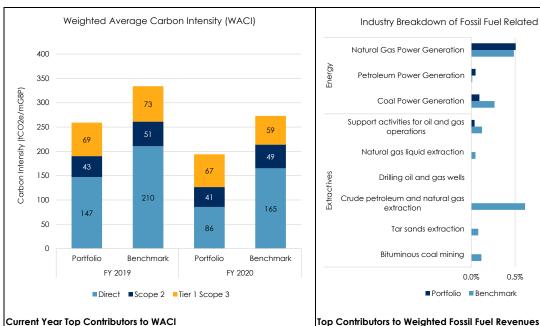
Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

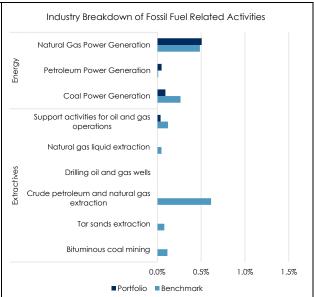
Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are used when assigning embedded emissions to a company



Brunel Active Low Volatility vs. MSCI ACWI

Holdings as at 31st December 2020





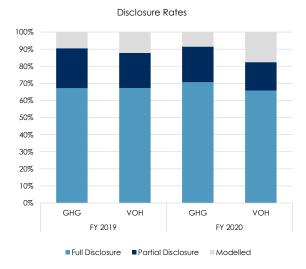
Contr. Name Weight

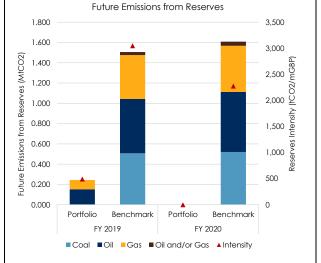
	,					
(tCO ₂ e/	mGBP)	(%)	(%)		(%)	(mGBP)
Public Service Enterprise Group Incorpc	1,930	0.70%	-6.34%	NextEra Energy, Inc.	0.35%	26
NextEra Energy, Inc.	3,169	0.35%	-5.40%	Iberdrola, S.A.	0.65%	23
Fortis Inc.	2,572	0.25%	-3.07%	Endesa, S.A.	0.25%	12
Nestle SA	545	1.65%	-3.04%	Tokyo Gas Co.,Ltd.	0.24%	10
Waste Management, Inc.	2,372	0.21%	-2.41%	Public Service Enterprise Grou	0.70%	10
The WACI shows the portfolio exposure to carbon	intensive c	ompanies.	This	The Industry Broakdown of Fossil Fuel	Polatrod Activ	itios chart abovo broaks

metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

Carbon-to-Revenue intensity

down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Portfolio Disclosure Rates	by Method		Future Emissions from Reserves by Type (MfCO ₂)					
Carbon disclosure	GHG-weighted	Value-weighted	Source	FY 2019		FY 2020		
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.	
Full Disclosure	71%	66%	Coal	0.00	0.51	0.00	0.52	
Partial Disclosure	21%	17%	Oil	0.15	0.54	0.00	0.59	
Modelled	9%	18%	Gas	0.09	0.43	0.00	0.46	
Full Disclosure Data disclosed	d by a company in an un aditor	Oil and/or Gas	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.04		

Full Disclosure - Data disclosed by a company in an un-edited form. Partial Disclosure - Trucost has used data disclosed by a company but has made adjustments to match the reporting scope required by its research process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using changes in business activities and consolidated revenues.

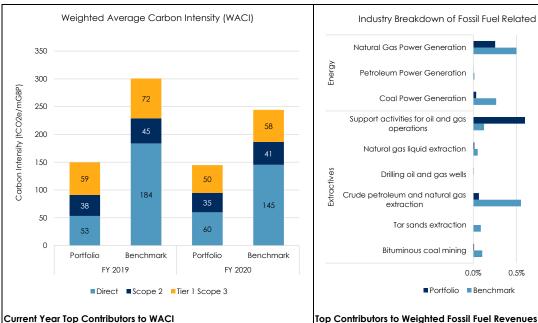
Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

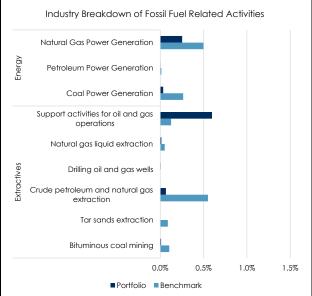
Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are used when assigning embedded emissions to a company.



Brunel Passive Low Carbon vs. MSCI World

Holdings as at 31st December 2020



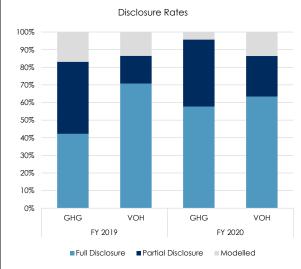


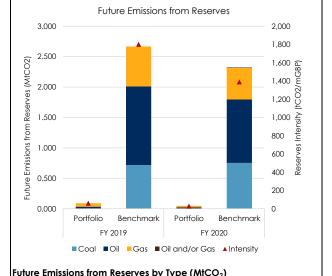
Current Year Top Contributors to WACI

Name Ca	rbon-to-Revenue intensity	Weight	Contr.	Name	Weight	Weighted FF Revenue
	(tCO₂e/mGBP)	(%)	(%)		(%)	(mGBP)
NextEra Energy, Inc.	3,169	0.32%	-6.66%	Schlumberger Limited	0.48%	103
Linde plc	1,746	0.28%	-3.09%	Berkshire Hathaway Inc.	0.62%	36
Dominion Energy, Inc.	2,750	0.13%	-2.43%	Halliburton Company	0.15%	27
Nestle SA	545	0.67%	-1.87%	NextEra Energy, Inc.	0.32%	24
Air Products and Chem	nicals, Inc. 3,996	0.06%	-1.50%	Mitsui & Co., Ltd.	0.18%	13

The \mathbf{WACI} shows the portfolio exposure to carbon intensive companies. This metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

The Industry Breakdown of Fossil Fuel Relatred Activities chart above breaks down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Portfolio Disclosure Rates by Method

2			. 5.5.5 ±5.5					
Carbon disclosure	GHG-weighted	Value-weighted	Source	FY 2019		FY 2020		
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.	
Full Disclosure	58%	63%	Coal	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.75	
Partial Disclosure	38%	23%	Oil	0.03	1.29	0.02	1.04	
Modelled	4%	14%	Gas	0.06	0.66	0.02	0.52	
			Oil and/or Gas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	

Full Disclosure - Data disclosed by a company in an un-edited form. Partial Disclosure - Trucost has used data disclosed by a company but has made adjustments to match the reporting scope required by its research process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using changes in business activities and consolidated revenues.

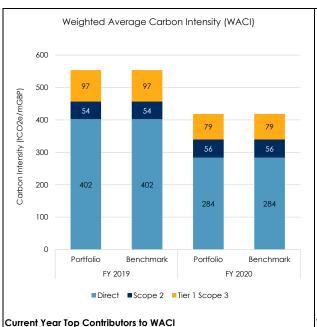
Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

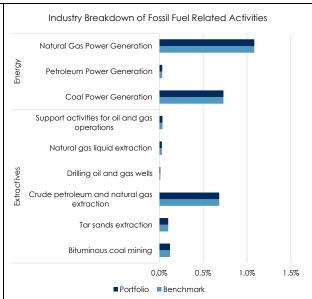
Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are



Brunel Passive Smart Beta

Holdings as at 31st December 2020

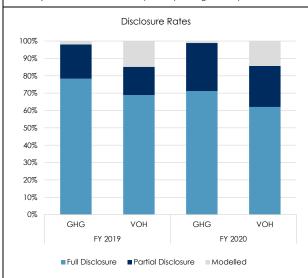


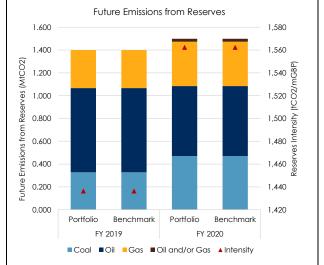


Top Contributors to Weighted Fossil Fuel Revenues Carbon-to-Revenue intensity Weight Weight Contr. Name Weighted FF Revenue (tCO₂e/mGBP) (%) (%) (%) (mGBP) The Southern Company 0.43% -5.63% Chevron Corporation 0.35% 86 American Electric Power Company, Inc 6.885 0.33% -5.05% Exxon Mobil Corporation 0.42% 76 49 Duke Energy Corporation 0.44% ConocoPhillips 4.655 -4 43% 0.19% Ameren Corporation 5.685 0.31% -3.93% Duke Energy Corporation 0 44% 43 Xcel Energy Inc Berkshire Hathaway Inc 33

The \mathbf{WACI} shows the portfolio exposure to carbon intensive companies. This metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

The Industry Breakdown of Fossil Fuel Relatred Activities chart above breaks down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Portfolio Disclosure Rates	by Method		Future Emissions from Reserves by Type (MtCO ₂)				
Carbon disclosure GHG-weighted Valu		Value-weighted	Source	e FY 2019		FY 2020	
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.
Full Disclosure	71%	62%	Coal	0.33	0.33	0.47	0.47
Partial Disclosure	28%	24%	Oil	0.74	0.74	0.61	0.61
Modelled	1%	14%	Gas	0.33	0.33	0.39	0.39
			Oil and/or Gas	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03

Full Disclosure - Data disclosed by a company in an un-edited form. Partial Disclosure - Trucost has used data disclosed by a company but has made adjustments to match the reporting scope required by its research process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using changes in business activities and consolidated revenues.

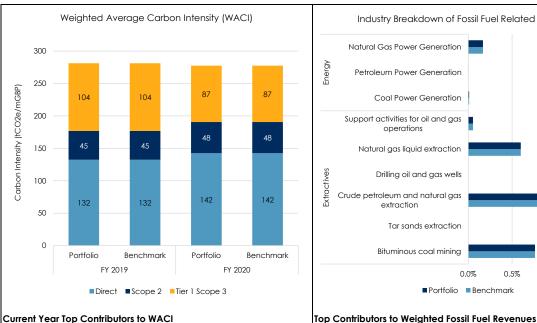
Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

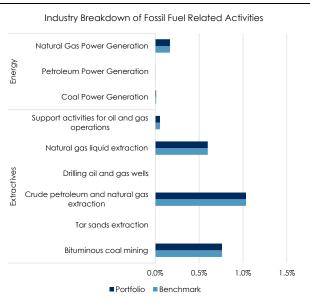
Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are used when assigning embedded emissions to a company.



Brunel Passive UK

Holdings as at 31st December 2020



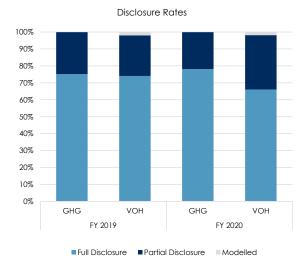


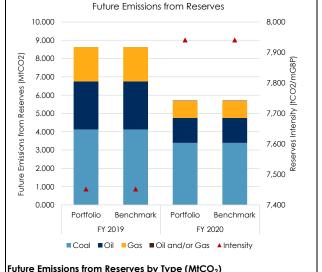
Current Year Top Contributors to WACI

Name	Carbon-to-Revenue intensity	Weight	Contr.	Name	Weight	Weighted FF Revenue
	(tCO ₂ e/mGBP)	(%)	(%)		(%)	(mGBP)
Rio Tinto Group	965	2.95%	-7.53%	Royal Dutch Shell PLC	4.97%	1,998
CRH Plc	1,987	1.19%	-7.43%	BP p.l.c.	2.51%	968
Royal Dutch Shell Pl	_C 614	4.97%	-6.35%	BHP Group	1.99%	230
Mondi PLC	2,704	0.41%	-3.63%	Glencore Plc	1.25%	92
Anglo American Pla	870	1.48%	-3.21%	Anglo American Plc	1.48%	67

The \mathbf{WACI} shows the portfolio exposure to carbon intensive companies. This metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

The Industry Breakdown of Fossil Fuel Relatred Activities chart above breaks down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Portfolio Disclosure Rates by Method

i omono bisciosore kares i	D) Michiga	rotote Ethiosions itom Reserves by Type (Mileoz)					
Carbon disclosure	GHG-weighted	Value-weighted	Source	FY 2019	FY 2019		
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.
Full Disclosure	78%	66%	Coal	4.12	4.12	3.39	3.39
Partial Disclosure	22%	32%	Oil	2.63	2.63	1.36	1.36
Modelled	0%	2%	Gas	1.87	1.87	0.93	0.93
			Oil and/or Gas	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02

Full Disclosure - Data disclosed by a company in an un-edited form. Partial Disclosure - Trucost has used data disclosed by a company but has made adjustments to match the reporting scope required by its research process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using changes in business activities and consolidated revenues.

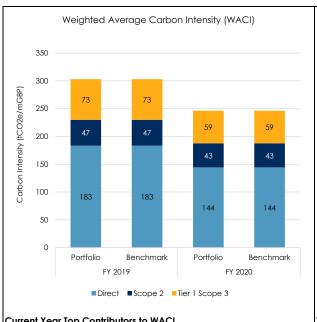
Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

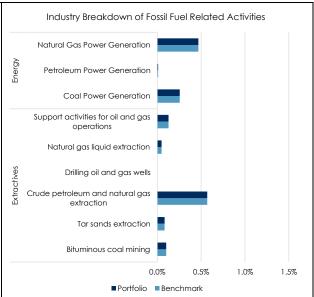
Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are



Brunel Passive World Developed

Holdings as at 31st December 2020

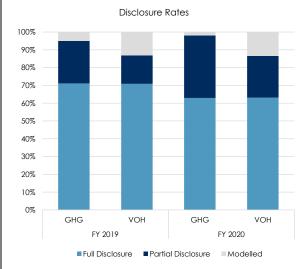


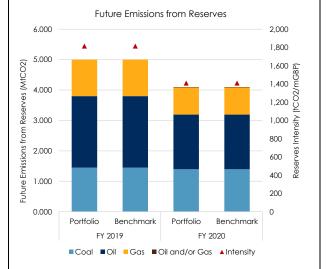


Current Year Top Contributors to WACI				Top Contributors to Weighted Fossil Fuel Revenues			
Name Carbon-to-Revenue intensity		Weight Cont		Name	Weight	Weighted FF Revenue	
	(tCO₂e	/mGBP)	(%)	(%)		(%)	(mGBP)
NextEra Energy,	Inc.	3,169	0.29%	-3.46%	Royal Dutch Shell PLC	0.26%	106
The Southern Co	mpany	5,873	0.12%	-2.85%	Chevron Corporation	0.31%	78
Duke Energy Co	rporation	4,655	0.13%	-2.32%	Exxon Mobil Corporation	0.34%	61
American Electri	c Power Company, Inc	6,885	0.08%	-2.14%	BP p.l.c.	0.13%	51
Air Products and	Chemicals Inc	3 996	0.12%	-1 77%	Berkshire Hathaway Inc	0.85%	50

The \mathbf{WACI} shows the portfolio exposure to carbon intensive companies. This metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of each investee and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

The Industry Breakdown of Fossil Fuel Relatred Activities chart above breaks down the 'extractives' and 'energy' revenue exposure into specific industry exposures.





Portfolio Disclosure Rates by Method			Future Emissions from Reserves by Type (MtCO ₂)				
Carbon disclosure	GHG-weighted	Value-weighted	Source	FY 2019	FY 2019		
category	disclosure	disclosure		Port.	Ben.	Port.	Ben.
Full Disclosure	63%	63%	Coal	1.45	1.45	1.40	1.40
Partial Disclosure	35%	23%	Oil	2.35	2.35	1.80	1.80
Modelled	2%	13%	Gas	1.21	1.21	0.89	0.89
		,	Oil and/or Gas	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01

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Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.

Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are



Brunel Global Sustainable Equity Portfolio vs. MSCI ACWI

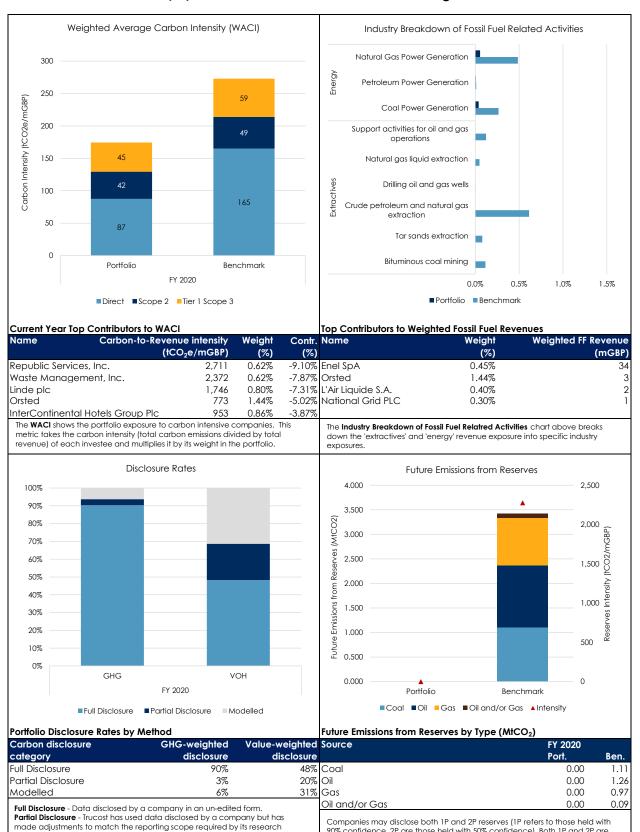
Holdings as at 31st December 2020

Companies may disclose both 1P and 2P reserves (1P refers to those held with 90% confidence, 2P are those held with 50% confidence). Both 1P and 2P are

The chart above shows the total tonnes of apportioned CO2 from reserves, broken down by reserve type. It also shows the reserves 'intensity' by normalizing

used when assigning embedded emissions to a company

the apportioned embedded emissions by the VOH.



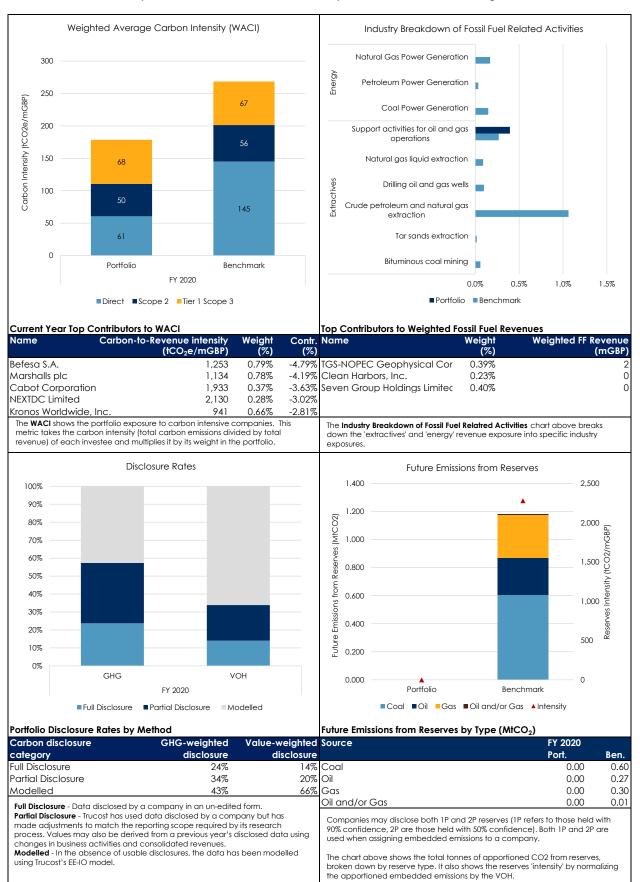
process. Values may also be derived from a previous year's disclosed data using changes in business activities and consolidated revenues.

Modelled - In the absence of usable disclosures, the data has been modelled using Trucost's EE-IO model.



Brunel Global Smaller Companies Portfolio vs. MSCI World Small Cap

Holdings as at 31st December 2020



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